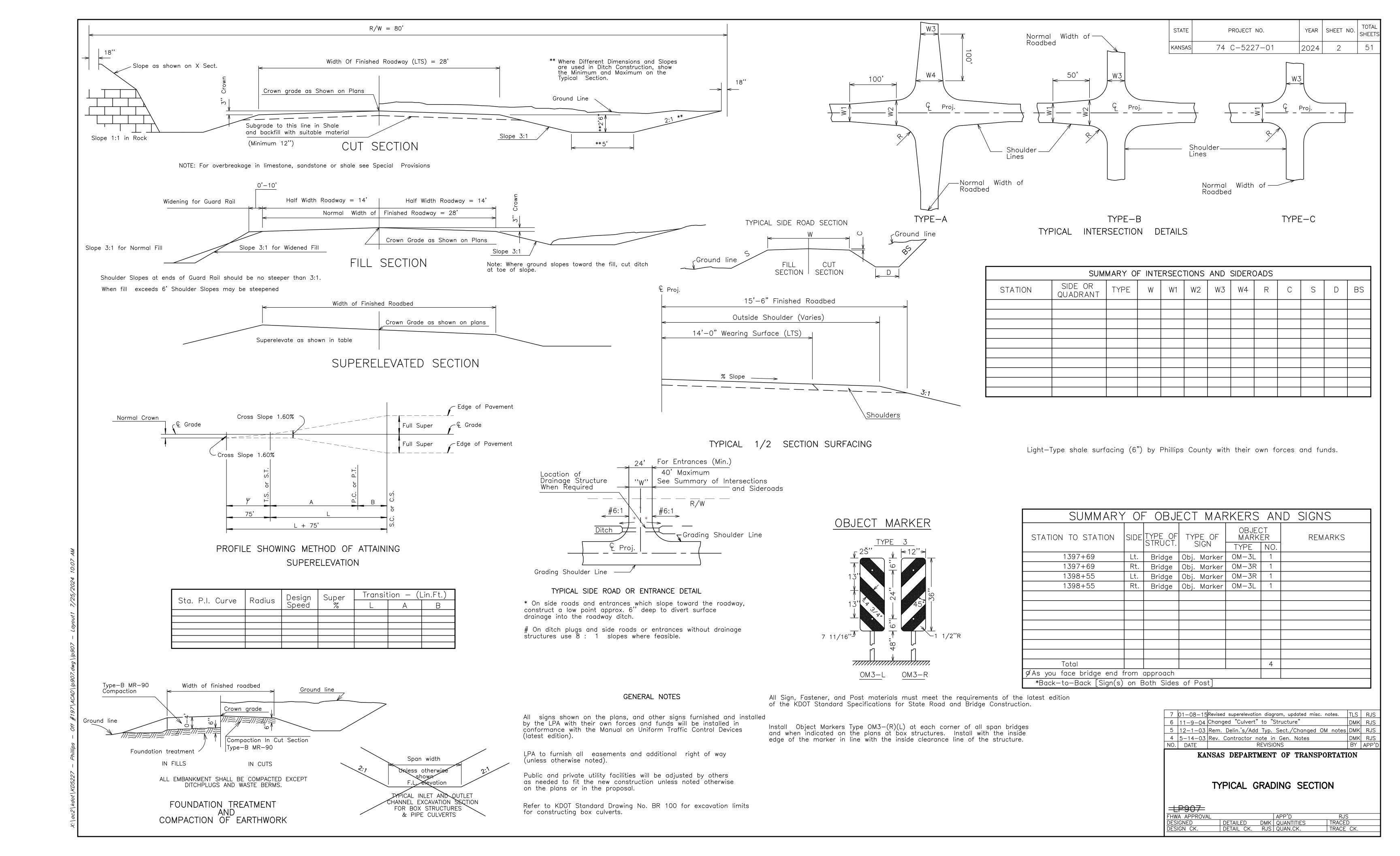
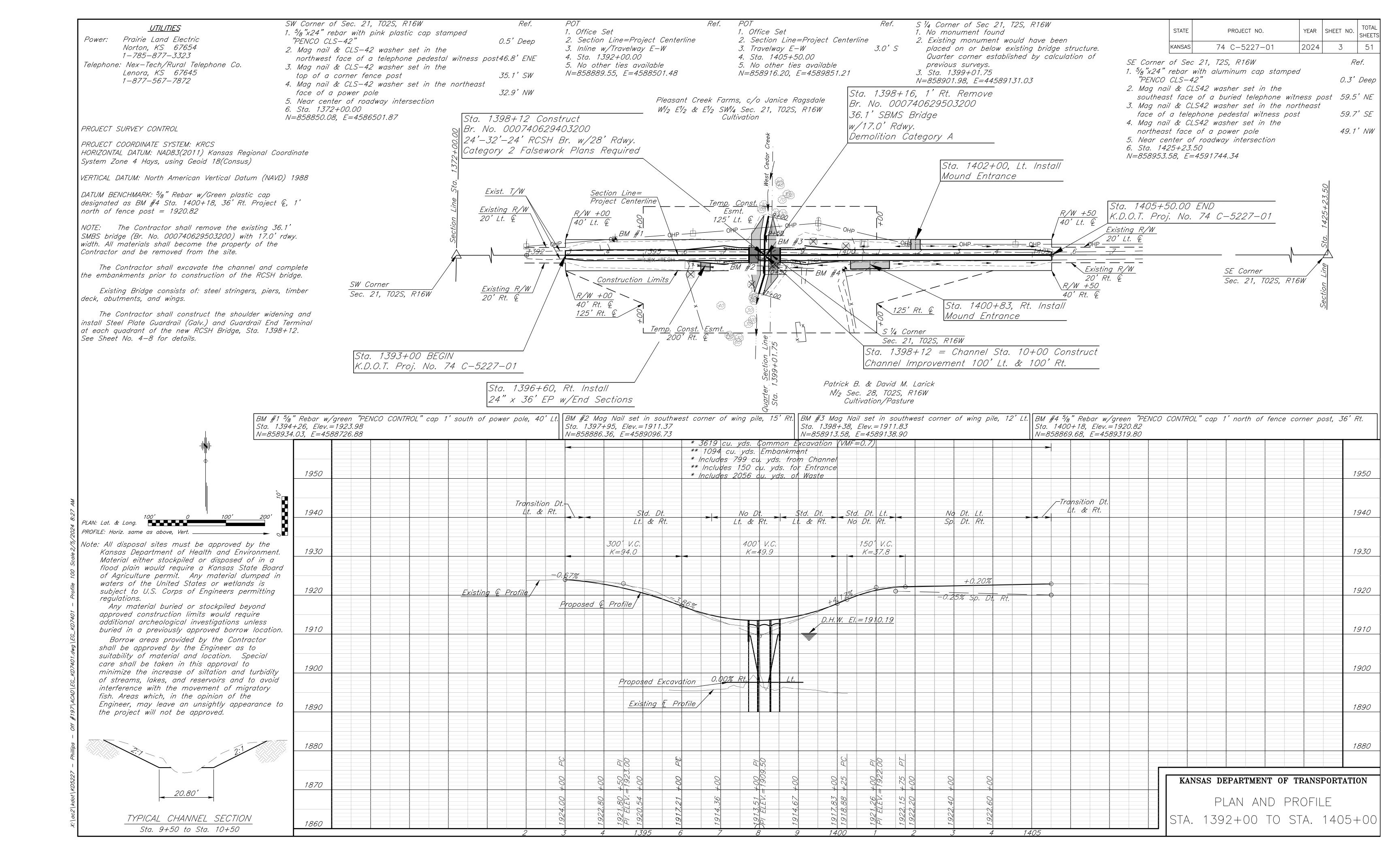
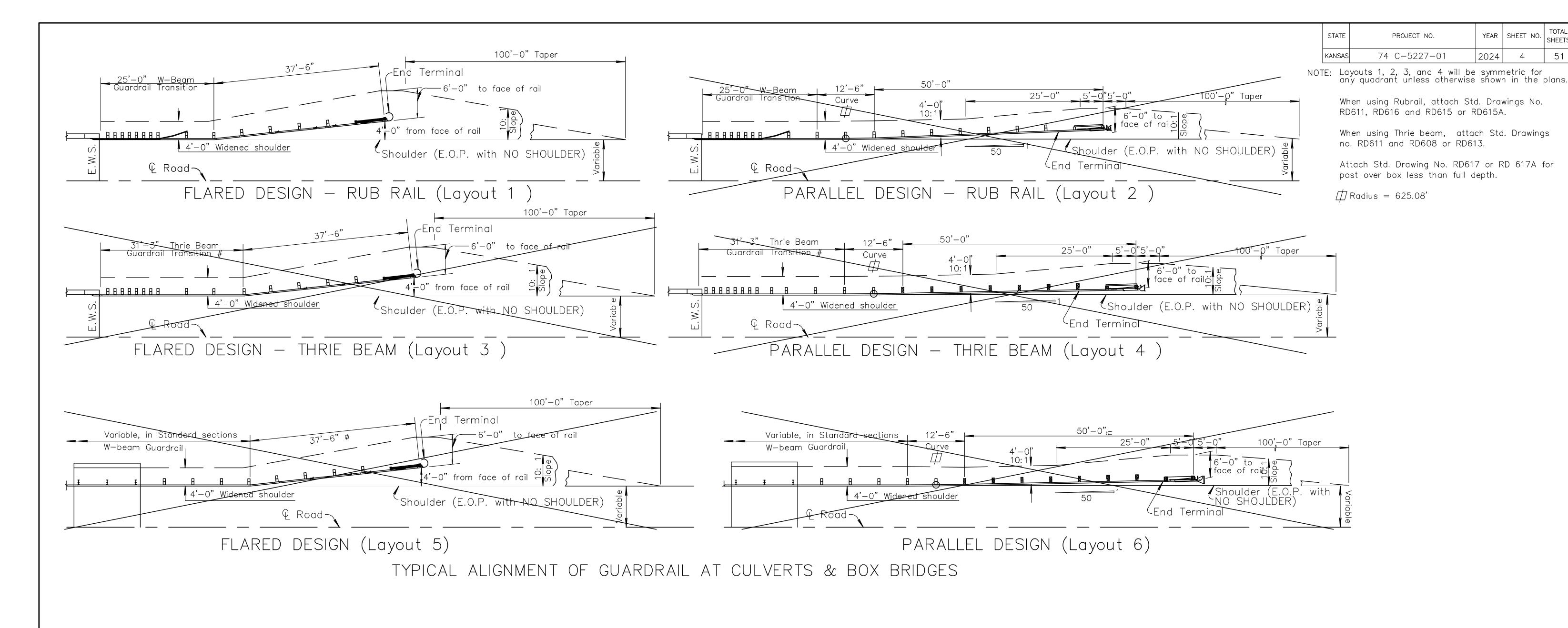
#### YEAR SHEET NO. TOTAL SHEETS INDEX OF SHEETS STATE PROJECT NO. STATE OF KANSAS Sheet No. KANSAS 74 C-5227-01 2024 1 F.A. NO. STP-C522(701) Title Sheet DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **Typical Grading Section** Plan Profile **Guardrail Details** PLAN AND PROFILE OF PROPOSED **End Sections** Contour Map Bridge Details 74 C-5227-01 Slope Protection Standard Pile Details Bridge Excavation GRADING **FEDERAL AID PROJECT** Supports & Spacers for Reinforcing Steel Summary of Quantities BRIDGE **PHILLIPS COUNTY** Temporary Erosion Control and Pollution Control SEEDING Seeding Traffic Control **Cross Sections** W KIDWA W LIMESTONE STA 1405+50 END K.D.O.T. Proj. No. 74 C-5227-01 W MDHAWK $\frac{T 2 S}{T 3 S}$ DLAVAN W STA 1398+12 Br. No. 000740629403200 24'-32'-24' RCSH Bridge W DSAGE w/28' Rdwy. W PLAINS **GRAPHIC SCALE IN MILES & TENTHS** STA 1393+00 BEGIN K.D.O.T. Proj. No. 74 C-5227-01 W QUAIL W RIDGE DESIGN DESIGNATION AADT(2019) 25 Note: This project will be closed to AADT(2039) 25 all traffic during construction. DHV 35 mph Clear Zone 10 feet CONVENTIONAL SIGNS **GROSS LENGTH OF PROJECT** 1250.00 FT. PLANS PREPARED BY: CENTER LINE OF PROJECT . . . . . . . . . . . **EXCEPTIONS** 0.00 FT. PENCO ENGINEERING, P.A. PLAINVILLE, KANSAS **ADDITIONS** 0.00 FT. 0.237 MILES NET LENGTH OF PROJECT 1250.00 FT. Assistant Chief, Bureau of Local Projects NET LENGTH OF BRIDGES 0.016 MILES NET LENGTH OF ROAD 1167.50 FT. 0.221 MILES ROAD & BRIDGE SUPERVISOR KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION







		А	LLOWA	TERMI	NALS		
			Lay	out			Required Standard Drawing
TYPE	1	2	3	4	5	6	Standard Drawing
SRT	X		X		Х		RD606
FLEAT	X		X		X		RD606
SKT		X		X		X	RD606

				A 1 1*1 * 1	T 1 1	Layout	1 or 3	Layout 2,	4, or 6		Layout 5	
Location	Side	Layout		Additional Standard Sections	Total Pay Length Lin. Ft.	Gd. Rail End Term. (SRT)	Gd. Rail End Term. (FLEAT)	Gd. Rail. End Term. (SKT)	Gd. Rail End Term. (X—LITE)	Gd. Rail End Term. (SRT)	Gd. Rail End Term. (FLEAT)	Gd. Rail End Term. (X—LITE)
	1	No.	Lin. Ft.*	Lin. Ft.	Lin. Ft.	Alt. #1 Each	`AIt. #2 Each	AÌt. #1 Each	`Alt. #2´ Each	AÌt. #1 Each	Alt. #Ź Each	`Alt. #3´ Each
Sta. 1397+08.60	Lt.	1	25		25	1	1					
to 1397+71.10												
Sta. 1397+08.60	Rt.	1	25		25	1	1					
to 1397+71.10												
Sta. 1398+52.90	Lt.	1	25		25	1	1					
to 1399+15.40												
Sta. 1398+52.90	Rt.	1	25		25	1	1					
to 1399+15.40												
TOTAI		_Е	NGTH		100	4	4					

*See Gd. Rail Terminal	Standard Drawings for Measurement Details	; .
Does Not Include End		

	KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION										
0.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APP'D							
	11-9-05	Added length for Thrie Beam transition	REA	RJS							
$\sim$	01-06-15	Added X-Lite, Removed ET-PLUS	TLS	RJS							
	10-30-17	Removed X-Lite	WFL	MJS							
N	01-21-19	Updated per Road Memo 18-02	WFL	MJS							

