

STATE	PROJECT NUMBER	Year	Sheet No.	Total Sheets
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	1	56
Fed. Proj. No. STP-C521(901) Co. Br. No. 19-A.2				

STATE OF KANSAS  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
PLAN AND PROFILE OF PROPOSED  
9 C-5219-01

FEDERAL AID PROJECT  
CHASE COUNTY

GRADING  
BRIDGE  
SURFACING (AB-3)  
SEEDING

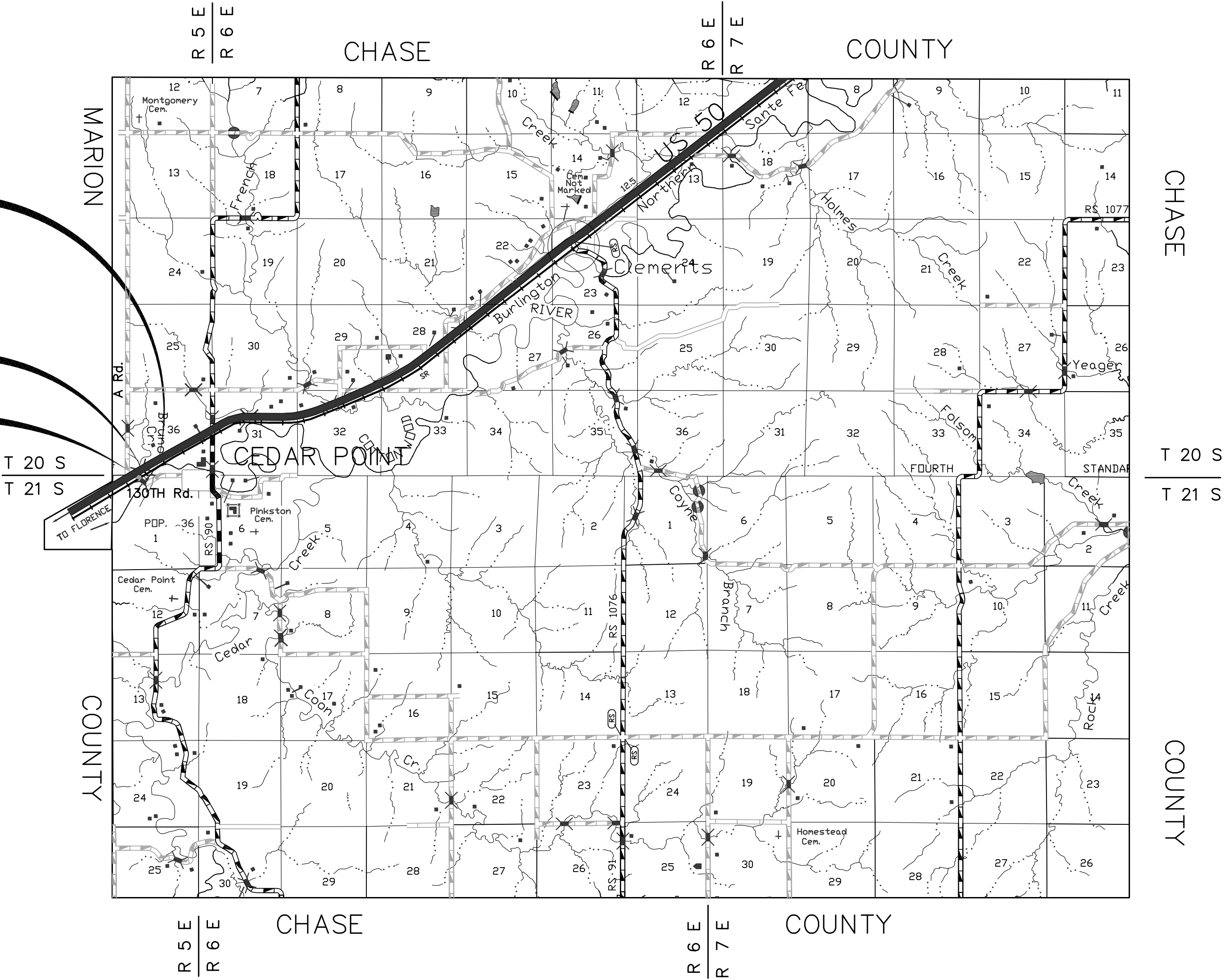
INDEX OF SHEETS

- 1 ..... TITLE SHEET
- 2 ..... TYPICAL GRADING SECTION
- 3-4 ..... PLAN & PROFILE SHEET
- 5-9 ..... GUARDRAIL DETAILS
- 10 ..... SUMMARY OF BRIDGE QUANTITIES & NOTES
- 11 ..... CONTOUR MAP
- 12 ..... CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT
- 13-25 ..... BRIDGE DETAILS
