

Welded wire reinforcement

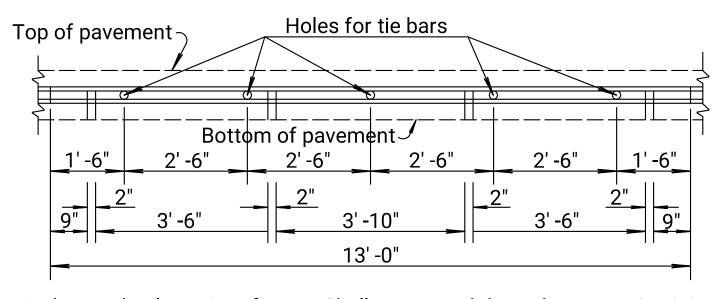
♦ Note: Epoxy coated #3 bars longitudinally @ 12" ctrs. & #3 bars transversely @ 18" ctrs. may be substituted for each layer of epoxy coated welded wire

♦ 6 x 6 - W4 x W4

TYPICAL SHEET OF WELDED WIRE REINFORCEMENT

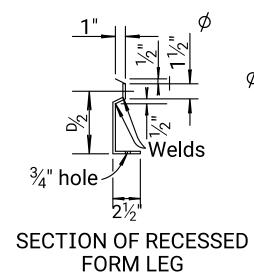
FOR SPECIAL BRIDGE APPROACH PAVEMENT

reinforcement.

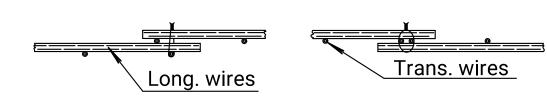


To be used only against forms. Shall not extend through contraction joints.

METAL STRIP FOR LONGITUDINAL CONSTRUCTION JOINT (13'-0")



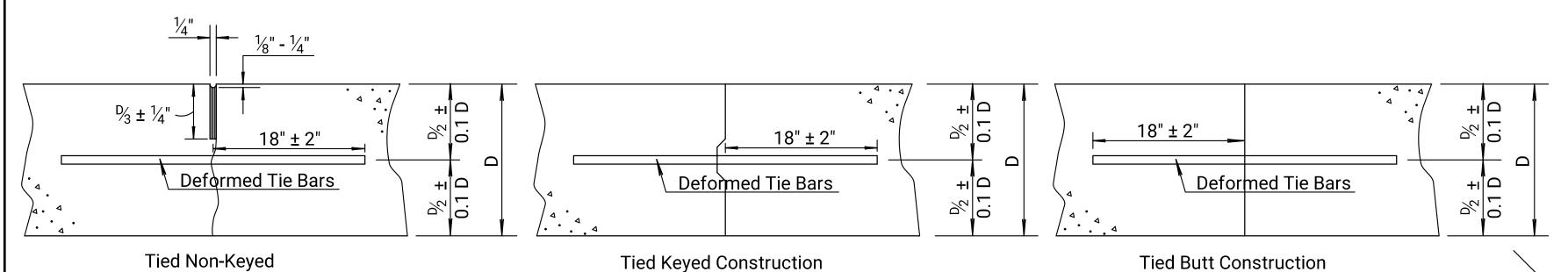
Ø Snap-in leg or other approved designs may be used in lieu of welded leg.



DETAIL OF LAP FOR WELDED WIRE REINFORCEMENT

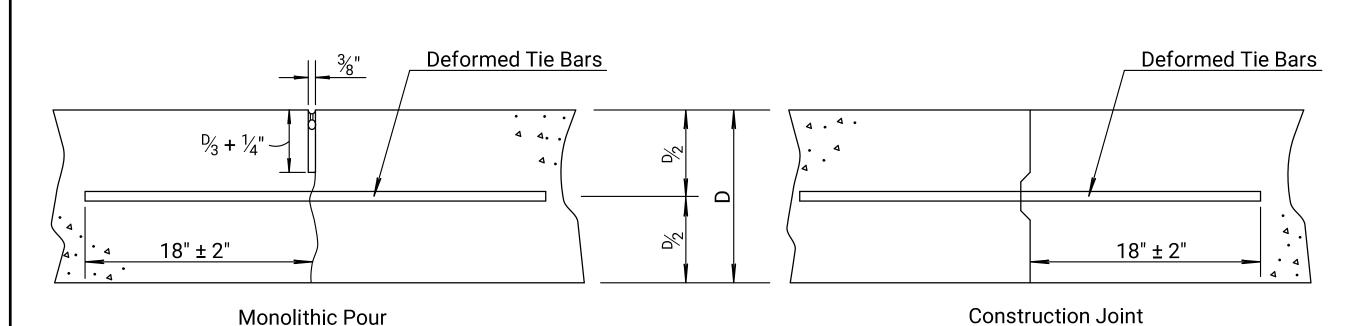
The lap shall extend beyond the first transverse or bag wire of each sheet.

The sheet shall be wired securely at the edges and at intervals not to exceed 2'-6" for the full width of the sheet. Approximate weight of welded wire reinforcement = <u>58 lbs.</u> per 100 sq. ft. Other methods for fastening the sheets of welded wire reinforcement at the laps may be used with the approval of the Engineer.



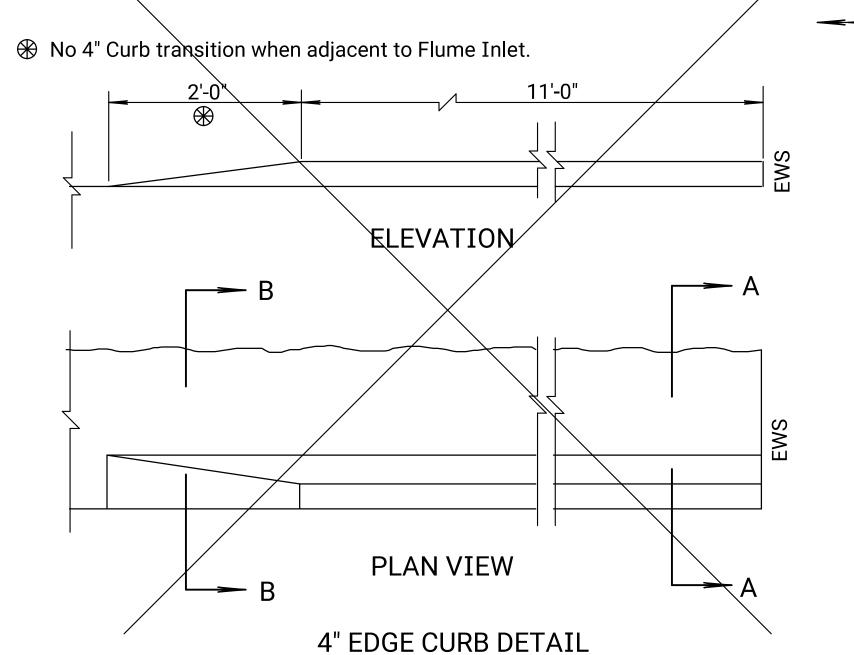
LONGITUDINAL JOINTS

Note: For longitudinal construction joints the contractor has the option of using either the keyed or butt type. Place deformed tie bars mid-depth of the shoulder.



TRANSVERSE JOINTS

Note: A construction joint is required when the concrete placement has been interrupted for a substantial length of time or at the end of a day's placement.



GENERAL NOTES

YEAR SHEET NO.

6

2024

All work shall be done in conformity with the Standard Specifications applicable to the project.

STATE

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PROJECT NO.

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The cost of all bars and joint material shown on this sheet is to be included in the bid price for Concrete Pavement.

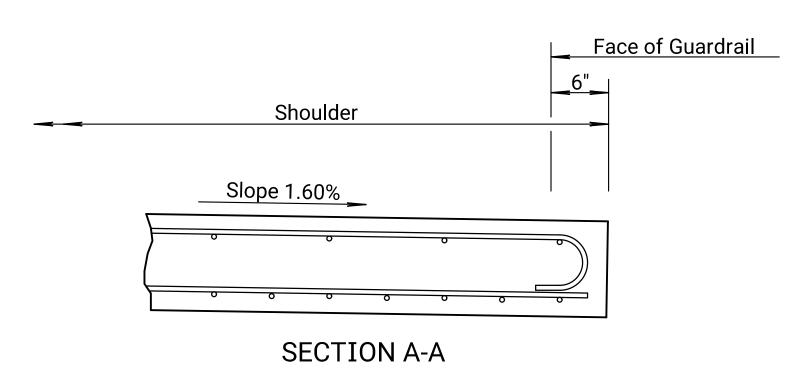
At each planned transverse joint location, a 4 to 6 inch wide strip of the pavement surface shall be protected from the texturing operation to provide a transverse textureless surface centered over the joint sawcut.

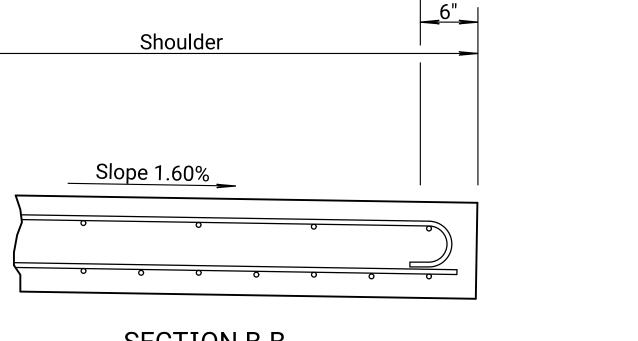
All sawed joints on this project shall be filled with sealant in accordance with Standard Specifications.

The 4 inch edge curb shall be constructed integral with the approach slab

All materials and work required for this construction shall be subsidiary to the concrete approach slab.

Tie bars shall be evenly spaced along the length of the slab and no tie bars shall be within 12" of contraction joint.





SECT	ION	B-B	

13 05-17-13

12 05-14-09

1	S.W.K.	J										
).	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	Δ								
		KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION										
	MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS FOR CONCRETE											
	BRIDGE APPROACH PAVEMENT											

Revised Note, Longitudinal Joints

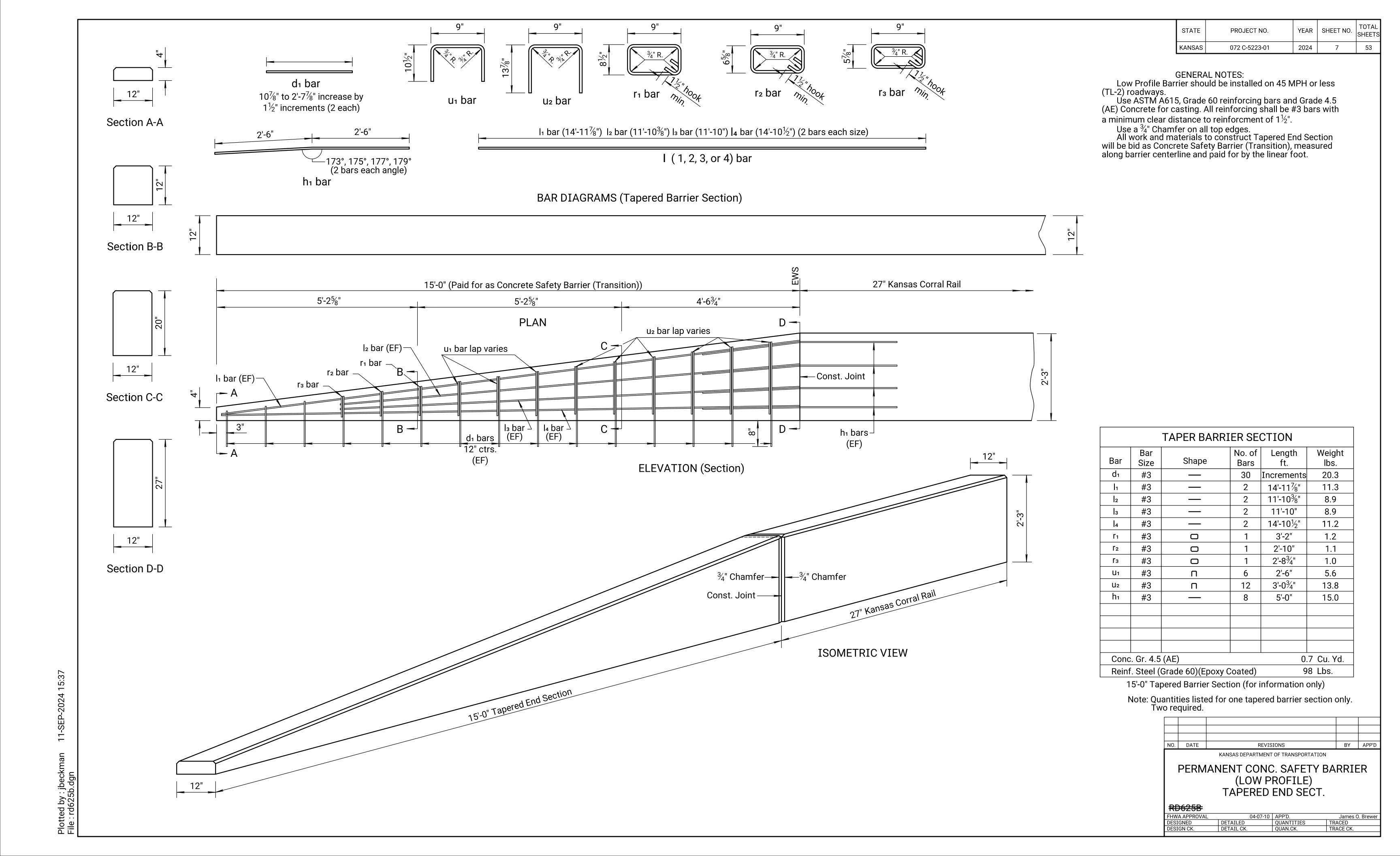
Pres. Relief Jt. to RD712/tie bar lab.

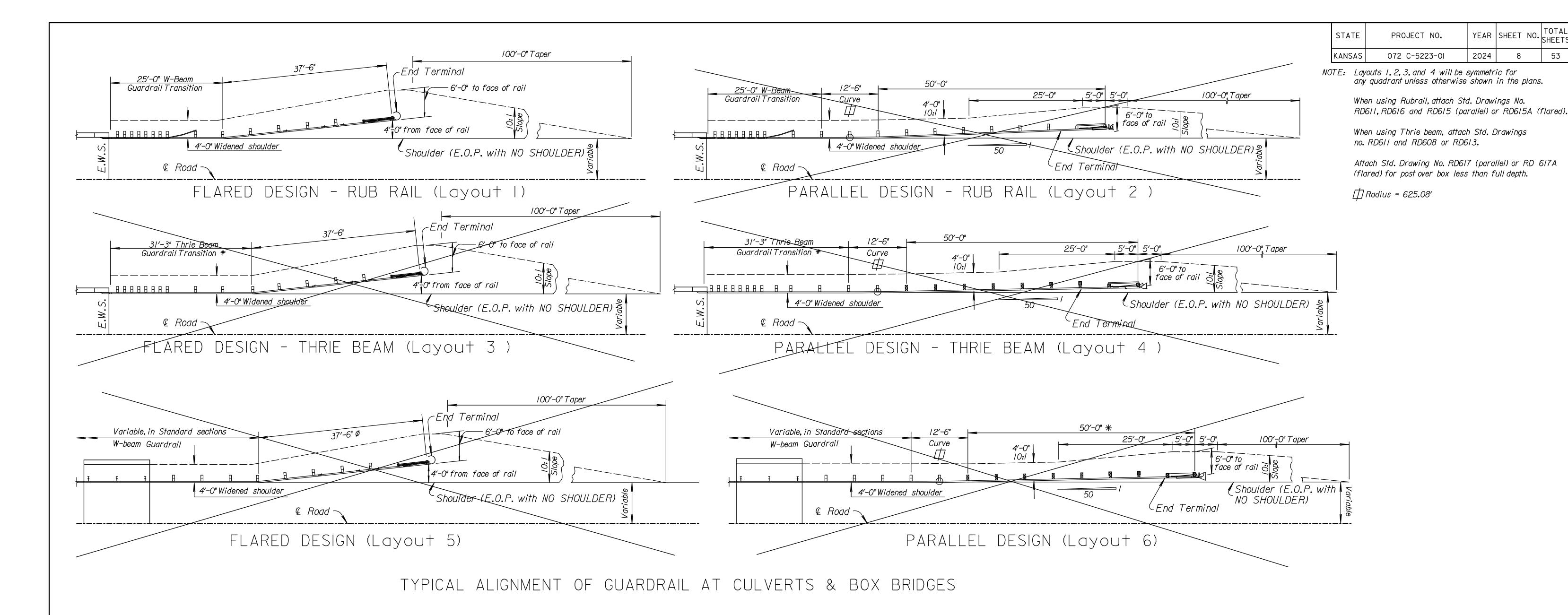
Face of Guardrail

RD711

10-23-13 APP'D.
QUANTITIES
QUAN.CK. James O. Brewer
TRACED
TRACE CK.

S.W.K. J.O.B. S.W.K. J.O.B.





			Lay		Required Standard Drawing				
TYPE	I	2	3	4	5	6	Standard Drawing		
SRT	Х						RD606		
FLEAT	Х						RD606		
SKT									

ALLOWABLE END TERMINALS

			(SUMMAF	RY OF	STEEL	PLATE	E GUARDRAIL		
Location	Side	No	Layout * Lin. Ft.	Additional Standard Sections Lin. Ft.	Total Pay Length Lin. Ft.	Layout Gd. Rail End Term. (SRT) Alt. #I Each	Gd. Rail End Term. (FLEAT) Alt. #2 Each	Layout 2,4,or 6 Gd. Rail. End Term. (SKT) Each	Gd. Rail End Term. (SRT) Alt. #I Each	Layout 5 Gd. Rail End Term. (FLEAT) Alt. #2 Each
NW Quad.	L+.	1	25		25		_			
SW Quad.	Rt.	1	25		25	1	1			
TOTAI	L	LE	ENGTH		50	2	2			

*See Guardrail Auxiliary Details (RD606) for Measurement Details. Does Not Include End Terminal.

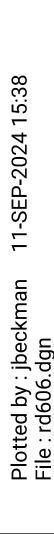
12	02-21-19	Updated per Road Memo 18-02	WFL	MJS				
=	10-30-17	Removed X-Lite	WFL	MJS				
10	01-06-15	Added X-Lite, Removed ET-PLUS	TLS	RJS				
9	11-9-05	Added length for Thrie Beam transition	REA	RJS				
NO.	DATE	BY	APP'D					
KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION								

TYPICAL ALIGNMENT GUARDRAIL INSTALLATIONS

YEAR SHEET NO. TOTAL SHEETS

2024

620				
APPROVAL			APP'D.	MJS
SNED	DETAILED	TLS	QUANTITIES	TRACED
SN CK.	DETAIL CK.	RJS	QUAN.CK.	TRACE CK.

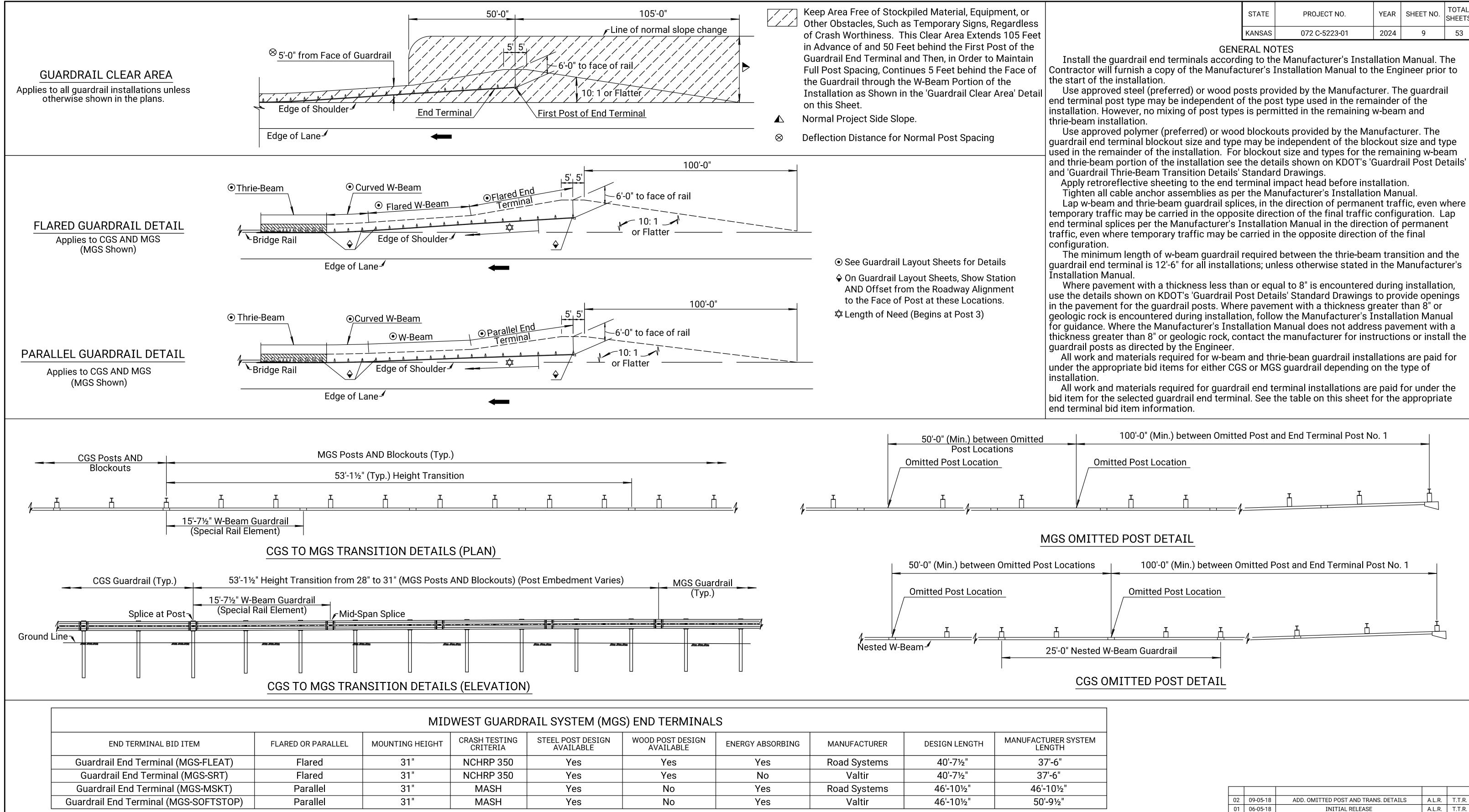


END TERMINAL BID ITEM

Guardrail End Terminal (FLEAT)

Guardrail End Terminal (SRT)

Guardrail End Terminal (SKT)



CONVENTIONAL GUARDRAIL SYSTEM (CGS) END TERMINALS

WOOD POST DESIGN AVAILABLE

Yes

Yes

Yes

ENERGY ABSORBING

Yes

No

Yes

MANUFACTURER

Road Systems

Valtir

Road Systems

STEEL POST DESIGN AVAILABLE

Yes

Yes

Yes

CRASH TESTING CRITERIA

NCHRP 350

NCHRP 350

NCHRP 350

MOUNTING HEIGHT

28"

28"

28"

FLARED OR PARALLEL

Flared

Flared

Parallel

TRACED TRACE CK.

BY APP'D

INITIAL RELEASE

KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

GUARDRAIL AUXILIARY

DETAILS

QUANTITIES QUAN.CK.

DETAILED DETAIL CK.

NO. DATE

RD606

MANUFACTURER SYSTEM LENGTH

37'-6"

37'-6"

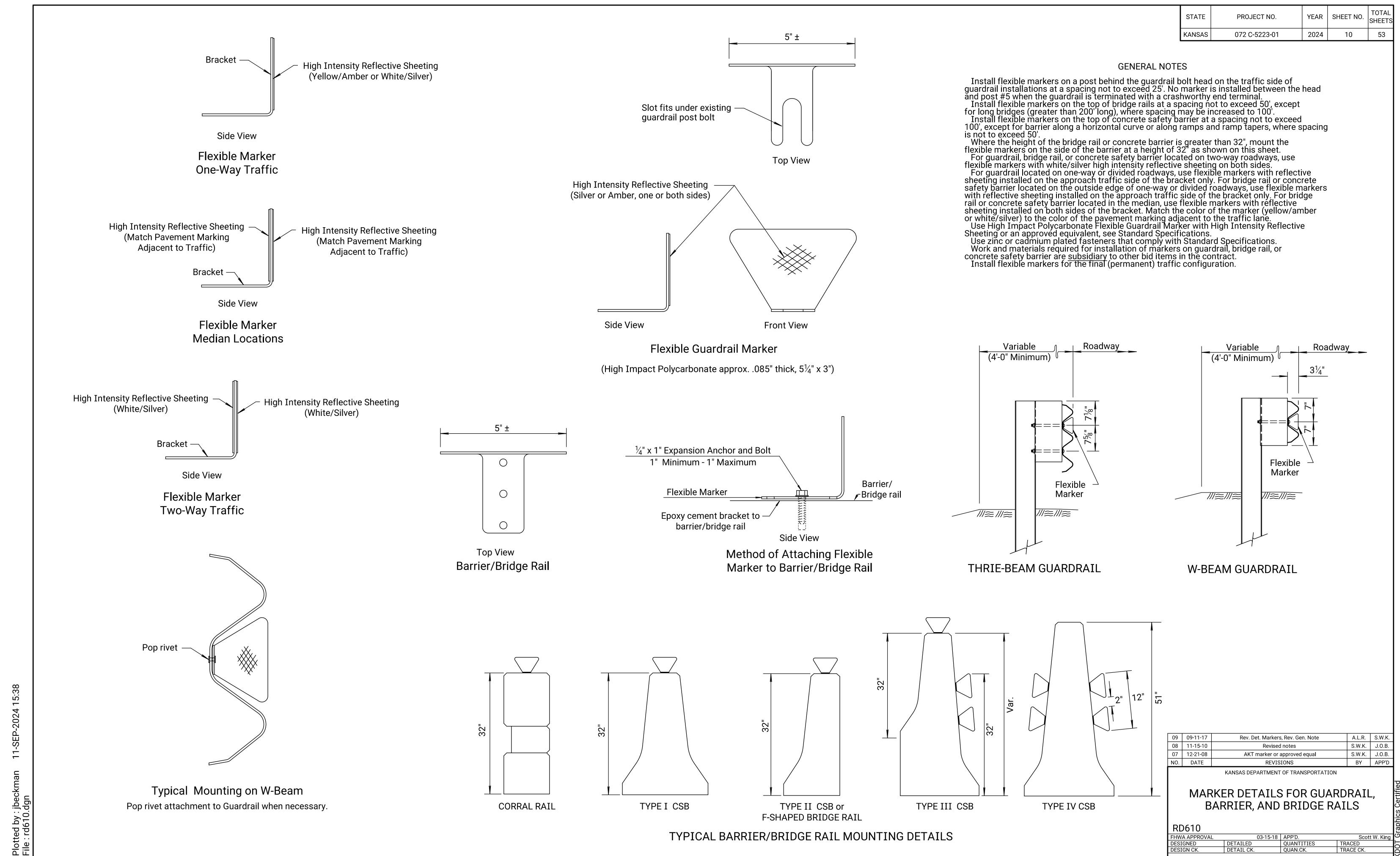
50'-0"

DESIGN LENGTH

37'-6"

37'-6"

50'-0"

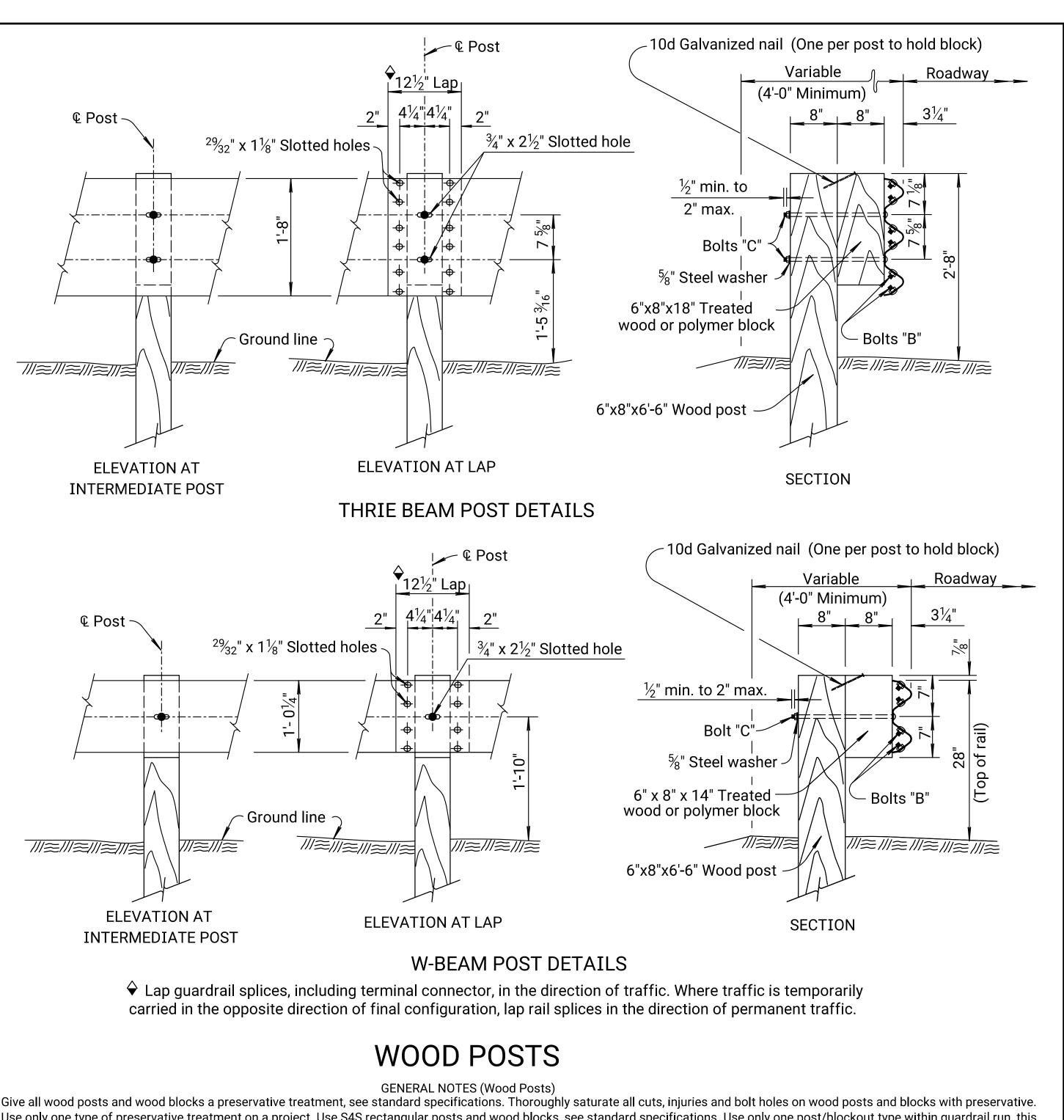


KDOT Graphics Certified

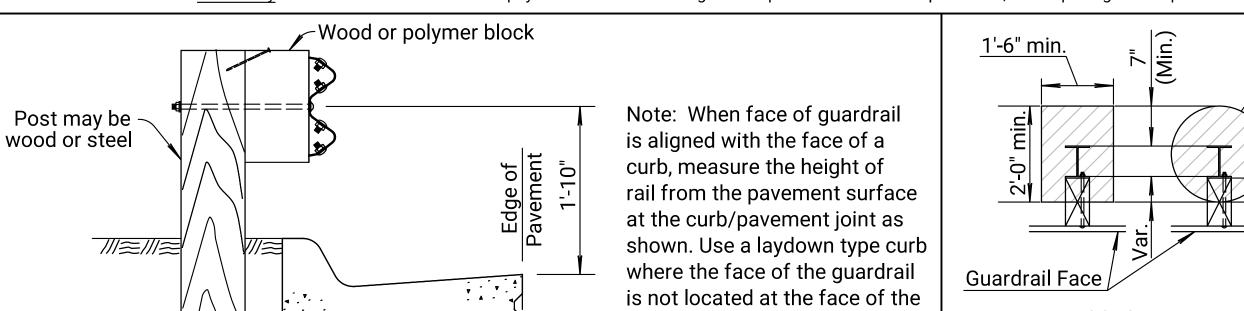
05-11-2022

Sh. No. 10



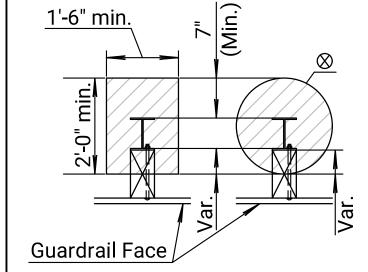


Give all wood posts and wood blocks a preservative treatment, see standard specifications. Thoroughly saturate all cuts, injuries and bolt holes on wood posts and blocks with preservative. Use only one type of preservative treatment on a project. Use S4S rectangular posts and wood blocks, see standard specifications. Use only one post/blockout type within guardrail run, this excludes the the guardrail end terminals. Set guardrail posts by digging or by driving. Use post caps to protect the post from crushing during driving operations. Contractor must notify Engineer at the earliest time when a non-removable manmade object (footing, pipe, etc.) is encountered and prevents installation of a full length post. Contractor must obtain Engineer approva prior to cutting post shorter than 6'-6". Approved polymer blockouts may be substituted for wood blockouts. Only one type of blockout is permitted on each guardrail installation. This excludes the guardrail end terminals unless certified by the manufacturer. All dimensions are nominal and are subject to manufacturing tolerances. Excavation including rock, shale, and other materials for erection of Guardrail is subsidiary to various bid items for which payment is made. Where guardrail posts are installed in pavement, form openings in the pavement for the guardrail posts.



curb.