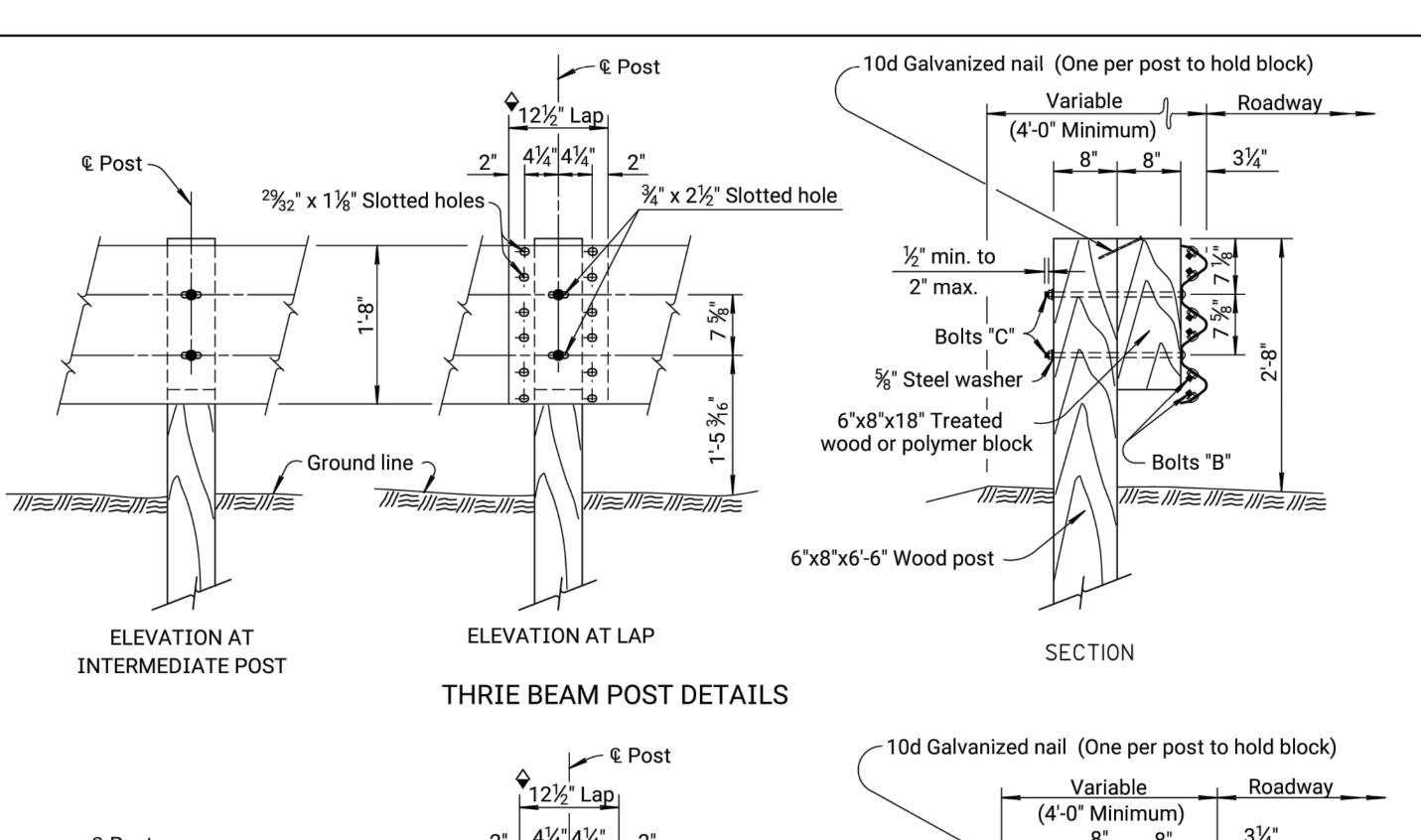
YEAR SHEET NO. TOTAL SHEETS

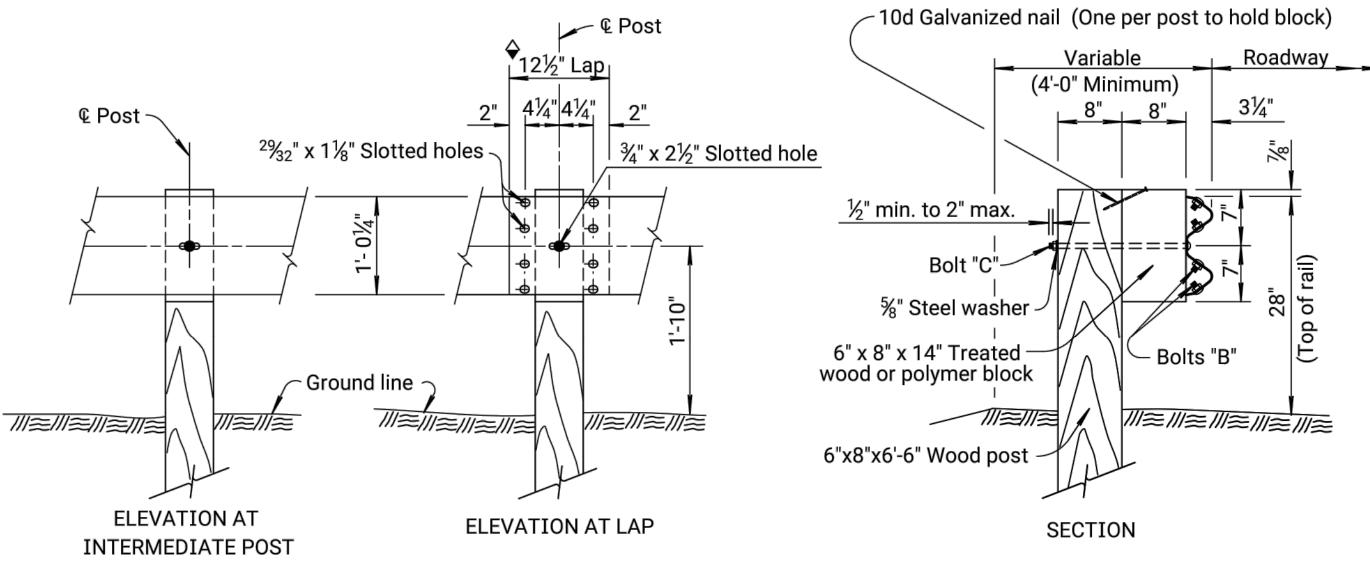
2024 4

TYPICAL ALIGNMENT **GUARDRAIL INSTALLATIONS** 

520				
APPROVAL			APP'D.	RJS
IED	DETAILED	TLS	QUANTITIES	TRACED
I CK.	DETAIL CK.	RJS	QUAN.CK.	TRACE CK.

CADconform Certify This File



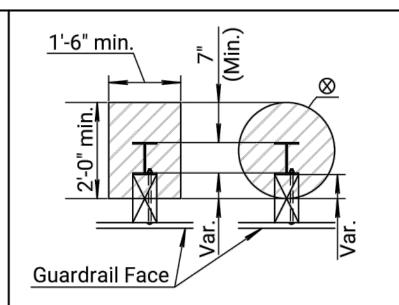


W-BEAM POST DETAILS ◆ Lap guardrail splices, including terminal connector, in the direction of traffic. Where traffic is temporarily carried in the opposite direction of final configuration, lap rail splices in the direction of permanent traffic.

# WOOD POSTS

#### GENERAL NOTES (Wood Posts)

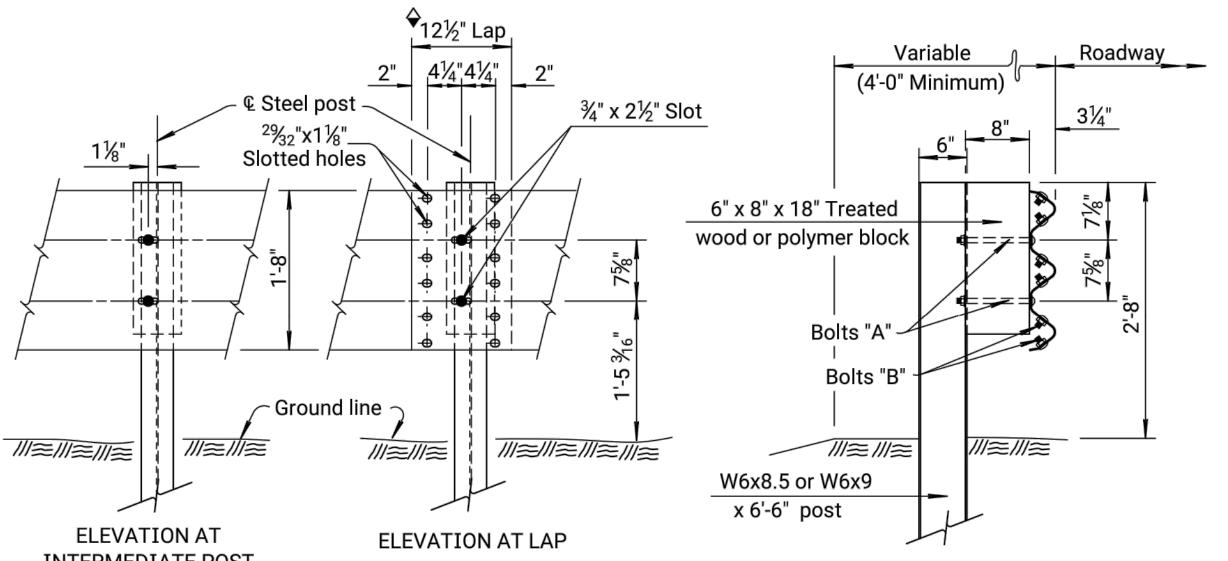
Give all wood posts and wood blocks a preservative treatment, see standard specifications. Thoroughly saturate all cuts, injuries and bolt holes on wood posts and blocks with preservative. Use only one type of preservative treatment on a project. Use S4S rectangular posts and wood blocks, see standard specifications. Use only one post/blockout type within guardrail run, this excludes the the guardrail end terminals. Set guardrail posts by digging or by driving. Use post caps to protect the post from crushing during driving operations. Contractor must notify Engineer at the earliest time when a non-removable manmade object (footing, pipe, etc.) is encountered and prevents installation of a full length post. Contractor must obtain Engineer approval prior to cutting post shorter than 6'-6". Approved polymer blockouts may be substituted for wood blockouts. Only one type of blockout is permitted on each guardrail installation. This excludes the guardrail end terminals unless certified by the manufacturer. All dimensions are nominal and are subject to manufacturing tolerances. Excavation including rock, shale, and other materials for erection of Guardrail is subsidiary to various bid items for which payment is made. Where guardrail posts are installed in pavement, form openings in the pavement for the guardrail posts.

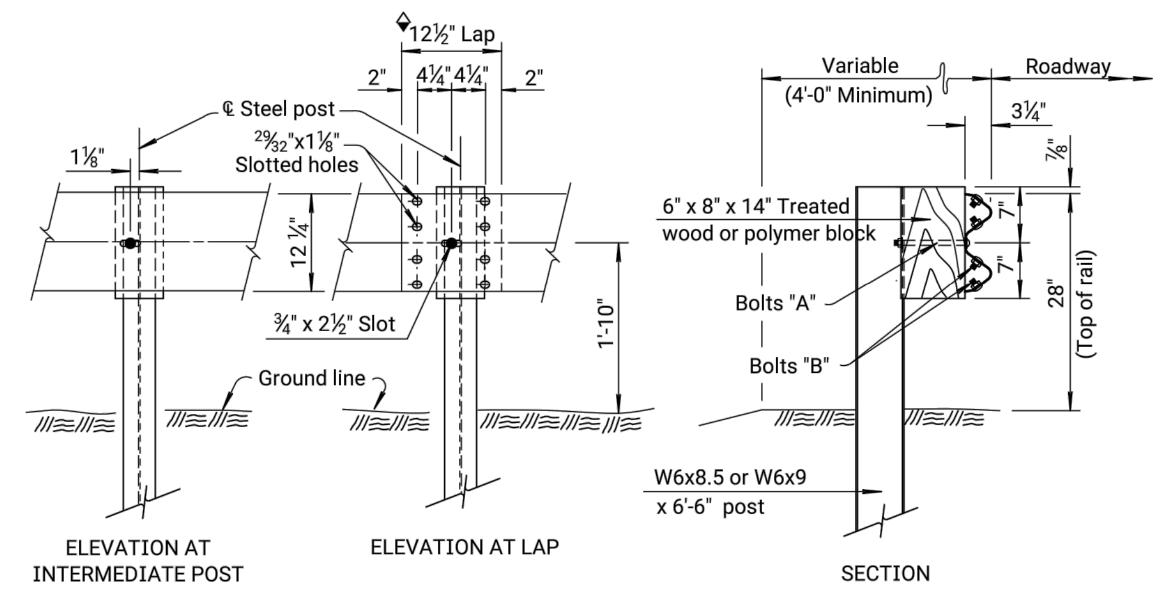


POSTS IN PAVEMENT PLAN (ALTERNATE GEOMETRIES) Applies to All Wood and All Steel Posts (Steel Posts Shown)

- ☑ Slurry Grout (Low Strength). See **KDOT's Standard Specifications**
- ⊗ Diameter may vary from 1'-6" (min.) to 2'-0".

Note: Low Strength Grout must have a 28-day compressive strength of 120 psi or less. All work and materials related to posts in pavement are subsidiary to other guardrail bid items. Rectangular geometry shown in Posts in Pavement detail. Circular geometry, as shown on this sheet, may be used at the Contractor's option.





STEEL POSTS

**GENERAL NOTES (Steel Posts)** 

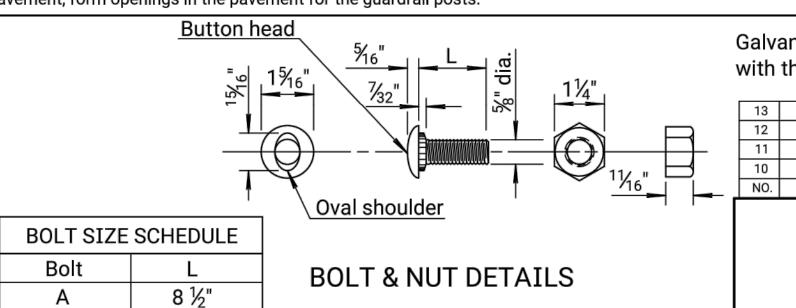
1 1/4"

18"

excludes the guardrail end terminals. For wood/polymer blockout requriements see standard specifications. Approved polymer blockouts may be substituted for wood blockouts. Only one type of blockout is permitted on each guardrail installation. This excludes the guardrail end terminals. Set guardrail posts by digging or by driving. Use post caps to protect the post from crushing during driving operations. Contractor must notify Engineer at the earliest time when a non-removable manmade object (footing, pipe, etc.) is encountered and prevents installation of a full length post. Contractor must obtain Engineer approval prior to cutting post shorter than 6'-6" except as allowed on Standard Drawing RD617. All dimensions are nominal and are subject to manufacturing tolerances. Excavation including rock, shale, and other materials for erection of Guardrail is subsidiary to various bid items for which payment is made. Where guardrail posts are installed in pavement, form openings in the pavement for the guardrail posts. Button head Galvanize all bolts, nuts, and washers in accordance with the KDOT's Standard Specifications.

☆ Non-Metallic (Polymer) or

**Treated Wood Block** 



Use grade of steel for steel posts that meets the requirements of the standard specifications. Hot dip galvanize the posts after fabrication, see standard specifications. Use only one post/blockout type within guardrail run, this

"W" BEAM

HOLE PUNCHING DETAILS

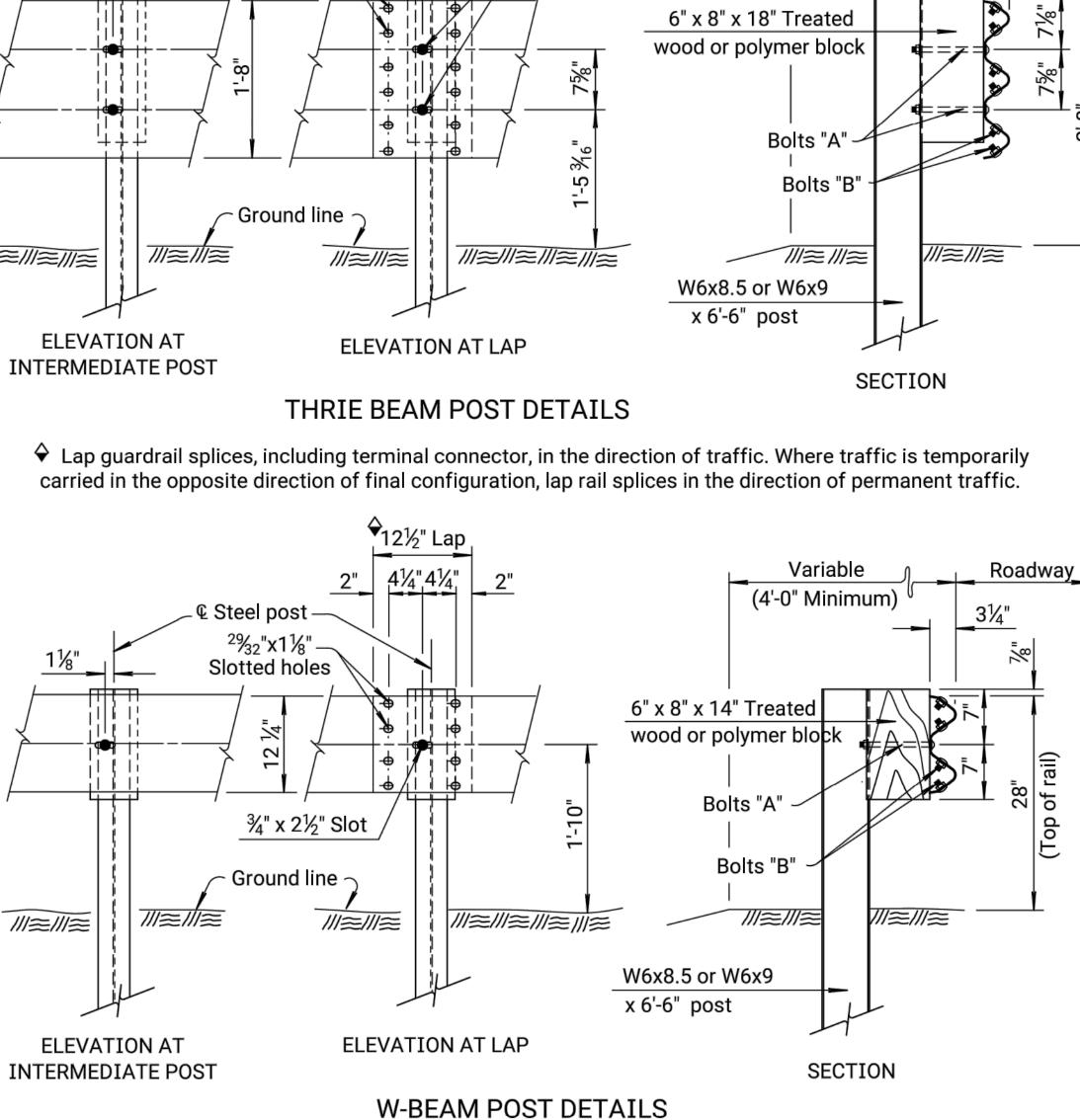
Note: All holes 13/16" dia.

	13	9-5-18	Added Det., Posts In Pavement	A.L.R.	T.T.R.
	12	12-14-10	Revised notes, 28" w-be	S.W.K.	J.O.B.
	11	6-30-04	Remove steel blockout and notes	S.W.K.	J.O.B.
	10	7-15-02	Add polymer block-out alternate	S.W.K.	J.O.B.
	NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APP'D
ſ			KANSAS DEDARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		

**GUARDRAIL POST DETAILS** 

RD611

KDOT Graphics Certified 09-26-2018



STATE

**KANSAS** 

PROJECT NO.

74 C-5227-01

Transition Section Details.