DETAIL OF PLACEMENT AT CURB

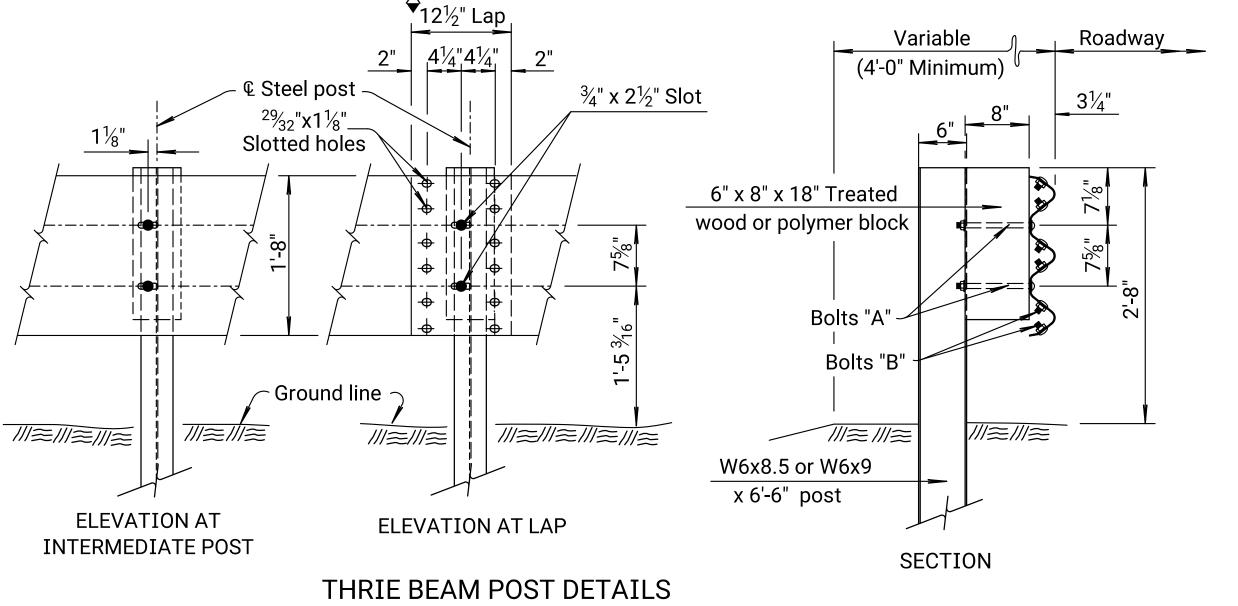


POSTS IN PAVEMENT PLAN (ALTERNATE GEOMETRIES) Applies to All Wood and All Steel Posts (Steel Posts Shown)

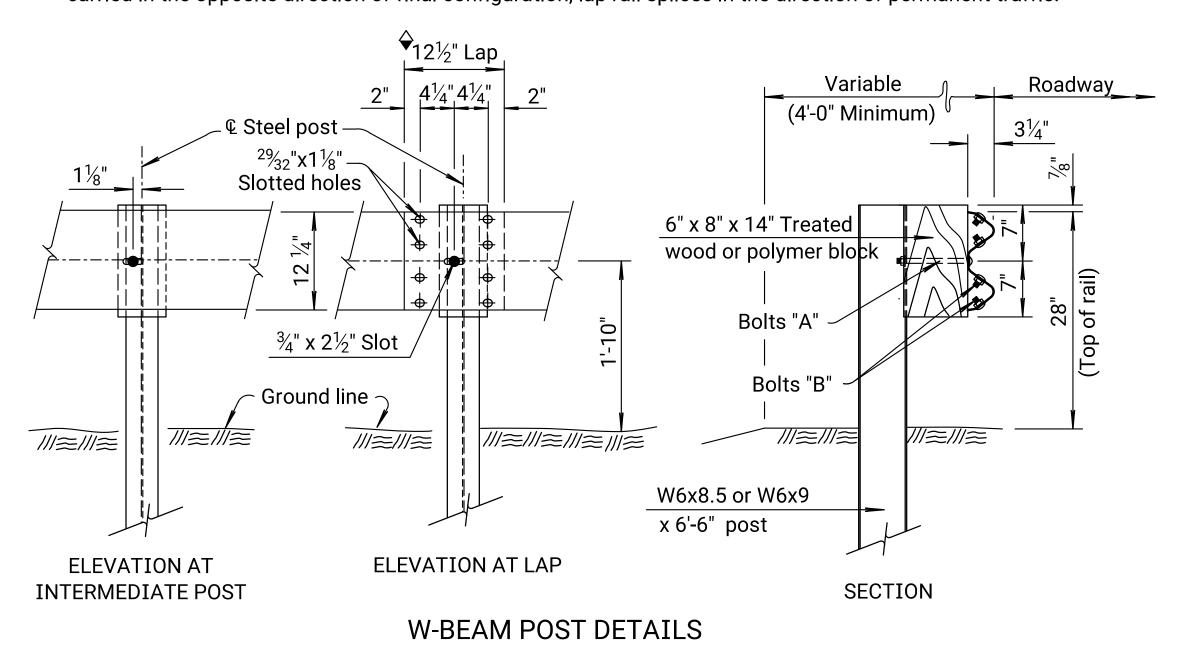
☑ Slurry Grout (Low Strength). See **KDOT's Standard Specifications**

⊗ Diameter may vary from 1'-6" (min.) to 2'-0".

Note: Low Strength Grout must have a 28-day compressive strength of 120 psi or less. All work and materials related to posts in pavement are subsidiary to other guardrail bid items. Rectangular geometry shown in Posts in Pavement detail. Circular geometry, as shown on this sheet, may be used at the Contractor's option.



Lap guardrail splices, including terminal connector, in the direction of traffic. Where traffic is temporarily carried in the opposite direction of final configuration, lap rail splices in the direction of permanent traffic.



BOLT SIZE SCHEDULE

8 ½"

1 1/4"

18"

Bolt

which payment is made. Where guardrail posts are installed in pavement, form openings in the pavement for the guardrail posts.

STEEL POSTS

GENERAL NOTES (Steel Posts)

☆ Non-Metallic (Polymer) or Treated Wood Block

⊗ See Standard Drawing RD613 for Thrie-Beam Transition Section Details.

PROJECT NO.

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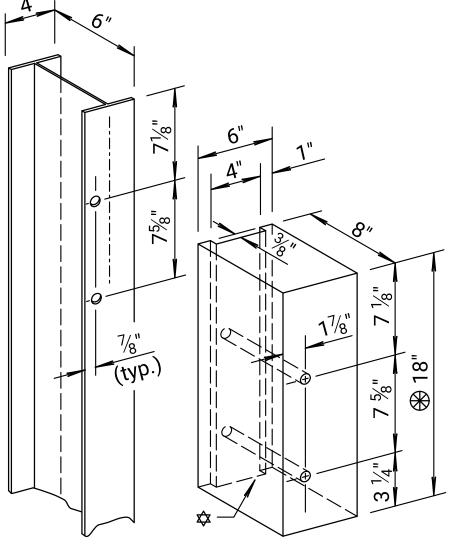
STATE

KANSAS

YEAR SHEET NO.

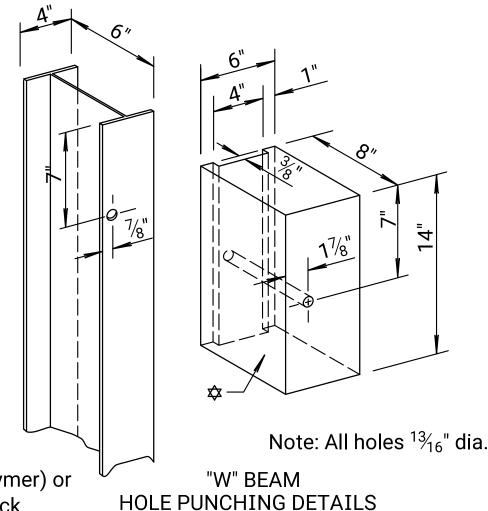
11

2024

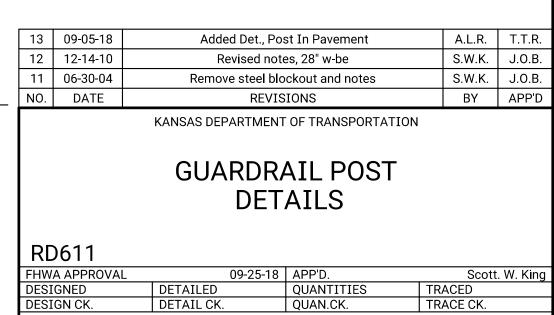


Note: All holes ¹³/₁₆" dia. THRIE BEAM

HOLE PUNCHING DETAILS



earliest time when a non-removable manmade object (footing, pipe, etc.) is encountered and prevents installation of a full length post. Contractor must obtain Engineer approval prior to cutting post shorter than 6'-6" except as allowed on Standard Drawing RD617. All dimensions are nominal and are subject to manufacturing tolerances. Excavation including rock, shale, and other materials for erection of Guardrail is subsidiary to various bid items for



Button head <u>\ Oval</u> shoulder

Use grade of steel for steel posts that meets the requirements of the standard specifications. Hot dip galvanize the posts after fabrication, see standard specifications. Use only one post/blockout type within guardrail run, this

excludes the guardrail end terminals. For wood/polymer blockout requriements see standard specifications. Approved polymer blockouts may be substituted for wood blockouts. Only one type of blockout is permitted on each

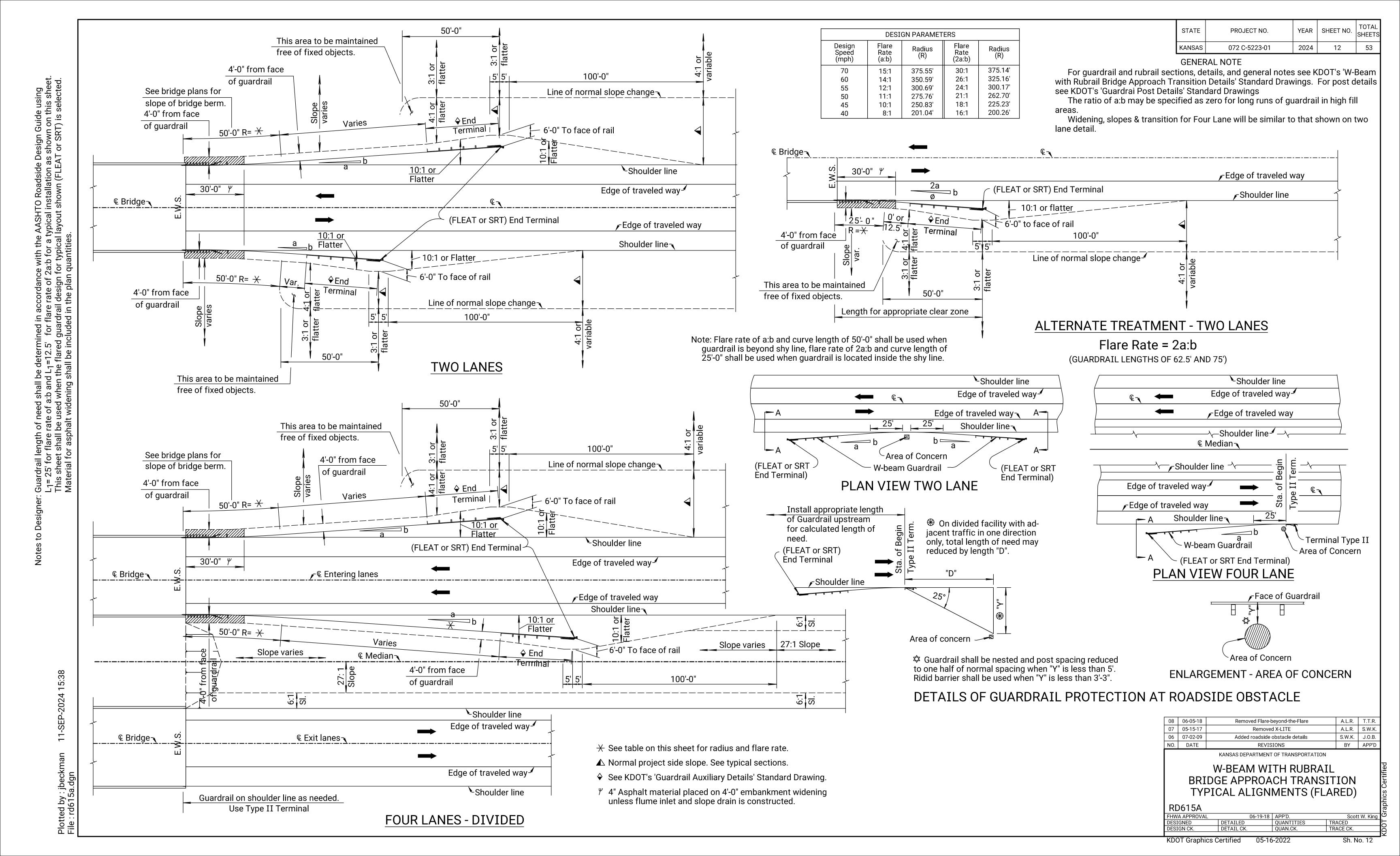
guardrail installation. This excludes the guardrail end terminals. Set guardrail posts by digging or by driving. Use post caps to protect the post from crushing during driving operations. Contractor must notify Engineer at the

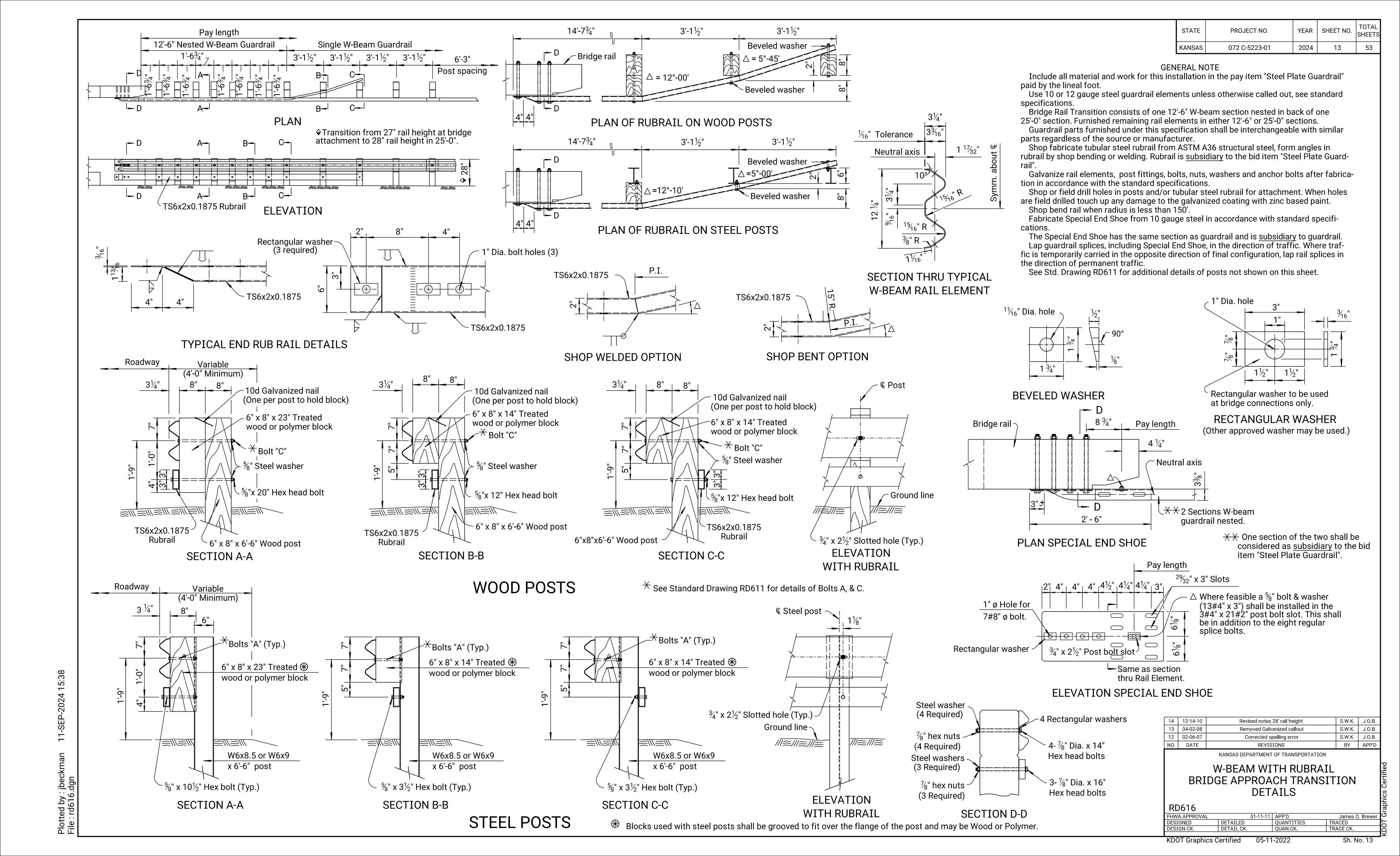
BOLT & NUT DETAILS

Galvanize all bolts, nuts, and washers in accordance with the KDOT's Standard Specifications.

08-01-2022

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					SUMI	MARY OF QUANT	ITIES							
740.00	Exca	vation	Cond	Concrete		Reinforcing Steel		N 5.1				5		
Item Location	Class I	Class II	(Grade 4.0) (AE)	(Grade 4.0) (AE)(SW)	(Grade 60) Epoxy Steel	(Grade 60)	Prestressed Concrete Beams (NU53)	* Piles (Steel) (HP 2x53)	Pre-Drilled Pile Holes Lin. Ft.	Pile Points	Furnished PDA	Bridge Backwall Prot. Sys.	Abutment Strip Drain	Slope Protection (Riprap Stone)
2004/10/1	Cu. Yds.	Cu. Yds.	Cu. Yds.	Cu. Yds.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lin. Ft.	Lin. Ft.		Each	Each	Sq. Yds.	Sq. Yds.	Cu. Yds.
Abutment No. I	200	-	32.8	**	**	5,320		724		14	/	24.9	21.9	161
Abutment No. 2	309	_	65.4	**	**	7,300		346	182	/4	/	24.9	21.9	219
Substr. Total	509	_	98.2			12,620		1070	182	28	2			380
Superstr. Total	303		JU.Z	194.2	35,2/5	12,020	480	7010	102			49.8	43.8	
Total	509	_	98.2	194.2	<i>35,215</i>	12,620	480	1070 †	182 🕲	28	2	50	44	380

** Quantities are included in the Superstr. Total Quantity. †Summary of Pilina

Abutment No. 1: 13 @ 51' & 1 @ 61' for use with the PDA Abutment No. 2: 13 @ 24' & 1 @ 34' for use with the PDA * NOTE: Only steel pile HP12X53 shall be used on this project.

Summary of Pre-Drilled Pile Holes Abutment No. 2: 14 @ 13'

GENERAL NOTES

- CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS: Kansas Department of Transportation, Standard Specifications for State Road and Bridge Construction, 2015 Version, and Special Provisions.
- EMBANKMENT: Complete the embankment at the abutments as shown on the Bridge Excavation sheet prior to driving the abutment piling or commencing with the abutment footing excavation.
- BRIDGE EXCAVATION: Elevation 1234.00 shall designate the Excavation Boundary Plane of Class I and Class II Excavation; Class I above the plane, Class II below the plane. See the Bridge Excavation sheet for the limits of pay excavation.
- BACKFILL COMPACTION: Compact backfill at the abutments.
- PILING: Drive all piling to penetrate or bear upon the Sandstone. Driving shall stop when in the opinion of the Engineer additional driving may damage the piling. Drive all piling to the Pile Driving Formula Load of:

99 Tons Abutment No. 1 108 Tons Abutment No. 2

As a minimum drive each pile to the load and penetration, but in no case shall the pile be driven to more than 110% of Pile Driving Formula Driving Load.

- PILING SPLICE LOCATION: Integral pile splice locations and weld testing criteria for, Abutments No. I and No. 2 will follow the "Standard Pile Details" Sheet (BRIIO).
- CONTRACTOR FURNISHED PDA: Use the Pile Driving Analyzer equipment at the locations shown on the Construction Layout. Use Pile Driving Analyzer equipment and methods compliant with KDOT Special Provision. The piling shall remain in place as permanent piling. Drive the piling to the resistance value of 152 Tons at Abutment I and 166 Tons at Abutment 2 (Strength I divided by Phi). At any location where problems are experienced, pile damage is suspected, or the Pile Driving Formula Load occurs significantly above the design pile tip elevation, the Owner's designated Engineer may request that the Pile Driving Analyzer (PDA) equipment be used.
- BEARING ELASTOMERIC (Method A): Bearing devices at Abutments No. 1 and No. 2 shall be fabricated with an elastomer satisfying:
 - □ Shear Modulus of 150 psi @ 73F, tested and reported per AASHTO M-251, Section 8.8.4
 - □ Shore A Durometer Hardness of 60
 - □ Low Temperature Grade 3 requirements
 - □ Type A certification for elastomeric bearing device acceptance is required
 - □ Include design method and all material properties on shop details.
- ERECTION ELEVATION CHECKS: After the abutment concrete has cured and before setting any prestressed beams, present verification to the Engineer that the elevations at the bearings match plan elevation ($\pm \frac{1}{4}$ ").
- REMOVAL OF EXISTING STRUCTURE: Removal of the existing structure is included in the bid item, "Removal of Existing Structures", Lump Sum. The Contractor shall salvage a 5' section of the existing bridge rail for display in the local museum. The rail section shall be removed by neatly saw cutting the top rail and bottom curb. Care shall be taken when removing the rail section to keep the rail intact and ABUTMENT STRIP DRAIN: See the General Notes on the "Abutment Strip" in good condition. The rail section shall be stockpiled in the right of way for removal by Ottawa County. All other materials removed from the existing structure BRIDGE BACKWALL PROTECTION SYSTEM: See the General Notes on shall become the property of the Contractor. Remove this material from the site.

- PRE-DRILLING: All piles in Abutment 2 shall be pre-drilled to the elevation shown on the Construction Layout. Following drilling and cleanout of the pre-drill hole, piles shall be set directly on the suitable bedrock materials. After driving, at least the bottom 10' of annular space around the pile tip shall be backfilled with non-shrinking grout that can develop a minimum unconfined compressive strength of 4,000 psi at 28 days. Tremie placement of the grout will likely be necessary to properly fill the annular space around the pile. The pile shall be backfilled with bentonite or a bentonite/soil mixture above the grout-filled socket. All drilling, augering, grout for filling pre-drilled holes, labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the work shall be included in the bid item "Pre-Drilled Pile Holes" paid by the linear foot.
- CONCRETE: Superstructure concrete is bid as Concrete (Grade 4.0)(AE)(SW). Substructure concrete is bid as Concrete (Grade 4.0)(AE). The Contractor may use Concrete (Grade 4.0) in the footings. Bevel all exposed edges of all concrete with a $\frac{3}{4}$ " triangular molding, except as otherwise noted on the plans. Construction joints are optional with the Contractor, but if used, place only at locations shown, or at locations approved by the Engineer.
- CONCRETE PLACING: Place and hand vibrate all concrete for the abutments above the construction joint to the bottom of the deck just prior to the normal paving train operations. Do this work in a manner to avoid a cold joint in the abutments.
- REINFORCING STEEL: All reinforcing steel dimensions are to the centerline of bars unless otherwise noted. All reinforcing steel shall conform to the requirements of ASTM A615, Grade 60.
- FALSEWORK PLANS: A licensed Professional Engineer shall design the falsework details. Details shall bear the seal of a licensed Professional Engineer. Submit electronic plans conforming to Section 105 of the Standard Specification with details in compliance with KDOT Specifications to the Field Engineer for review.
- FALSEWORK INSPECTION: This project has falsework plan requirements which are considered "Category 2" by KDOT specifications. If falsework deficiencies or variations from the approved and sealed plans are found, the falsework design Engineer of Record will provide written approval of the changes. If for the convenience of the Contractor the falsework becomes "Category I" by the use of non-typical supports; then the inspection and review requirement of "Category I" will be fully enforced, but at no cost to the State. "Category 2" falsework inspection is not paid for directly, but is <u>Subsidiary</u> to other bid items.
- FALSEWORK PLANS AND SHOP DRAWINGS: Use the U.S. Customary system of units on falsework plans and shop drawing details.
- CORRAL RAIL: The Contractor may place the corral rail continuously from one end of the bridge to the other.
- Drain" sheet.
- the "Abutment Strip Drain" sheet.

- PRESTRESSED BEAM CONCRETE: Use air entrained concrete with select coarse aggregate as specified in the Special Provisions. The release strength and 28 day strength requirements shall be as noted on the plans. Submit mix designs to the Bureau of Materials and Research for approval.
- CONCRETE PLACING SEQUENCE: The sequence of placing concrete in the slab and curbs shall be as shown, or the Contractor may submit an alternate placing sequence for review. Submit the alternate placing sequence to the Engineer at the Preconstruction Conference. Include the proposed rate of concrete placement in C.Y./h, the plant capacity, placement direction, construction joint location, a description of the equipment used in placing the concrete, proposed admixtures, and the quantity of concrete in each placing segment. Any additional cost for the Contractor's alternate plan of placing concrete, including admixtures, shall be at the Contractor's expense and shall be considered Subsidiary to the bid item, "Concrete (Grade 4.0)(AE)(SW)". Approval of the Contractor's alternate sequence is required prior to placement of concrete in the deck.
- CONSTRUCTION LOADS: Limited traffic is permitted on the new sub-deck, one-course deck or any concrete overlay during the curing period, keep any exposed deck wet during the curing period. See KDUI Specifications Section 710 Table 710-1 and 710-2 for additional information.
- CONSTRUCTION JOINTS: The construction joints shown are optional with the Contractor. If used, place the construction joints only at locations shown or at locations approved by the Engineer.
- DEMOLITION PLANS: This is a Category A Demolition. Submit detailed Demolition Plans to the Field Engineer per KDOT Specifications. No Demolition work will begin without approved Demolition Plans. A Licensed Professional Engineer is not required.
- QUANTITIES: Items not listed separately in the Summary of Quantities are Subsidiary to other items in the proposal.
- CONTRACTOR CONSTRUCTION STAKING: Contractor Construction Staking for clear span bridges requires two independent surveys. See KDOT Specifications.
- DIMENSIONS: All dimensions shown on the design plans are horizontal dimensions unless otherwise noted. Make necessary allowances for roadway grade and cross slope.
- TEMPERATURE: The design temperature for all dimensions is 60°F.
- PLACING SEQUENCE: Segmental, combined or continuous pours are allowed, but stop a discontinuous pour at a construction joint.
- SLOPE PROTECTION (RIPRAP STONE): Place Slope Protection (Riprap Stone) to the limits and thicknesses shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Use Riprap Stone classified as Light 200 Lb. as described in the Specifications. Place a 10 ft. wide mat of geotextile under the riprap on the berm slopes and centered under the drip lines of the slab. The geotextile shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered <u>Subsidiary</u> to the bid item "Slope Protection (Riprap Stone)".

STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	072 C-5223-0I	2024	14	53

	INDEX TO BRIDGE DRAWINGS							
Sheet No.	Drawing							
14	General Notes and Quantities							
15	Contour Map							
16	Construction Layout							
17	Engineering Geology							
18-20	Abutment Details							
21	Abutment Strip Drain							
22-23	NU53 Beam Details							
24	Temporary Diaphragm Details							
25-26	Deck Details							
27	Typical Section							
28	27" Kansas Corral Rail							
29	Bill of Reinforcing Steel and Bending Diagrams							
	Standards							
30	Bridge Excavation							
31	Standard Pile Details							
32	Supports and Spacers for Reinforcing Steel							

DESIGN DATA

DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS:

AASHTO Specifications, 2020 Edition and latest Interim Specifications. Load and Resistance Factor Design.

DESIGN LOADING:

HL-93

Design Dead Load includes an allowance of 15 psf for a future wearing surface.

UNIT STRESSES:

Concrete (Gr. 4.0) f'C =4 ksi Concrete (Gr. 4.0)(AE) f'c = 4 ksiConcrete (Gr. 4.0)(AE)(SW) f'c = 4 ksiPrestressed Beam Concrete f'c = 8 ksiReinforcing Steel (Gr. 60) fy = 60 ksi Prestressina Strand (Gr. 270) fy = 243 ksi Steel Piles fy = 50 ksi

LRFD DESIGN PILE LOAD:

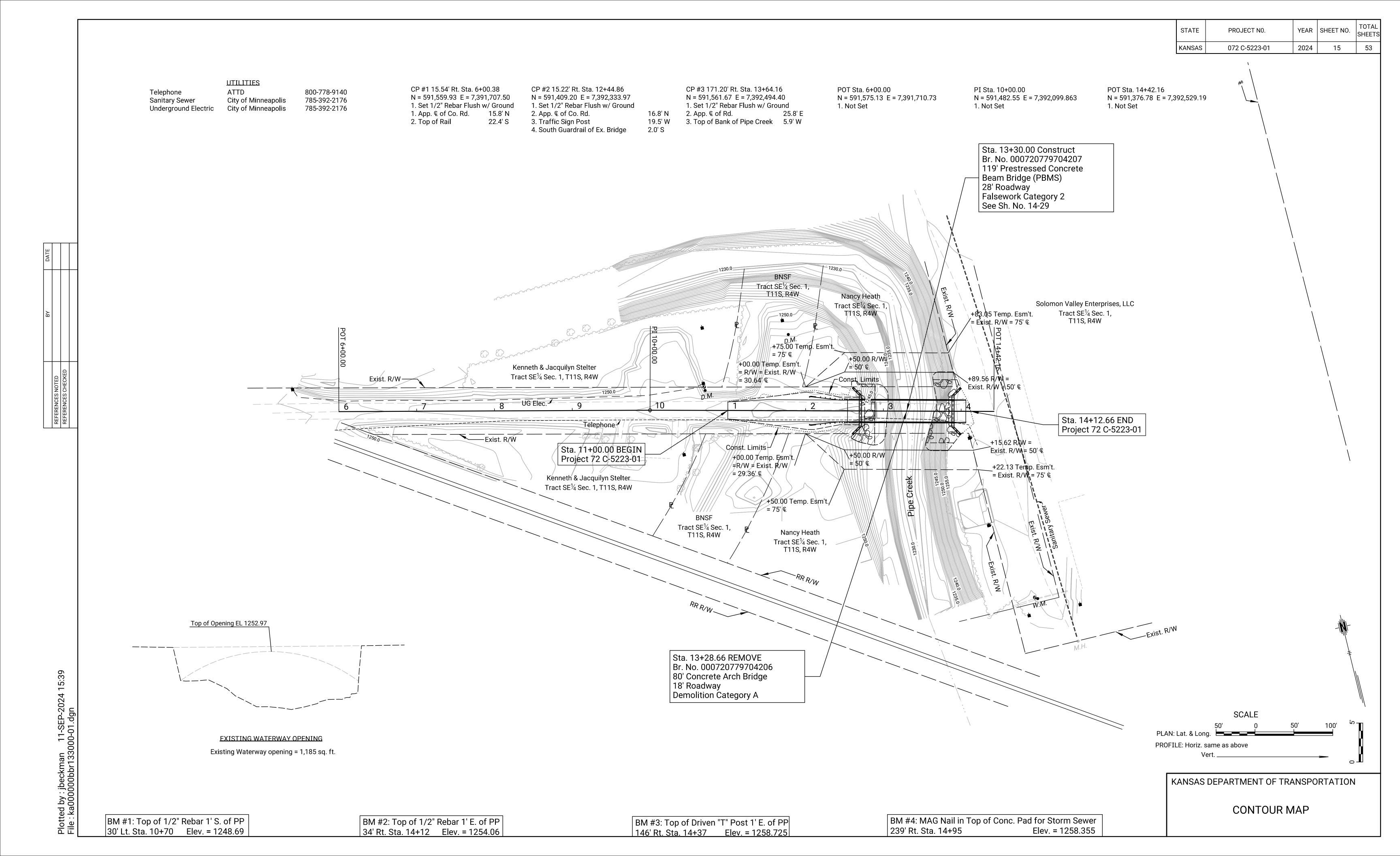
Design Loading (Tons/Pile) Phi Strength l Service I Abutments No 1: 0.65 Abutments No 2: 0.65 77

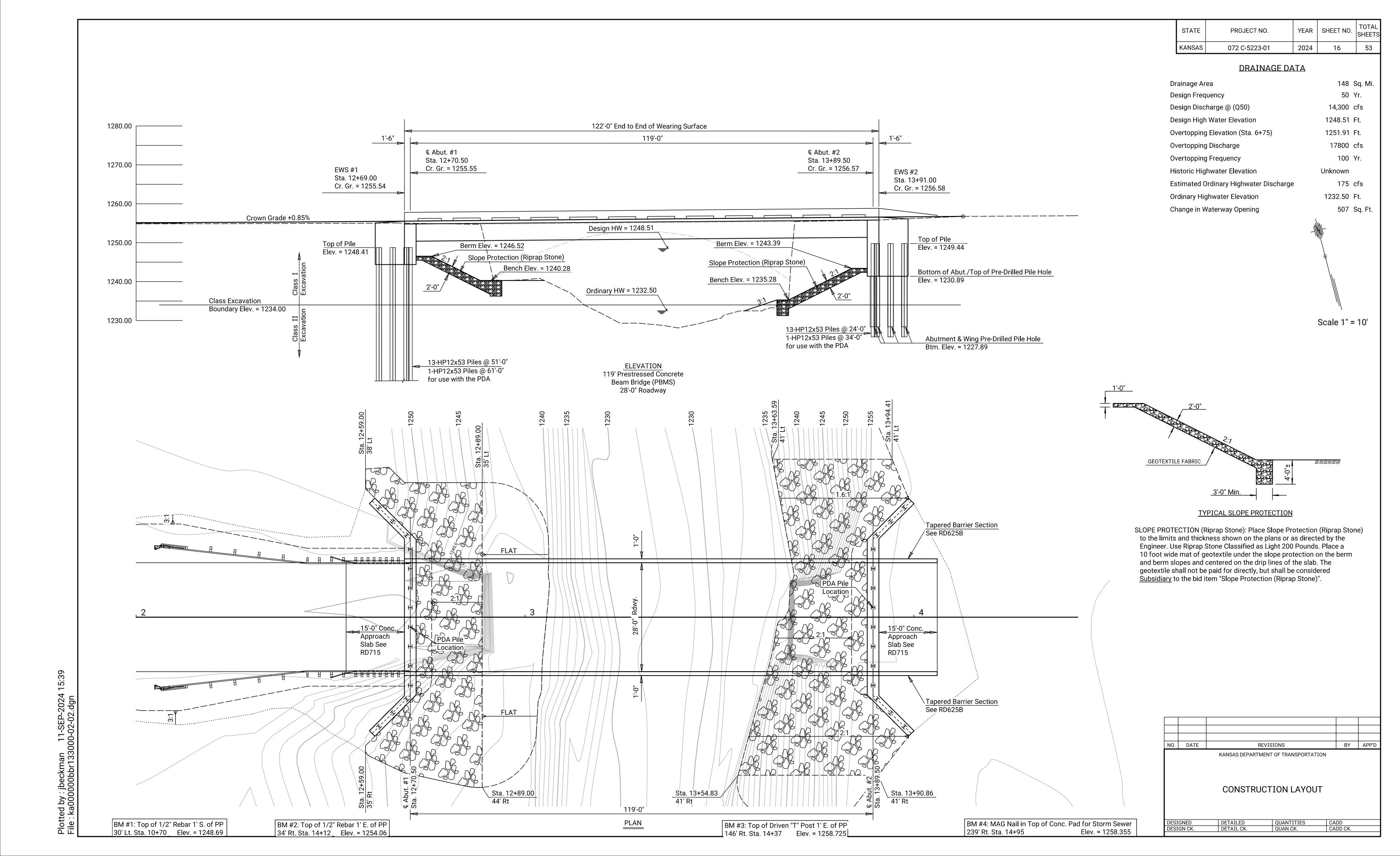
NO.	09/08/08 DATE	Traffic Data REVISIONS	JPJ BY	KFH APP'D
2	03/02/09	Added notes 1003,1005 and 9301	JPJ	KFH
3	04/08/10	Updated to LRFD as Default	JPJ	KFH
4	04/29/10	ADDED RATING TABLES	JPJ	KFH
5	08/2/12	ADDED NOT3I35 & NOT3I45	JPJ	TLF

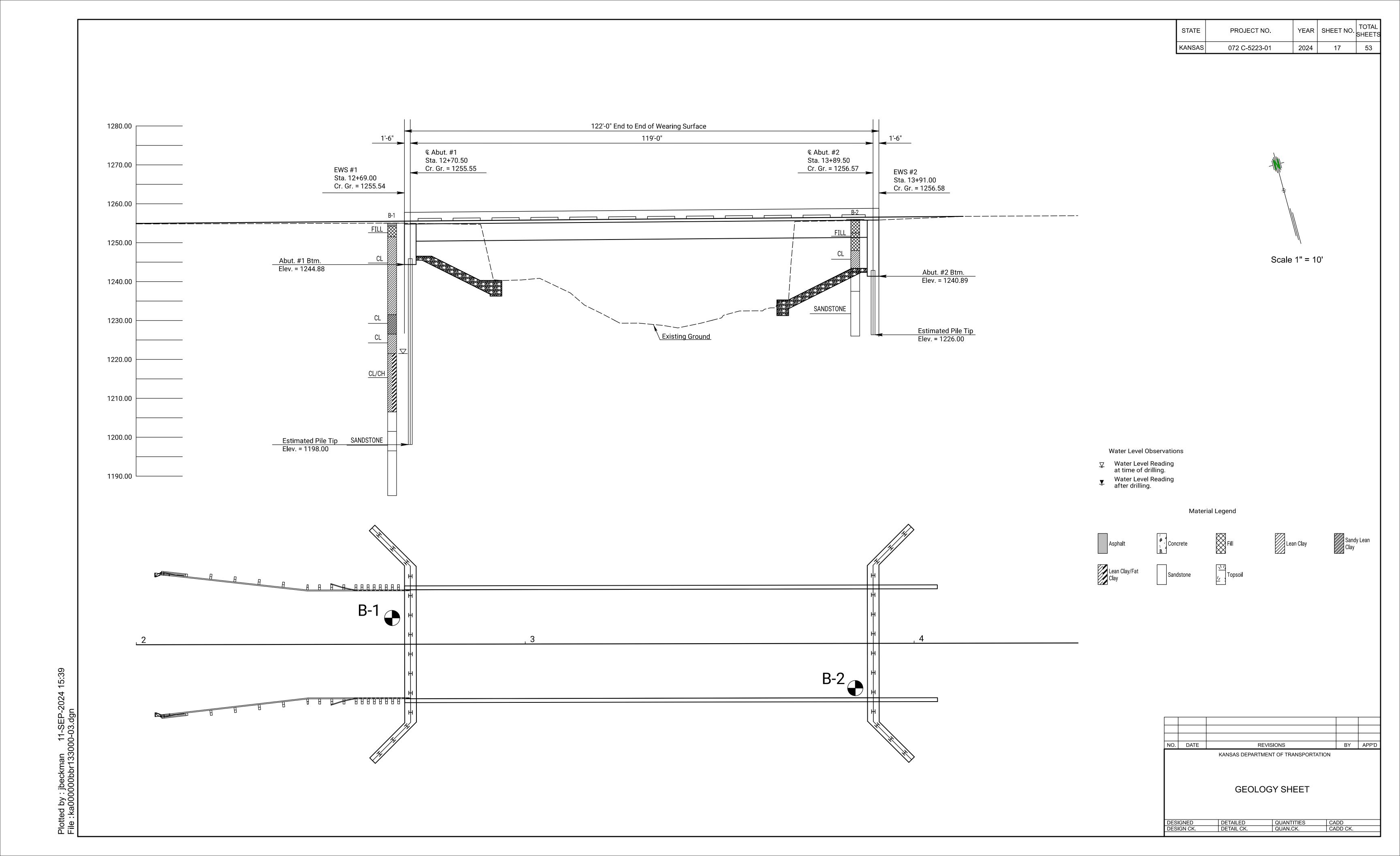
KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

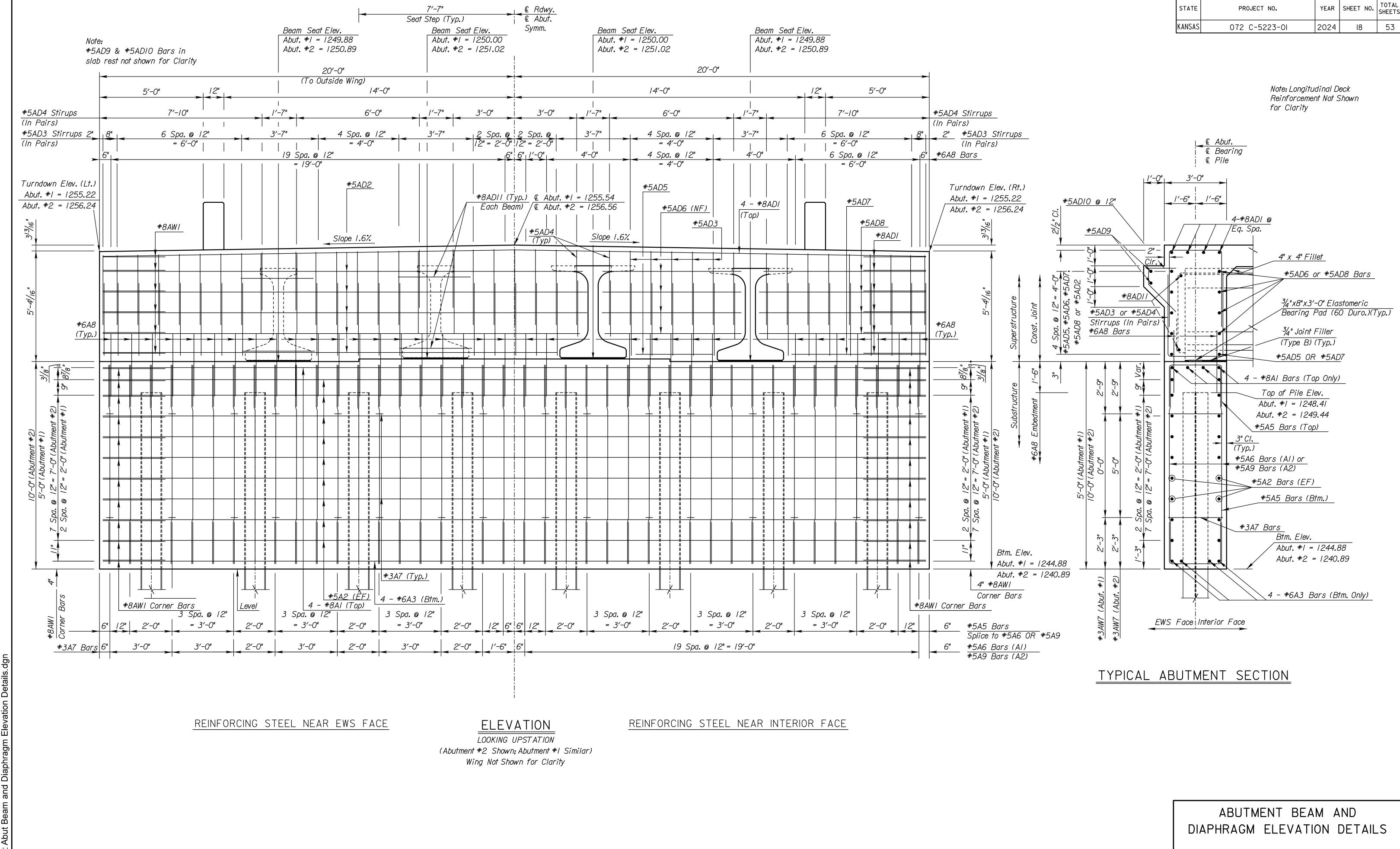
GENERAL NOTES AND QUANTITIES OTTAWA COUNTY OS BR 7-13.6

CADD CK.

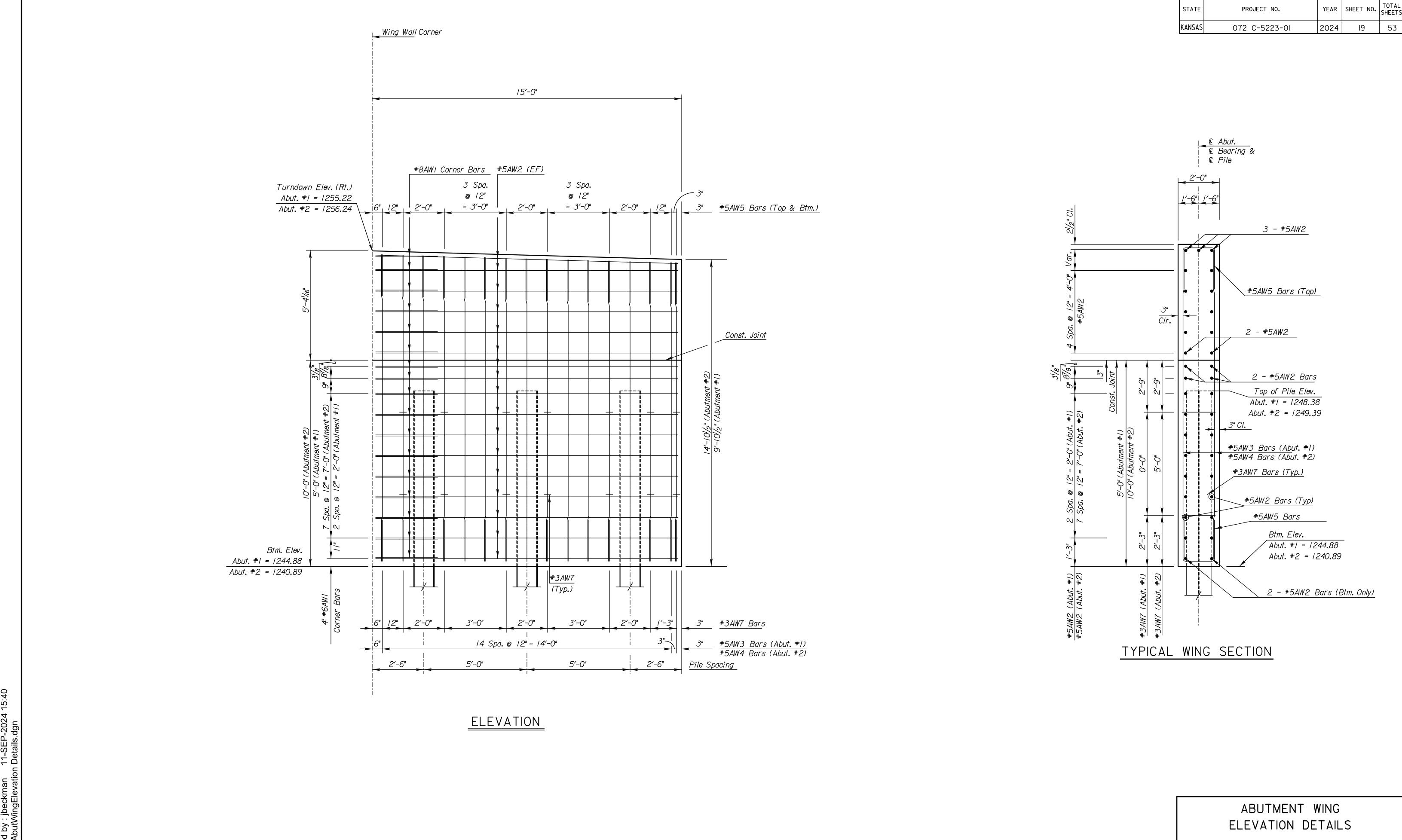


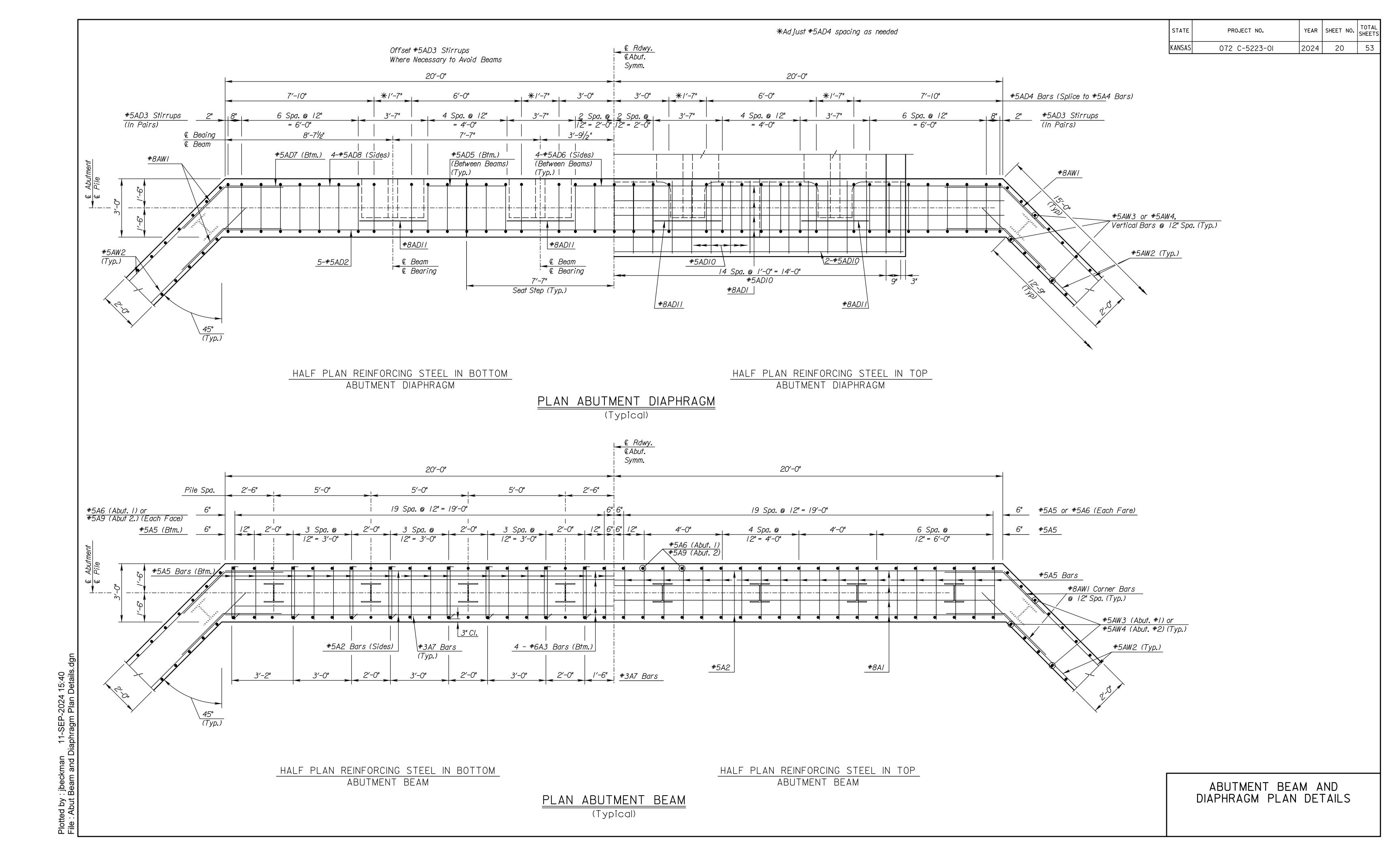


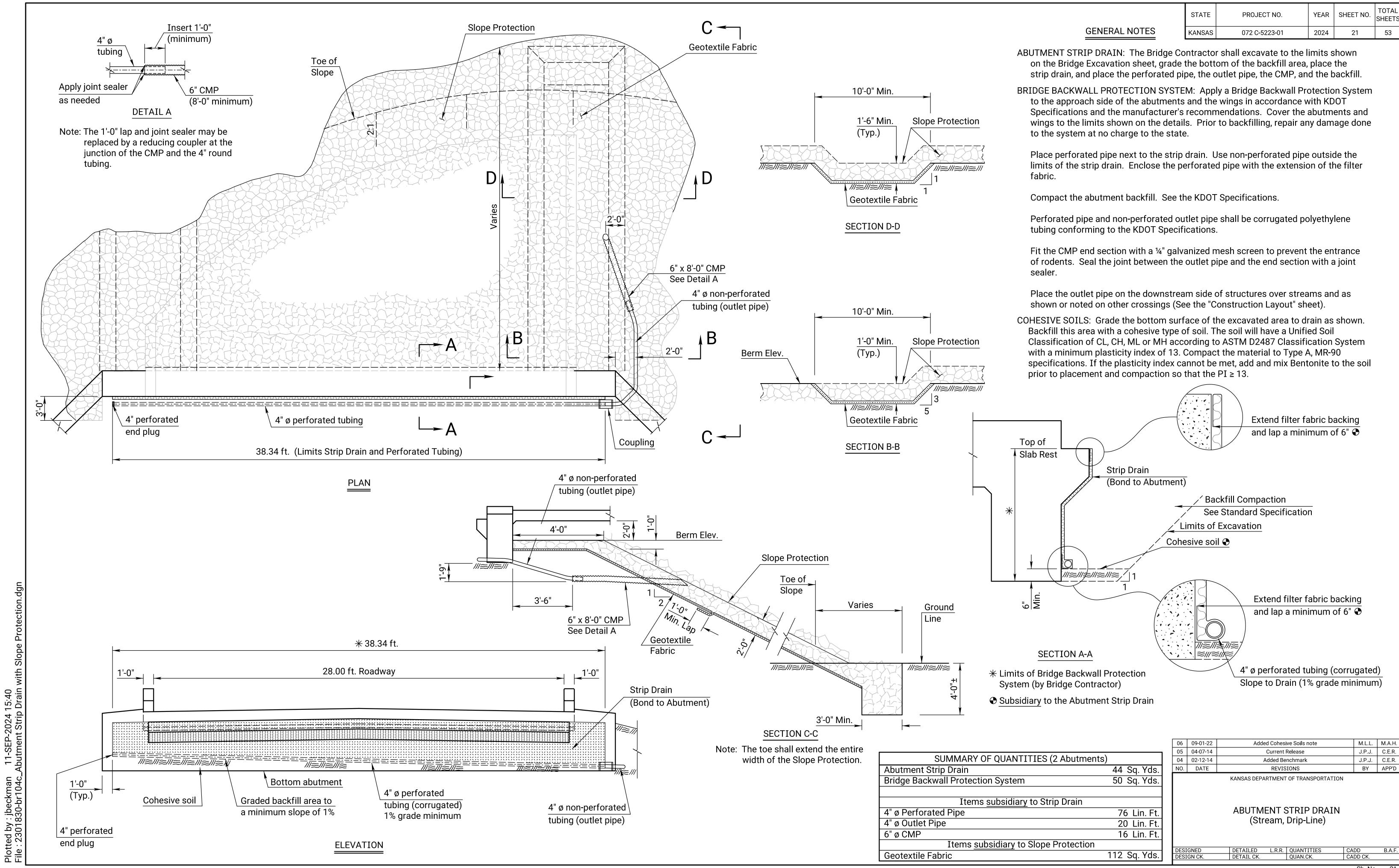


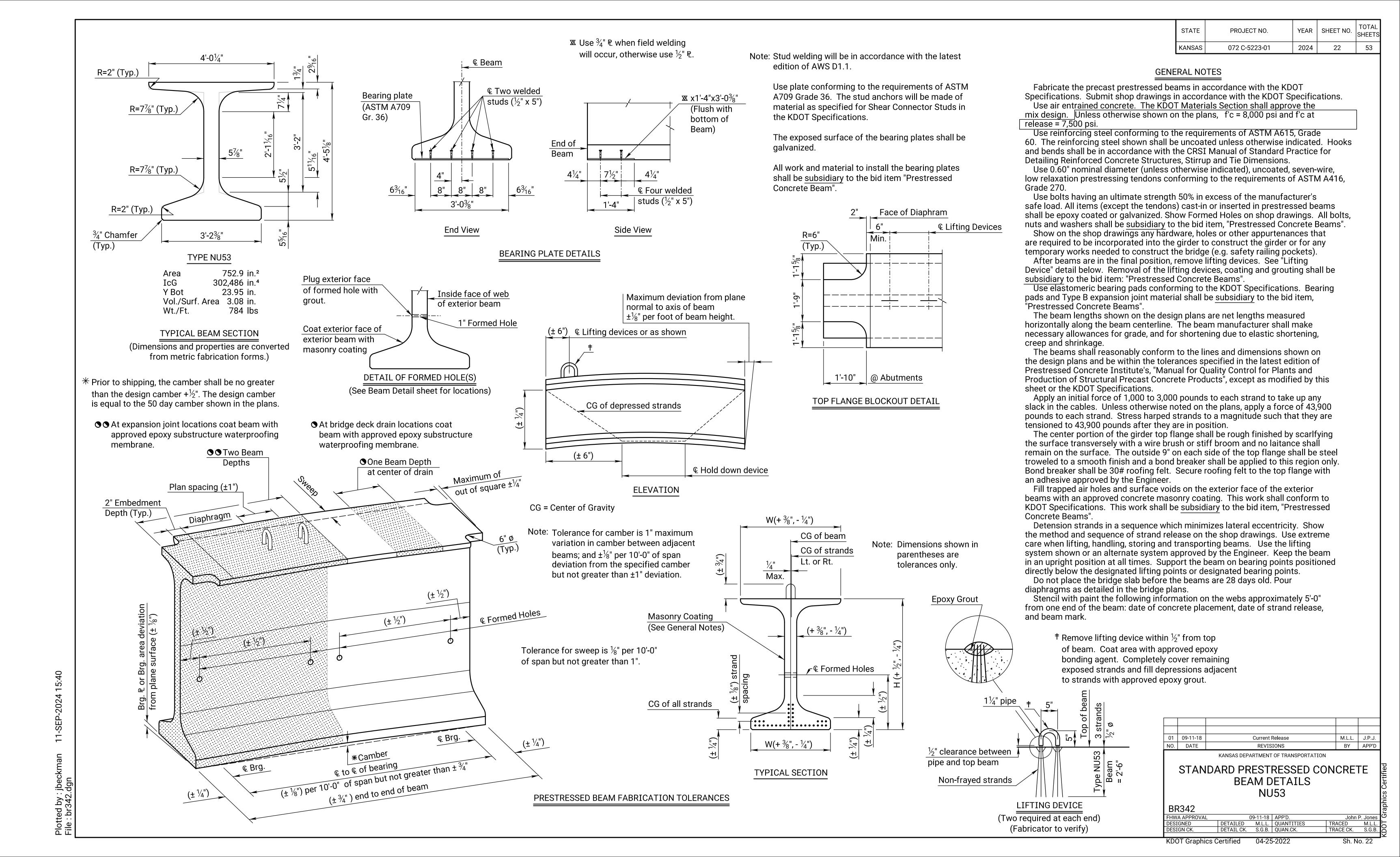


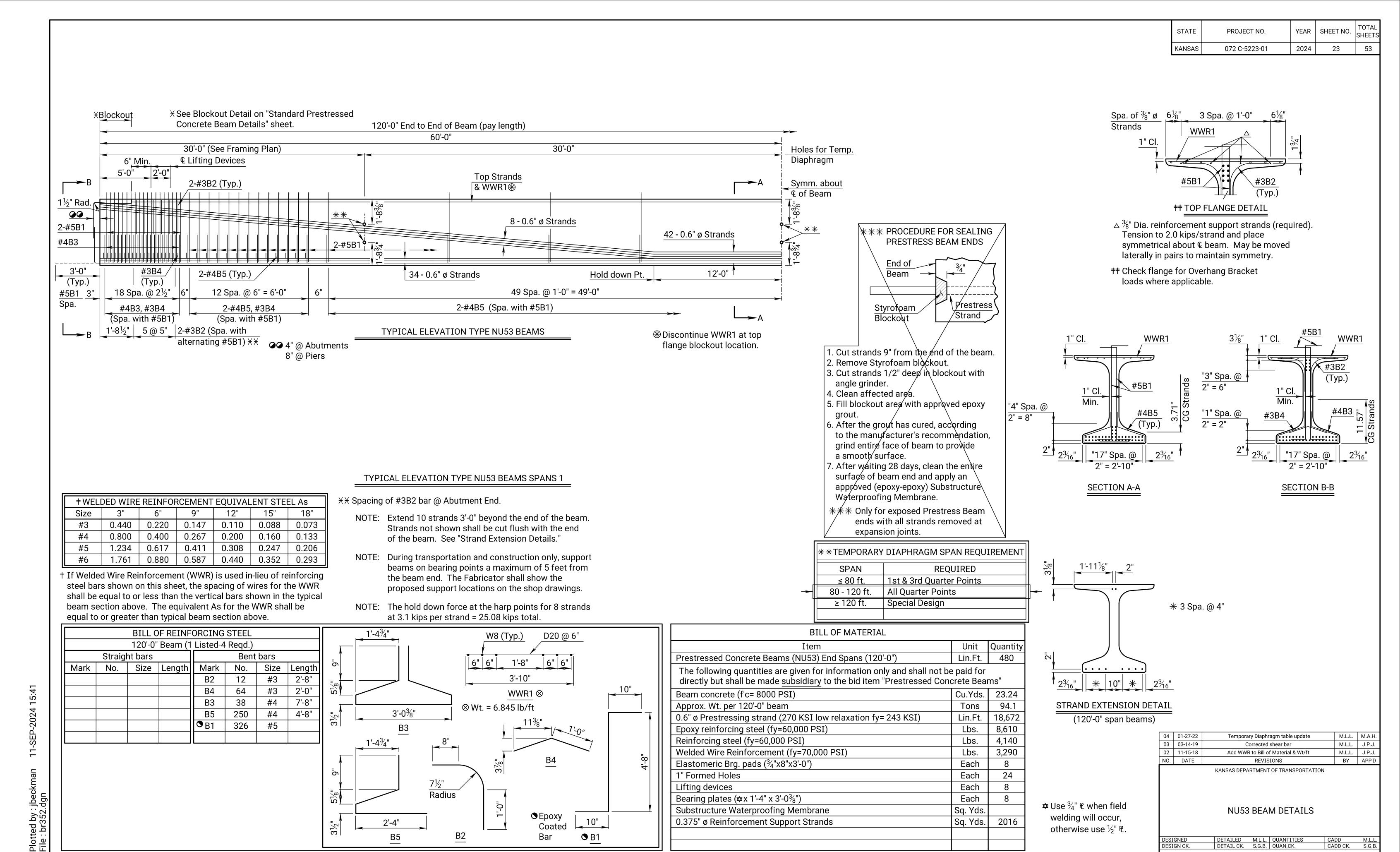
Plotted by : jbeckman 11-SEP-2024 15:40 File : Abut Beam and Diaphragm Elevation De