YEAR | SHEET NO. |

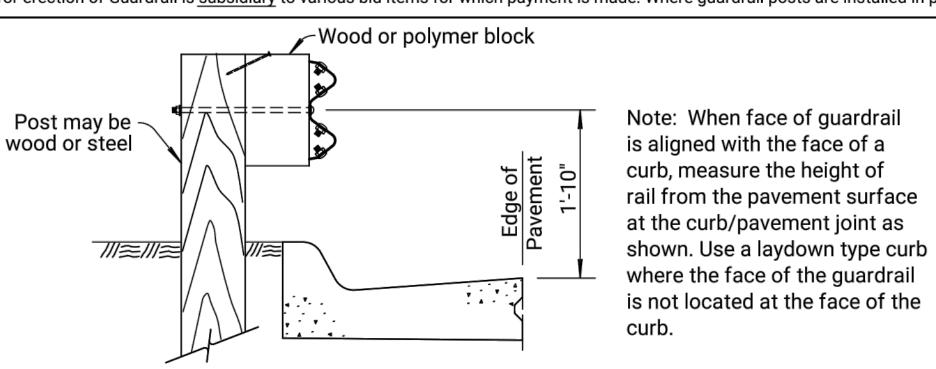
2024

See Standard Drawing RD613 for Thrie-Beam

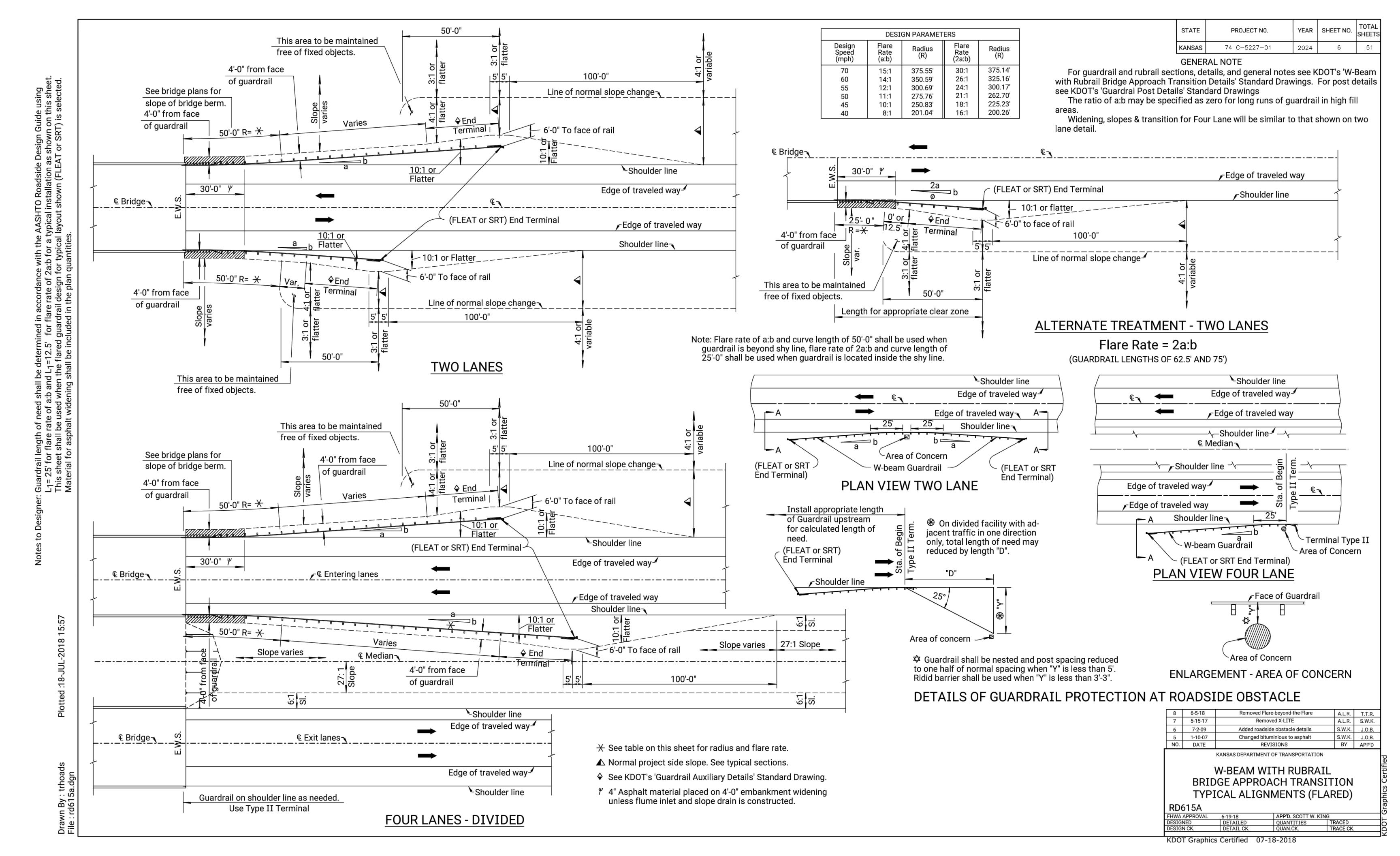
Note: All holes <sup>13</sup>/<sub>16</sub>" dia.

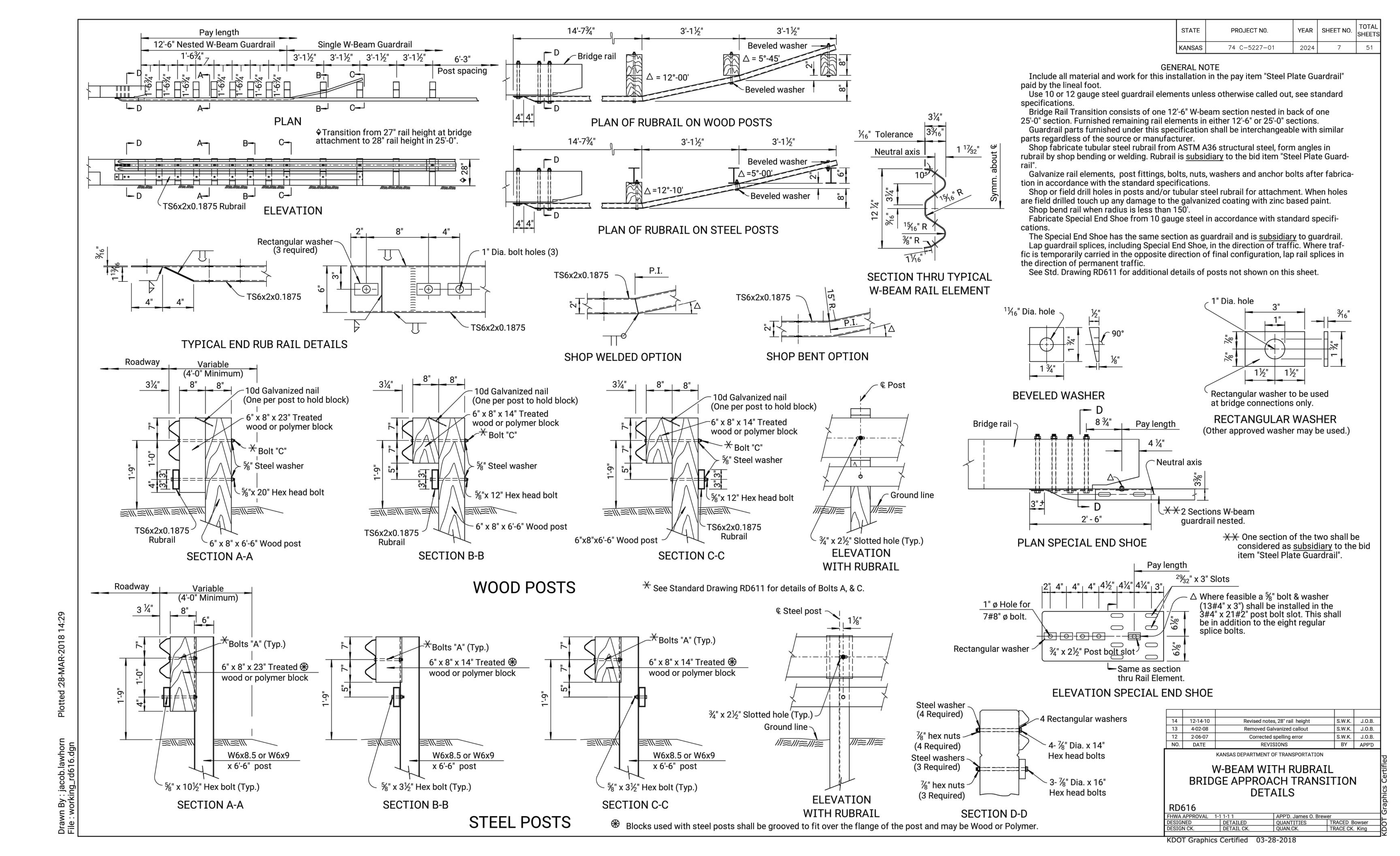
THRIE BEAM

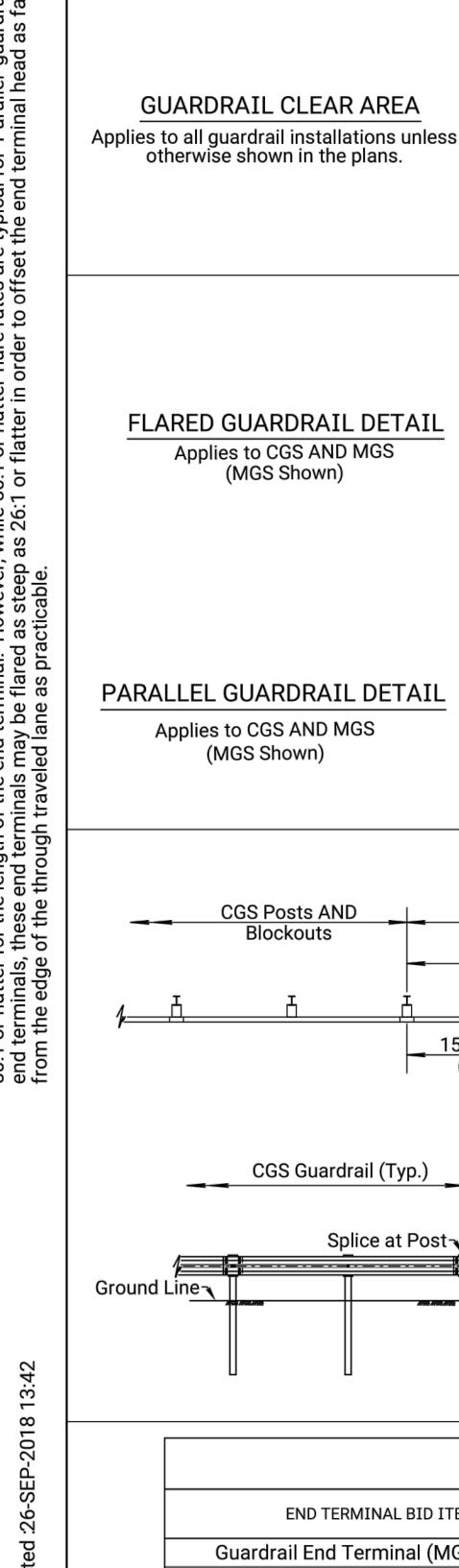
HOLE PUNCHING DETAILS

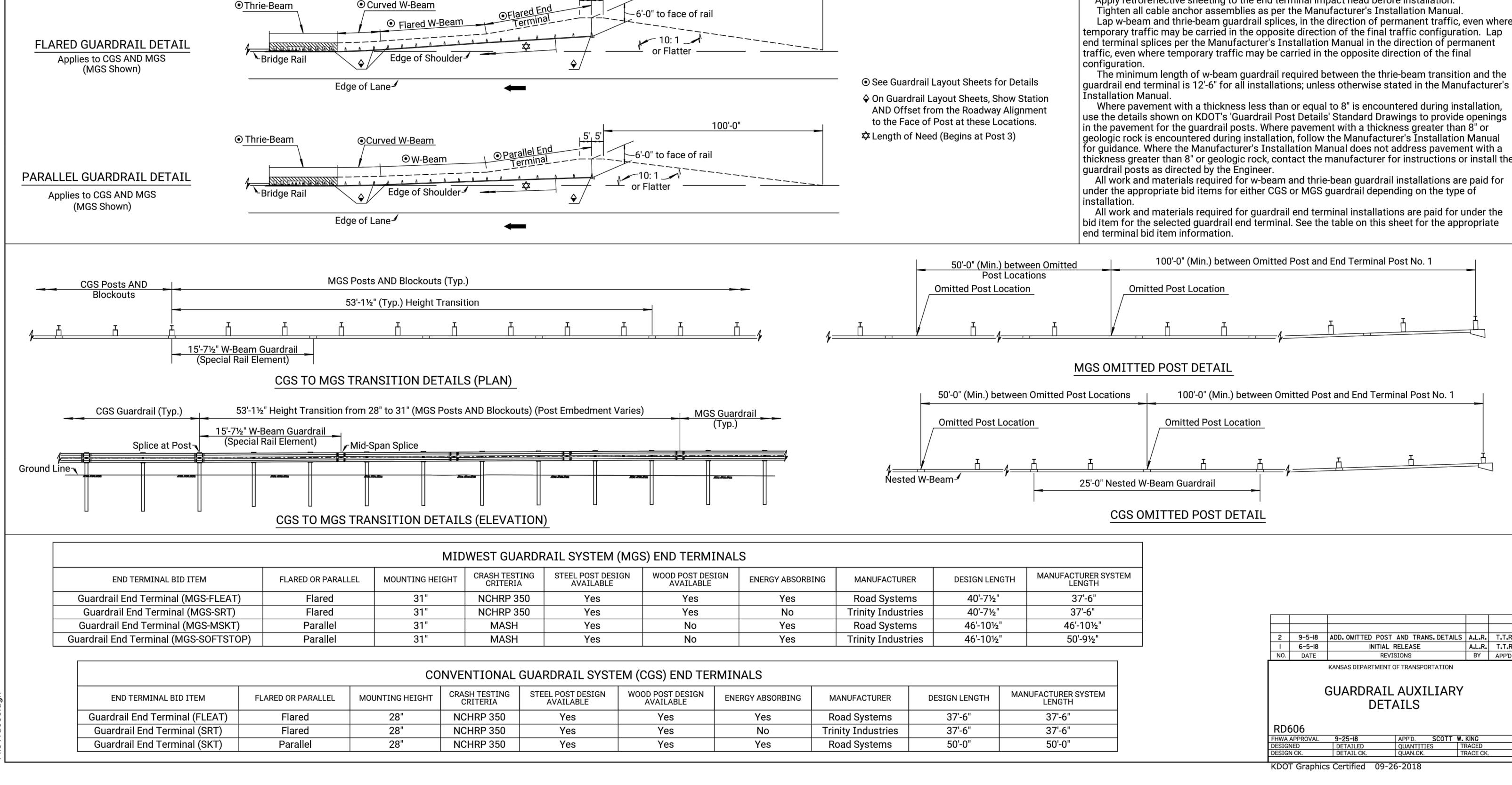


DETAIL OF PLACEMENT AT CURB









105'-0"

-6'-0" to face of rail.

First Post of End Terminal

10: 1 or Flatter

Line of normal slope change

100'-0"

50'-0"

**End Terminal** 

⊗ 5'-0" from Face of Guardrail

Edge of Shoulder #

Edge of Lane

YEAR | SHEET NO. 74 C-5227-01 2024

A.L.R. T.T.R.

BY APP'D

PROJECT NO.

**GENERAL NOTES** 

STATE

**KANSAS** 

Install the guardrail end terminals according to the Manufacturer's Installation Manual. The Contractor will furnish a copy of the Manufacturer's Installation Manual to the Engineer prior to the start of the installation.

Use approved steel (preferred) or wood posts provided by the Manufacturer. The guardrail end terminal post type may be independent of the post type used in the remainder of the installation. However, no mixing of post types is permitted in the remaining w-beam and thrie-beam installation.

Keep Area Free of Stockpiled Material, Equipment, or

of Crash Worthiness. This Clear Area Extends 105 Feet in Advance of and 50 Feet behind the First Post of the

Guardrail End Terminal and Then, in Order to Maintain

Full Post Spacing, Continues 5 Feet behind the Face of

Installation as Shown in the 'Guardrail Clear Area' Detail

Other Obstacles, Such as Temporary Signs, Regardless

the Guardrail through the W-Beam Portion of the

Deflection Distance for Normal Post Spacing

on this Sheet.

Normal Project Side Slope.

Use approved polymer (preferred) or wood blockouts provided by the Manufacturer. The guardrail end terminal blockout size and type may be independent of the blockout size and type used in the remainder of the installation. For blockout size and types for the remaining w-beam and thrie-beam portion of the installation see the details shown on KDOT's 'Guardrail Post Details' and 'Guardrail Thrie-Beam Transition Details' Standard Drawings.

Apply retroreflective sheeting to the end terminal impact head before installation.

Lap w-beam and thrie-beam guardrail splices, in the direction of permanent traffic, even where temporary traffic may be carried in the opposite direction of the final traffic configuration. Lap end terminal splices per the Manufacturer's Installation Manual in the direction of permanent traffic, even where temporary traffic may be carried in the opposite direction of the final

The minimum length of w-beam guardrail required between the thrie-beam transition and the quardrail end terminal is 12'-6" for all installations; unless otherwise stated in the Manufacturer's

Where pavement with a thickness less than or equal to 8" is encountered during installation, use the details shown on KDOT's 'Guardrail Post Details' Standard Drawings to provide openings in the pavement for the guardrail posts. Where pavement with a thickness greater than 8" or geologic rock is encountered during installation, follow the Manufacturer's Installation Manual for guidance. Where the Manufacturer's Installation Manual does not address pavement with a thickness greater than 8" or geologic rock, contact the manufacturer for instructions or install the

All work and materials required for w-beam and thrie-bean guardrail installations are paid for under the appropriate bid items for either CGS or MGS guardrail depending on the type of

All work and materials required for guardrail end terminal installations are paid for under the bid item for the selected guardrail end terminal. See the table on this sheet for the appropriate

								I	PIPE	CULVER	T SU	MMAI	RY							
Station	Туре	Size or Bid Designation	Crown Grade	Flow	v Line	X <sub>Floo</sub>	r Elev.	Horiz Road	ontal dway	Degree of	of F	igth Pipe	Lin. Ft. of	Height of Fill (max.)	Concrete Pipe AASHTO	Pipe G	auge 🛇	Pipe Cor	rugations	Remarks
		Sq. Ft.	Elev.	Lt.	Rt.	Lt.	Rt.	Lt.	Rt.	Rotation	Lt.	Rt.	Pipe	Ft.	Class No.	Steel	Alum.	Steel	Alum.	
1396+60, Rt.	EP	24"											36							
					<u> </u>		ļ													
					<u> </u>		ļ													
					<u> </u>															
					<u> </u>		ļ					ļ								
					ļ		ļ													
					<u> </u>															
					<u> </u>		<u> </u>													
					<u> </u>		ļ													
					<u> </u>															
					<u> </u>		<u> </u>													
							<u> </u>					-								

• Unless otherwise noted, minimum pipe gauge & corrugations to be as shown in RD60 See Summary of Quantities for End Section information.	60.
--	-----

Only include floor elevations for embedded pipes. See RD668 for details. For structures not embedded, the floor elevations may be omitted.

Time	A	LLOWABLE E	ND SECTION	IS						
Туре		ACS	CA	RC						
PVCP	Х	Х	Х							
PEP	X	X	X	X						
PPP				X						
SRPE										
RCP										
ACSP CAP CSP		Provide End Sections of the same material and coating type as the pipe.								

☆ When inside diameter of pipe is 36" or less.

Side Road

Mainline

■ PPP 

ACSP

CAP

RCP

⚠ Unless otherwise specified in the plans. Some pipe types may not be allowed at a location if the fill height exceeds the maximum allowable or is less than the minimum allowable cover.