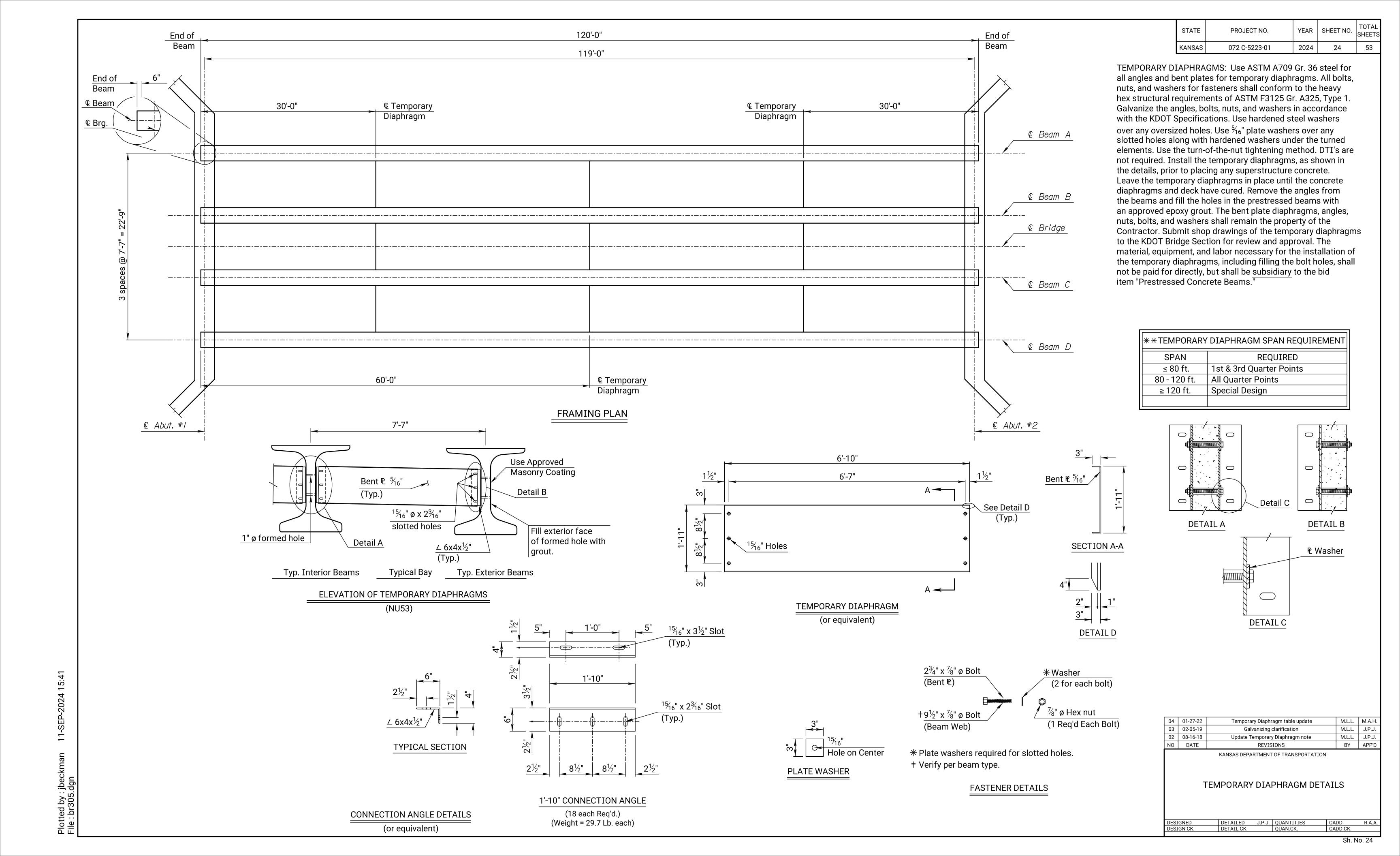


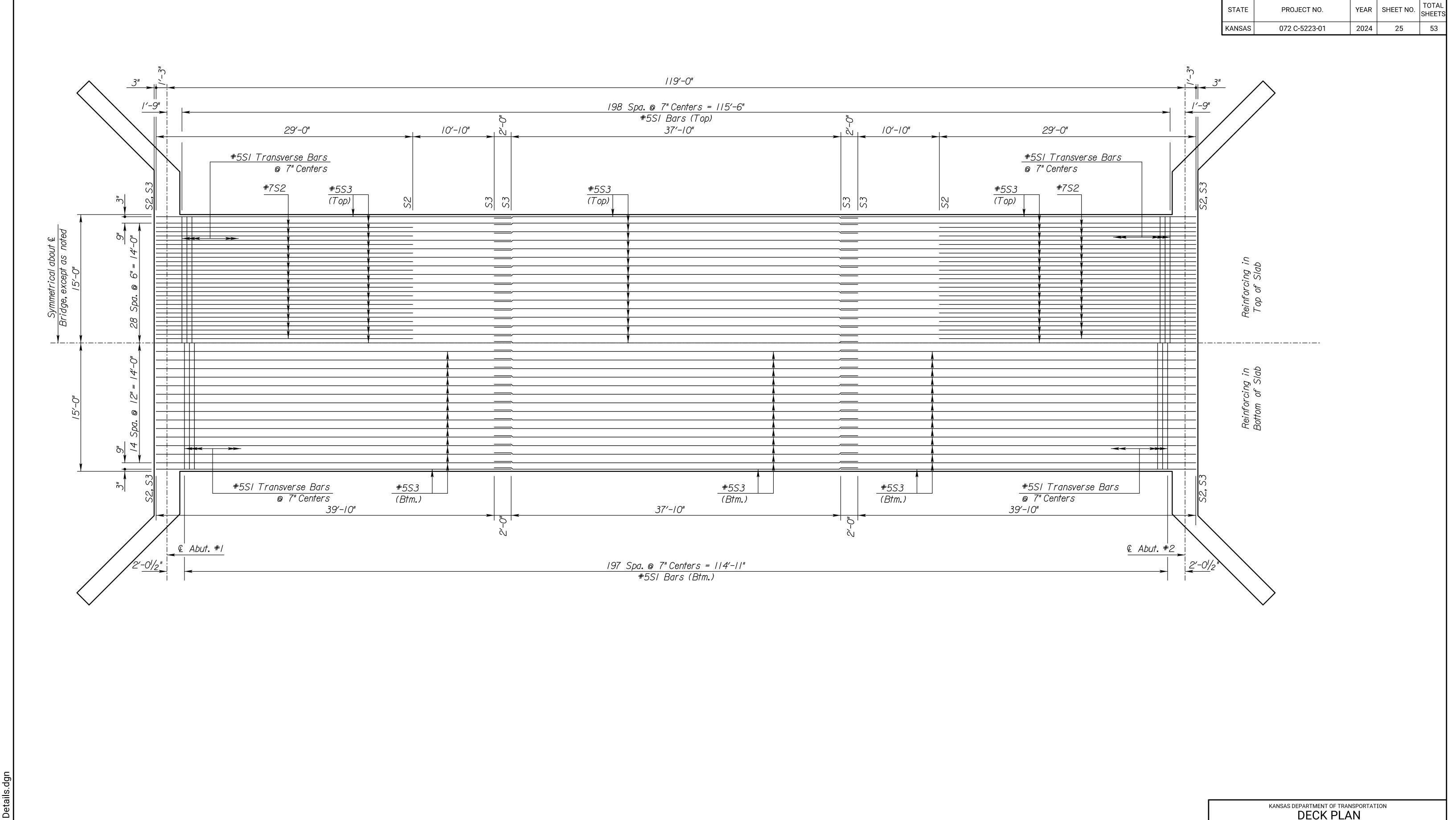






h. No. 23





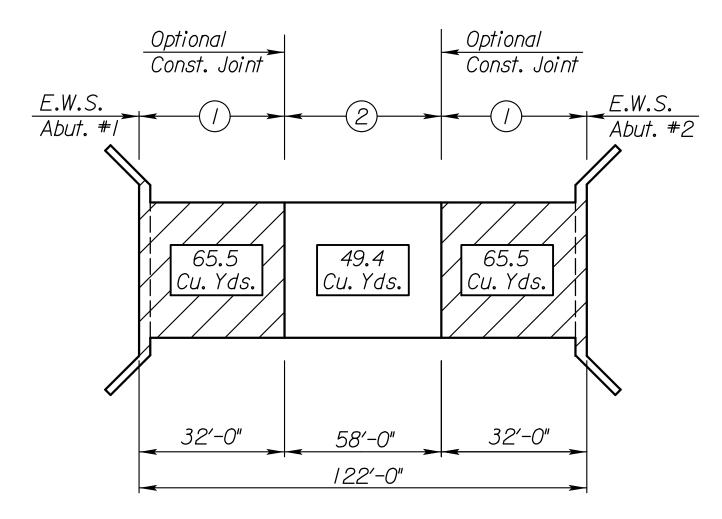
DECK PLAN
OTTAWA CO. BRIDGE L.7-13.6
(Br. No. 000720779704207)

STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	072 C-5223-0I	2024	26	53

CAMBER:

Construct the finished deck to plan grade by varying the depth of the fillet over the beam to provide for prestress camber, concrete dead load deflection and, if necessary, vertical curvature. After the prestressed beams are erected, measure the camber in the field by taking a profile of each beam. Correct any variation between the actual camber and concrete dead load deflection shown in the plans by varying the depth of the concrete fillets over the beam so that the finshed floor is constructed to the theoretical grade. The minimum depth of the slab over the beam shall be $9\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Prior to shipping, the camber shall be no greater than the design camber $+\frac{1}{2}$. The design camber is equal to the 50 day camber shown in the plans.

The theoretical amount of the concrete required for fillets is 11.8 C.Y.
This amount of concrete is included in the Summary of Quantities.
Any additional concrete required to construct the fillets will be subsidiary.

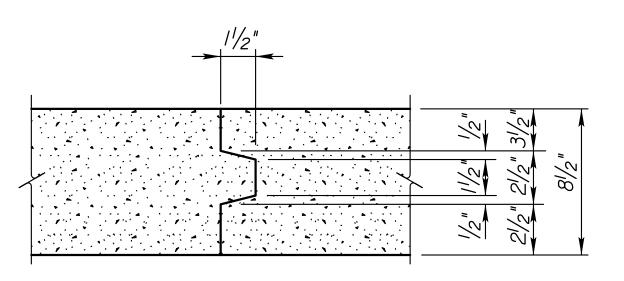


CONCRETE PLACING SEQUENCE DIAGRAM

CONCRETE PLACING SEQUENCE

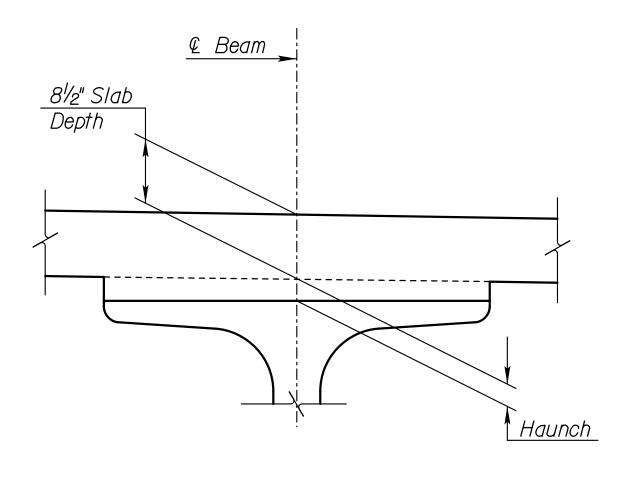
Segmental, combined or continuous pours are allowed, but stop a discontinuous pour at a construction joint.

The Contractor may place the corral rail continuously from one end of the bridge to the other.



TRANSVERSE CONSTRUCTION JOINT

No Scale



CONCRETE HAUNCH DETAIL

No Scale

Exterior Beam	0.000′	0.077′	0.137′	0.179′	0.205′	0.213'	0.205′	0.179′	0.137"	0.077′	0.000′	Dead Load Deflections
Interior Beam	0.000′	0.077′	0.137′	0.179′	0.205′	0.213'	0.205′	0.179′	0.137′	0.077′	0.000′	(Deck, Diaphragms and 27" Kansas Corral Rail) Dead Load Deflections
												(Deck, Diaphragms and 27" Kansas Corral Rail)
		Q.	Brg		Equ	al S _L	oa. =	- 119		Brg.	<u> </u>	

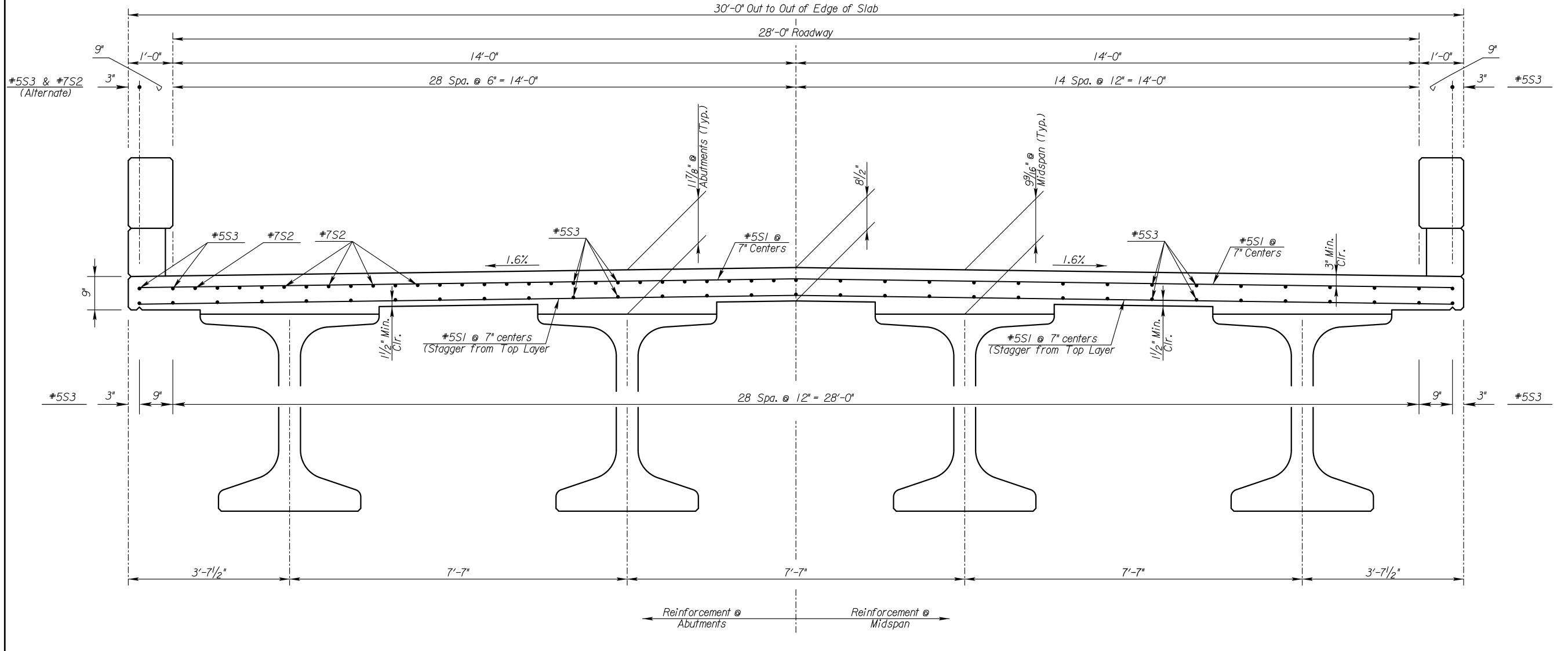
BEAM CAMBER AND DEAD LOAD ORDINATES

Beam Camber at Release: Span I - 0.232' Beam Camber at 50 Days: Span I - 0.407'

BEAM HAUNCH DEPTHS AT SUPPORTS								
	Beam A	Beam B	Beam C	Beam D				
Abut.#I	0.281′	0.281′	0.281′	0.281′				
Abut.#2	0.281′	0.281′	0.281′	0.281′				

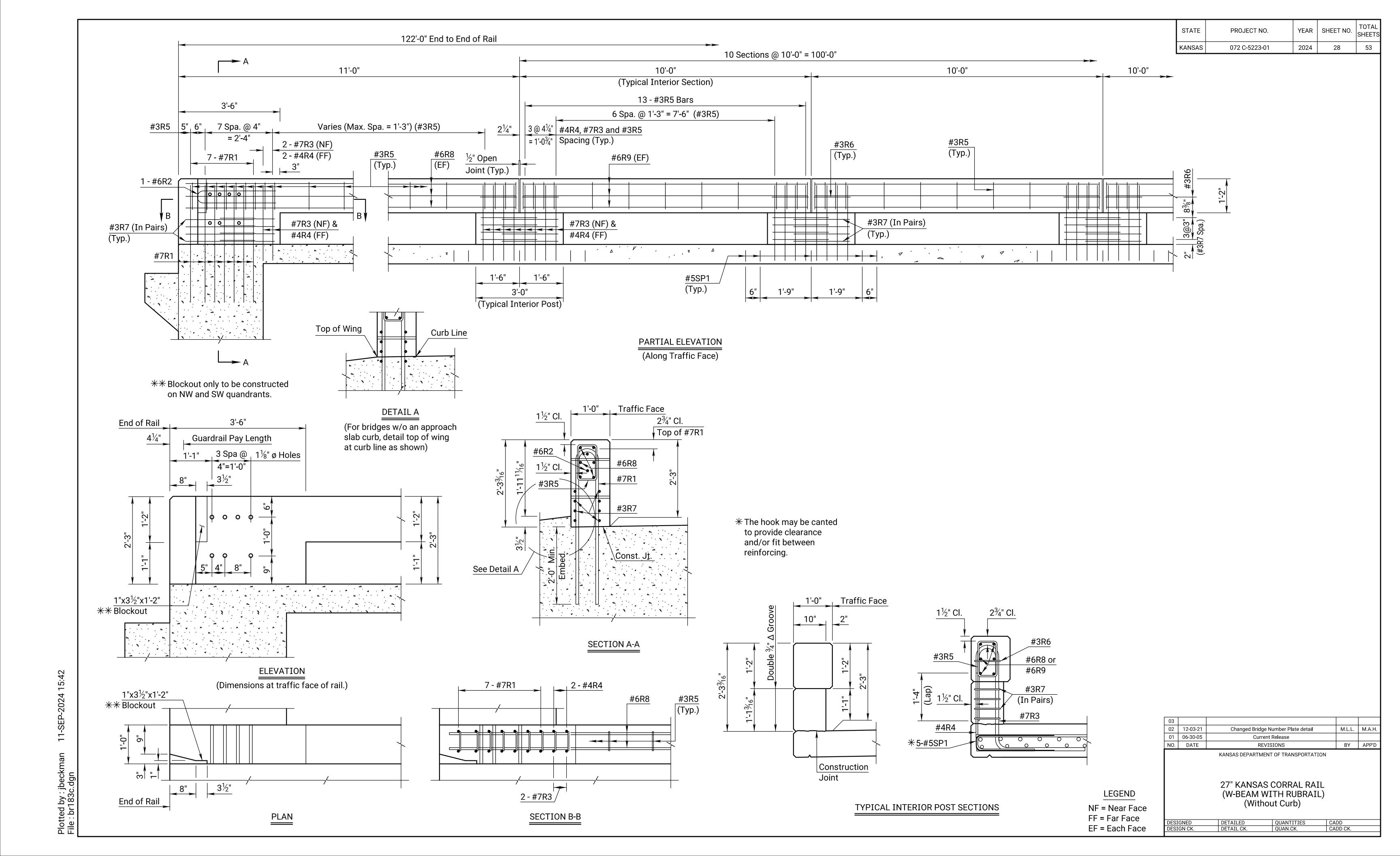
STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS	
KANSAS	072 C-5223-01	2024	27	53	

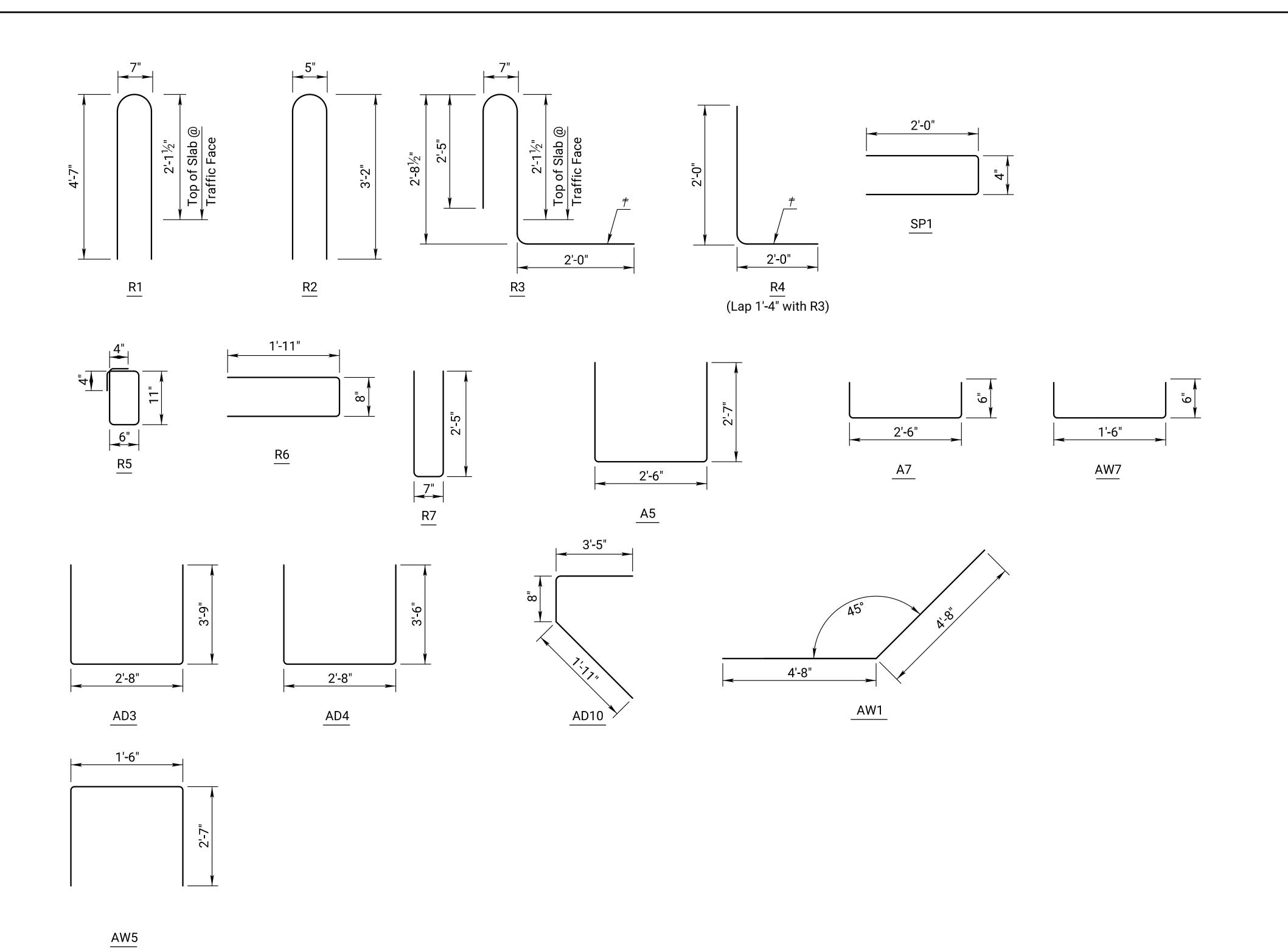




TYPICAL SLAB SECTION

TYPICAL SECTION
OTTAWA CO. BRIDGE L.7-13.6
(Br. No. 000720779704207)





BENDING DIAGRAMS

(All dimensions are out to out of bars.)

Bend this leg to match the slope of the roadway.

STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	072 C-5223-01	2024	29	53

SUPERSTRUCTURE BILL OF REINFORCING STEEL Epoxy Coated (Gr. 60)

	Straigl	nt Bars		Bent Bars				
Mark	Size	Number	Length	Mark	Size	Number	Length	
8AD1	8	8	39'-8"	R1	7	28	9'-6"	
8AD11	8	16	4'-0"	R3	7	184	7'-8"	
				R4	7	184	4'-0"	
7S2	7	56	29'-0"	R6	7	44	4'-6"	
R8	6	24	10'-8"	R2	6	4	6'-6"	
5AD2	5	10	39'-8"	5AD10	5	62	6'-0"	
5AD5	5	6	4'-3"	5AD3	5	124	10'-2"	
5AD6	5	24	6'-11"	5AD4	5	32	9'-10"	
5AD7	5	4	5'-10"	SP1	5	110	4'-4"	
5AD8	5	16	8'-1"					
5AD9	5	4	29'-8"	R5	3	328	3'-6"	
5S1	5	397	29'-8"	R7	3	208	5'-5"	
5S3	5	186	41'-10"					
R9	3	120	9'-8"					

SUBSTRUCTURE BILL OF REINFORCING STEEL (Gr. 60)

	Straigl	nt Bars		Bent Bars				
Mark	Size	Number	Length	Mark	Size	Number	Length	
8A1	8	8	39'-8"	8AW1	8	116	9'-4"	
6A3	6	8	39'-8"	5A5	5	144	7'-8"	
6A8	6	140	4'-0"	5AW5	5	112	7'-8"	
5A2	5	26	39'-8"	3A7	3	48	3'-6"	
5A6	5	80	4'-6"	3AW7	3	42	2'-6"	
5A9	5	80	9'-6"					
5AW2	5	116	14'-8"					
5AW3	5	60	9'-7"					
5AW4	5	60	14'-7"					

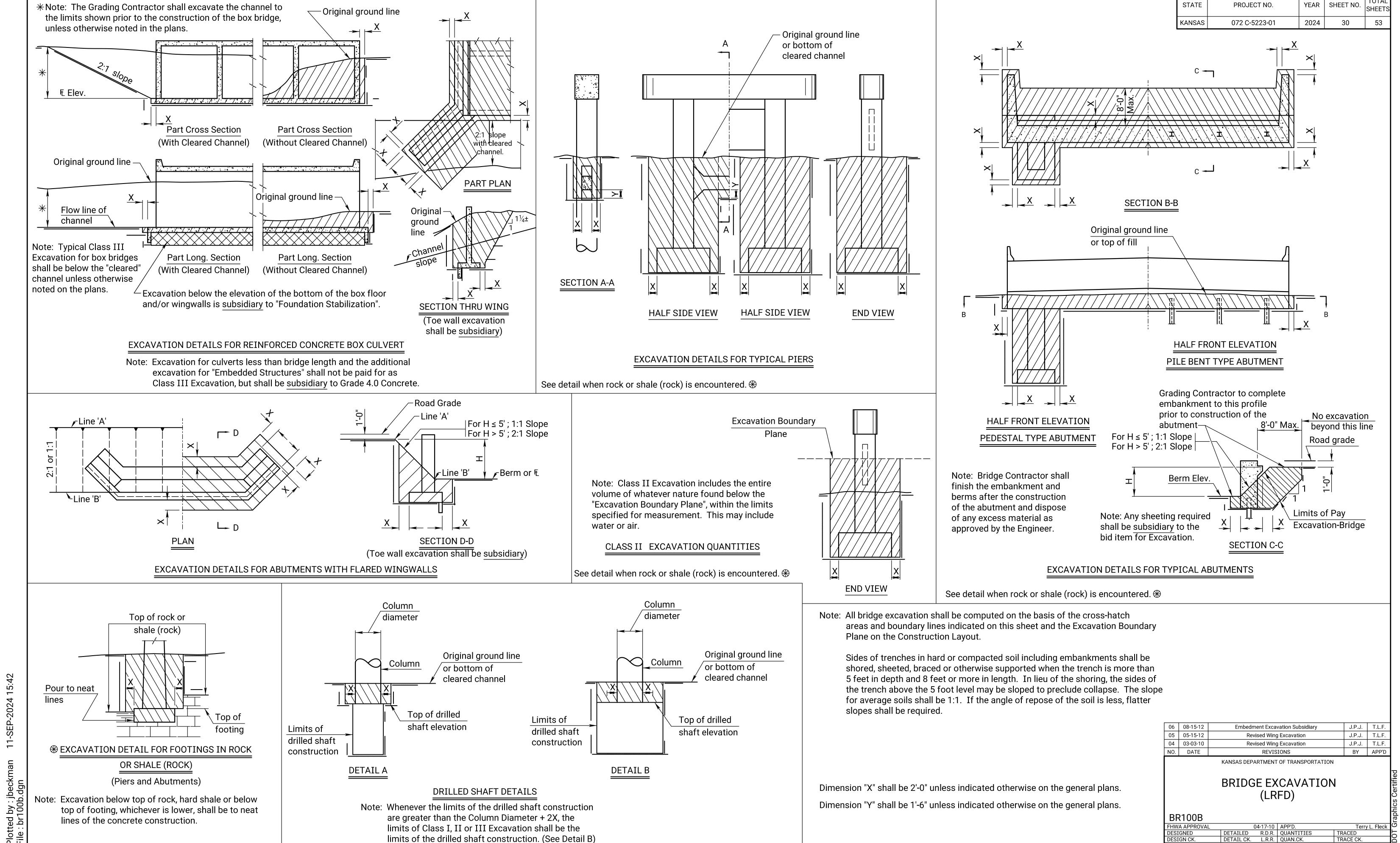
★ See Bending Diagrams

03									
02									
01	04-12-93	Current Release							
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APP'D					
	KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION								

KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

BILL OF REINFORCING STEEL AND BENDING DIAGRAMS FOR 27" KANSAS CORRAL RAIL

DESIGNED DETAILED QUANTITIES CADD DESIGN CK. DETAIL CK. QUAN.CK. CADD CK.



limits of the drilled shaft construction. (See Detail B)

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TRACED TRACE CK.

Weld Symbology Definition

the non beveled side of the splice.

location.

PRESTRESSED PILES: Fabricate prestressed concrete pile splices in accordance with the Manufacturer's recommendations subject to the approval of the Engineer.

Method of attachment of pile to build-up may be by any of the methods given in the notes on "Alternate Methods." If mild reinforcing steel is used for attachment, the area shall be no less than that used in the build-up.

ALTERNATE METHODS: Method of attachment of a pile to build-up may be by any of the following methods:

- 1. Cut off at least 2'-0" of pile and expose a minimum of 2'-0" of strands.
- 2. Cast 8-#6, or 8-#5 bars (equally spaced) into pile head. All bars shall extend into pile head and project from pile head a minimum of 2'-0".
- 3. Drill 8 holes in pile head (equally spaced) for installation of 8 grouted dowel bars of same size and length as in 2.
- 4. Provide cored holes for bars as in 3.

No bars or strands are to extend from head of pile or build-up into footing or pile cap unless approved by the Engineer

TEST PILES: Drive test piles where called for on the bridge plans. The test piles located within the limits of the substructure will become a part of the bridge pile system.

DRIVING FORMULA: Driving formula shall conform to the Standard Specifications.

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT: Measurement and payment for all piles shall comply with the Standard Specifications.

REINFORCEMENT: Use reinforcing steel conforming to ASTM A615, Grade 60. Hoops and spirals may be either plain or deformed bars.

PRESTRESSING STEEL: Use uncoated seven-wire low relaxation prestressing strand conforming to ASTM A416, Gr. 270.

STEEL PILE: Steel pile shall conform to the requirements of the Standard Specifications.

PILE POINTS: Pile points shall conform to the dimensions shown and to requirements of the Standard Specifications.

Pipe Section

Section A-A

(Thru web)

SPECIFICATIONS: Standard Specifications for State Road and Bridge Construction as currently used by the Kansas Department of Transportation.

PROJECT NO.

072 C-5223-01

YEAR | SHEET NO. |

31

2024

CONCRETE: Concrete for cast-in-place shall be f'c = 3,500 PSI. Concrete for prestressed shall be f'c = 5,000 PSI

STATE

KANSAS

GENERAL NOTES

WELDING: All field welding shall meet the requirements of the Standard Specifications.

Use only Shielded Metal Arch Welding SMAW (stick welding) for pile splices.

Use only low hydrogen E7018, 7016, or 7015 series welding rod (electrode) for all welding applications during pile splicing.

New electrodes are to be purchased for each KDOT project. The electrodes shall arrive on the project in factory hermetically sealed containers, opened and labeled with indelible ink in front of the engineer. The label shall include the current date and the project number. If the container seal is questionable or shows signs of damage the electrode is to be dried in an oven at least one hour at a temperature of 700°F to 800°F.

Upon removal from intact hermetically sealed factory packaging or the drying oven the electrode is to be placed in a storage oven with a minimum temperature of 250°F.

When electrodes are removed from the hermetically sealed container or storage oven and exposed to the atmosphere for less than 4 hours place into the storage oven for at least 4 hours before removing for use.

If electrode is exposed to the atmosphere for 4 hours or more (or 9 hours for moisture resistant electrodes designated with an R in their labeling) then electrode can be dried in a drying oven at a temperature of 450°F to 550°F.

If the electrode is exposed to the atmosphere for 4 hours or more a second time or the rod becomes wet discard rod.

CAST-IN-PLACE SHELLS: Steel shells for cast-in-place concrete piles shall conform to the requirements of the Standard Specifications.

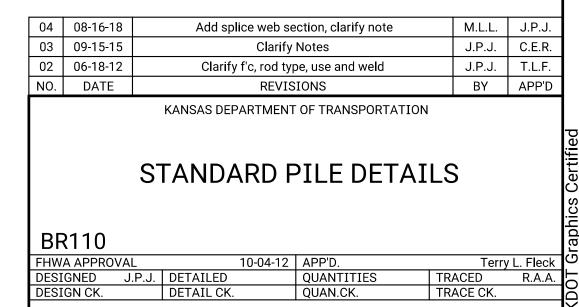
All piles driven without a mandrel shall be of the minimum thicknesses shown. Piles driven with a mandrel shall be of sufficient strength and thickness to withstand driving without injury and to resist harmful distortion and/or buckling due to soil pressure after the mandrel is removed.

Remove, replace or correct to the satisfaction of the Engineer improperly driven, broken or otherwise defective pipe piles. Otherwise drive an additional pile at no extra cost.

The Contractor shall maintain a light suitable for visual inspection of the pile on the job at all times prior to and during the filling of the pipe.

PAINT: All paint shall comply with the Standard Specifications, or as specified on the plans.

MILL TEST REPORTS: Steel piles test reports and steel shell test reports shall comply with the Standard Specifications.



SPLICES: Splices for steel piles and shell piling shall be in accordance with details shown on this sheet and the Standard Specifications.

For integral pile bent abutments and piers, if a pile splice is required, do not locate the pile splice within a region extending 2'-0" above and 10'-0" below the bottom of the concrete web wall. For abutments, locate the pile

anticipated, based on the geology, the Contractor prior to driving, will locate the splice so that the splice

14

16

HP14x102

HP14x117

16" PRESTRESSED

CONCRETE PILES

Use grinder to bevel edges of splice as shown in weld

symbology and drawing. In addition to bevels, produce clean,

bare, and shiny surfaces at and around the splice welding

Lay full penetration root weld from beveled side of splice.

Back gouge root weld from side opposite of root welding

application making sure to remove all foreign materials,

porous steel, and inclusions from root weld. Finish welding

Finish welding beveled side of the splice while removing slag,

Verify that enough filler metal has been correctly placed in all

foreign materials, porous steel, and inclusions in between

weld locations to obtain a flush or convex surface with no

concavity produced upon completion of the final welds.

welding passes, use of a grinder may be needed.

splice is located within the regions described above, then the Contractor will test the welds by Radiograph (RT) test methods. Repair and retest any welds not passing the test(s). Each weld tested will have written confirmation of results. Report these results to the Engineer. This work is not

Cope regions H-Pile Section

by welding process.

splice at least 10'-0" below top of fill. With the approval of the Engineer, one splice per bent may be allowed in the region described above without testing. If additional splices are will not fall within the regions described above.

† For integral pile bent abutments and piers, if a paid for directly, but is subsidiary to "Piles".

BG = Backgouge

Section thru Flange

* Minimum as required

PILE SPLICE DETAILS

lotted by : jbeckm ile : br110.dgn

PLAIN ROUND

Length (L)

SINGLE POINT PICK-UP

Pick-up points

0.58 L

DOUBLE POINT PICK-UP

PICK-UP POINTS FOR PRESTRESSED PILING

Max. length - 55' single point pick-up

Max. length - 80' double point pick-up

Note: Piles shall be marked at Pick-up

points to indicate proper points for

attaching handling lines.

0.3 L

0.21 L

Pick-up point

0.7 L

0.21 L

CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE PILES

cast steel. Weld pile points in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations to each steel pile before driving.

12" OR 14"

PRESTRESSED

CONCRETE PILES

Outside Flange

Inside Flange

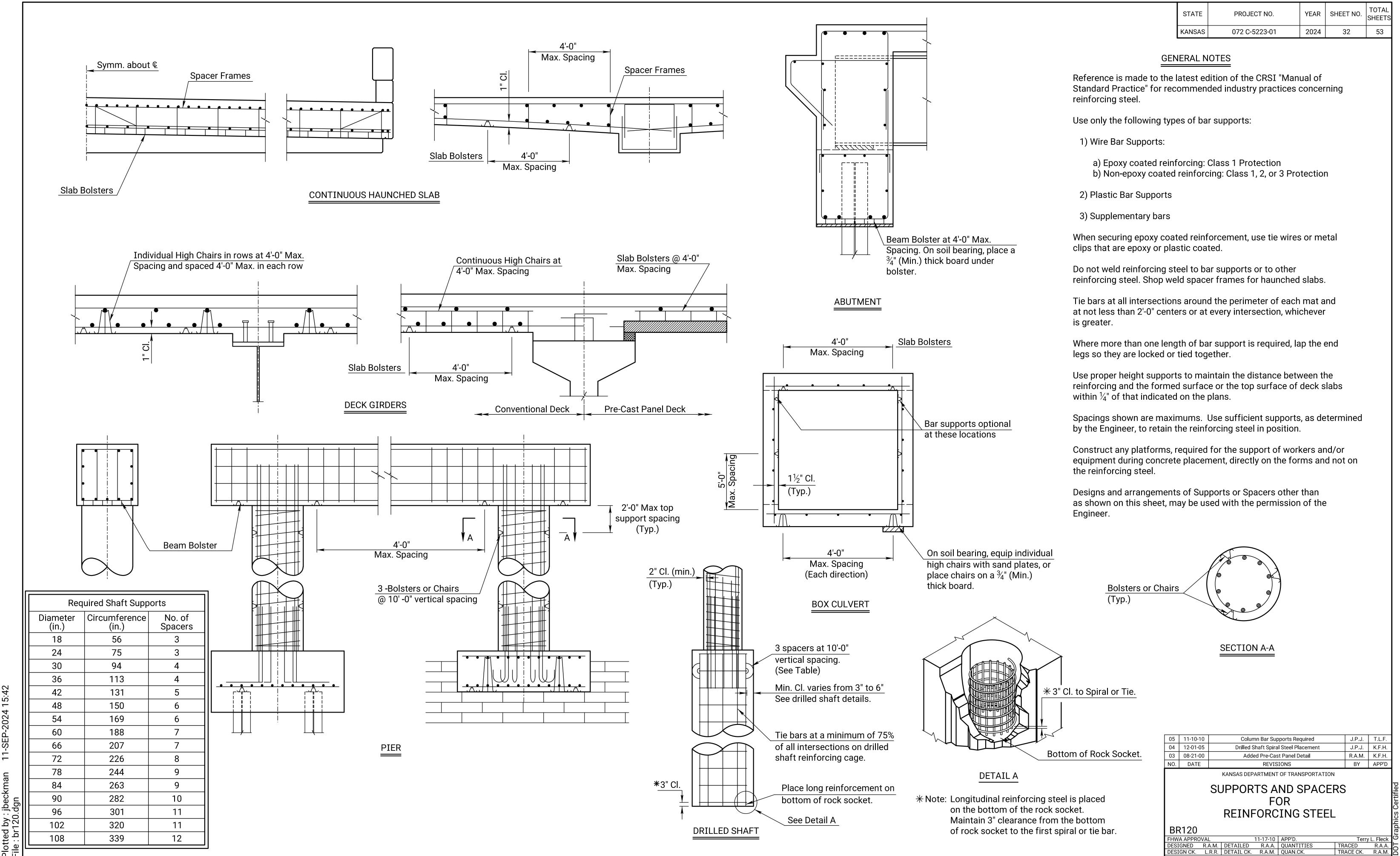
SHELL PILE POINT

H-Pile Point

CAST STEEL PILE POINT

The pile point shall be a one-piece unit of

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KDOT G

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Sh. No. 32

						EAF	RTHWOF	RK						
		Е	XCAVATIO	N		COMPACTION				T SUBGRADE		EMBAN		PLACE.
STATION to STATION	СОММ		ROCI		CONTR. FURN.	TYPE AA MR-	TYPE B MR-90		COMM.	ROUGH CUT	S	(CU.) INITIAL	SETTLE-	SELECT SOIL
	CU.YDS.	VMF		VMF	CU.YDS.	CU.YDS.	CU.YDS.		CU.YDS.	CU.YDS.		CONSOL.	MENT	CU.YDS.
11+00.00 to 14+12.66	541	0.72	120	1.00			117							
	+													
	+													
TOTALS	541		120				117							

Note: Existing asphalt pavement thickness assumed to be 3". All existing asphalt is considered common excavation and shall be wasted.

** REMO	** REMOVAL OF EXISTING STRUCTURES						
STATION	LOCATION	DESCRIPTION					
13+28.66	Ę.	80' Concrete Arch Bridge w/ 18'-0" Roadway					
** FOR	** FOR INFORMATION ONLY						

Concrete Pavement (10" Uniform)(AE)(Br App)							
STATION to STATION	Side	Sq. Yds.					
12+54.00 to 12+69.00	<u> </u>	48.3					
13+91.00 to 14+06.00	Ę.	50.0					
Total		98					

Concrete Safety Barrie	er (Transition	n)
STATION to STATION	Side	Lin. Ft.
13+91.00 to 14+06.00	Lt.	15.0
13+91.00 to 14+06.00	Rt.	15.0
Total		30

STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	072 C-5223-01	2024	33	53

RECAPITULATION OF BRIDGE QUANTITIES							
STATION	SEE SHEET NO.						
13+30.00	14						
	STATION						

RECAPITULATION OF ROAD QUANT	TTIES	
ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT
Contractor Construction Staking	Lump Sum	L.S.
Field Office & Laboratory (Type C)	1	Each
Foundation Stabilization (Set Price)	1	Cu. Yds.
Mobilization	Lump Sum	L.S.
Mobilization (DBE)	Lump Sum	L.S.
Removal of Existing Structures	Lump Sum	L.S.
Concrete for Seal Course (Set Price)	1	Cu. Yds.
Clearing & Grubbing	Lump Sum	L.S.
Common Excavation	541	Cu. Yds.
Rock Excavation	120	Cu. Yds.
Compaction of Earthwork (Type B) (MR-90)	117	Cu. Yds.
Water (Grading) (Set Price)	1	M. Gal.
Curing Environment	Lump Sum	L.S.
Concrete Pavement (10" Uniform) (AE) (Br App)	98	Sq. Yds.
Concrete Safety Barrier (Transition)	30	Lin. Ft.
Guardrail, Steel Plate	50	Lin. Ft.
Guardrail End Terminal (SRT) Alt. #1	2	Each
Guardrail End Terminal (FLEAT) Alt. #2	2	Each
Temporary Surfacing Material (Aggregate) (Set Price)	1	Cu. Yds.
Signing Object Marker (Type 3)	4	Each
For Company of Ciamina Object Markeys Cos Chart No. 2		

For Summary of Signing Object Markers, See Sheet No. 2 For Summary of Guardrail See Sheet No. 8 For Summary of Surfacing Quantities See Sheet No. 34 For Temp. Erosion & Pollution Control Quantities See Sheet No. 35 For Seeding Quantities See Sheet No. 44 For Traffic Control Plan & Quantities See Sheet No. 50

02	01-14-08	Rem. Drainage Structure summary	S.W.K.	J.O.B.
01	01-09-91	Detailed on CADD	R.J.S.	J.O.B.
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APP'D
		// A N O A O D ED A D TA A EN T O E T D A N O D O D T A T T O A I		

KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES

RD050				
HWA APPROVAL	05-28-08	APP'D.	James 0	. Brewer
ESIGNED	DETAILED	QUANTITIES	TRACED	B.N.B.
ESIGN CK.	DETAIL CK.	QUAN.CK.	TRACE CK.	S.W.K.

Over all structures, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer, where the top of the hubguard is level with or above the finished shoulder grade, the earth cover over the structure slab shall be removed and backfilled with _ as directed by the Engineer. The removal of this material will be subsidiary.

material used to backfill over the structure shall be paid for at the prices shown in the contract.

The earth shoulders shall be compacted full depth (Type -MR) except, when ordered by the Engineer, the top 3" shall be left uncompacted for seeding.

All side roads and house entrances shall be surfaced with _ to the R/W line as indicated on the detail. All side roads and house entrances with existing asphalt surface shall be surfaced with R/W line or to the end of construction, as directed by the Engineer. Each mailbox turnout (ON PROJECTS WHERE STABILIZED SHOULDERS ARE NOT SPECIFIED) shall be surfaced to the limits shown on the detail.

Surfacing material (SA-____) shall be used for surfacing house entrances and side roads (_____C.Y./SQ. YD.) beyond the limits of the asphalt surface to the limits of construction as determined by the Engineer

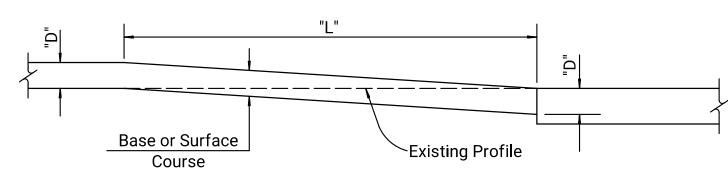
The thickness of side road and entrance surfacing may be increased to the same thickness as the stabilized shoulder within the approximate limits of the shoulder. On projects which specify both asphalt base and surface course materials, side roads, house entrances and mailbox turnouts may be suxfaced with both materials at the contractors option, with the approval of the Engineer.

Quantities for aggregate for shoulders, AS-1, are calculated on the basis of 150 lbs. per cu. ft. Quantities for stabilized base course, AB-3, are calculated on the basis of 1 56 lbs. per cu. ft. Weight/cu. ft. includes moisture allowed by specification. The base course shall be constructed to the plan thickness as shown.

Thicknesses indicated for all construction which is paid for on a weight or volume basis are approximate and may vary to correct for unevenness in the foundations or for other normal unevenness encountered in placement operations.

A tack coat of SS-1HP shall be provided between each lift of all base courses and surface courses and under the first lift of base or surface courses when they are placed on an existing asphalt, brick, or concrete surface, when so ordered by the Engineer and at the rate designated by him. Quantities are included for these tacks calculated at the rate of 0.06 gal. /sq. yd.

Asphalt Material quantities are calculated on the basis of 8.328 lbs. per gal. Shoulder rumble strips will not be constructed as part of this project.



TYPICAL PROFILE AT GRADE CONTROL POINTS

The Contractor shall cut the subgrade in accordance with this profile at all grade control points, i.e.; existing pavements, grade bridges and R.R. crossings, also at changes in thickness of base or surface courses. Corresponding dimensions of "D" and "L" shall be as given in the table below. The work of cutting the subgrade and disposing of excess excavated material shall be subsidiary to other items in the contract.

			Т	ABLE	OF DI	MENS	IONS				
D	L	D	L	D	L	D	Ц	D	L	D	L
1"	25'	3	75'	5	125'	7"	175'	9"	225'	11"	275'
2"	50'	4"	100'	6"	150'	8"	200'	10"	250'	12"	300'

SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES					
ITEM	STA. 11+00.00 TO 12+54.00	STA. 14+06.00 TO 14+12.66		TOTAL	UNIT
HMA-Commercial Grade (Class A)	206.1			206.1	TONS
HMA-Commercial Grade (Class A) Surfacing Material (AB-1)		4.9		4.9	TONS

Surfacing material thickness is 4".

Surfaced Roadbed Shoulder Line M.B. Turnout ♦ Width shall be 8' or shoulder width, whichever is greater. SECTION A-A Note: The face of Mail Box should be no closer to the roadway than the edge of the shoulder. Align with edge of turnout when turnout width 110' is greater than shoulder width. 40' | 15' | 15' | /Mail Box ***************** Edge of Surfacing< Direction of Traffic ℚ Project
✓ DETAIL FOR SURFACING OF MAIL BOX TURNOUTS for Side Roads 24' for Entrances Thickness as shown in General Note. - Variable slope approx. Variable slope approx. 50' or as available. 50' or as available. Typical drainage structure --Rad. Pt. 32.69' E.P. Ditch Shoulder Line Edge of Surface - $\frac{\text{Approx.}}{20'}$ 50' > Edge of Surface WITH DRAINAGE STRUCTURE MOUND ENTRANCE OR SIDE ROAD DETAIL FOR SURFACING OF SIDE ROADS

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2024

& HOUSE ENTRANCES

	RATES OF APPLICATION				
RATE	UNIT	ITEM			
145 †	Lbs/Cu Ft	HMA - Commercial Grade (Class A)			
156	Lbs/Cu Ft	Surfacing Material (AB-1)			
1		Aggregate and Asphalt			

ITEM		TOTAL	UNIT
HMA Commercial Grade (Class A) Surfacing Material (AB-1)		206	Tons
Surfacing Material (AB-1)		5	Tons
	-		
	+		

RECAPITULATION OF QUANTITIES

▲ 8:1 Slope at the appropriate clear zone shall apply to all mound entrances and mound side roads to 10' fill height. Normal Slope (but not steeper than 6:1) for over 10' fill height.

Normal Slope (but not steeper than 6:1) at approximate & Structure or appropriate clear zone width.

★ On side roads and entrances which slope toward the highway, a low point approx. 6" deep shall be constructed to divert surface drainage into the highway ditch, unless otherwise shown on the plans.

2	01-10-07	Changed bituminous to asphalt	S.W.K.	J.O.B.
11	08-30-06	Changed tack type/rate	S.W.K.	J.O.B.
0	03-24-05	Revised compaction, tack type/rate	S.W.K.	J.O.B.
0.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APP'D
		KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		

SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES

(Surfacing)

0051				
A APPROVAL		09-06-06	APP'D.	James O. Brev
GNED	DETAILED		QUANTITIES	TRACED
CN CK	DETAIL OF		OLIANI CIZ	TDACE OF

FERTILIZER: A ratio and application rate that equals or exceeds the required minimum rate per acre of N, P_2O_5 , K_2O listed in Summary of Quantities will be acceptable.

- * N = Nitrogen Rate of Application
- ** P₂O₅ = Phosphorous Rate of Application
- *** K₂O = Potassium Rate of Application

The Contractor will be required to finish areas of excavation, borrow and embankment in accordance with the specifications. Areas that require installation or construction of temporary water pollution control items will be finished in reasonable close conformity to the alignment, grade and cross section shown on the plans or as established by the Engineer.

CLT = Construction Limit Tract. This area is defined by the entire disturbed area of the project that requires seeding and erosion control measures to be placed. Any impervious areas (i.e. pavement, gravel, riprap, etc.) shall not be included in this measurement.

Slope = Defined by the area of the project that requires Class 1 erosion control material to be placed. This area shall be seeded using the Soil Erosion Mix prior to placement of the material. Drilling seed is preferred, however, broadcasting is acceptable if drilling is not possible.

Channel = Defined by the area of the project that requires Class 2 erosion control material to be placed. This area shall be seeded using the Soil Erosion Mix prior to placement of the material. Drilling seed is preferred, however, broadcasting is acceptable if drilling is not possible.

GENERAL NOTES

The entire disturbed area, excepting the paved or surfaced areas, steep rocky slopes and areas of undisturbed native sod or other desirable vegetation shall be fertilized (limed when required), seeded, and mulched. Soil preparation shall conform to the Standard Specifications.

Temporary seeding shall be done during any time of the year that the soil can be cultivated. After the temporary seeding has been completed on the entire project, permanent seeding shall be done during the normal seeding season.

MULCHING: Mulch shall be spread uniformly over all disturbed areas and punched in the soil, unless otherwise noted on the plans. The rate of application per acre, thickness in place, for the mulching materials is generally as follows:

 $1\frac{3}{4}$ - $2\frac{1}{4}$ Tons per Acre = $1\frac{1}{2}$ " loose depth spread uniformly over acre.

Agricultural products, such as native prairie hay, used for mulching and erosion control practices, excluding wood based mulch, shall meet the North American Weed Free Forage Standards.

Other vegetative mulches are acceptable only with the Engineer's concurrence.

The above rate is a guide. It will be at the discretion of the Engineer to determine what rate is sufficient for adequate protection of newly seeded areas.

STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	072 C-5223-01	2024	35	53

	Sl	JMMA	RY OF	SEEDING / EROSION CONTROL QUAN	ITITIES	
P.L.S. RA	TE/ ACRE	AC	RES	BID ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT
CLT	SL/CH	CLT	SL/CH		Q 0/	
	200		0.09	Temporary Fertilizer (13 - 13 - 13)	18	LB
				Temporary Seed (Canada Wildrye)		LB
				Temporary Seed (Grain Oats)		LB
				Temporary Seed (Sterile Wheatgrass)		LB
	109.9		0.09	Soil Erosion Mix	10.1	LB
				Erosion Control (Class 1, Type C)	446	SQ YD
				Erosion Control (Class 2, Type Y)		SQ YD
				Sediment Removal (Set Price)	1	CU YD
				Synthetic Sediment Barrier		LF
				Temporary Berm (Set Price)	1	LF
				Temporary Ditch Check (Rock)		CU YC
				Temporary Inlet Sediment Barrier		EACH
				Temporary Sediment Basin		CU YD
				Temporary Slope Drain		LF
				Temporary Stream Crossing		EACH
				Biodegradable Log (9")		LF
				Biodegradable Log (12")		LF
				Biodegradable Log (20")	57	LF
				Filter Sock (18")	43	LF
				Geotextile (Erosion Control)	500	SQ YD
				Silt Fence	43	LF
				SWPPP Design †		LS
				SWPPP Inspection †		EACH
				Water Pollution Control Manager †		EACH
900 lbs /	acre			Mulch Tacking Slurry		LB
2 tons / a	ocre			Mulching		TON
				Water (Erosion Control) (Set Price)	1	MGAL

NOTE: Projects less than 1 acre shall be bid as "Seeding" by the lump sum. See Permanent Seeding Summary of Seeding Quantities sheet LA850 for further details.

Geotextile (Erosion Control) shall be removed prior to placement of permanent slope protection.

Regreen and Quick Guard are the approved sterile wheatgrass products.

† If the <u>total</u> disturbed area of the project, not just the seeding area, is 1 acre or more, then these bid items must be included.

**** List size of material.

The amount of mulch and mulch tacking slurry in the bid quantities is estimated. (Acres of Seeding X 1.5 X 2 Tons/Acre). The estimated quantity includes mulching associated with both temporary and permanent seeding operations. The total mulch and mulch tacking slurry required shall be determined in the field. The bid item for mulching and mulch tacking slurry shall be paid for according to the Standard Specifications.

Quantities for all erosion control items are estimated to give full flexibility for compliance with the NPDES permit. Final quantities will be determined in the field.

	SOIL EROSION MIX	
PLS RATE	NAME	QTY (lb)
0.5	SEED (BLUE GRAMA GRASS) (LOVINGTON)	0.05
4.5	SEED (BUFFALO GRASS) (TREATED)	0.41
45	SEED (RYEGRASS) (PERENNIAL)	4.15
2.6	SEED (PRAIRIE JUNE GRASS)	0.24
6.3	SEED (SIDE OATS GRAMA) (EL RENO)	0.58
45	SEED (FESCUE) (TALL) (ENDOPHYTE-FREE)	4.15
6	SEED (WESTERN WHEATGRASS) (BARTON)	0.55
109.9	Total (lb)	10.13

The Soil Erosion Mix is to be placed under the Class 1 and/or Class 2 erosion control material.

The Soil Erosion Mix consists of the Shoulder Area of the Permanent Seed Mix used on the project.

Note: Fertilizer for Soil Erosion Mix is

Note: Fertilizer for Soil Erosion Mix is included and shown on the Summary of Seeding/Erosion Control chart above.

03	08-03-20	Added Note	M.R.D.	M.L.
02	12-01-17	Revised Standard	M.R.D.	S.H.S.
01	06-01-17	Revised Standard	M.R.D.	S.H.S.
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APP'D
		KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		

TEMPORARY EROSION AND POLLUTION CONTROL

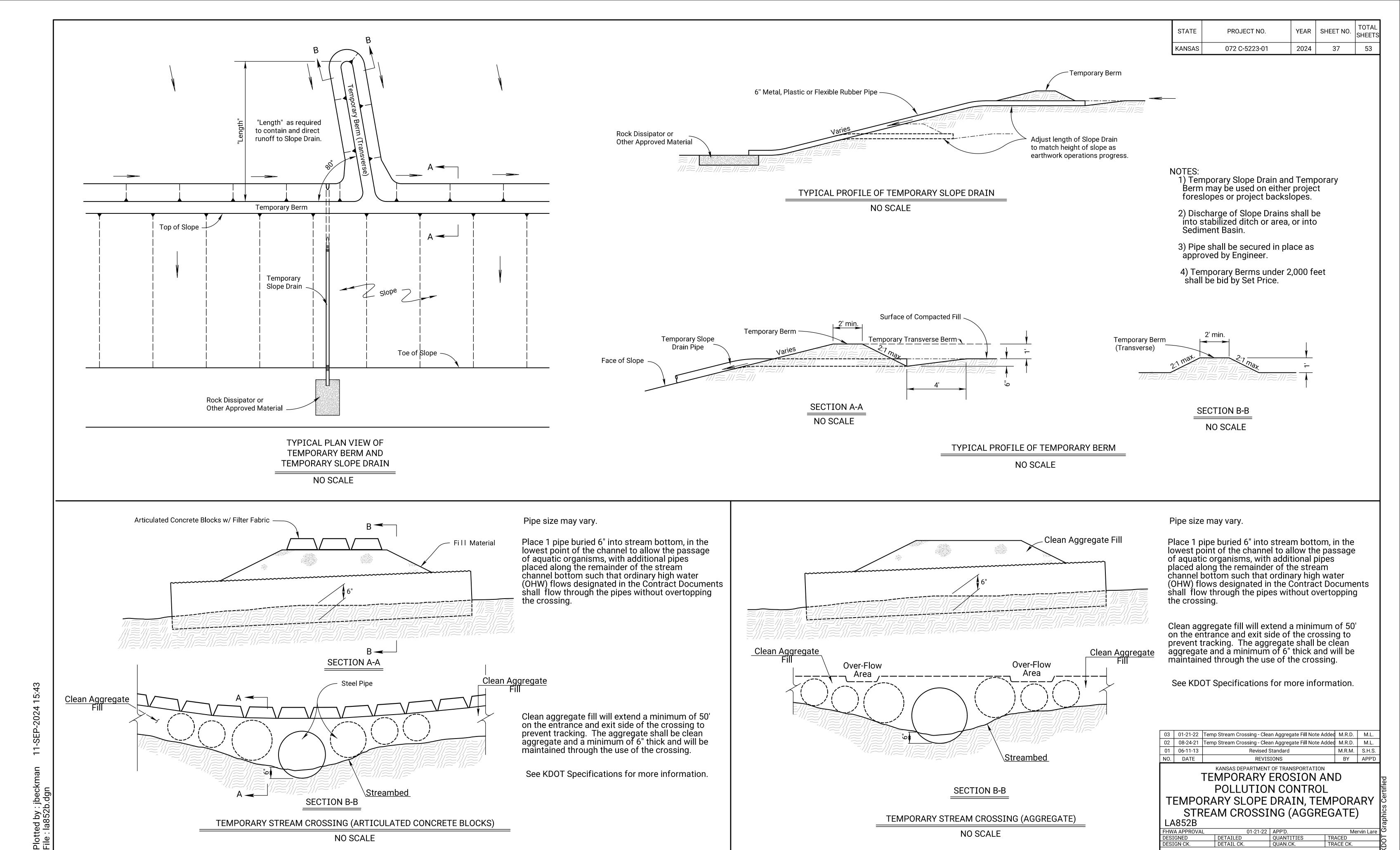
LA852A							
FHWA APPROVAL			01-26-18	APP'D.	Scott H. Shields		
DESIGNED	M.R.D.	DETAILED	M.R.D.	QUANTITIES	TRACED		
DESIGN CK.	S.H.S.	DETAIL CK.	S.H.S.	QUAN.CK.	TRACE CK.		

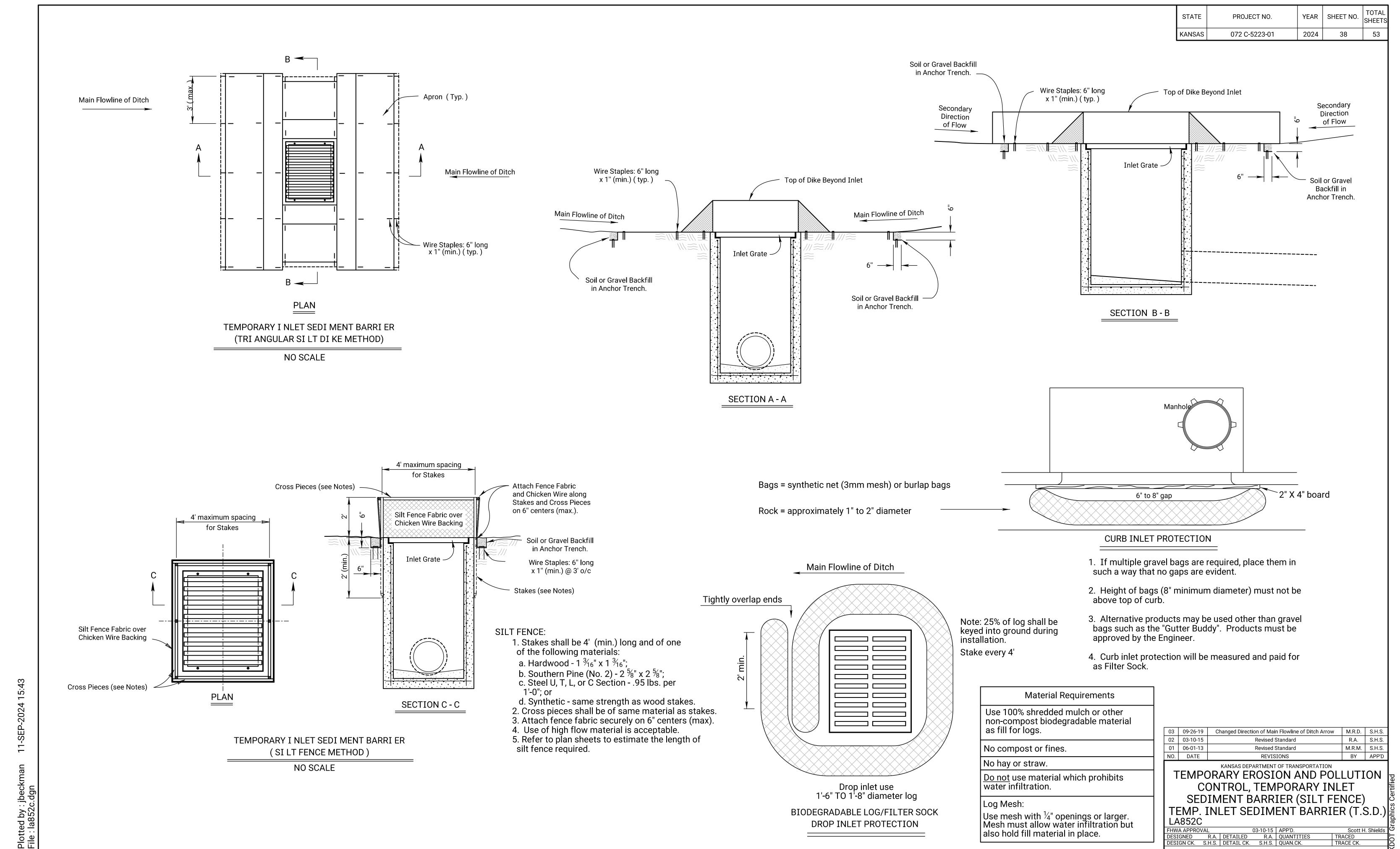
STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS	
KANSAS	072 C-5223-01	2024	36	53	

EROSION (CONTR	OL- CLAS	SS 1, TYP	EC
STATION TO STATION	SIDE	LENGTH	WIDTH	SQ YARD
11+00.00 to 12+59.00	Lt.	159.0	7.1	125.6
11+00.00 to 12+59.00	Rt.	159.0	8.7	154.3
12+89.00 to 13+05.60	Lt. & Rt.	16.6	68.7	126.7
13+91.00 to 14+07.60	Lt.	16.6	8.5	15.7
13+91.00 to 14+16.60	Rt.	25.6	8.2	23.3
	+ +			
			<u> </u>	
	+			
	+ +		<u> </u>	
	+			
TOTAL EDOCION CONTROL (C	NACC 1 TVDF	<u> </u>		445.6
TOTAL EROSION CONTROL (C	LASS I, ITPE	C) -		445.0

NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APP'D
		KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		

EROSION CONTROL SEEDING-SODDING





KDOT Graphics Certified 07-14-2022

Sh. No. 38

SILT FENCE:

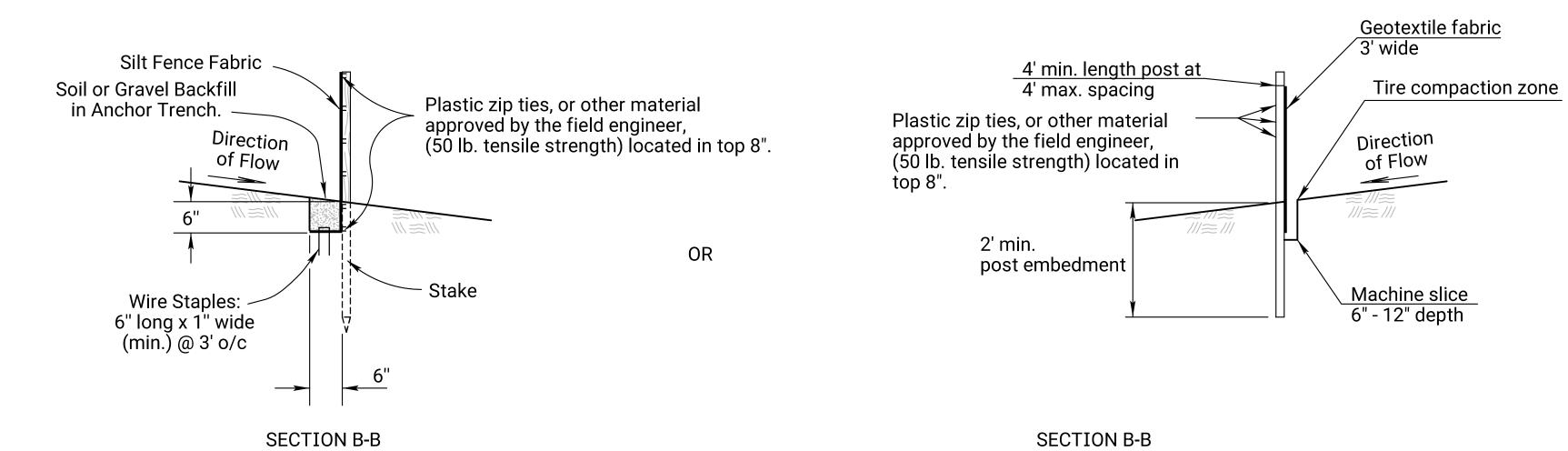
- 1. Stakes shall be 4' (min.) long and of one of the following materials:
 - a. Hardwood 1 $\frac{3}{16}$ " x 1 $\frac{3}{16}$ ";
- b. Southern Pine (No. 2) $2\frac{5}{8}$ " x $2\frac{5}{8}$ ";
- c. Steel U, T, L, or C Section .95 lbs. per 1'-0"; or
- d. Synthetic same strength as wood stakes.
- 2. Attach fence fabric with 3 zip ties within the top 8" of the fence
- Alternate attachment methods may be approved by the Engineer on aperformance basis.
- 3. Use of high flow material is acceptable.
- 4. Refer to plan sheets to estimate the length of silt fence required.