Χ

Χ

ALLOWABLE LOCATION 🛦

Entrance Storm Sewer Under ML Not Under ML

- ☐ When inside diameter of pipe is 60" or less.

Turno	A	LLOWABLE E	IND SECTION	15
Type			CA	RC
PVCP	X	Х	Х	
PEP	X	X	X	X
PPP				X
SRPE				
RCP				
ACSP CAP CSP		d Sections of g type as the	f the same m pipe.	aterial

- → Type IV End Sections are only made of CS or ACS.
- ${\mathscr Y}$  Submit Shop Drawing of connection for review

Horizontal to roadway, Lt.	Angle of Rotation (Left angle shown)  Edge of Shoulder  Edge of Pavement
road	Edge of Shoulder 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
ntal to	Edge of Pavement
Horizor	© Project
Horizontal to roadway, Rt.	Edge of Pavement - Edge of Shoulder - Edge of Shoul
road	Edge of Pavement
ontal to	Edge of Shoulder
Horizo	
	PLAN
	(Showing Rotation about €)

STATE

KANSAS

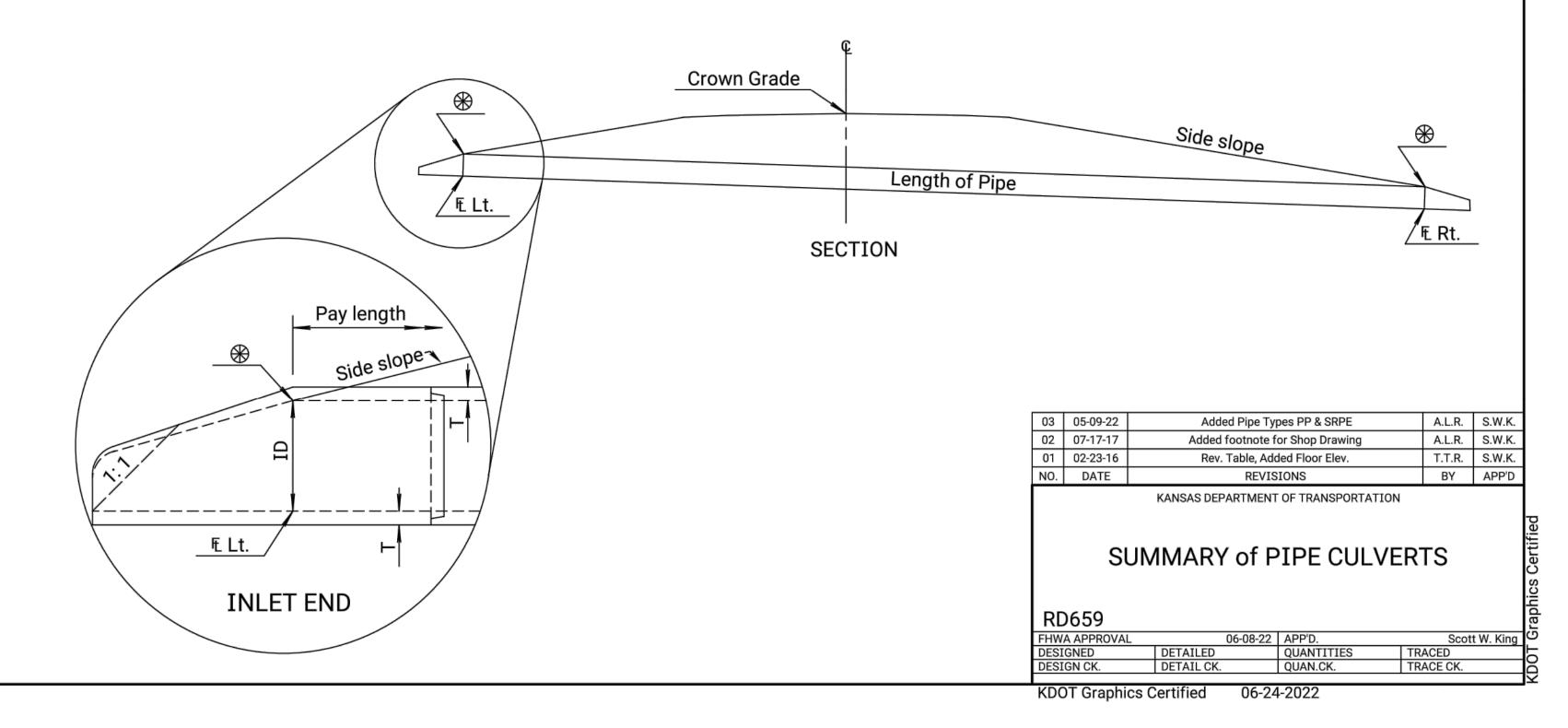
PROJECT NO.

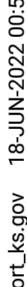
74 C-5227-01

YEAR SHEET NO.

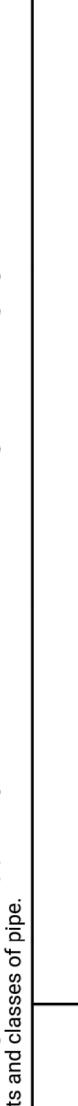
2024

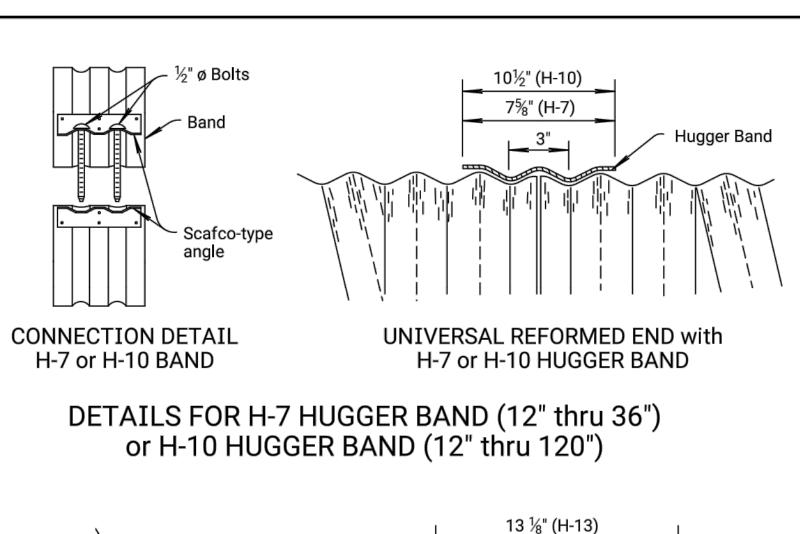
⊕ Design side slope to intersect inside diameter of pipe outside of Clear Zone.











12 ½" (H-12)

10 ¼"

Hugger Band

UNIVERSAL REFORMED END with

**HUGGER BAND** 

Toe plate (Optional)

(Same gauge as apron)

Reinforced edge

 Toe plate (Optional) (Same gauge as apron)

Pipe pay length

Reinforced edge

Galvanized steel

PLAN

(Illustrated with Type #3 Connection)

Holes @ 12" ctrs. (max.)

**FRONT** 

Holes @ 12" ctrs. (max.)

FRONT

Bolt, Bar and Strap

Bar and Strap

Connector

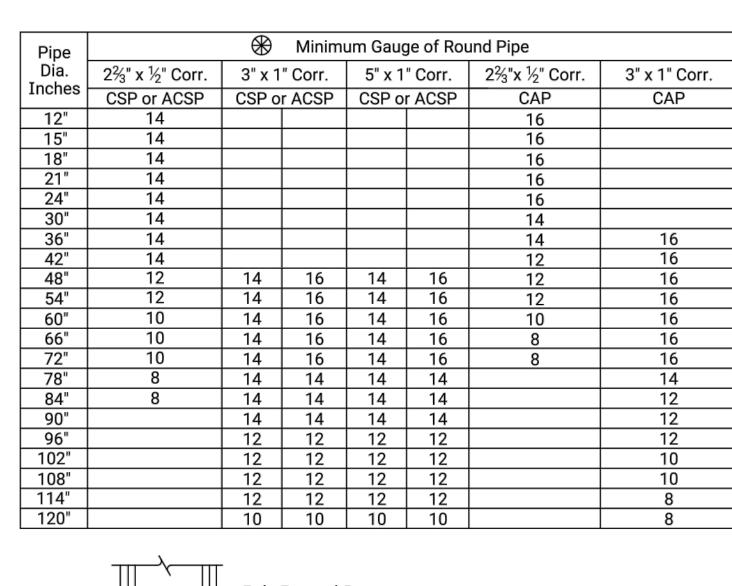
½" Dia. Bolts

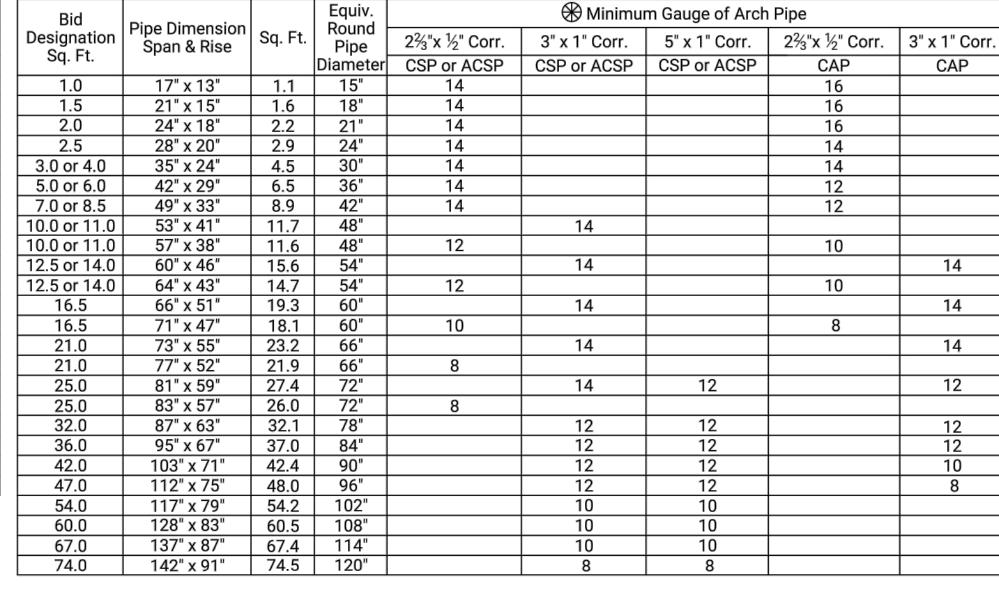
**CONNECTION DETAIL** 

SINGLE HARNESS

Connector Assembly

Flat strap connector





Pipe to which end section

Dimple band collar

with \%" bolts.

bolted to end section

is attached.

0000

TYPE 5

Available for all Round and equivalent Pipe-Arch sizes,

(Type 1 and Type 2 connections are recommended for

the smaller sizes with annular ends).

Pipe pay length

STATE PROJECT NO. YEAR | SHEET NO. KANSAS 74 C-5227-01 10 2024

#### **GENERAL NOTE for END SECTIONS**

End section material shall follow KDOT Pipe Policy for geographic location. Location shall govern use of CS (Galvanized), ACS (Aluminized) or CA (Aluminum) (Type I) End Section. Pipe material and End Section material shall be the same with no mixing of types per location.

Toe plate extension, when specified, is an accessory and shall be the same gauge and metal as end section. Toe plate shall be punched to match holes in apron lip and attached with furnished 3#8" diameter nuts & bolts.

W + 10" for 12" to 30" diameter pipes inclusive.

W + 20" for 36" to 84" diameter pipes inclusive

W + 10" for pipe-arches with a rise of 13" to 29" inclusive.

W + 20" for pipe-arches with a rise of 33" to 59" inclusive.

Multiple panel end sections may contain dual gauges of like metal and shall have lap seams which are tightly joined with rivets or bolts. For 60" and larger diameter round pipe end sections and 77"x52" arch pipe end sections, the reinforced edges are supplemented with stiffener angles. The angles are attached with nuts and bolts. Angle reinforcement may be required uder the center panel seams of 73"x55" and larger arch pipe end sections depending on manufacturer.

Other approved designs may be used in lieu of type shown.

Connection of end sections by welding will not be permitted.

CS, ACS Dimensions in Inches Pipe Dia. Approx. Gauge | (min.) | (max.) | (min.) | (±2") | (min.) 21 26 36 41 17 | 29 | 12 | 78 33 | 12 | 84 60" | 12/10 | 17 | 36 | 12 | 87 | 112 | 2:1 66" | 12/10 | 17 | 39 | 12 | 87 | 72" | 12/10 | 17 | 44 | 12 | 87 | 48 | 12 | 87 78" | 12/10 | 17 | 84" | 12/10 | 17 | 52 | 12 | 87 | 136 | 1½: 1 90" | 12/10 | 17 | 58 | 12 | 87 | 142 11/2: 1 96" | 12/10 | 17 | 58 | 12 | 87 | 144 | 1½: 1

Bid	Nom. W.W.	Pipe Arch		isions in	Inches	2¾" x ½	" Corruga	ations		nsions ir	n Inches	3" x 1" c	or 5" x 1"	Corr.	Approx.
Designation Sq. Ft.	Area Sq. Ft.	Span & Rise	CS, ACS or CA Gauge	A (min.)	B (max.)	H (min.)	L (±2")	W (min.)	CS, ACS or CA Gauge	A (min.)	B (max.)	H (min.)	L (±2")	W (min.)	Slope
1.0	1.1	17" x 13"	16	5	9	6	20	28							2½: 1
1.5	1.6	21" x 15"	16	6	11	6	24	34							2½: 1
2.0	2.2	24" x 18"	16	7	12	6	28	40							2½: 1
2.5	2.9	28" x 20"	16	7	16	6	32	46							2½: 1
3.0 or 4.0	4.5	35" x 24"	14	9	16	6	39	58							2½: 1
5.0 or 6.0	6.5	42" x 29"	14	11	18	7	46	73							2½: 1
7.0 or 8.5	8.9	49" x 33"	12	12	21	9	53	82							2½: 1
10.0 or 11.0	11.7	53" x 41"							12	17	26	12	63	88	2: 1
10.0 or 11.0	11.6	57" x 38"	12	16	26	12	62	88							2: 1
12.5 or 14.0	15.6	60" x 46"							12	17	36	12	70	100	2: 1
12.5 or 14.0	14.7	64" x 43"	12	17	30	12	69	100							2: 1
16.5	19.3	66" x 51"							12/10	17	36	12	70	112	1½:1
16.5	18.1	71" x 47"	12/10	17	36	12	77	112							1½:1
21.0	23.2	73" x 55"							12/10	17	36	12	77	124	1½:1
21.0	21.9	77" x 52"	12/10	17	36	12	77	124							1½:1
25.0	27.4	81" x 59"							12/10	17	44	12	77	136	1½:1
25.0	26.0	83" x 57"	12/10	17	44	12	77	130							1½:1
32.0	32.1	87" x 63"							12/10	17	44	12	77	136	1½:1
36.0	37.0	95" x 67"							12/10	17	44	12	87	160	1½: 1
42.0	42.4	103" x 71"							12/10	17	44	12	87	172	1½:1
47.0	48.0	112" x 75"							12/10	17	44	12	87	172	1½:1

(Information listed in these tables are nominal and may vary by manufacturer.

Culvert "Type" listed may be CSP, ACSP, CAP, RCP, PVCP & PEP within guidelines of KDOT Pipe Policy for geographic location. More than one pipe "Type" may be acceptable for a design location with allowable types listed for each site. There shall be no payment for gain in pipe length due to fit of

GENERAL NOTE for METAL PIPI

pipe at connecting band. When Hugger Bands are used, the H-7 Hugger Band may be

used on circular pipes 36" diameter and smaller or pipe arches 42"x 29" and smaller. The H-10 Hugger Band may be used on 12" thru 120" pipe. The H-12 or H-13 Hugger Band are for pipe sizes larger than 36" diameter or 42"x29" arch pipe. Pipe gauge listed in the tables on this sheet are minimum for

E'=750 p.s.i. soil. Pipe gauge will be determined for each site based on the Design Manual Volume I- Part C Fill Height Tables and shall shall be listed in the Pipe Culvert Summary. Gauges shown on this Standard Drawing are KDOT minimum and may not be industry min-

In geographic areas that allow CSP (24" or smaller arched or round pipe) for entrance and side road installation with less than 3,000 AADT, 16 gauge ACSP may be substituted for 14 gauge CSP.

Aluminum or aluminized pipes or end sections shall be coated with an asphaltic paint when in contact with fresh concrete in accordance with the Standard Specifications.

04	09-10-09	Rev. Round and Arch tables, add. Alum.	S.W.K.	J.O.B.
03	01-20-09	Rev. Round and Arch tables, add. Alum.	S.W.K.	J.O.B.
02	04-18-08	Rev. layout, details, tables and notes	S.W.K.	J.O.B.
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APP'D
-	~			

KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

#### METAL END SECTION FOR ROUND & ARCH METAL CULVERTS (TYPE I) & PIPE GAUGE TABLES

RD660				900
FHWA APPROVAL	12-16-09	APP'D.	James O. Brewer	ċ
DESIGNED	DETAILED	QUANTITIES	TRACED	ļ
DESIGN CK.	DETAIL CK.	QUAN.CK.	TRACE CK.	č
				V

KDOT Graphics Certified 05-16-2022

Pipe	Minimum Gauge of Round Pipe							
Dia.	2¾" x ½" Corr.	3" x 1	" Corr.	5" x 1	" Corr.	2¾"x ½" Corr.	3" x 1" Corr.	
Inches	CSP or ACSP	CSP o	r ACSP	CSP o	r ACSP	CAP	CAP	
12"	14					16		
15"	14					16		
18"	14					16		
21"	14					16		
24"	14					16		
30"	14					14		
36"	14					14	16	
42"	14					12	16	
48"	12	14	16	14	16	12	16	
54"	12	14	16	14	16	12	16	
60"	10	14	16	14	16	10	16	
66"	10	14	16	14	16	8	16	
72"	10	14	16	14	16	8	16	
78"	8	14	14	14	14		14	
84"	8	14	14	14	14		12	
90"		14	14	14	14		12	
96"		12	12	12	12		12	
102"		12	12	12	12		10	
108"		12	12	12	12		10	
114"		12	12	12	12		8	
120"		10	10	10	10		8	

Bolt, Bar and Strap Connector Assembly ½" ø Bolts Connector

**CONNECTION DETAIL** 

DOUBLE HARNESS

Threaded rod

1'-0"

SPIRAL (HELICAL) CORRUGATION

For all sizes of round and arch culvert pipes having Spiral (Helical) corrugations, the end sections and connecting bands shall be as shown above.

Thickness | Gauge

0.060" 16 ga.

0.075" | 14 ga.

0.105" | 12 ga.

CAP

0.138" | 0.135" | 10 ga.

0.168" 0.164" 8 ga.

Pipe pay length

Rod holder

TYPE 2

and 17"x13" through 57"x38" Pipe-Arches.

Available in sizes 30" and 36" Round

corrugation or dimpled band (shown)

- One annular corrugation rolled into pipe after fabrication.

Bolted or riveted

Pipe stub of spiral

(Helical) corrugation

Note: Type 3 connection may be furnished instead of Type 1 or Type 2 for smaller round or arch pipe.

Varies | Connecting band of spiral (Helical)

Pipe pay length

Riveted or bolted

TYPE 3

Available in sizes 42" through 96" Round

and 60"x46" through 81"x59" Pipe-Arches.

-Strap bolt

TYPE 1

Available in sizes 12" through 24" only.

Scafco-type angle with  $\frac{1}{2}$ " ø Bolts -

Separate as required to -

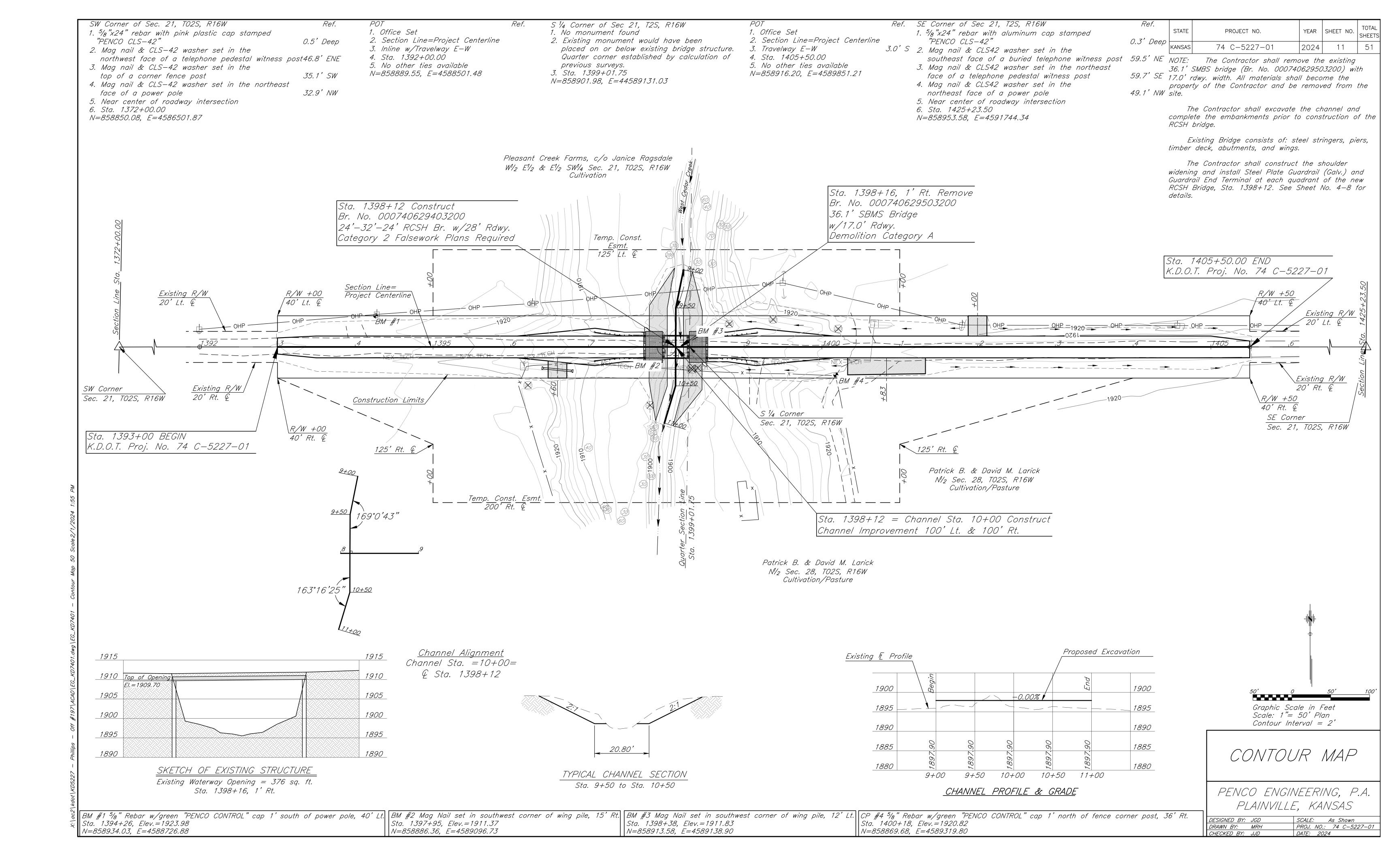
line up, approximately 2".

Thickness |

CSP/ACSP

0.109"

DETAILS FOR H-12 or H-13 HUGGER BAND



BRIDGE QUANTITIES											
Location	Excavation		Concrete (Grade 4.0) (Grade 4.0)		Reinf. Steel	Slope Protection		Contractor Furnished	Geotextile Fabric		
20001/0//	Class I	Class II	(AE)	(AE)(SW)	(GR. 60)	(Shot Rock)	(HP10x42)	PDA			
	CUYD	CUYD	CUYD	CUYD	LBS	CUYD	LNFT	EACH	SQYD		
Abutment #1	40			**	**	53	<i>150</i>	1	42		
Pier #1	7	52	<i>39.4</i>		1,586		210				
Pier #2	7	51	<i>39.4</i>		1,586		250	1			
Abutment #2	41			**	**	<i>53</i>	160		42		
Total Substructure					3,172						
Total Superstructure				166.4	40,399						
TOTAL	95	103	78.8	166.4	43,570	106	770	2	84		

\*\*Quantities are included in the Superstructure Quantity.

*‡ NOTE: Only Steel HP 10 x 42 Piles shall be used on this project.* 

Summary of Piling										
Abutment No. 1	3 @ 35', 1 @ 45' for PDA									
Pier No. 1	6 @ 35'									
Pier No. 2	5 @ 40', 1 @ 50' for PDA									
Abutment No. 2	4 @ 40'									

## GENERAL NOTES

- QUANTITIES: Items not listed separately in the Summary of Quantities are subsidiary to other items in the proposal.
- DIMENSIONS: All dimensions shown on the design plans are horizontal dimensions unless otherwise noted. Make necessary allowances for roadway grade and cross slope.
- BRIDGE EXCAVATION: Elevation 1897.90 shall designate the Excavation Boundary Plane of Class I and Class II Excavation; Class I above the plane, Class II below the plane. See the Bridge Excavation sheet for the limits of pay excavation.
- EMBANKMENTS: Complete the embankment at the abutments as shown on the Bridge Excavation sheet prior to driving the abutment piling or commencing with the abutment footing excavation.
- SLOPE PROTECTION (Shot Rock): Place Slope Protection (Shot Rock) to the limits and thicknesses shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Place geotextile fabric under the rock/rubble embankment on the berm and berm slopes.
- PILING: Drive all piling to penetrate or bear upon the shale formation. Driving shall stop when in the opinion of the Engineer additional driving may damage the piling. Drive all piling to the Pile Driving Formula Load of:

Abutment No. 1 42 Tons
Pier No. 1 64 Tons
Pier No. 2 64 Tons
Abutment No. 2 42 Tons

As a minimum drive each pile to the load and penetration, but in no case shall the pile be driven to more than 110% of Pile Driving Formula Driving Load.

- CONCRETE: Superstructure concrete is bid as Concrete (Grade 4.0)(AE)(SW). Substructure concrete is bid as Concrete (Grade 4.0)(AE). The Contractor may use Concrete (Grade 4.0) in the footings. Bevel all exposed edges of all concrete with a 3/4" inch triangular molding, except as otherwise noted on the plans. Construction joints are optional with the Contractor, but if used, place only at locations shown, or at locations approved by the Engineer.
- REINFORCING STEEL: All reinforcing steel dimensions are to the centerline of bars unless otherwise noted. All reinforcing steel, except the spiral bars, shall conform to the requirements of ASTM A615, Grade 60. Spiral bars may meet the requirements of either ASTM A615 (Gr. 40 or 60) or A82, and are included in the bid item "Reinforcing Steel (Gr. 60)".
- FALSEWORK PLANS: A licensed Professional Engineer shall design the falsework details. Details shall bear the seal of a licensed Professional Engineer. See the Bridge Design Manual, Section 5.1 "Review and Approval of Falsework Plans", for a listing of items to be included on the falsework plan. Submit three sets of details in compliance with KDOT Specifications to the Owner's designated Engineer for review and distribution.
- FALSEWORK INSPECTION: This project has falsework plan requirements which are considered "Category 2" by KDOT specifications. If falsework deficiencies or variations from the approved and sealed plans are found, the falsework design Engineer of Record will provide written approval of the changes. If for the convenience of the Contractor the falsework becomes "Category 1" by the use of non-typical supports; then the inspection and review requirement of "Category 1" will be fully enforced, but at no cost to the Owner. "Category 2" falsework inspection is not paid for directly, but is <u>subsidiary</u> to other bid items.
- FALSEWORK: Leave the falsework in place for the entire unit until 15 days after the last concrete pour for the unit or longer as directed by the Engineer.
- CAMBER: Provide camber as shown on the Camber Diagram unless the Contractor uses either long span steel beam falsework (concrete dead load deflection greater than ¼ inch) or timber falsework with greater than 12'-0" clear span. If either case exists, submit falsework plans that show the additional required camber.

- CORRAL RAIL: Build the corral rail after the falsework is struck.
- CONSTRUCTION LOADS: Limited traffic is permitted on the new sub-deck, one-course deck or any concrete overlay during the curing period, keep any exposed deck wet during the curing period. See KDOT Specifications Section 710 Tables 710-1 & 710-2 for additional information.
- PILING SPLICE LOCATION: Integral pile splice locations and weld testing criteria for Abutments and Piers will follow the "Standard Pile Details" Sheet (BR110).
- BACKFILL COMPACTION: Compact backfill at the abutments.
- CONCRETE PLACING SEQUENCE: The sequence of placing concrete in the slab and curbs shall be as shown, or the Contractor may submit an alternate placing sequence for review. Submit the alternate placing sequence to the Owner's designated Engineer at the Preconstruction Conference.

  Include the proposed rate of concrete placement in C.Y./h, the plant capacity, placement direction, construction joint location, a description of the equipment used in placing the concrete, proposed admixtures, and the quantity of concrete in each placing segment. Any additional cost for the Contractor's alternate plan of placing concrete, including admixtures, shall be at the Contractor's expense and shall be considered subsidiary to the bid item, "Concrete (Grade 4.0) (AE) (SW)". Approval of the Contractor's alternate sequence is required prior to placement of concrete in the deck.
- DEMOLITION PLANS: This is a Category A Demolition. Submit detailed Demolition Plans to the Owner's designated Engineer for review and distribution per KDOT Specifications. No Demolition work will begin without approved Demolition Plans. A Licensed Professional Engineer is not required.
- REMOVAL OF EXISTING STRUCTURE: Removal of existing structure is included in the bid item, "Removal of Existing Structures", Lump Sum.
- BRIDGE DECK FINISHING: Give the surface a suitable texture by transverse grooving a tining float having a single row of fins. Make the grooving approximately  $\frac{3}{16}$  inch in width at  $\frac{3}{4}$  inch centers, with a depth approximately  $\frac{1}{8}$  inch.
- BRIDGE DECK CURING: Within 15 minutes, or as soon as the surface water disappears, apply 2 coats of Type 2 white liquid membrane forming compound at a minimum rate per coat of 1 gallon per 200 square feet of concrete surface. Place the second coat at right angles to the first coat. Protect the curing membrane against marring for a minimum of 7 days. The Engineer may limit work during this 7-day period.
- CONTRACTOR FURNISHED PDA: Use the Pile Driving Analyzer equipment at the locations shown on the Construction Layout. Use Pile Driving Analyzer equipment and methods compliant with KDOT Special Provision. The piling shall remain in place as permanent piling. Drive the piling to the resistance value of 65 for Abutments and 98 for Piers (Strength I divided by Phi).
  - At any location where problems are experienced, pile damage is suspected, or the Pile Driving Formula Load occurs significantly above the design pile tip elevation, the Owner's designated Engineer may request that the Pile Driving Analyzer (PDA) equipment be used.
- ASBESTOS INFORMATION: Samples of this structure were tested to determine the amount of Asbestos Containing Materials (ACM) present in the components. The results are below:

Concrete Date of Report 0% 9/25/2018

For any result greater than 1%, abatement shall be performed according to KDOT Specifications. Results less than 1% require no abatement.

#### DESIGN DATA

STATE

KANSAS

PROJECT NO.

74 C-5227-01

YEAR SHEET NO.

2024 12

DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS:

AASHTO Specifications, 2010 Edition and latest Interim Specifications. Load and Resistance Factor Design.

DESIGN LOADING: HL-93 Design Dead Load includes an allowance of 25 psf for a future wearing surface.

UNIT STRESSES: Concrete (Grade 4.0) f'c = 4 ksiConcrete (Grade 4.0)(AE) f'c = 4 ksiConcrete (Grade 4.0)(AE)(SW) f'c = 4 ksiReinforcing Steel (Grade 60) fy = 60 ksi

LRFD PILE DESIGN LOAD:

 Design Loading (Tons/Pile)
 Strength I
 Service
 Phi
 PDA Load

 Abutment 1&2
 42
 28
 0.65
 65

 Piers 1&2
 64
 45
 0.65
 98

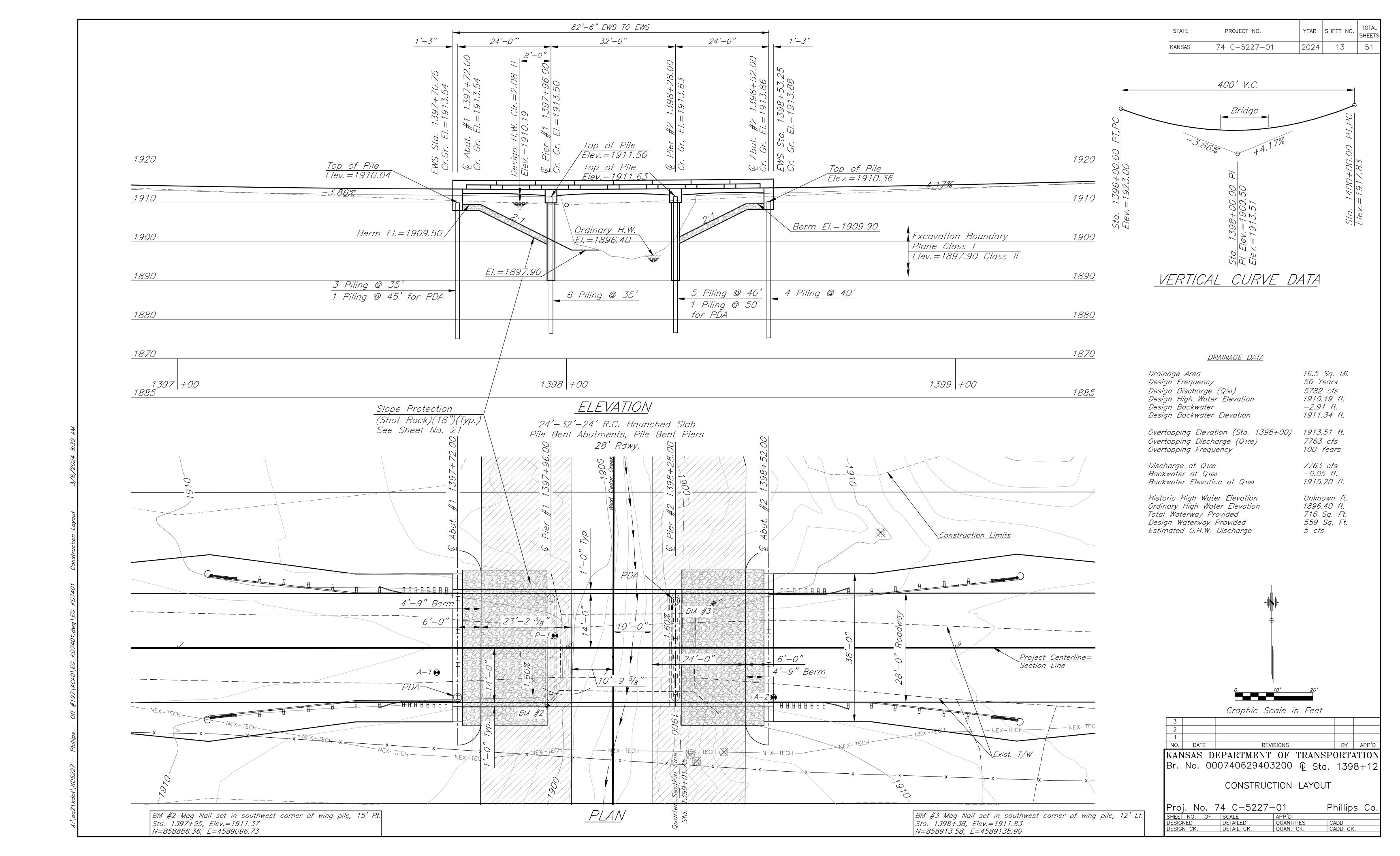
LFD & LRFR RA	ATING FA	1CTORS
Rating Level Truck	Inventory	Operating
HS-20 (36T)	1.59	2.66
Type HET (110T)	$\bigg / \bigg /$	1.49
2002 LFD Rating. 1	7th Edition	n AASHTC
HL-93 Loading	1.33	1.72
NRL Loading	$\bigg \backslash \bigg \backslash$	2.22
2011 Manual for Br	idge Evalu	iation