BIODEGRADABLE LOG OR FILTER SOCK

- 1. Place biodegradable logs or filter sock tightly together minimum overlap of 18".
- 2. Wood stakes shall be 2" x 2" (nom.).
- 3. Refer to plan sheets to estimate length of biodegradable log and filter sock required.
- 4. Each log or sock (except compost filter socks) should be keyed into the ground at a minimum of 25% of its height. Compost filter socks should be placed on smooth prepared ground with no gaps between the sock and soil.
- 5. Length of stakes should be 2 times the height of the log at a minimum with minimum ground embedment equal to the height of the log / sock.

SILT FENCE BARRIER

NO SCALE



4' (max.)

(on center)

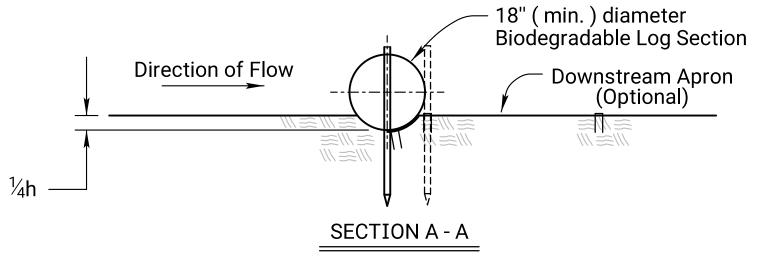
Groundline at

Silt Fence

Bio	degradable L	og or Filter Sock Slo	ope Interruptions							
	PRODUCT									
		9" Sediment Log or 8" Filter Sock (ft)	12" Sediment Log or 12" Filter Sock (ft)	20" Sediment Log or 18" Filter Sock (ft)						
nt	≤4H:1V	40	60	80						
Slope Gradient	3H:1V	30	45	60						
ope (

BIODEGRADABLE LOG MATERIAL						
LOW FLOW HIGH FLOW						
9"	Straw/Compost	Excelsior / Wood Chips / Coconut Fiber				
12"	Straw/Compost	Excelsior / Wood Chips / Coconut Fiber				
18"-20"	Straw/Compost	Excelsior / Wood Chips / Coconut Fiber				

Deviations should be approved by the Field Engineer.



4' (max.)

(on center)

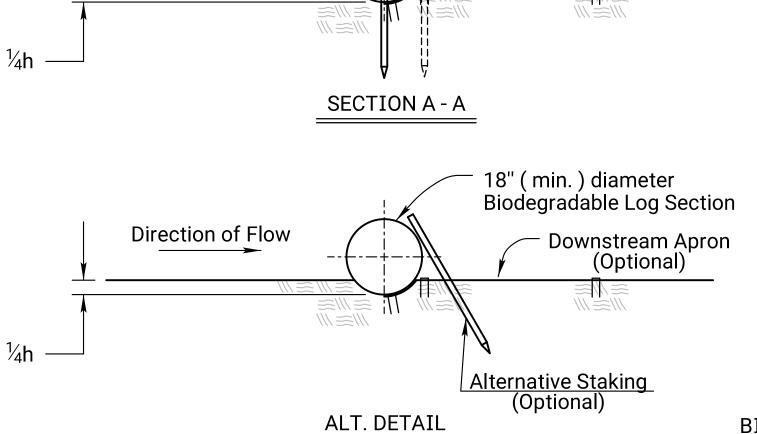
Silt Fence Fabric

TYPICAL ELEVATION

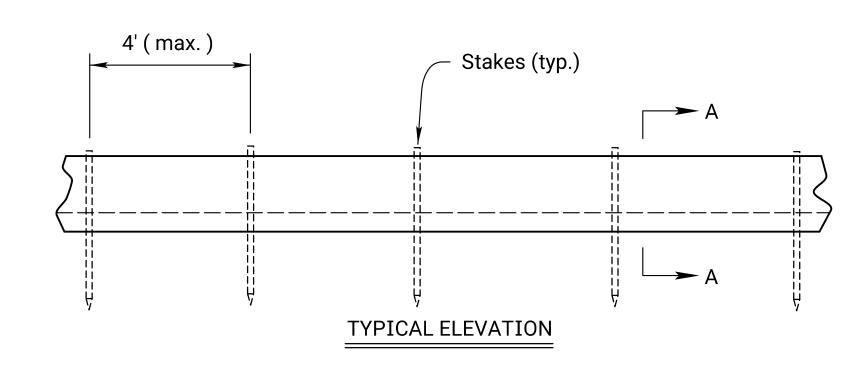
Soil or Gravel

Backfill in Anchor

Trench



OPTIONAL



BIODEGRADABLE LOG SLOPE INTERRUPTIONS

OR Filter Sock

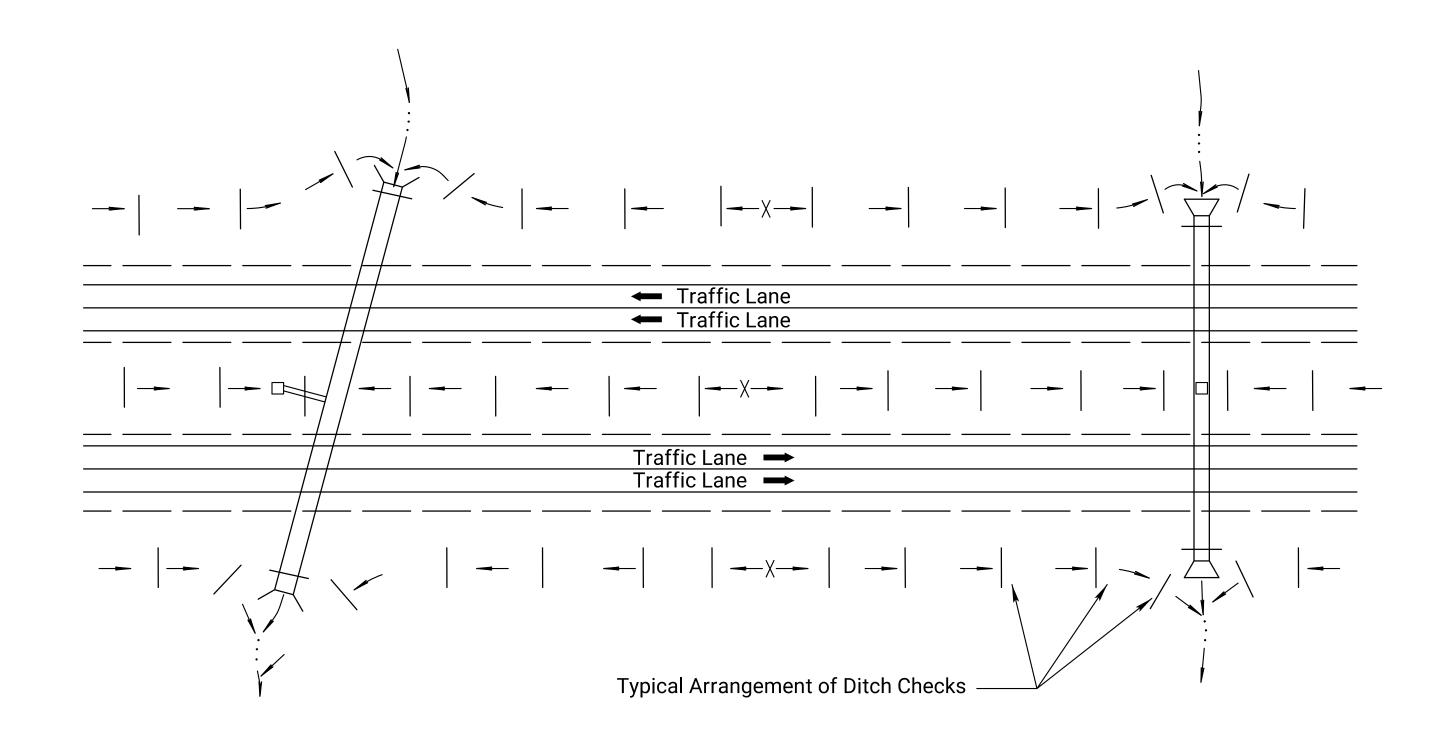
GENERAL NOTES

- 1) Slope interruptions shall be placed along contour lines, with a short section turned upgrade at each end of the barrier.
- 2) The maximum length of the slope interruptions shall not exceed 250 feet, and the barrier ends need to be staggered.
- 3) Interruptions damaged by Contractor's negligence, including improper maintenance or lack of maintenance, shall be repaired immediately by Contractor at no additional cost to KDOT.
- 4) Agricultural products, such as native prairie hay, used for mulching and erosion control practices, excluding wood based mulch, shall meet the North American Weed Free Forage Standards.

03	06-28-16	Revised Standard	R.A.	S.H.S.		
02	03-01-15	Revised Standard	R.A.	S.H.S.		
01	06-01-13	Revised Standard	M.R.M.	S.H.S.		
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APP'D		
MANGAC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION						

TEMPORARY EROSION AND POLLUTION CONTROL **SLOPE INTERRUPTIONS**

BIC A8520.		GRADA	BLE	LOG / SILT	FENCE
IWA APPRO	VAL		09-14-16	APP'D.	Scott H. Shields
SIGNED	S.H.S.	DETAILED	R.A.	QUANTITIES	TRACED
SIGN CK.	S.H.S.	DETAIL CK.		QUAN.CK.	TRACE CK.



20" BI	OLOG
CHECK S	SPACING
DITCH © SLOPE (%)	SPACING INTERVAL (FEET)
1.0	125
2.0	60
3.0	40
4.0	30
5.0	25

NOTE: Use this spacing for all except Rock Ditch Checks.

18" FILTER SOCK CHECK SPACING					
DITCH © SLOPE (%)	SPACING INTERVAL (FEET)				
1.0	110				
2.0	55				
3.0	35				
4.0	25				
5.0	20				

NOTE: Use this spacing for all except Rock Ditch Checks.

GENERAL NOTES

 The choice of ditch check methods is at the option of the Contractor.

TYPICAL DITCH CHECK LAYOUT PLAN

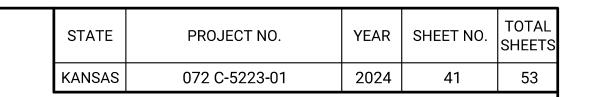
NO SCALE

- Use only rock checks in situations where the ditch slope is 6 percent or greater.
- Ditch checks damaged by Contractor's negligence, including improper maintenance or lack of maintenance, shall be repaired by Contractor at no extra cost to KDOT.

03	08-10-16	Revised Standard	R.A.A.	S.H.S.			
02	06-28-16	Revised Standard	R.A.A.	S.H.S.			
01	06-01-13	Revised Standard	M.R.M.	S.H.S.			
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APP'D			
	KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION						

TEMPORARY EROSION AND POLLUTION CONTROL DITCH CHECKS

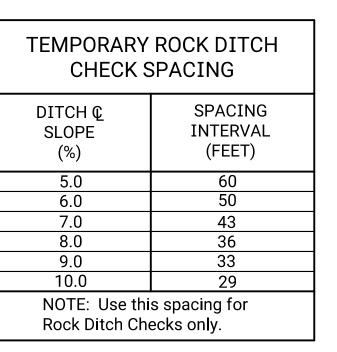
			• • • •	J. 12 J. 10		
4852E	Ξ					
VA APPRO	VAL		09-14-16	APP'D.	Scott H.	Shields
IGNED	S.H.S.	DETAILED	R.A.A.	QUANTITIES	TRACED	R.A.A.
IGN CK	SHS	DETAIL CK	S.H.S.	OUAN CK	TRACE CK	SHS

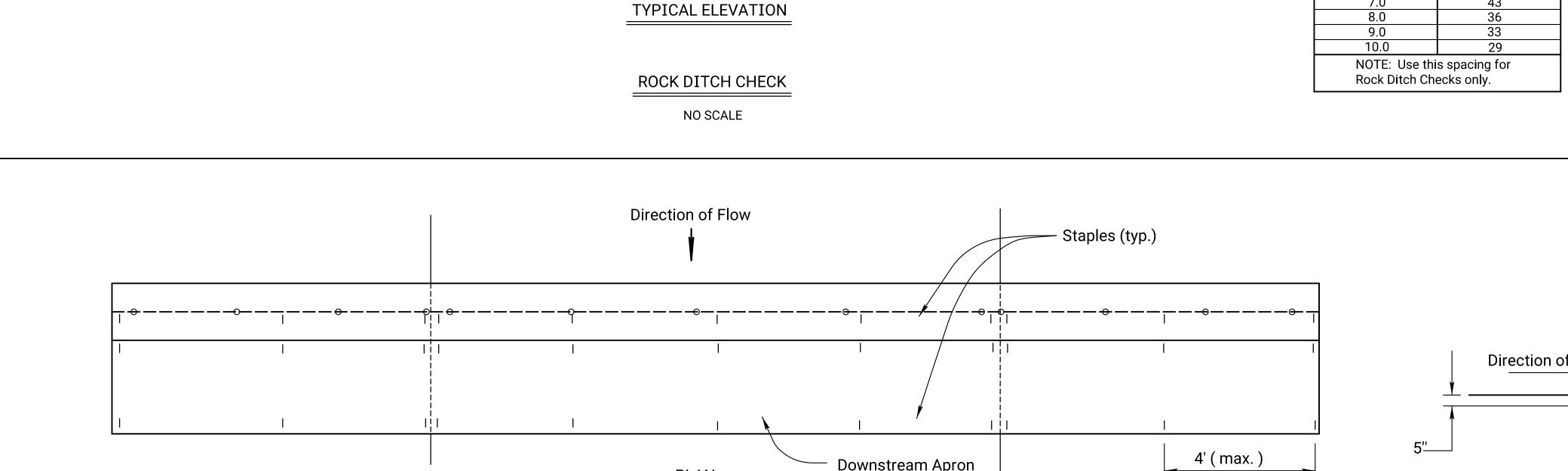


ROCK DITCH CHECK NOTES

- 1. Rock shall be clean aggregate, D50-6" and aggregate filler.
- 2. Place rock in such manner that water will flow over, not around
- 3. Do not use rock ditch checks in clear zone.
- 4. Excavation: The ditch area shall be reshaped to fill any eroded areas. Prior to placement of the rock, the ditch shall be excavated to the dimensions of the Rock Ditch Check and to a minimum depth of 6" (150mm). After placement of the rock, backfill and compact any over-excavated soil to ditch grade. This work shall be subsidiary to the bid item Temporary Ditch Check (Rock).
- 5. Aggregate excavated on site may be used as an alternate to the 6" rock, if approved by the Engineer.
- 6. The Engineer may approve the use of larger aggregates for the downstream portion of the check when conditions warrant
- 7. When the use of larger rock is approved, D50-6" rock will be placed between the larger aggregate and the aggregate
- Aggregate filler will be placed on the upstream face of the ditch check. Aggregate filler will comply with Filter Course Type I, Division 1114.

the log.

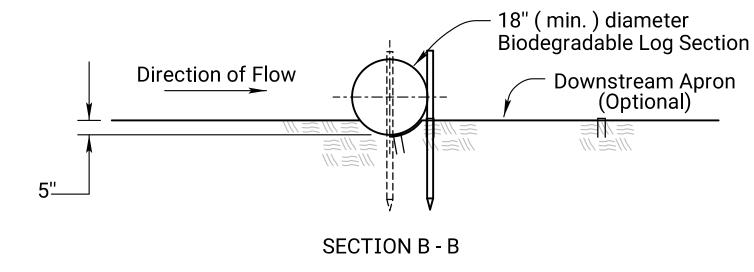


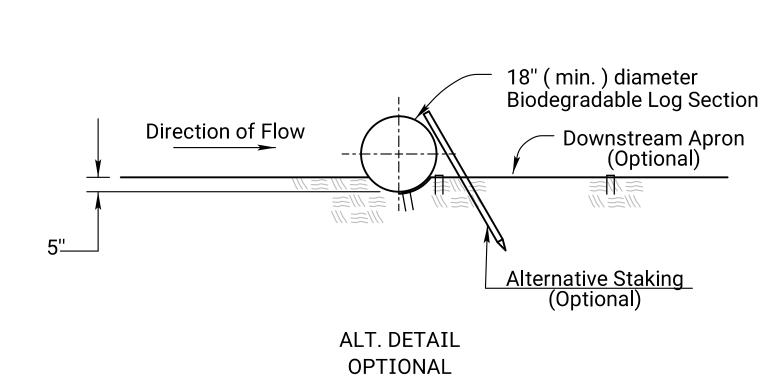


Stakes (typ.)

(Optional)

Ground Level





BIODEGRADABLE LOG DITCH CHECK OR Filter Sock Ditch Check

NO SCALE

03 11-19-20 M.R.D. M.L. Revised Standard 02 08-10-16 R.A.A. S.H.S. **Revised Standard** 01 10-21-15 R.A.A. S.H.S. Revised Standard BY APP'D NO. DATE REVISIONS

BIODEGRADABLE LOG DITCH CHECK NOTES

Use as many biodegradable log sections as necessary to ensure water does not flow around end of ditch check.

3. Stakes shall be wood or steel according to Section

2114 of the Standard Specifications. Length of

4. Use Erosion Control (Class 1) (Type C) as the

5. A downstream apron is required when directed by the Engineer. Apron material will be paid at

6. Each log or sock (except compost filter socks) should be keyed into the ground at a minimum of

25% of its height. Compost filter socks should be placed on smooth prepared ground with no gaps

stakes shall be a minimum of 2 x the diameter of

2. Overlap sections a minimum of 18".

downstream apron when required.

the contract unit price.

between the sock and soil.

KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION TEMPORARY EROSION AND POLLUTION CONTROL **ROCK DITCH CHECKS** BIODEGRADABLE LOG DITCH CHECKS

LA852G FHWA APPROVAL11-19-20APP'D.DESIGNEDM.L.DETAILEDD.K.QUANTITIESDESIGN CK.M.L.DETAIL CK.M.L.QUAN.CK. TRACED R.A.A. Sh. No. 41

KDOT Graphics Certified 07-14-2022

Aggregate Filler

Direction of Flow

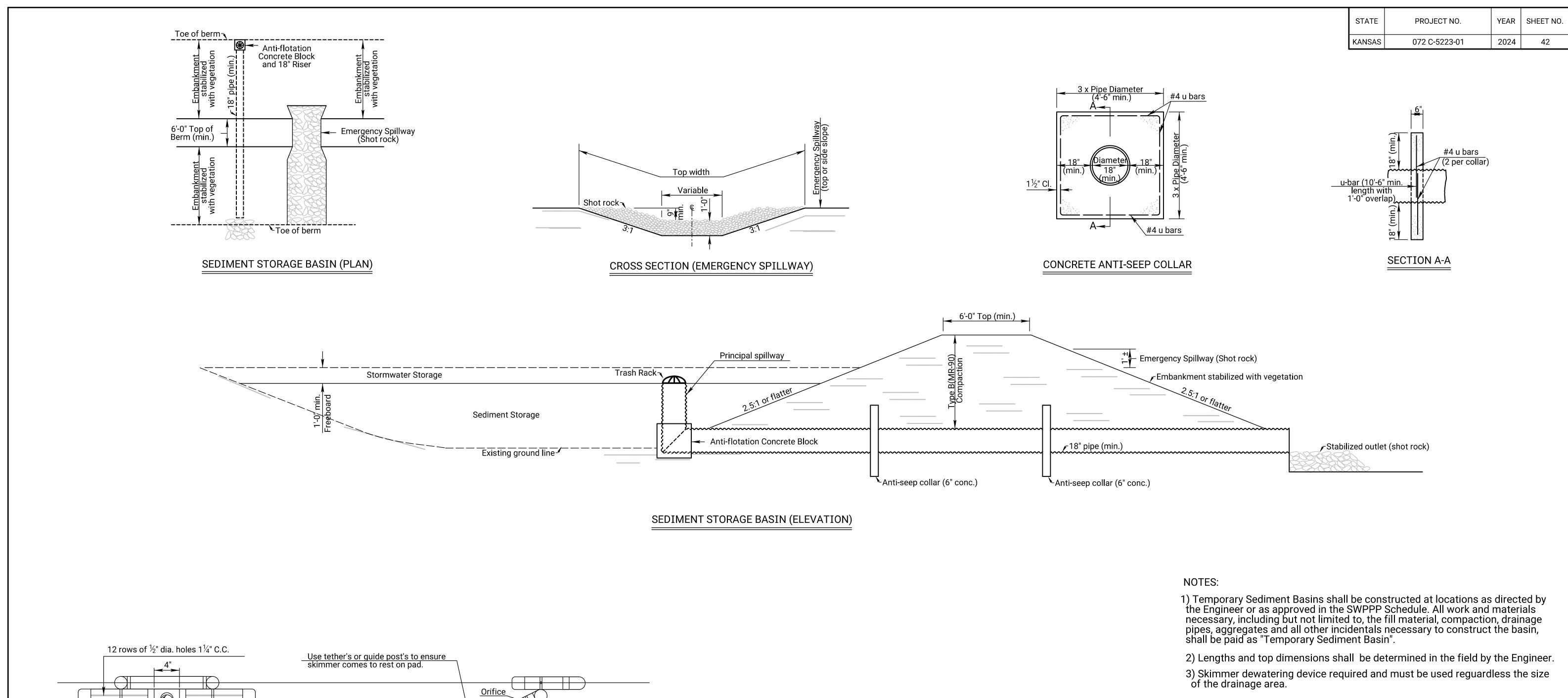
10'

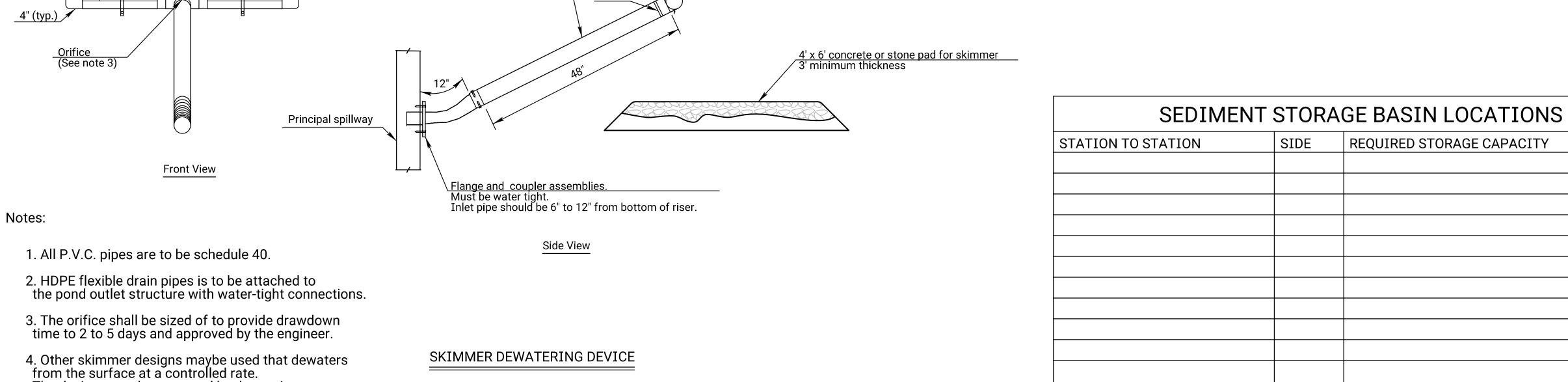
— 6" (min.)

PLAN

TYPICAL ELEVATION

4' (max.)





02	09-03-13	Added Skimmer Dewatering Device	M.R.M.	S.H.S.		
01	07-17-13	Revised Standard	M.R.M.	S.H.S.		
NO.	DATE	BY	APP'D			
KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION						
TEMPORARY EROSION AND POLLUTION CONTROL						

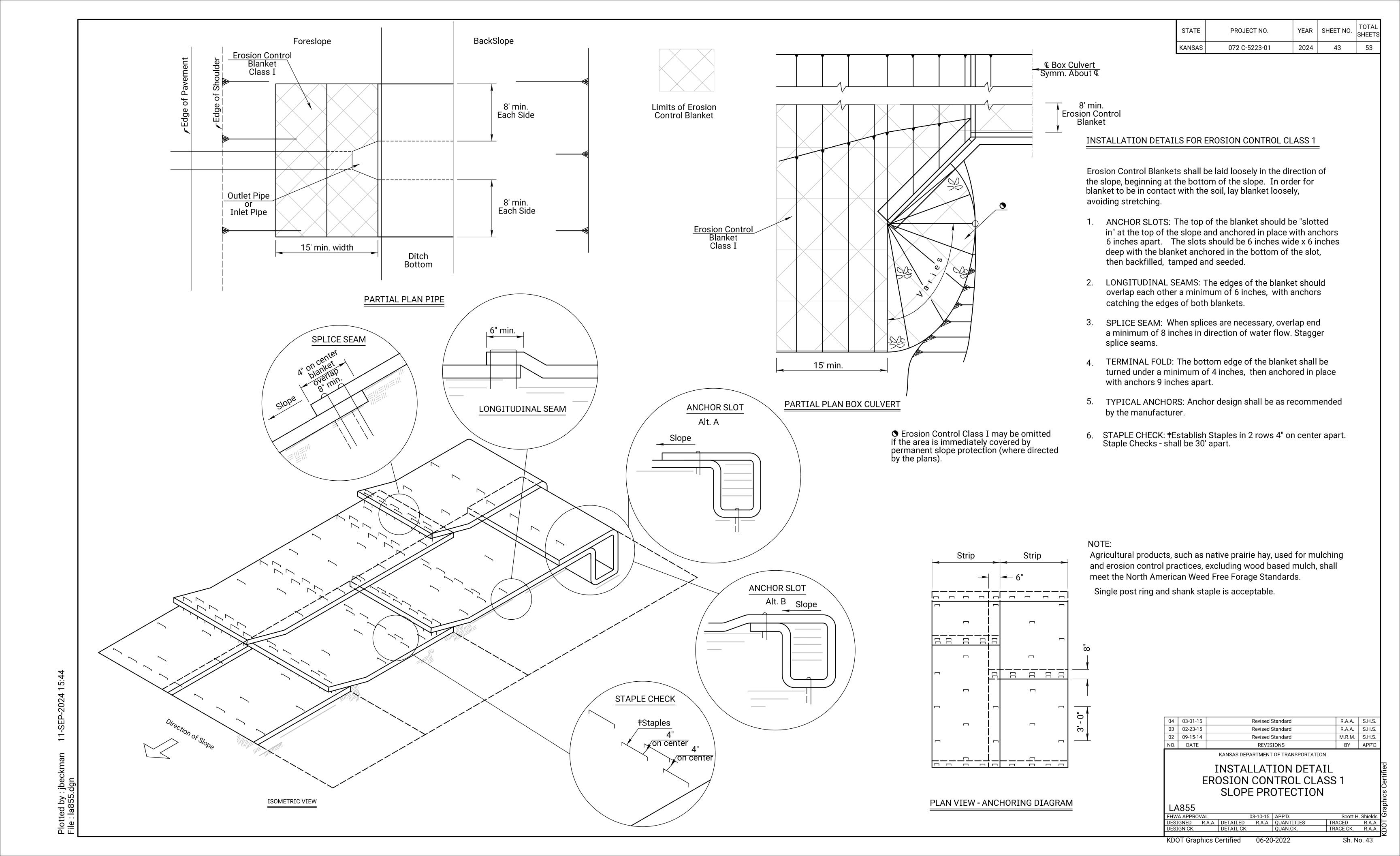
SEDIMENT STORAGE BASIN

LA852H FHWA APPROVAL 09-24-13 APP'D.
DESIGNED B.B. DETAILED B.B. QUANTITIES
DESIGN CK. S.H.S. DETAIL CK. S.H.S. QUAN.CK. TRACED B.B. TRACE CK. S.H.S.

The design must be approved by the engineer.

KDOT Graphics Certified 06-20-2022

Sh. No. 42



NA	TIV	'E WILDFLOWER M	IX 1
PLS RATE		NAME	QTY (lb)
0.3		Butterfly Milkweed	XX.XX
0.3		Common Milkweed	XX.XX
0.3		Black Eyed Susan	XX.XX
0.5		Blanket Flower	XX.XX
0.5		False Sunflower	XX.XX
0.5		Lance-Leaf Coreopsis	XX.XX
0.2		Maximilian Sunflower	XX.XX
0.1		New England Aster	XX.XX
0.2		Pinnate Prairie Coneflower	XX.XX
0.2		Plains Coreopsis	XX.XX
0.3		Purple Coneflower	XX.XX
0.3		Upright Prairie Coneflower	XX.XX
0.3		Dames Rocket	XX.XX
0.3		Lemon Mint	XX.XX
0.2		Pitcher Sage	XX.XX
0.2		Wild Bergamot	XX.XX
1.0		Illinois Bundleflower	XX.XX
0.2		Common Evening Primrose	XX.XX
0.1		Hoary Verbena	XX.XX
0.8		Purple Prairie Clover	XX.XX
0.3		Roundhead Lespedeza	XX.XX
3.0		Showy Partridge Pea	XX.XX
0.2		White Prairie Clover	XX.XX
	10.3	Total (lb)	XX.XX

NATIVE WILDFLOWER MIX 2					
PLS RATE		NAME	QTY (lb)		
0.3		Butterfly Milkweed			
0.3		Black Eyed Susan			
0.5		Black Sampson Coneflower			
1.0		Blanket Flower			
0.2		Maximilian Sunflower			
0.2		Plains Coreopsis			
0.2		Upright Prairie Coneflower			
0.2		Western Yarrow			
0.3		Lemon Mint			
0.4		Pitcher Sage			
1.5		Illinois Bundleflower			
0.2		Common Evening Primrose			
1.0		Blue Wild Indigo			
0.4		Leadplant			
0.4		Purple Prairie Clover			
0.3		White Prairie Clover			
	7.4	Total (lb)			

Package and deliver the wildflower seed separately from the grass seed mix. Package and deliver the Tall Drop Seed separately from the grass seed and the wildflower mix. Place the grass seed (except Tall Drop Seed) in the large seed box and drill (cover) seed 1/8" - 1/4". Place the wildflower seed in a separate seed box and drill (cover) seed $\frac{1}{16}$ " maximum. Place the Tall Drop Seed in a separate (third) seed box and place the seed (using the seed drill) on the soil surface.