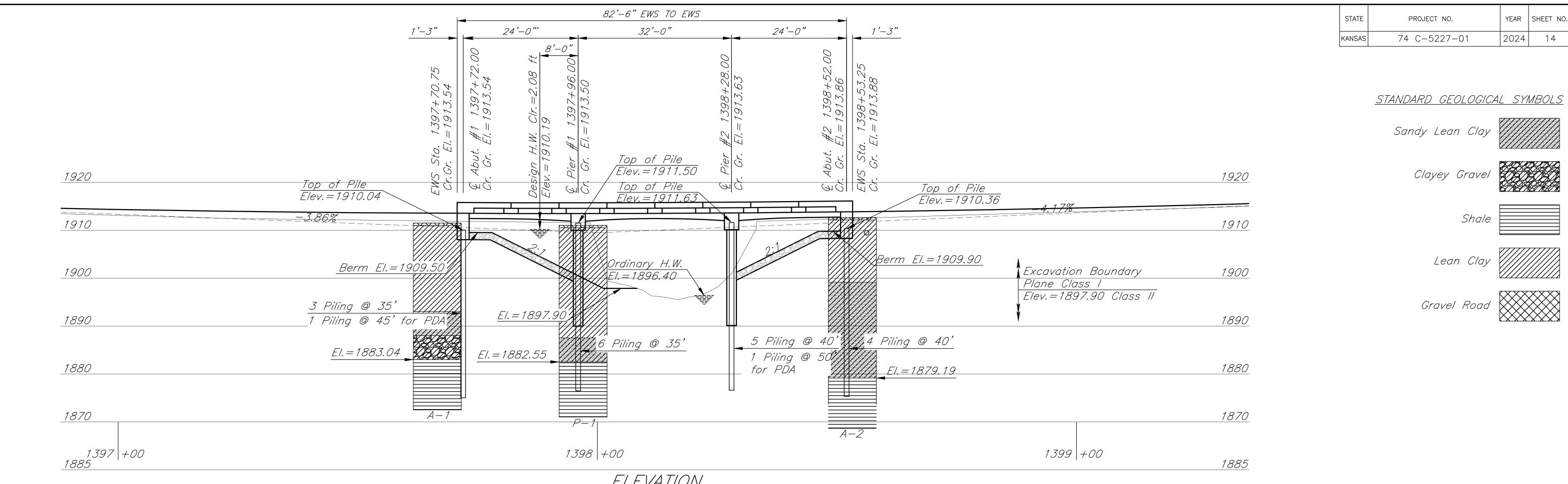
3				
2				
1				
N□.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APP' D
KAN	ISAS D	EPARTMENT OF TRANSP	ORTA	ATION

GENERAL NOTES AND QUANTITIES

Br. No. 000740629403200 Sta. 1398+12

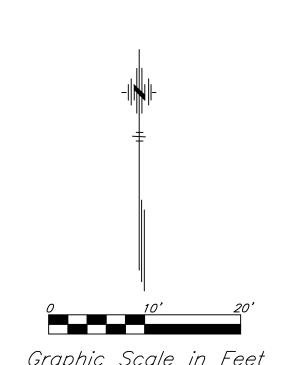
Proj. No	o. 7	4 C-522	27-	-01		Phillips	Co.
SHEET NO.	□F	SCALE		APP'D			
DESIGNED	DRT	DETAILED	DRT	QUANTITIES	DRT	CADD	RCJ
DESIGN CK.		DETAIL CK.		QUAN. CK.		CADD CK.	





## <u>ELEVATION</u>

24'-32'-24' R.C. Haunched Slab Pile Bent Abutments, Pile Bent Piers 28' Rdwy.



YEAR SHEET NO.

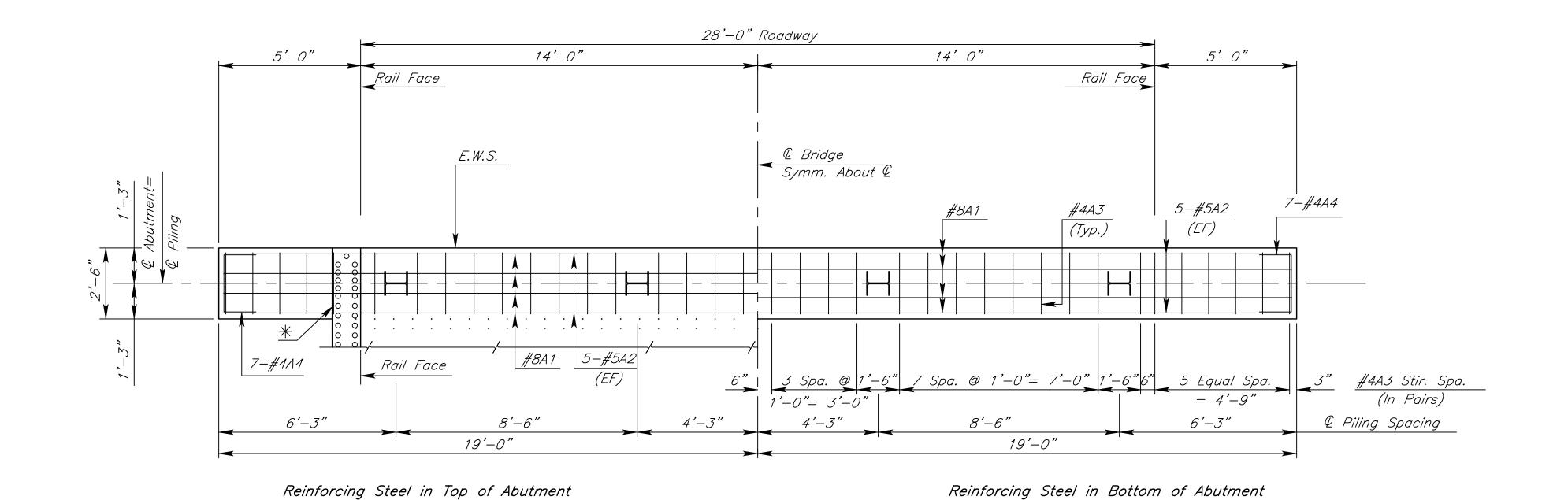
2024 14

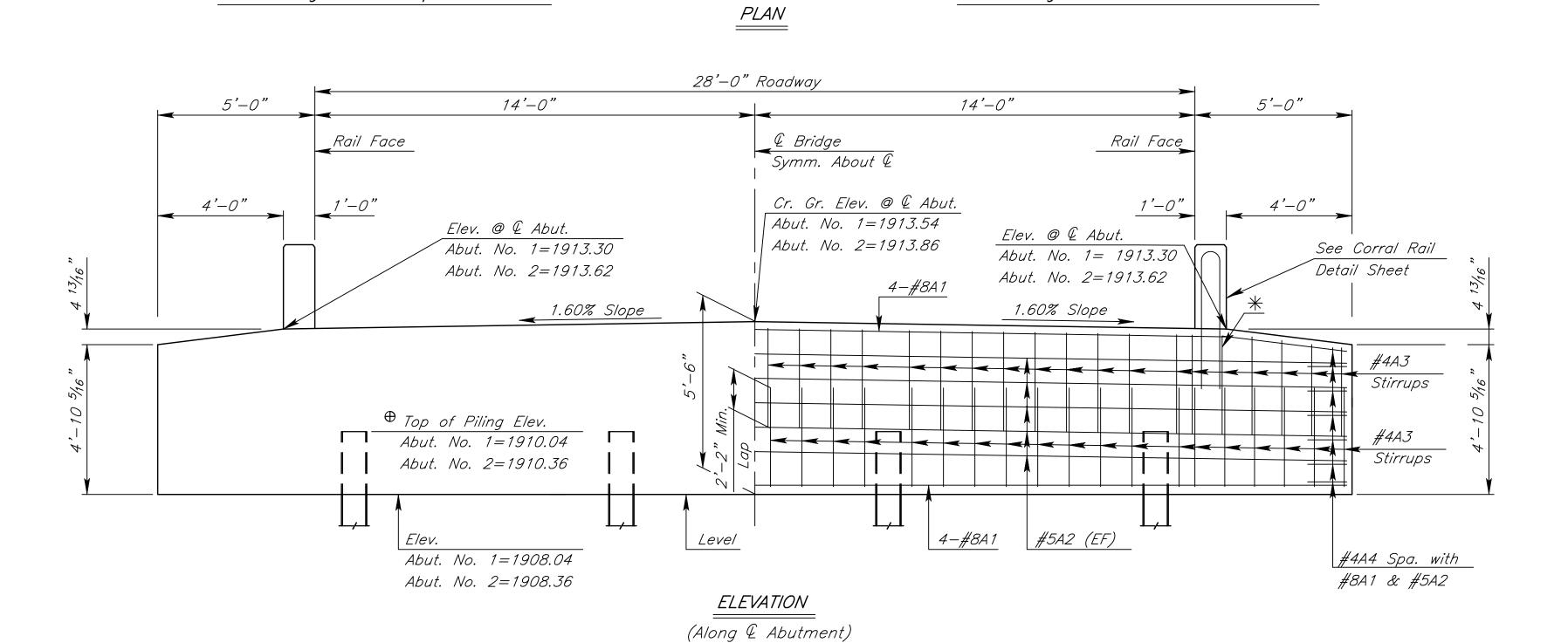
		Orapine Sear			
3				·	·
2					
1					
NO.	DATE	REVISIO	NS	BY	APP'D
KAN	ISAS D	EPARTMENT (	OF TRANSPO	ORTA	ATION

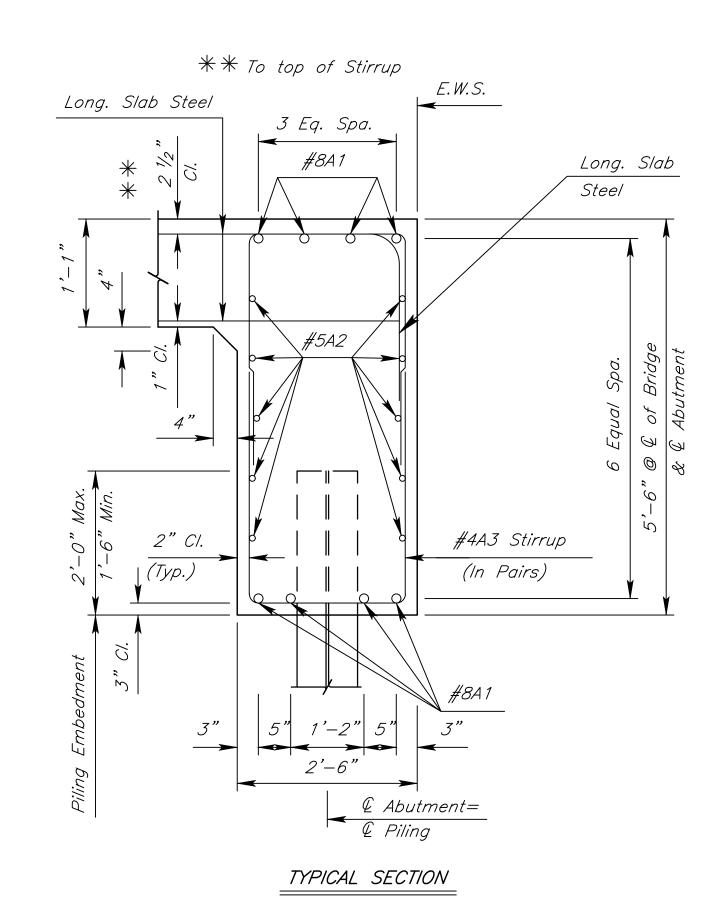
Br. No. 000740629403200 & Sta. 1398+12

GEOLOGY

Phillips Co.







\* Adjust stirrup to avoid conflict with rail bars.

ABUTMENT PILE LOADING

Design

Strength | 42 Tons/Pile

 $\bigoplus$  Note: Top of piling elevations are based on 2'-0" maximum embedment.

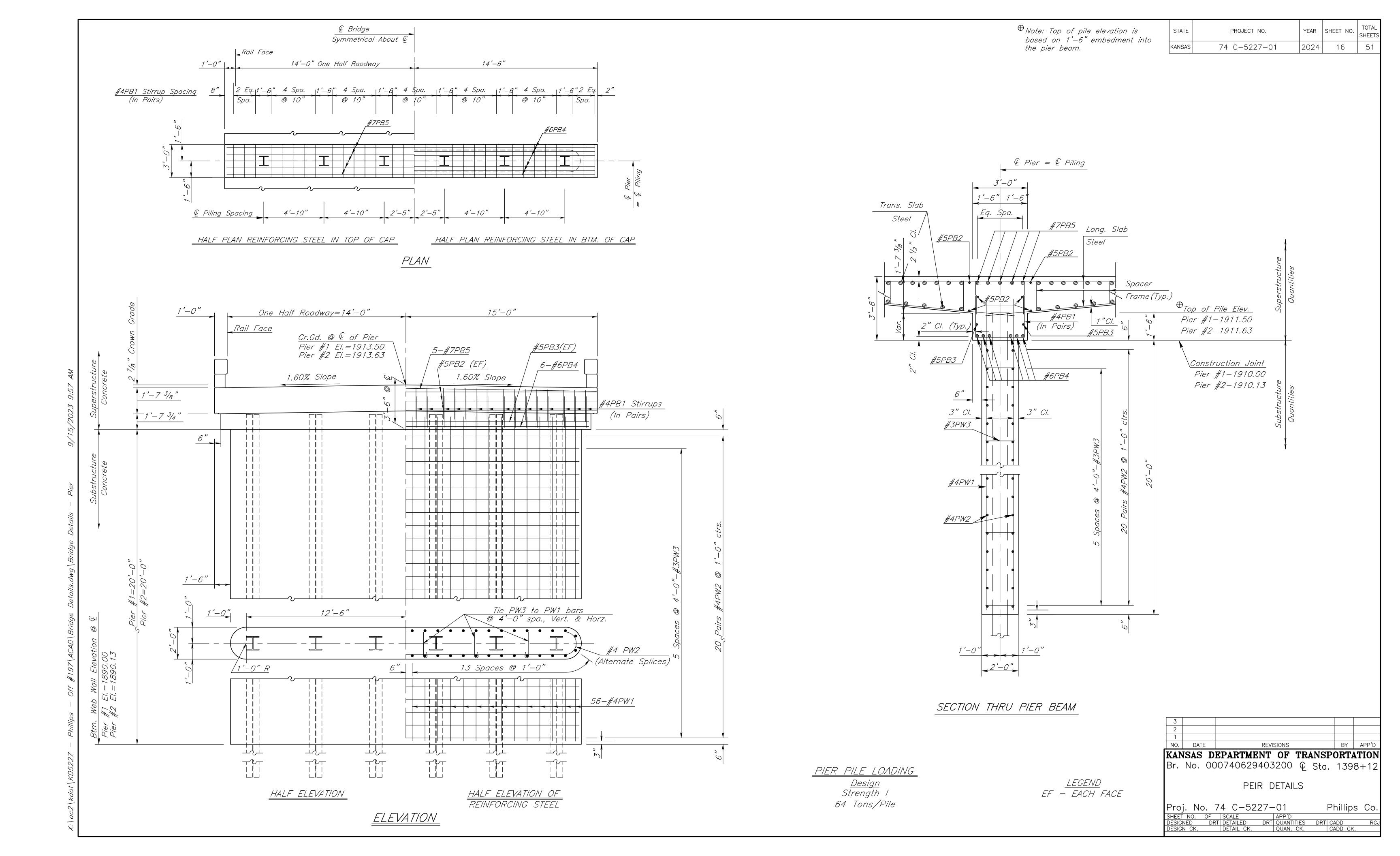
<u>Legend</u> EF = Each Face

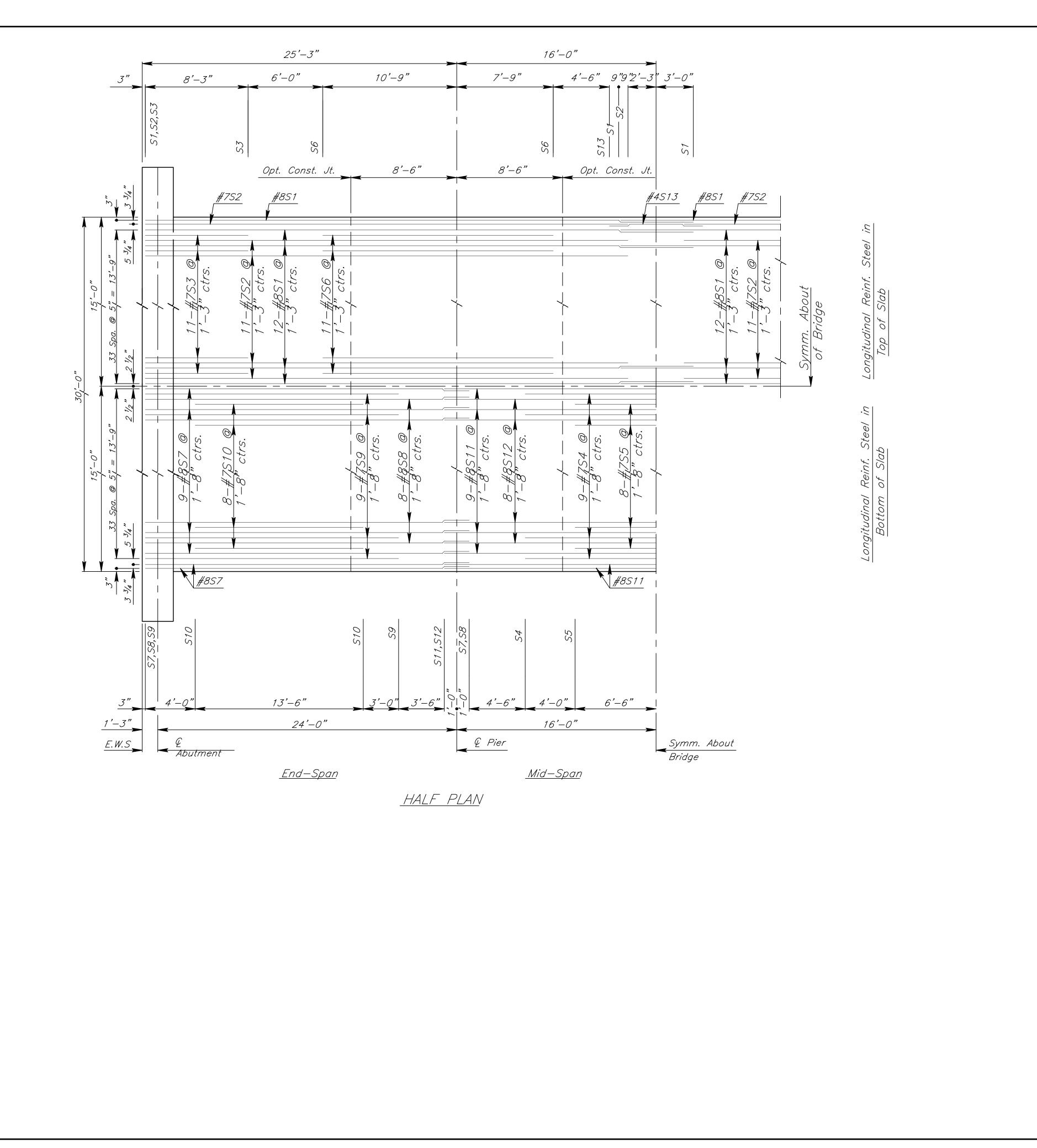
ſ	KAN	ISAS D	EPARTMENT O	F TRANSP	ORT	TION
	NO.	DATE	REVISION	S	BY	APP'D
	1					
	2					
	3					