OPTION: Broadcast Tall Drop Seed on the soil surface.

COOL SEASON GRASSES	WARM SEASON GRASSES & WILDFLOWERS
February 15 thru April 20	November 15 thru June 1
August 15 thru September 30	
SPECIES	SPECIES
Bluegrasses	Bermuda Grass
Brome Grasses	Big Bluestem
Canada Wildrye	Blue Grama
Fescues	Buffalo Grass
Prairie Junegrass	Indiangrass
Ryegrasses	Little Bluestem
Sterile Wheatgrass	Sand Bluestem
Tall Dropseed	Sand Dropseed
Western Wheatgrass	Sand Lovegrass
	Side Oats Grama
	Switchgrass
	Wildflower Mixes

When the area to be seeded is 1 acre or more, if Cool Season grasses are mixed with Warm Season grasses, seed the area during the Warm

When the area to be seeded is less than 1 acre, seed the area any time of the year.

SODDING SEASONS COOL SEASON GRASSES WARM SEASON GRASSES March 1 thru April 15 May 15 thru September 1

September 1 thru November 15 SPECIES SPECIES Buffalo Grass Sod Bluegrass Sod Fescue Sod

the Standard Specifications.

If the soil is workable, the Engineer may allow placement of sod between November 15 and March 1. If sod is placed during this time, maintain the sod until 20 days after the beginning of the spring sodding season.

STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	072 C-5223-01	2024	44	53

GENERAL NOTES

The entire disturbed area, excepting the paved or surfaced areas, steep rocky slopes and areas of undisturbed native sod or other desirable vegetation shall be fertilized (limed when required), seeded and mulched. Soil preparation shall conform to the Standard Specifications except as noted below.

All borrow areas shown on the plans are to be fertilized, seeded, and mulched. However, operation in borrow areas where crops are growing may be omitted when requested by the owner.

If temporary cover has provided stable slopes with no erosion, seed the permanent grasses into the existing cover. If there has been erosion that requires repair prior to seeding, then it may be necessary to regrade the area, resulting in bare ground.

FERTILIZER: A ratio and application rate that equals or exceeds the required minimum rate per acre of N, P_2O_5 , K_2O_5 listed in Summary of Seeding Quantities will be acceptable.

MULCHING: Mulch shall be spread uniformly over all disturbed areas and punched in the soil, unless otherwise noted on the plans. The rate of application per acre, thickness in place, for the mulching material is generally as follows:

 $1\frac{3}{4}$ - $2\frac{1}{4}$ Tons per Acre = $1\frac{1}{2}$ " loose depth spread uniformly over acre.

Agricultural products, such as native prairie hay, used for mulching and erosion control practices, excluding wood based mulch, shall meet the North American Weed Free Forage Standards.

Other vegetative mulches are acceptable only with the Engineer's concurrence.

The above rate is a guide. It will be at the discretion of the Engineer to determine what rate is sufficient for adequate protection of newly seeded areas.

> When seeding is less than 1 acre, temporary and permanent seeding shall be combined and seeded at the same time.

> There is no seasonal restriction when seeding projects less than one acre.

SUMMARY OF	SEEDING QUANTITIES

	P. RATE	L.S. Z/ACRE	ACRES BID ITEM QUANTIT						QUANTITY	UNIT
SHLDR				SHLDR	OTHER				·	
								See LA852A for Soil Erosion Mix to be used as Permanent Seeding		
			<u> </u>				<u> </u>	Mulching *	I	

SHLDR = Seeded with the Shoulder Mix. Typically 15 feet for 2-lane roads and 30 feet for 4-lane roads. Includes outside roadsides, turfed portions of shoulders, and turfed portion of the median.

OTHER = Seeded with the "Other" Mix. Designated as allother turfareas, except the Shoulder. Usually includes a Native Wildflower Mix.

NOTE: Projects less than 1 acre shall be bid as "Seeding" by the lump sum. All disturbed areas shall be seeded, fertilized and mulched at the listed rate per acre. The acres are estimated.

Refer to the Standard Specifications, Division 900, Section 904 'Seeding', and Section 907 'Sodding', for the seeding and sodding seasons. * See LA852A for mulching quantity. The quantity of mulch is estimated (Acres of Seeding X 1.5 X 2 Tons/Acre). The total mulch required shall be determined in the field. The bid item for mulching shall be paid for according to

02	11-25-20	Updated Seeding / Sodding Periods Charts	M.R.D.	M.L.
01	08-03-20	Revised Standard	M.R.D.	S.H.S.
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APP'D

KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PERMANENT SEEDING SUMMARY OF SEEDING QUANTITIES

A850			
WA APPROVAL	05-06-19	APP'D.	Mervin Lare
SIGNED	DETAILED	QUANTITIES	TRACED
SIGN CK.	DETAIL CK.	QUAN.CK.	TRACE CK.

2) Minimum Lane Width: Lane widths shall be a minimum of 11' (measured between centerlines of pavement markings) or as shown on the plans, or as directed by the engineer. A lane width less than 11' may require restricted roadway width signing.

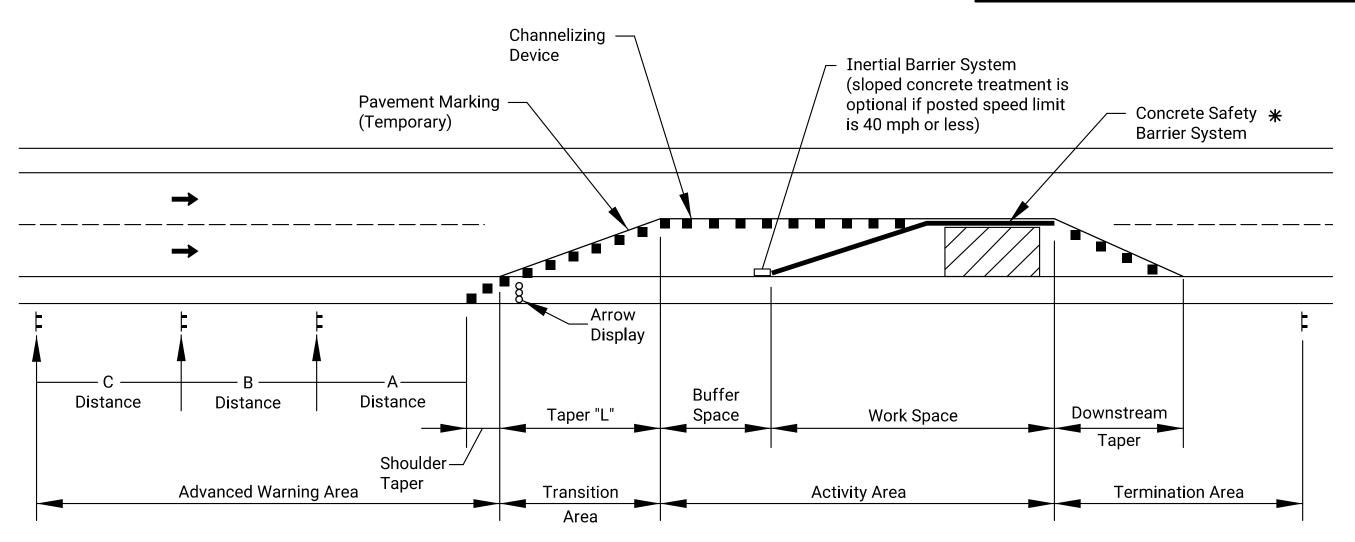
3) Consideration should be made to separate pedestrian and, if needed, bicycle movements from both work site activity and vehicular traffic. Unless a reasonable safe route that does not involve crossing the roadway can be provided, pedestrians should be appropriately directed with advance signing that encourages them to cross to the opposite side of the roadway. In urban and suburban areas with high vehicular traffic volumes, these signs should be placed at intersections (rather than midblock locations) so that pedestrians are not confronted with midblock work sites that will induce them to attempt skirting the work site or making a midblock crossing.

4) When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility.

5) When the driving surface open to traffic is milled or is a temporary surface made of loose material, or when directed by the engineer a W8-15 (Grooved Pavement) or W8-7 (Loose Gravel) sign shall be used on mainline approaches. This sign should be placed a "C" distance after the W20-1 (Road Work Ahead) sign. A W8-15p motorcycle plaque shall be used to supplement the W8-15 or W8-7 signs. All signs shall be displayed as long as the condition is present.

6) Alternative temporary rumble strip options may be available. Please contact the Temporary Traffic Control Unit for more information at 785-296-1179 or 785-296-1183.

STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	072 C-5223-01	2024	45	53



TYPICAL WORK ZONE COMPONENTS

*When concrete barrier system is used, portable channelizing devices are not needed along the tangent barrier section.

Minimum advance warning sign spacing (in feet):

•	J ,	O (,
SPEED (MPH) *	Α	В	С
URBAN (40 MPH OR LOWER)	100	100	100
URBAN (45 MPH OR HIGHER)	350	350	350
RURAL (55 MPH OR LOWER)	500	500	500
RURAL (60 MPH OR HIGHER)	750	750	750
EXPRESSWAY/FREEWAY	1000	1500	2640

* Posted speed prior to work starting

The minimum spacing between signs shall be no less than 100', unless directed by the engineer.

The spacing between any signs may be increased beyond the minimum values in the table above as approved by the engineer in order to maximize visibility.

Taper Formulas:

L = WS for speeds of 45 MPH or more

 $L = WS^2/60$ for speeds of 40 MPH or less

Where: L = Minimum length of taper in feet

S = Numericial value of posted speed prior to work starting in MPH

W = Width in offset feet

Shifting Taper=1/2 L Shoulder Taper=1/3 L

Channelizer Placement:

(1) The spacing between devices in transition area (taper) should not exceed a distance in feet equal to 1/2 the posted speed limit in mph prior to work starting.

(2) The spacing between devices in the advanced warning area and the activity area should not exceed a distance in feet equal to two times the posted speed limit in mph prior to work starting.

(3) Channelizing devices shall be placed for optimum visibility, normally at right angles to the traffic flow.

(4) Place directional indicator barricades in series to direct traffic onto the new path. The arrow sign should not be visible to opposing traffic.

(5) Alternating diagonal orange and white striping must slope downward in the direction traffic is expected to pass.

Buffer Space

SPEED (MPH) *	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75
LENGTH (ft)	115	155	200	250	305	360	425	495	570	645	730	820

* Posted speed prior to work starting

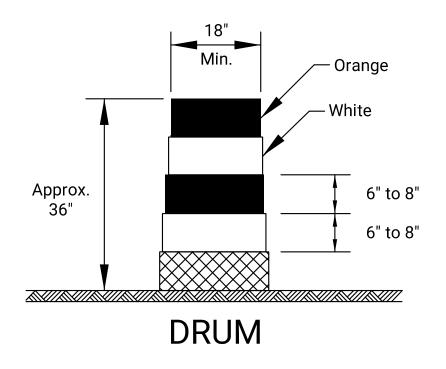
Neither work activity nor storage of equipment, vehicles, or material should occur in the buffer space. When a protection vehicle is placed in advance of the work space, only the space upstream of the vehicle constitutes the buffer space.

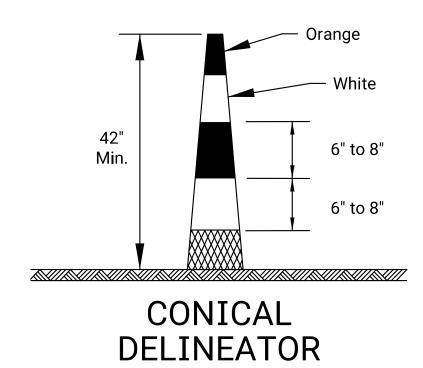
If temporary concrete safety barrier system is used to separate approaching traffic from the work space, the barrier system shall be considered part of the activity area. A full lane width should be available throughout the length of the buffer space. See typical work zone components above.

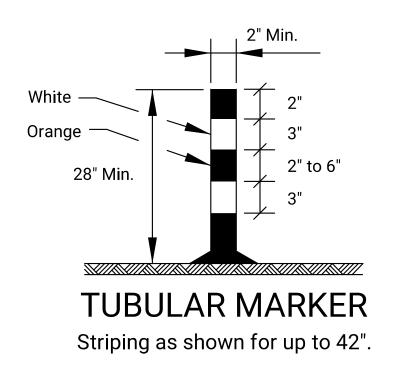
					i
02	03-13-18	W8-15p usage changed to Shall	R.W.B.	E.K.G.	ĺ
01	08-18-15	Channelizer spacing info	R.W.B.	K.E.	ĺ
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APP'D	
		KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
		TRAFFIC CONTROL GENERAL NOTES			Certified

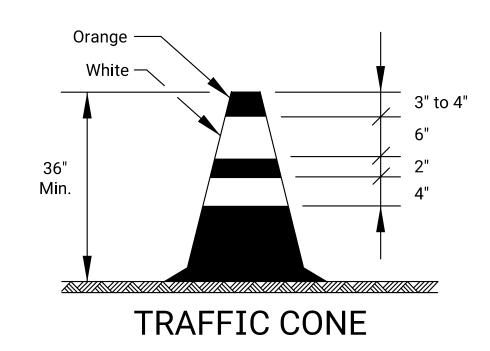
TE700 DESIGNED B.A.H. DETAILED R.W.B. QUANTITIES
DESIGN CK. DETAIL CK. OLIAN CK Eric Kocher TRACE CK.

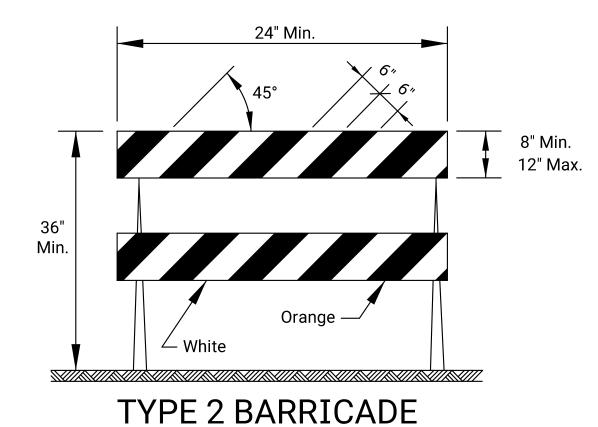
KDOT Graphics Certified 07-18-2022



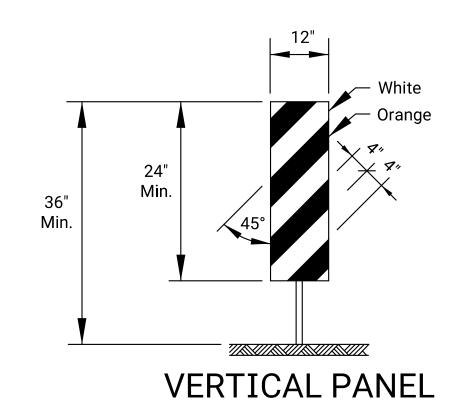




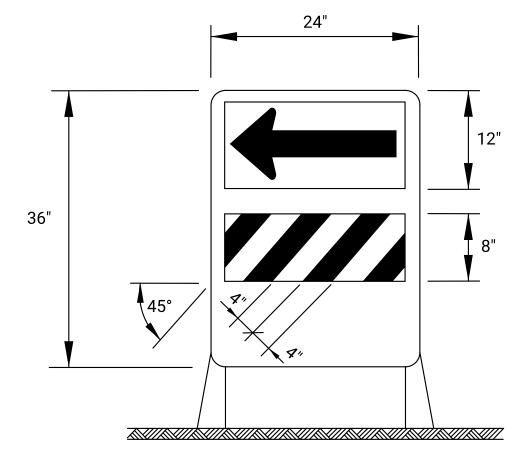




For rails less than 36" long, 4" wide stripes may be used. All stripes shall slope downward to the traffic side for channelization.

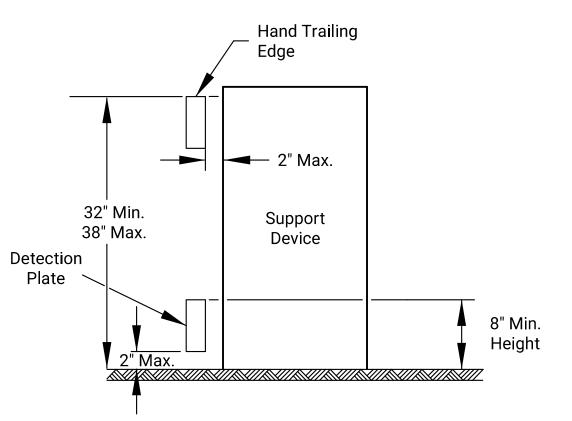


The stripes shall slope downward to the traffic side for channelization.



DIRECTION INDICATOR BARRICADE

The stripes shall slope downward in the direction traffic is to pass. The direction indicator barricade shall be used in series to direct the motorist into the intended lane of travel.

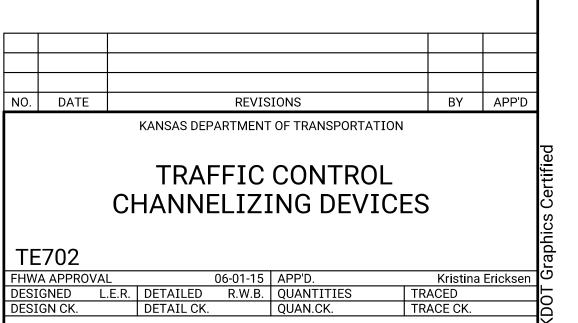


PEDESTRIAN CHANNELIZER

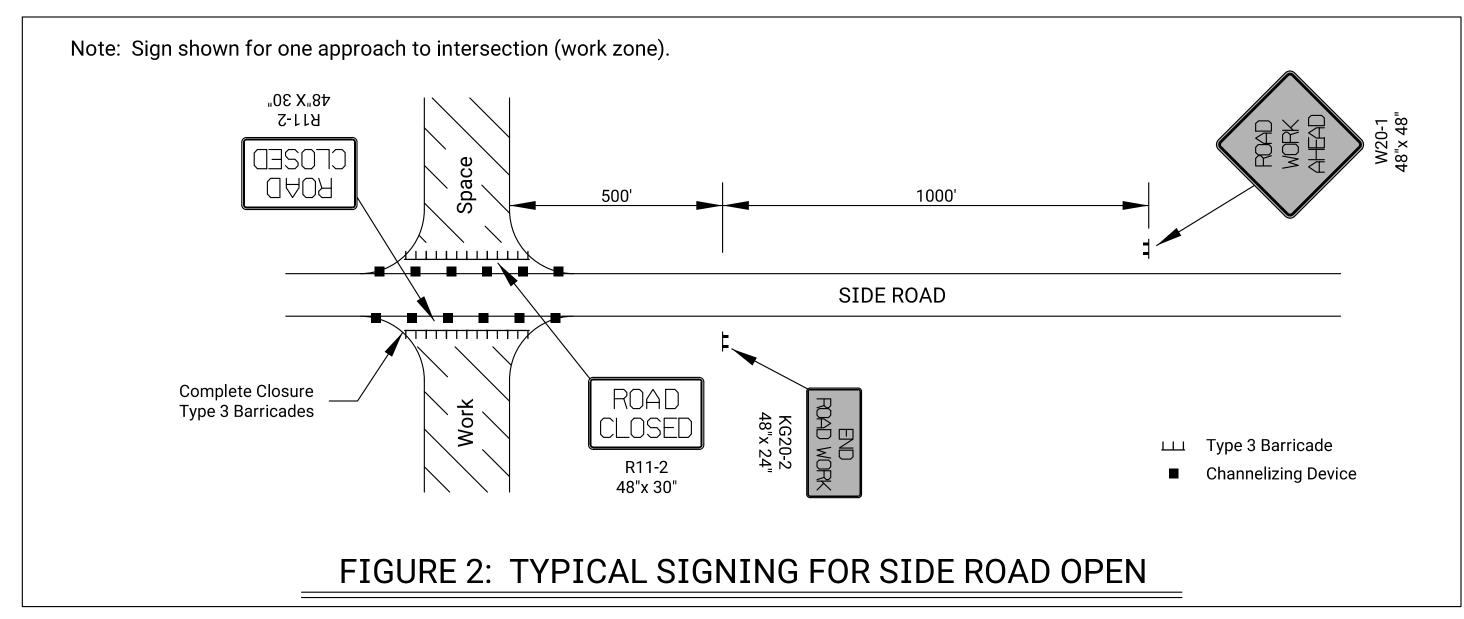
- 1. Support device shall not project beyond the detection plate into the pathway.
- 2. Hand trailing edges and detection plates are optional for continuous walls.
- 3. Interconnect pedestrian channelizers to prevent displacement
- and to provide continuous guidance through or around work.
- 4. Alternate pathways shall be firm, stable, and slip resistant.
- 5. Treat height differentials > 1/2" in the surfaces of alternate paths with a firm, stable, and slip resistant temporary ramp having a slope of 12:1 or flatter and having a width equal to the alternate path.
- 6. Use alternating orange/white on interconnected devices.

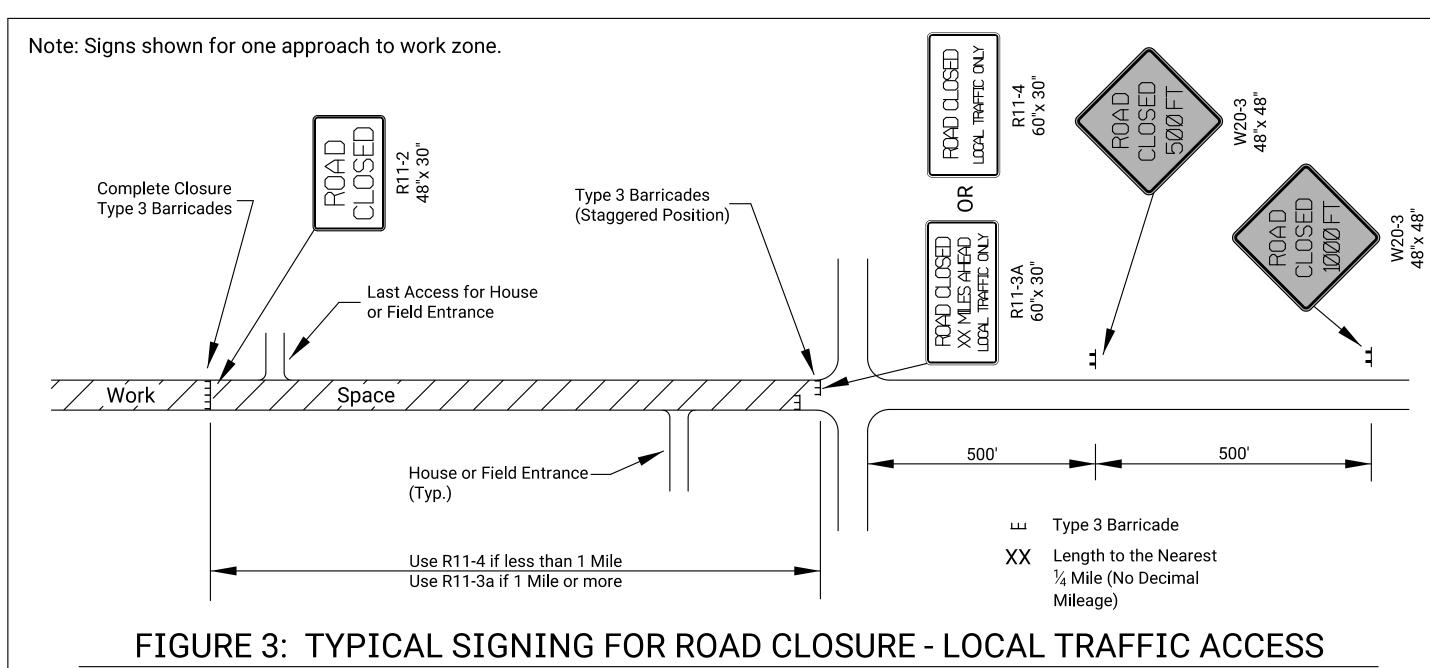
Item	Location	් ්	\$10,0% \$1	Uiversions 7 an	"Igents	Seer Per	\$000H	100 1 000 1		
Portable										
	Drums	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	(1)	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Conical Delineators	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	(1)	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Vertical Panels	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(1,2)	Yes	(2)	(2)
	Direction Indicator Barricade	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
	Type 2 Barricade	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	No	No	Yes	No	No
	Traffic Cones	No	No	(4)	(4)	(4)	No	(4)	(4)	(4)
Fixed										
	Tubular Markers	(3)	(3)	(3)	No	(3)	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
	Vertical Panels	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	Yes	(2,3)	(2)

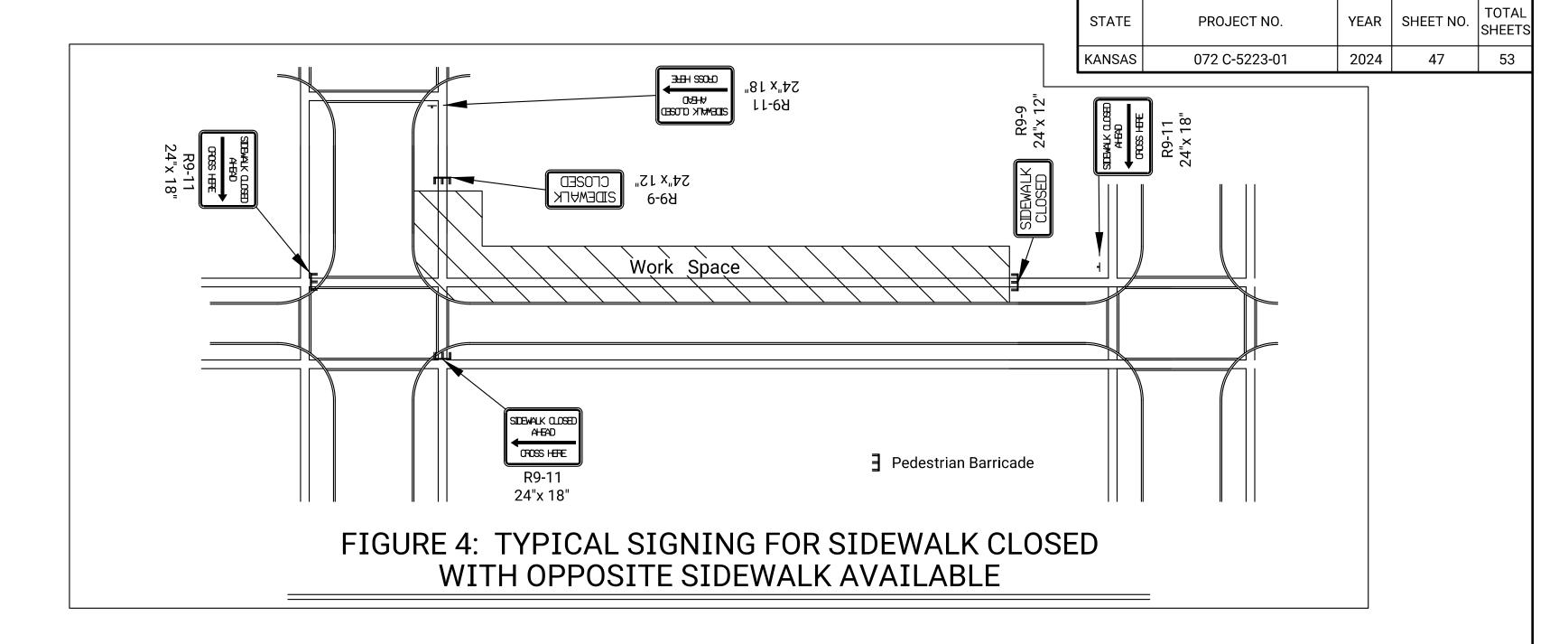
- (1) Not allowed on centerline delineation along freeways or expressways.
- (2) The stripes shall slope downward to the traffic side for channelization.
- (3) May be used upon the approval of the engineer.
- (4) Daytime operations only.

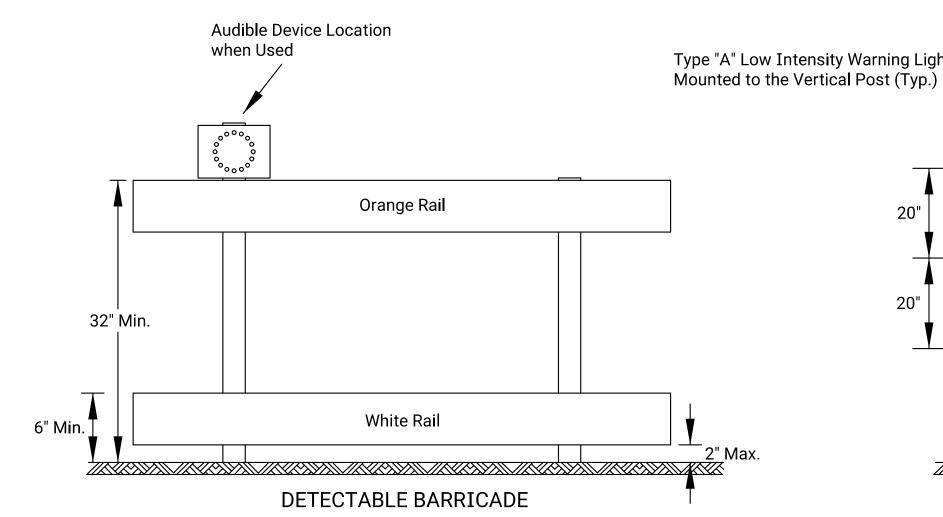


Plotted by : jbeckman 11-SEP-20

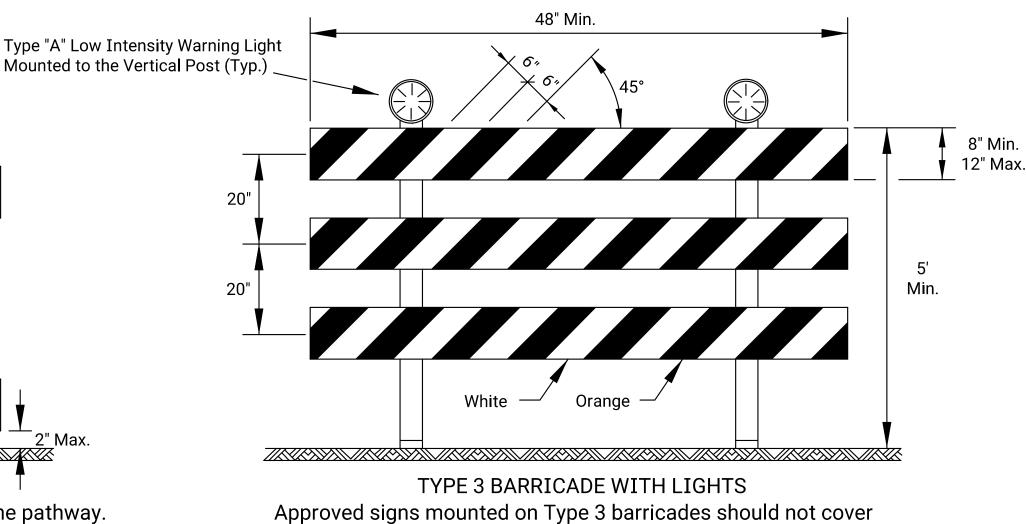








- 1. Support device shall not project beyond the detection plate into the pathway.
- 2. Barricades shall be used to close the entire width of the pathway.
- 3. Do not use warning lights on pedestrian barricades.
- 4. Do not use warning lights on audible devices.



more than 50% of the top two rails or 33% of the total area of the three rails.

When barricades are placed end-to-end or staggered, a Type "A" low intensity warning light shall be mounted to the vertical post near each outside corner of the end barricades.