Br. No. 000740629403200 & Sta. 1398+12

ABUTMENT DETAILS

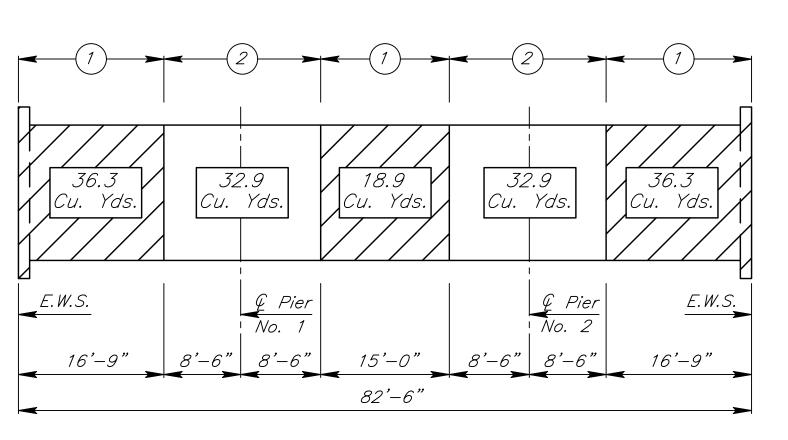
Proj. No	. 7	4 C-52	27-	-01		Phillips	Co.
SHEET NO.	OF	SCALE		APP'D			
DESIGNED	DRT	DETAILED	DRT	QUANTITIES	DRT	CADD	RCJ
DESIGN CK.	·	DETAIL CK.	·	QUAN. CK.		CADD CK.	





 STATE
 PROJECT NO.
 YEAR
 SHEET NO.
 TOTAL SHEETS

 KANSAS
 74 C-5227-01
 2024
 17
 51



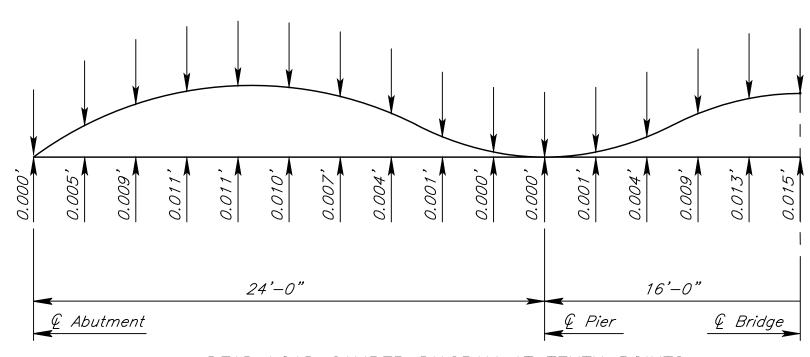
#### CONCRETE PLACING SEQUENCE DIAGRAM

#### CONCRETE PLACING SEQUENCE

When long span steel beams having a concrete dead load deflection greater than 1/4" are used or when timber falsework with greater than 12'-0" clear span is used, follow the placing sequence shown. Segmental, combined or continuous pours are allowed, but stop a discontinuous pour at a construction joint short of a pier.

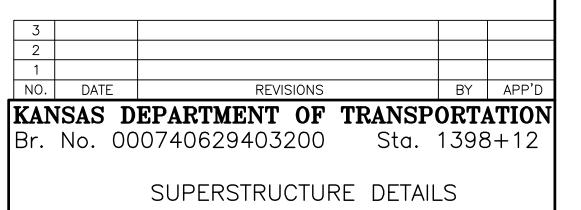
When timber falsework with 12'-0" or less clear span is used, the Contractor, subject to the approval of the Engineer, may use a continuous pour or may discontinue the pour at any construction joint shown.

The Contractor may place the corral rail continuously from one end of the bridge to the other.



### DEAD LOAD CAMBER DIAGRAM AT TENTH POINTS

Long Term Deflections = Initial Deflections x 3.5 (Initial Deflections Based on  $E_{\mathcal{C}}=$  3.644 x 10  $^{6}$ p.s.i.) (camber values in feet)



Note:

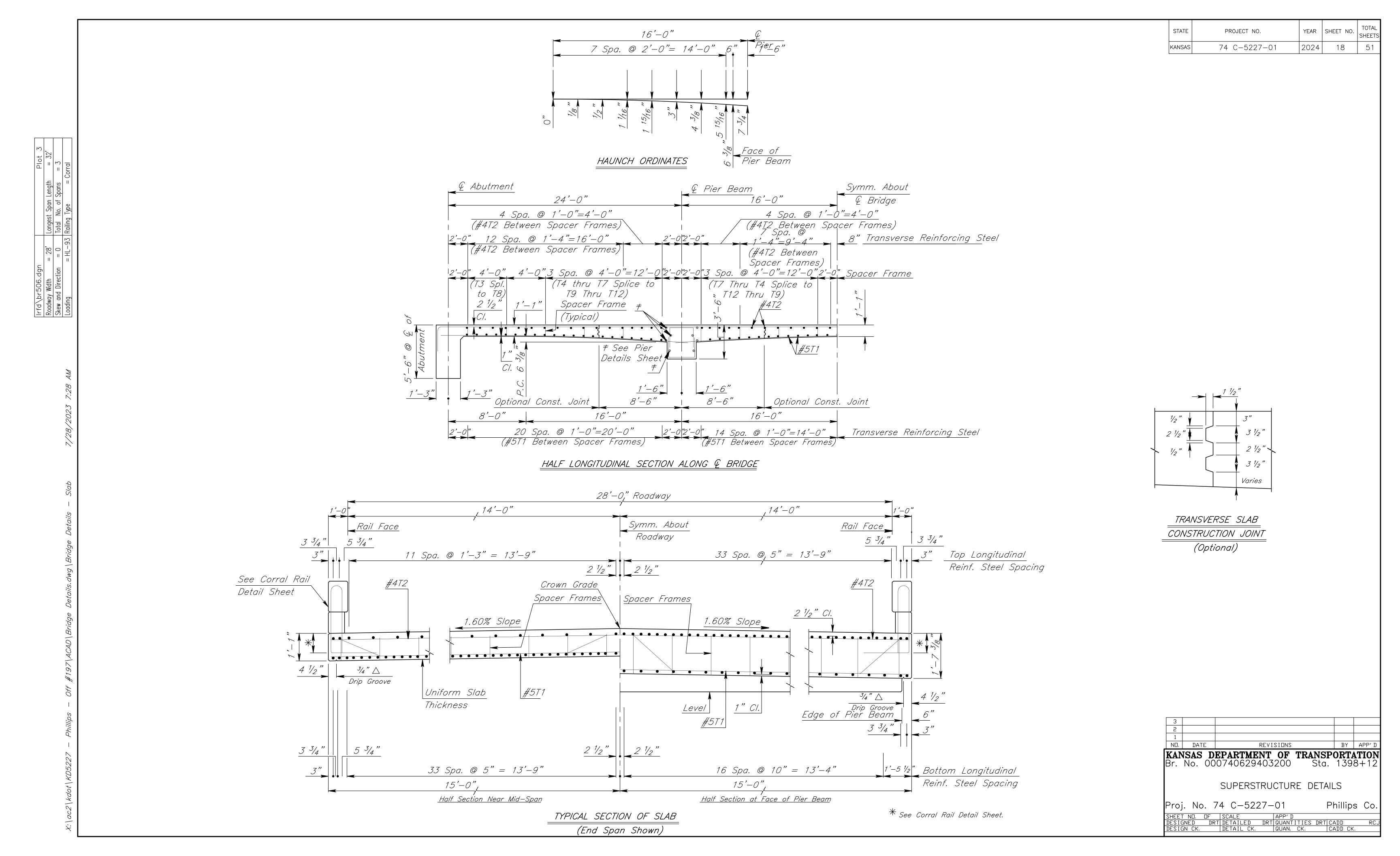
See longitudinal section for transverse reinforcing steel.

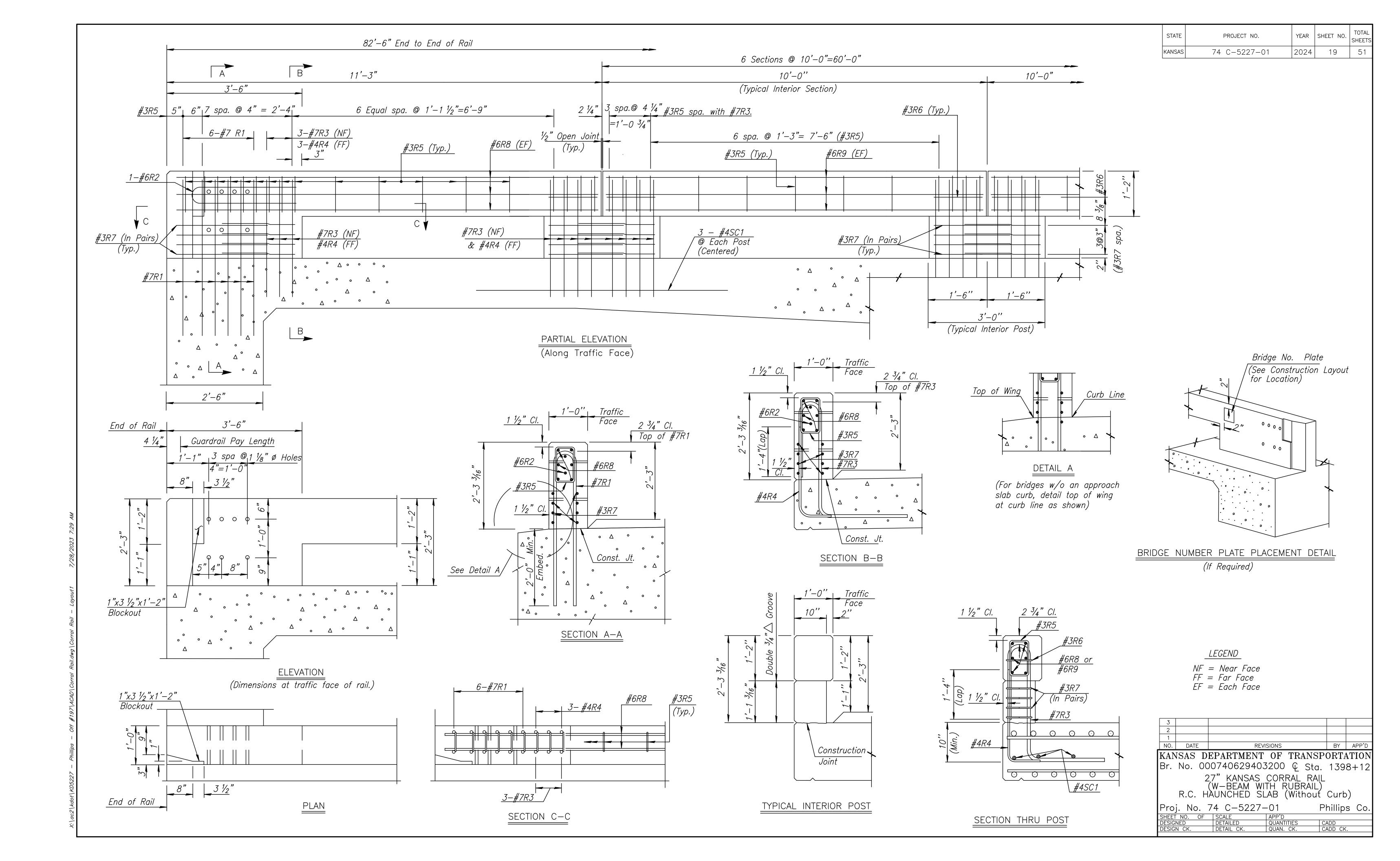
Proj. No. 74 C-5227-01 Phillips Co.

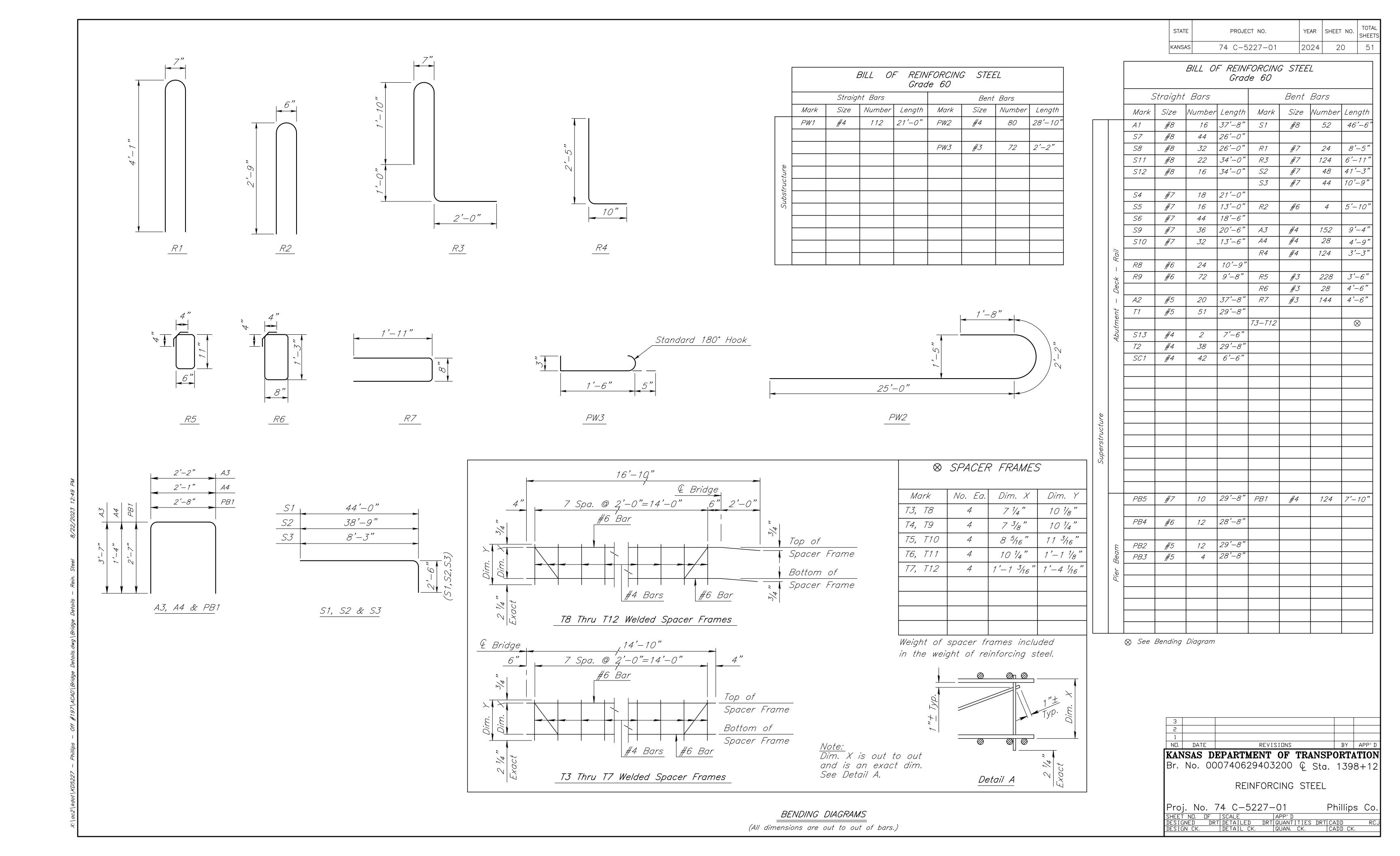
SHEET NO. OF SCALE APP'D

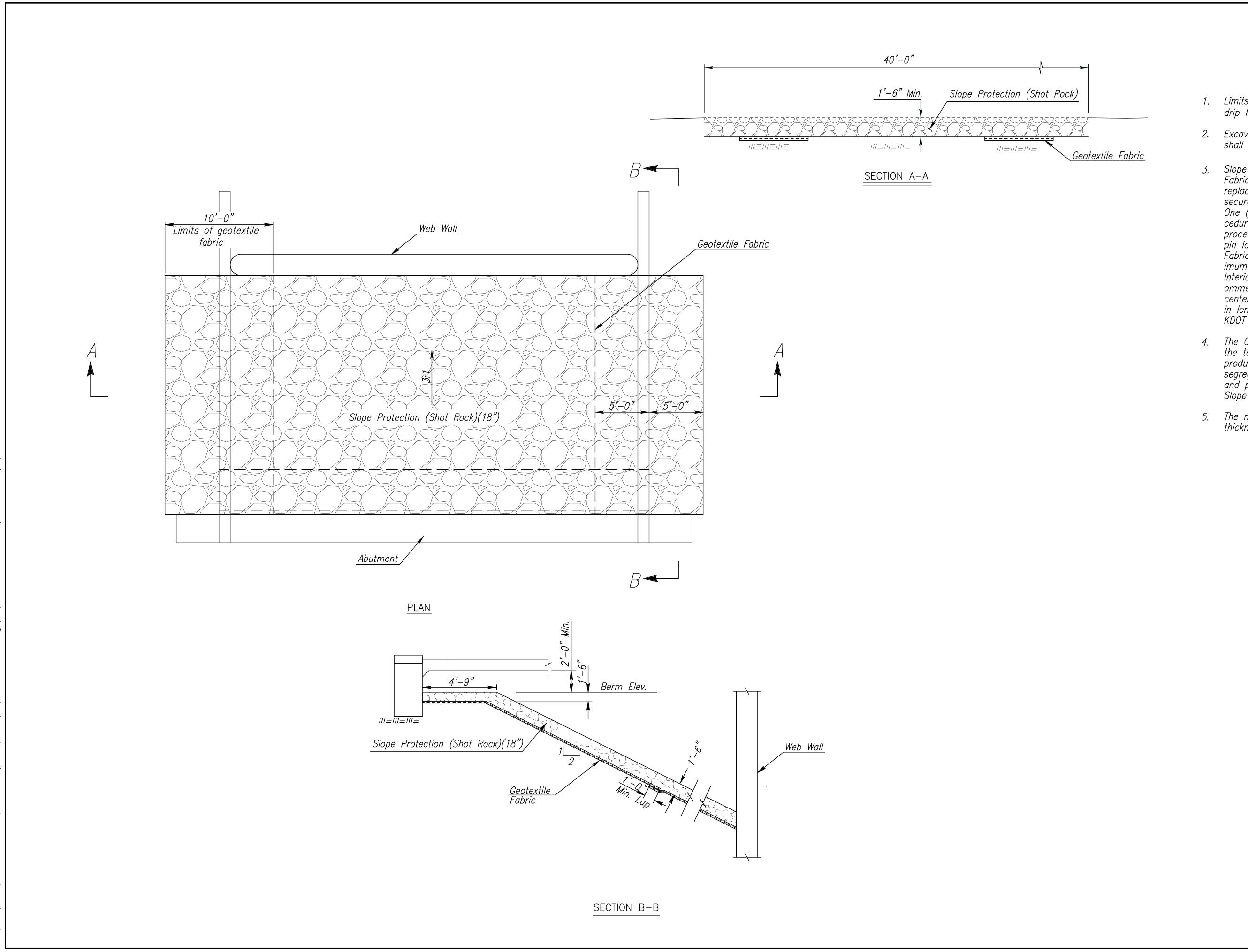
DESIGNED DRT DETAILED DRT QUANTITIES DRT CADD RCJ

DESIGN CK. DETAIL CK. QUAN. CK. CADD CK.









 STATE
 PROJECT NO.
 YEAR
 SHEET NO.
 TOTAL SHEETS

 KANSAS
 74 C-5227-01
 2024
 21
 51

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Limits of slope protection are as shown and centered along drip line of the slab.
- 2. Excavation and grading for placement of slope protection shall be <u>subsidiary</u> to slope protection.
- 3. Slope protection shall be underlain with geotextile fabric. Fabric damaged or displaced during construction shall be replaced at no cost to KDOT. Fabric shall be installed and secured as recommended by the fabric manufacturer.

  One (1) copy of the fabric manufacturer's installation procedure shall be submitted to the Engineer. The installation procedure shall show details of the splices, overlaps, and pin layout. Minimum overlap of geotextile shall be 1 ft. Fabric shall be anchored along edges and splices at a maximum of 3 foot centers with staples or pins (w/washers). Interior area of fabric shall be pinned or stapled as recommended by the manufacturer but not more than 5 foot centers. Pins or staples shall be a minimum of 12 inches in length. Geotextile fabric shall meet the requirements of KDOT Specifications.
- 4. The Contractor shall place the rock from the bottom to the top of the slope. Place the rock in a manner which produces a reasonably well graded mass of rock without segregation of the material sizes. Placement, measurement, and payment shall conform to KDOT Specifications for Slope Protection.
- 5. The maximum size of the shot rock will be limited to a thickness of 18".

SLOPE PROTECTION									
(Shot Rock)									
Sta. ı	to Sta.	Side	Cu. Yds.						
1397+73	1397+95	Lt.	53						
1398+29	1398+51	Rt.	53						
TOTAL			106						

Slope Protection (Shot Rock) Cu. Yds.	Geotextile Sq. Yds.
106	84

NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APP'D
				•

BRIDGE BERM AND SLOPE PROTECTION STRAIGHT WINGWALL ABUTMENT

FHWA APPROVAL

DESIGNED DETAILED QUANTITIES CADD

DESIGN CK. DETAIL CK. QUAN. CK. CADD CK.

SPECIFICATIONS: Standard Specifications for State Road and Bridge Construction as currently used by the Kansas Department of

CONCRETE: Concrete for cast-in-place shall be f'c = 3,500 PSI. Concrete for prestressed shall be f'c = 5,000 PSI

Transportation.

WELDING: All field welding shall meet the requirements of the Standard Specifications.

Use only Shielded Metal Arch Welding SMAW (stick welding) for pile splices.

Use only low hydrogen E7018, 7016, or 7015 series welding rod (electrode) for all welding applications during pile splicing.

New electrodes are to be purchased for each KDOT project. The electrodes shall arrive on the project in factory hermetically sealed containers, opened and labeled with indelible ink in front of the engineer. The label shall include the current date and the project number. If the container seal is questionable or shows signs of damage the electrode is to be dried in an oven at least one hour at a temperature of 700°F to 800°F.

Upon removal from intact hermetically sealed factory packaging or the drying oven the electrode is to be placed in a storage oven with a minimum temperature of 250°F.

When electrodes are removed from the hermetically sealed container or storage oven and exposed to the atmosphere for less than 4 hours place into the storage oven for at least 4 hours before removing for use.

If electrode is exposed to the atmosphere for 4 hours or more (or 9 hours for moisture resistant electrodes designated with an R in their labeling) then electrode can be dried in a drying oven at a temperature of 450°F to 550°F.

If the electrode is exposed to the atmosphere for 4 hours or more a second time or the rod becomes wet discard rod.

CAST-IN-PLACE SHELLS: Steel shells for cast-in-place concrete piles shall conform to the requirements of the Standard Specifications.

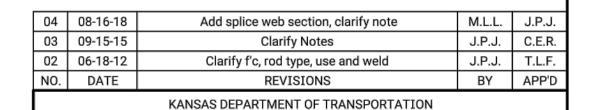
All piles driven without a mandrel shall be of the minimum thicknesses shown. Piles driven with a mandrel shall be of sufficient strength and thickness to withstand driving without injury and to resist harmful distortion and/or buckling due to soil pressure after the mandrel is removed.

Remove, replace or correct to the satisfaction of the Engineer improperly driven, broken or otherwise defective pipe piles. Otherwise drive an additional pile at no extra cost.

The Contractor shall maintain a light suitable for visual inspection of the pile on the job at all times prior to and during the filling of the pipe.

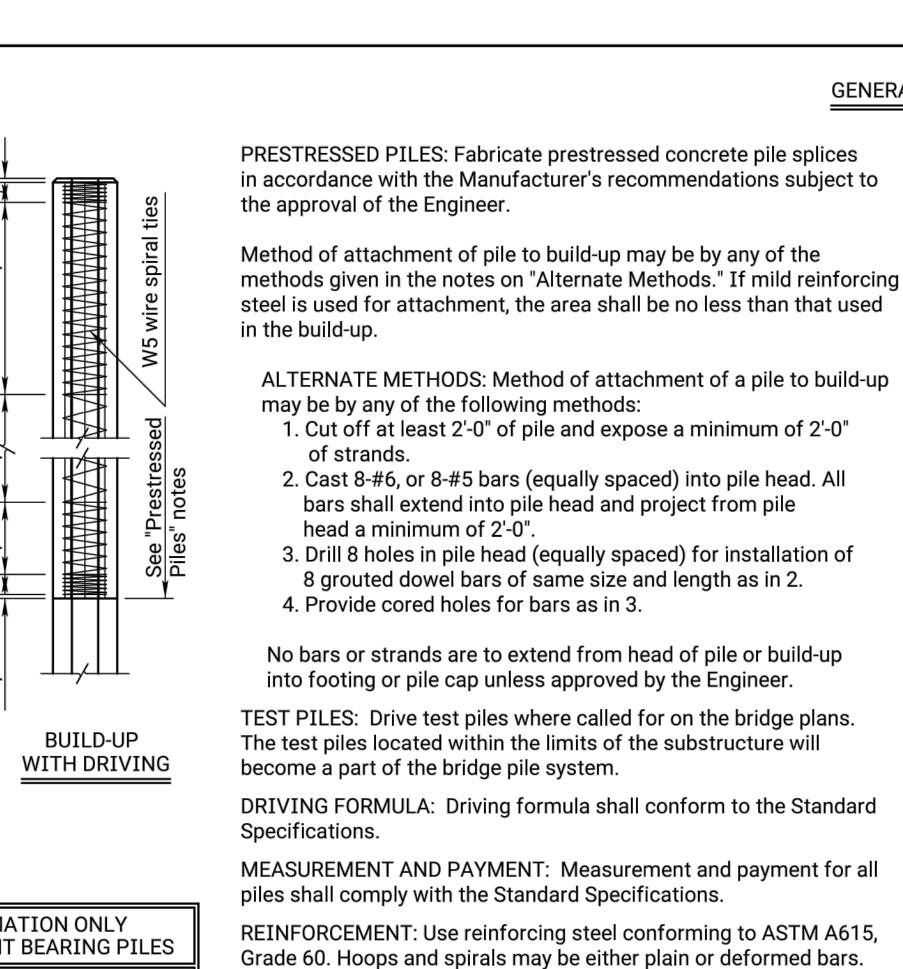
PAINT: All paint shall comply with the Standard Specifications, or as specified on the plans.

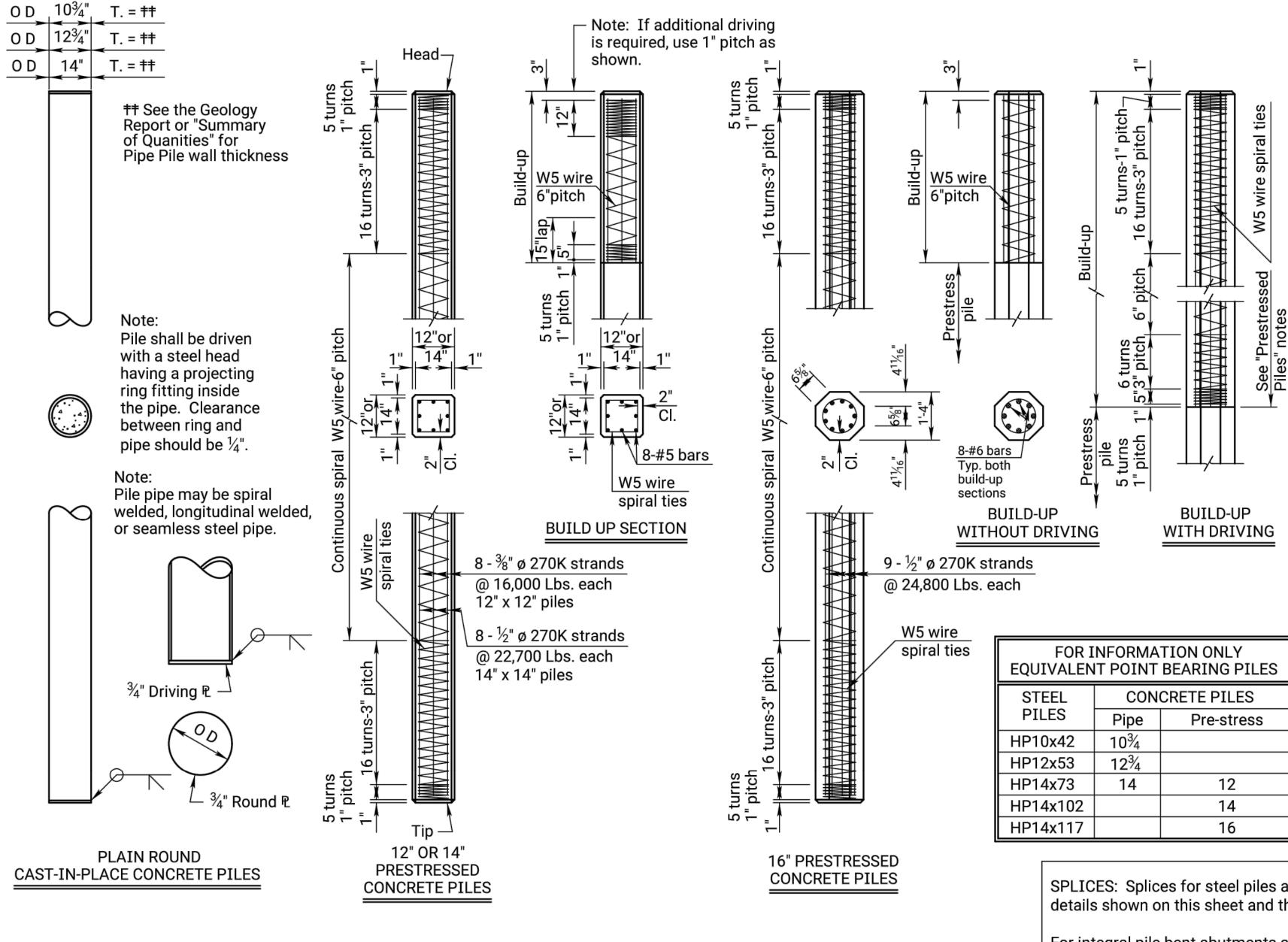
MILL TEST REPORTS: Steel piles test reports and steel shell test reports shall comply with the Standard Specifications.



## STANDARD PILE DETAILS

BR110 Terry L. Fleck HWA APPROVA 10-04-12 APP'D. TRACED TRACE CK. DETAIL CK. QUAN.CK.





Weld Symbology Definition

location.

SPLICES: Splices for steel piles and shell piling shall be in accordance with details shown on this sheet and the Standard Specifications.

For integral pile bent abutments and piers, if a pile splice is required, do not locate the pile splice within a region extending 2'-0" above and 10'-0" below the bottom of the concrete web wall. For abutments, locate the pile

BG = Backgouge

anticipated, based on the geology, the Contractor prior to driving, will locate the splice so that the splice

† For integral pile bent abutments and piers, if a splice is located within the regions described above, then the Contractor will test the welds by Radiograph (RT) test methods. Repair and retest any welds not passing the test(s). Each weld tested will have written confirmation of results. Report these results to the Engineer. This work is not paid for directly, but is subsidiary to "Piles".

Use grinder to bevel edges of splice as shown in weld symbology and drawing. In addition to bevels, produce clean, splice at least 10'-0" below top of fill. bare, and shiny surfaces at and around the splice welding

Lay full penetration root weld from beveled side of splice.

Back gouge root weld from side opposite of root welding application making sure to remove all foreign materials, porous steel, and inclusions from root weld. Finish welding the non beveled side of the splice.

Finish welding beveled side of the splice while removing slag, foreign materials, porous steel, and inclusions in between welding passes, use of a grinder may be needed.

Verify that enough filler metal has been correctly placed in all weld locations to obtain a flush or convex surface with no concavity produced upon completion of the final welds.

#### 0.58 L 0.21 L DOUBLE POINT PICK-UP Inside Flange PICK-UP POINTS FOR PRESTRESSED PILING SHELL PILE POINT

0.3 L

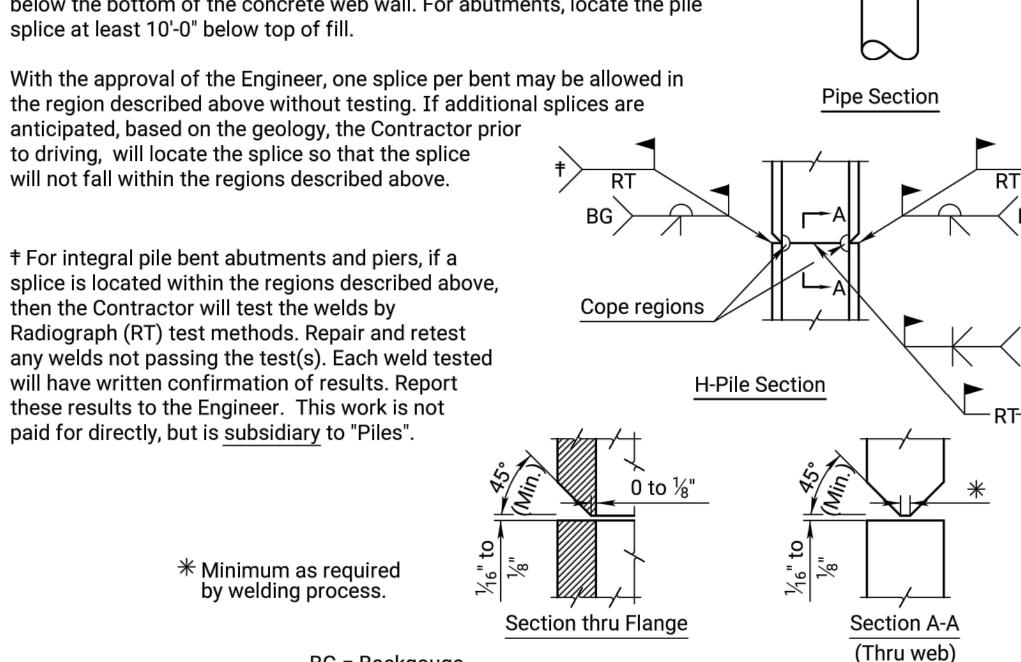
Max. length - 55' single point pick-up Max. length - 80' double point pick-up

points to indicate proper points for attaching handling lines.

## CAST STEEL PILE POINT

**Outside Flange** 

The pile point shall be a one-piece unit of cast steel. Weld pile points in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations to each steel pile before driving.



Standard Specifications.

PRESTRESSING STEEL: Use uncoated seven-wire low relaxation

STEEL PILE: Steel pile shall conform to the requirements of the

PILE POINTS: Pile points shall conform to the dimensions shown

PILE SPLICE DETAILS

prestressing strand conforming to ASTM A416, Gr. 270.

and to requirements of the Standard Specifications.

0.7 L SINGLE POINT PICK-UP Pick-up points 0.21 L Note: Piles shall be marked at Pick-up

Length (L)

Pick-up point

Plotted by : I File : br110.c

06-20-2022 KDOT Graphics Certified