ROAD CLOSED GENERAL NOTES

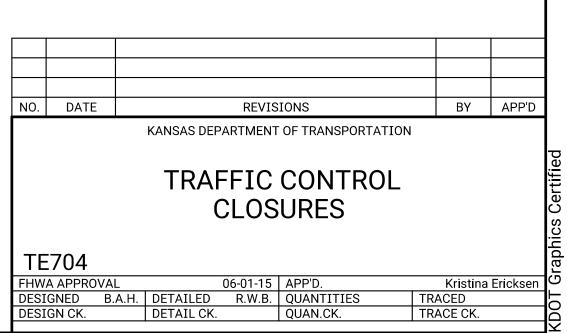
As shown in Figure 1, at the point where thru traffic must detour and local traffic can proceed to the location where the roadway is completely closed, the R11-3a (ROAD CLOSED # MILES AHEAD LOCAL TRAFFIC ONLY) or R11-4 (ROAD CLOSED LOCAL TRAFFIC ONLY or ROAD CLOSED TO THRU TRAFFIC) sign shall be used with Type 3 barricades (winged position), placed on the shoulders of roadway.

As shown in Figure 3, when local traffic must be allowed access into the work zone, Type 3 barricades shall be longitudinally staggered to maintain the appearance of a closed roadway. A second line of end-to-end Type 3 barricades shall be placed just beyond the last access point in the work zone, to completely close the roadway.

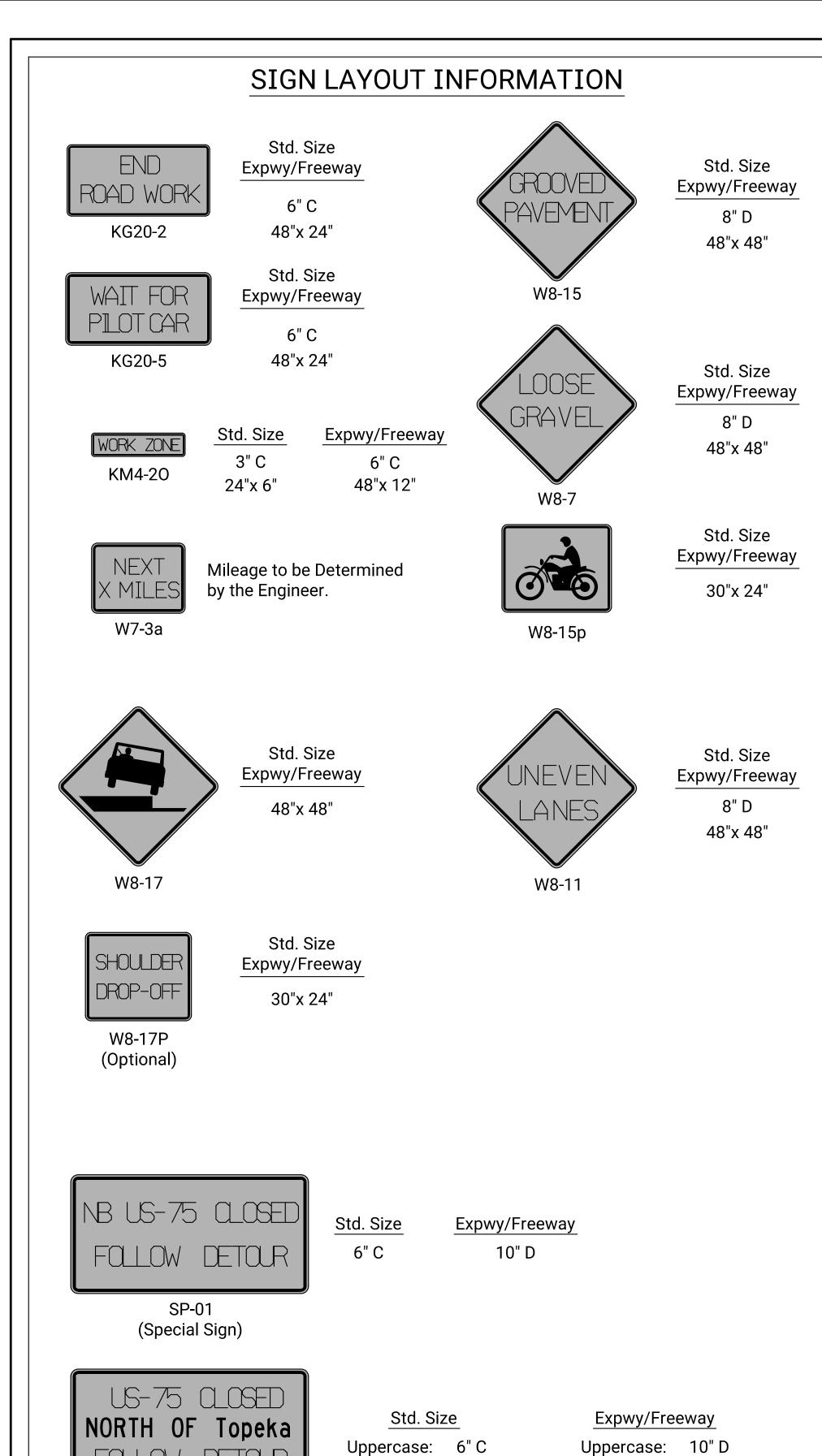
The R11-4 (ROAD CLOSED TO THRU TRAFFIC or ROAD CLOSED LOCAL TRAFFIC ONLY) sign shall be used when the distance to the point of complete closure of the roadway is less than 1 mile.

The R11-3a (ROAD CLOSED # MILES AHEAD LOCAL TRAFFIC ONLY) sign shall be used when the distance to the point of complete closure of the roadway is 1 mile or greater.

The words "BRIDGE OUT" (or BRIDGE CLOSED) may be substituted for the words "ROAD CLOSED" on the R11-3a or R11-4 sign where applicable.



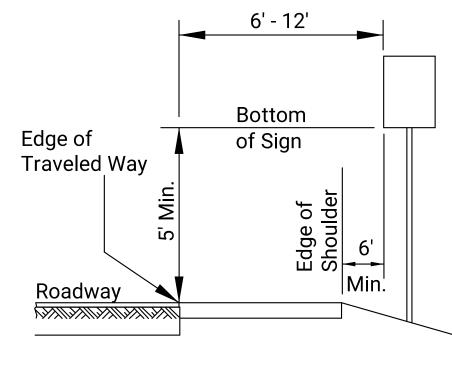
lotted by : jbeck



Lowercase: 4.5" C

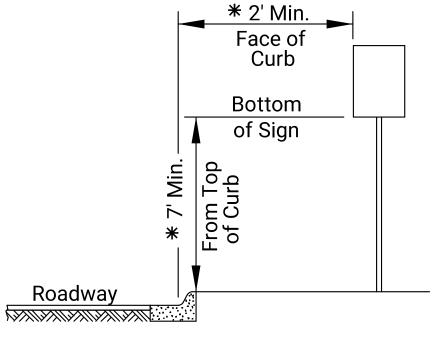
All city names and street names on special signs and destination signs must have upper and lower case letters.

Lowercase: 8" D



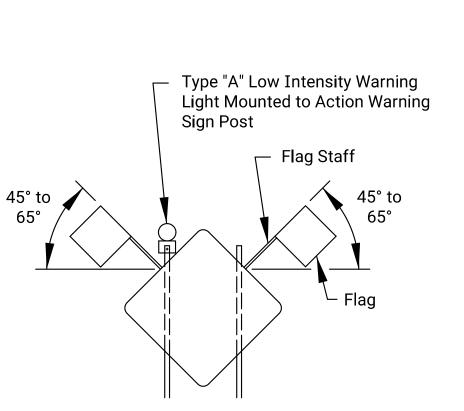
RURAL

- 1) Ground-mounted signs shall be mounted at a minimum height of 5' measured from the bottom of sign to the near edge of the pavement.
- 2) Large signs having an area exceeding 50 square feet installed on multiple breakaway posts shall be mounted a minimum of 7' above the ground.
- 3) The height of the secondary sign mounted below another sign may be 4' measured from the bottom of the sign to the near edge of the pavement. Signs shall not overlap each other.



URBAN

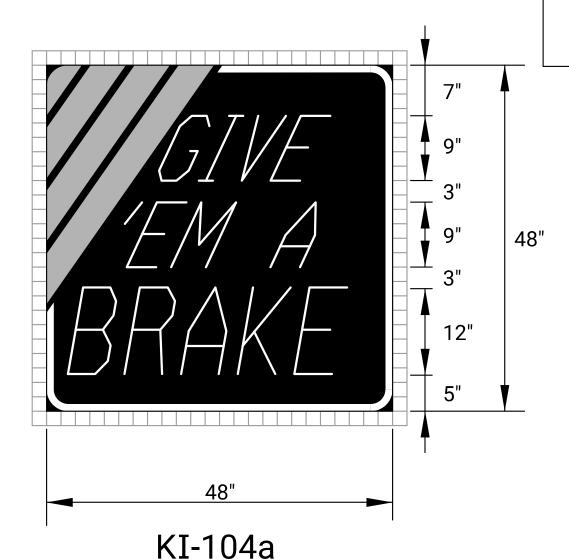
- 1) Signs shall be mounted at a minimum height of 7' measured from the bottom of sign to the near edge of the pavement.
- 2) Neither portable nor permanent sign supports should be located on sidewalks or areas designated for pedestrian or bicycle traffic.
- 3) Signs mounted lower than 7' should not project more than 4" into pedestrian facilities.
- 4) The height from of the secondary sign mounted below another sign may be 6' measured from the bottom of sign to the near edge of the pavement. Signs shall not overlap each other.
- 5) Large signs having an area exceeding 50 square feet installed on multiple breakaway posts shall be mounted a minimum of 7' above the ground.
- * 6) Pedestrian detour signing shall be a minimum of 2' measured from the top of the pedestrian pathway to the bottom of the sign and shall not protrude into the walkway nor shall it project beyond the back of curb.



When the sign width is equal to or greater than 9', three or more wood posts may be used with a minimum of 4' between the centerline of each post. All signs less than 9' in width shall use a maximum of two wood posts.

In the case of hitting rock when driving posts

- 1. Shift the sign location. Do not violate minimum sign spacing.
- 2. With the engineer's approval, use acceptable alternative sign stands.



Sign Number	GIVE EM A BRAKE
Width x Height	4'-0" x 4'-0"
Border Width	1.0"
Corner Radius	4.0"
Stripe Width	3.0"
Mounting	Ground
Background	Type: Non-Reflective
	Color: Black
Legend/Border	Type: Reflective
	Color: White
Legend Font	Dutch 801 Roman SWC
	25 Degree Slant
Stripes	Type: Reflective
	Color: Orange

PROJECT NO.

072 C-5223-01

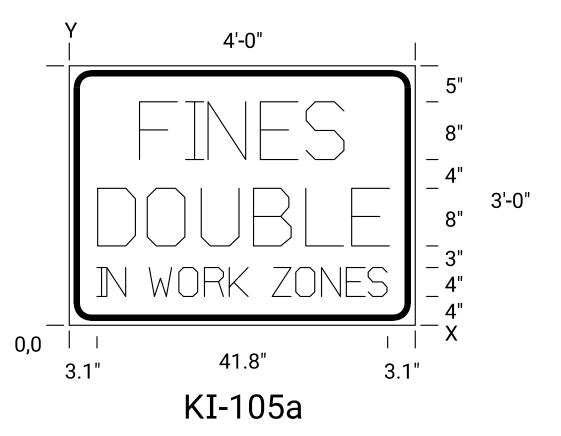
STATE

KANSAS

YEAR SHEET NO. SHEETS

48

2024



Sign Number	FINES DOUBLE
Width x Height	4'-0" x 3'-0"
Border Width	0.9"
Corner Radius	3.0"
Mounting	Ground
Background	Type: Reflective
	Color: White
Legend/Border	Type: Non-Reflective
	Color: Black

Dimensions in inches

Spacings are to start of next letter

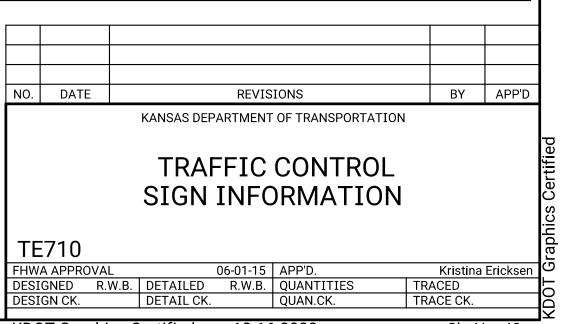
											•					
Y FONT	Γ					LE	TTE	ER S	PAC	CIN	GS					HT LEN
23.0	X	F	I	N	Ε	S										8.0
D	9.7	6.4	3.2	7.3	6.4	5.4	9.7									28.6
11.0	X	D	0	U	В	L	Е									8.0
D	3.9	6.9	7.5	7.3	7.3	6.4	4.9	3.9								40.3
4.0	X	I	N		W	0	R	K		Z	0	Ν	Е	S		4.0
D	3.1	1.6	2.7	3.2	4.3	3.8	3.6	2.8	3.2	3.4	3.8	3.6	3.2	2.7	3.1	41.8

Notes:

Typically, there are two sets of informational signs installed per project: one for each direction of traffic.

Install signs a minimum of 500' in advance of the road work ahead sign. The engineer may designate a more appropriate location if conditions dictate.

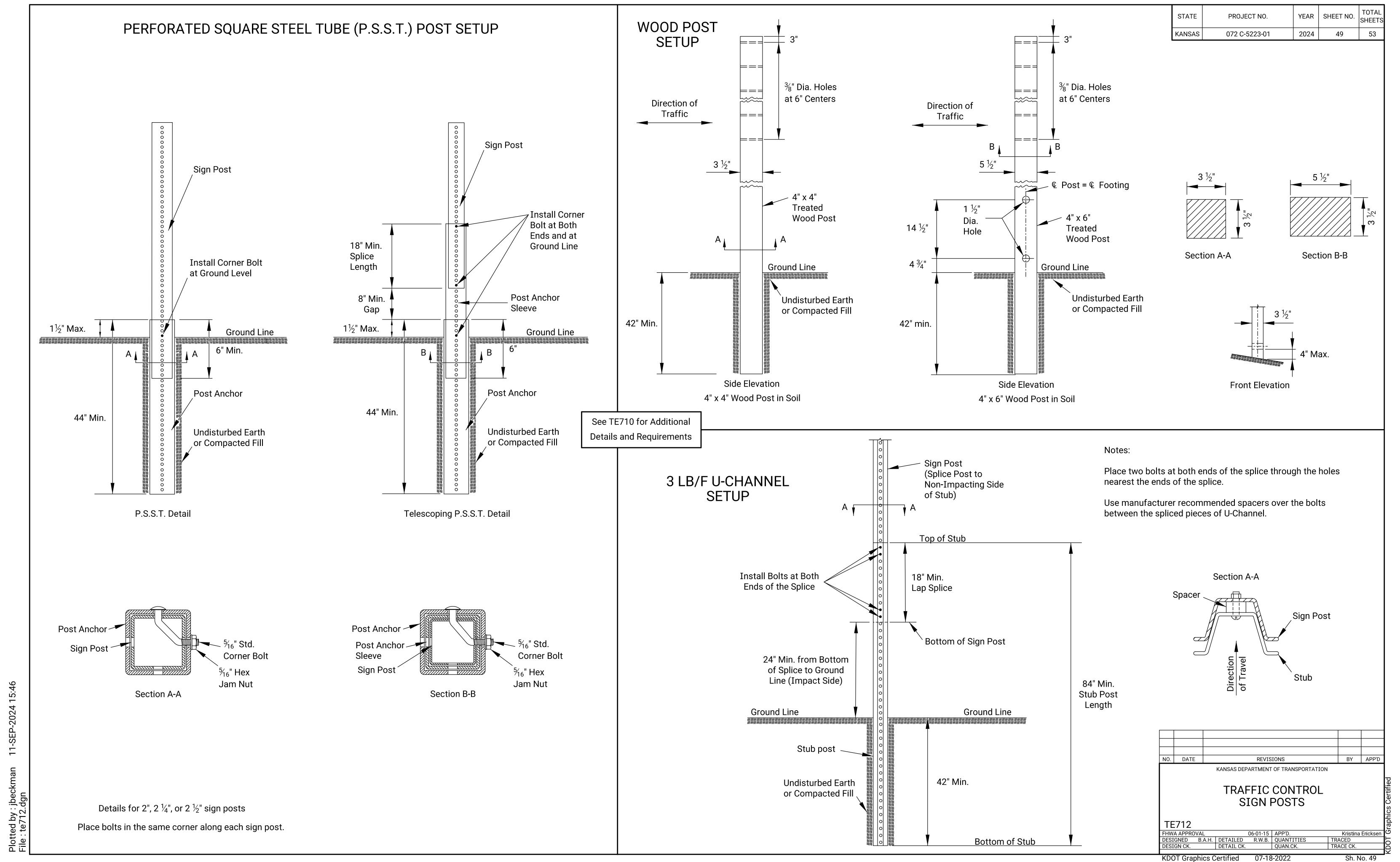
The informational signs are not to interfere with the traffic control signs for the project.



FOLLOW DETOUR

SP-02

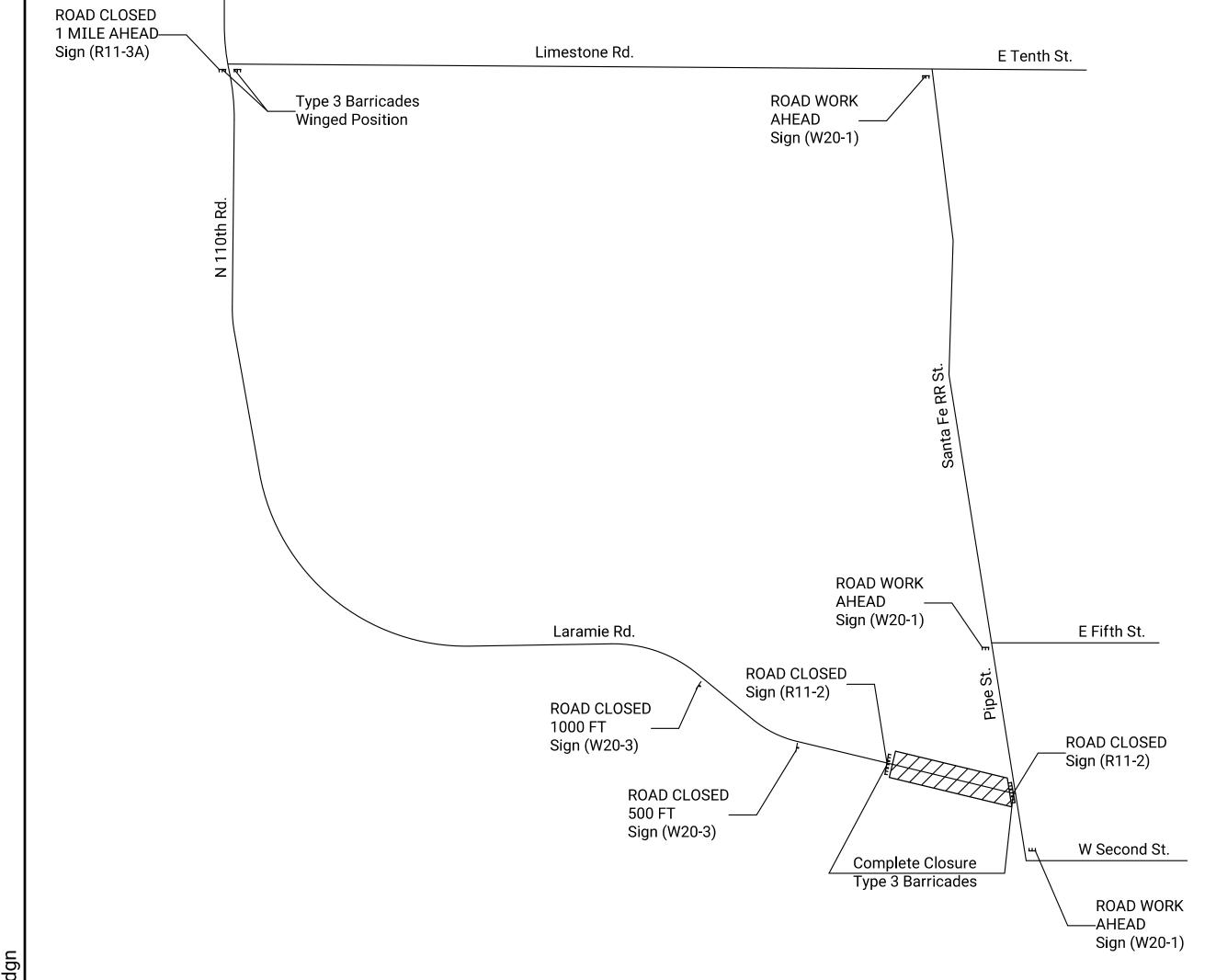
(Special Sign)



KDOT Graphics Certified 07-18-2022

SUMMARY OF TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (EACH)

Work Zone Sign (Special)												
Sign No.	16.25 Sq.Ft. & Less	16.26 Sq.Ft. & Over										



SUMMARY OF TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (EACH PER DAY)

* Quantity most used on the project at any one time

	Work Zo	ne Signs 🔺	
Sign No.		Size - Sq.Ft.	
	0-9.25	9.26-16.25	16.26 & Over
W20-7		2	
R11-3A		1	
R11-2		2	
W20-1		3	
W20-3		2	
	1	I	I

Barrio	cades *	Cha	nnelizing De	vices *
Type 3 (4' to 12')	Type 3 (4' to 12') Pedestrian		Portable	Pedestrian
8				

Lighted Devices *	
Work Zone Warning Light (Type "A" Low Intensity)	6
Work Zone Warning Light (Red Type "B" High Intensity)	
Arrow Display	
Portable Changeable Message Sign	

STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
CANSAS	072 C-5223-01	2024	50	53

Item	Quantity	Unit
Work Zone Signs (0 to 9.25 Sq.Ft.)	Quantity	Each Per Day
Work Zone Signs (0-10-9.23 Sq.Ft.)		Each Per Day
Work Zone Signs (16.26 Sq.Ft. & Over)		Each Per Day
Work Zone Barricades (Type 3 - 4' to 12')		Each Per Day
Work Zone Barricades (Type 3 4 to 12) Work Zone Barricades (Pedestrian)		Each Per Day
Channelizer (Fixed)		Each Per Day
Channelizer (Portable)		Each Per Day
Channelizer (Pedestrian)		Each Per Day
Work Zone Warning Light (Type "A" Low Intensity)		Each Per Day
Work Zone Warning Light (Red Type "B" High Intensity)		Each Per Day
Arrow Display		Each Per Day
Portable Changeable Message Sign		Each Per Day
Pavement Marking (Temporary)		
4" Solid (Type I)		Sta./Line
4" Solid (Type II)		Sta./Line
4" Broken (8.0') (Type I)		Sta./Line
4" Broken (8.0') (Type II)		Sta./Line
4" Broken (3.0') (Type I)		Sta./Line
4" Broken (3.0') (Type II)		Sta./Line
4" Dotted Extension (Type I)		Sta./Line
4" Dotted Extension (Type II)		Sta./Line
Solid (Line Masking Tape)		Sta./Line
Broken (Line Masking Tape)		Sta./Line
Symbol (Type I)		Each
Symbol (Type II)		Each
Flexible Raised Pavement Marker (4" Broken (8.0'))		Sta./Line
Flexible Raised Pavement Marker (4" Broken (3.0'))		Sta./Line
Pavement Marking Removal		Lin. Ft.
Work Zone Sign (Special) (16.25 Sq. Ft. & Less)		Each
Work Zone Sign (Special) (16.26 Sq. Ft. & More)		Each
Rigid Raised Pavement Marker (Type I)		Each
Rigid Raised Pavement Marker (Type II)		Each
Traffic Signal Installation (Temporary)		Lump Sum
		•
Traffic Control (Initial Set Up)	Lump Cum	Lump Sum
Traffic Control Flagger (Set Price)	Lump Sum	Lump Sum Hour
riagger (Set Frice)	I	rioui

NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APP'D
		KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		
		TRAFFIC CONTROL		

SUMMARY OF DEVICES RECAPITULATION OF QUANTITIES

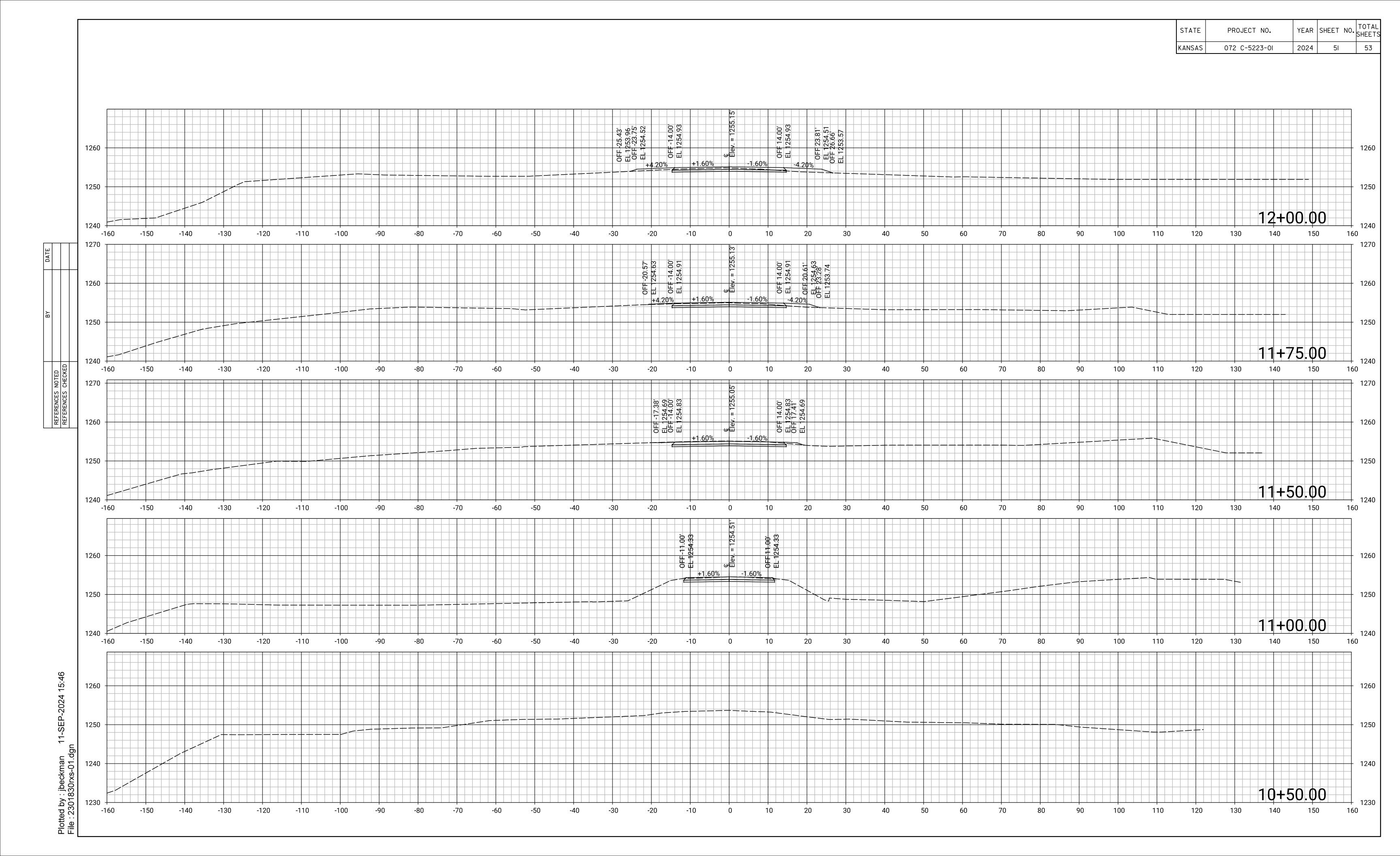
TE795

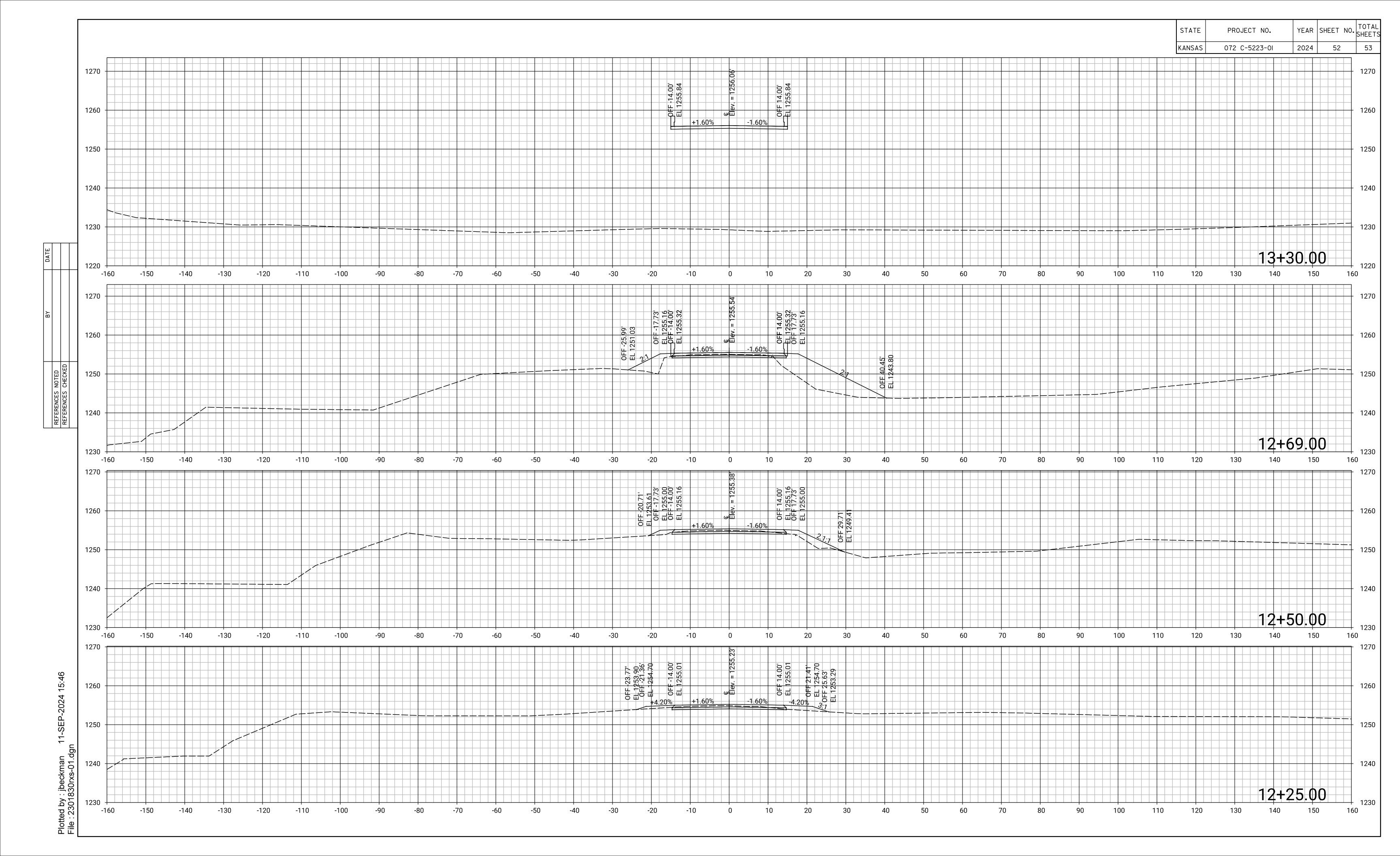
FHWA APPROVAL 06-01-15 APP'D.

DESIGNED B.A.H. DETAILED R.W.B. QUANTITIES

DESIGN CK. DETAIL CK. QUAN.CK. Kristina Ericksen
TRACED
TRACE CK.

KDOT Graphics Certified 07-18-2022





																	ATE PROJECT	
1260																		14+11 00
1250 -160	-150 -140	-130 -120	-110 -10	-90	-80 -70	-60	-50 -40	OFF-17.52' OFF-14.00' EL 1256.44 +	0	OFF 14.00' OFF 17.16' OFF 17.16' OFF 17.16'	40	50 60	70	80 9		110	120 130	140 150
-160 1270 ————————————————————————————————————	-150 -140	-130 -120	-110 -10	00 -90	-80 -70	-60	-50 -40	EL 1255.81 EL 1255.81 EL 1256.36 +	0 	008-1- 00	40	50 60	70	80 9	0 100	110		140 150 13+91.00