- 26 ..... BRIDGE EXCAVATION (LRFD)
- 27 ..... STANDARD PILE DETAILS
- 28 ..... SUPPORTS & SPACERS FOR REINFORCEMENT STEEL
- 29 ..... SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES
- 30-39 ..... TEMPORARY EROSION & POLLUTION CONTROL DETAILS
- 40 ..... SUMMARY OF SEEDING QUANTITIES
- 41-45 ..... TRAFFIC CONTROL DETAILS
- 46 ..... TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
- 47-56 ..... CROSS SECTIONS

Sta. 61+00; END  
KDOT PROJECT NO.  
9 C-5219-01

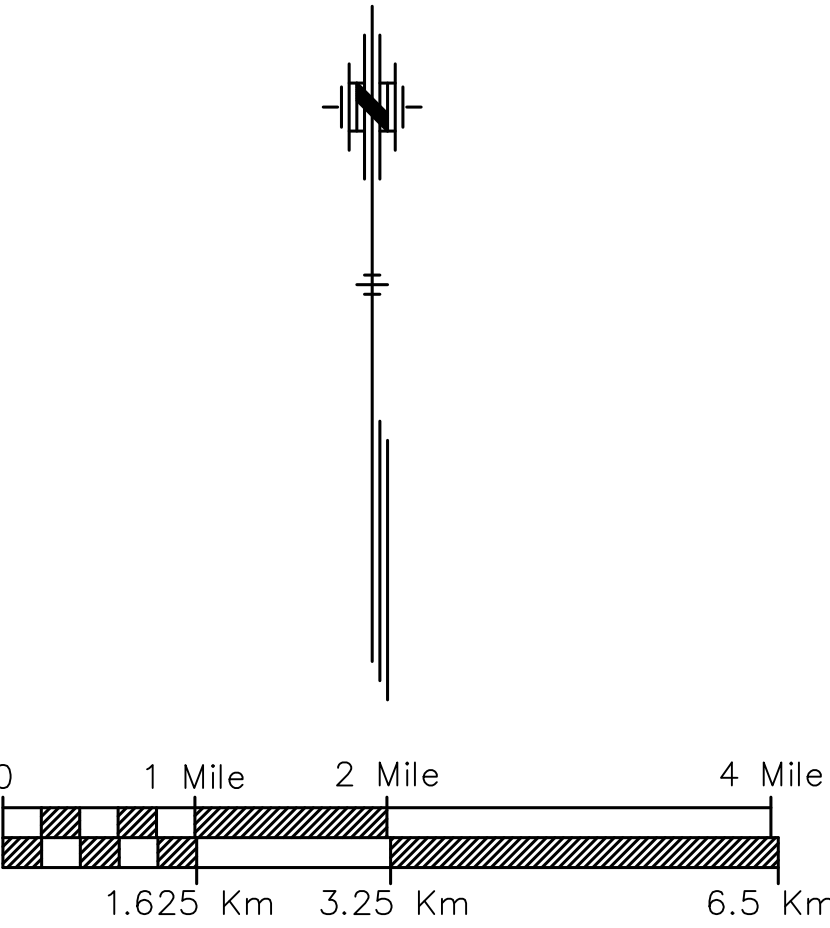
Sta. 55+95; CONST  
Br. No. 000090875205401  
60'-80'-60' Prestressed  
Beam Spans  
26'-0" Roadway, 0' Skew

Sta. 49+50; BEGIN  
KDOT PROJECT NO.  
9 C-5219-01



DESIGN DESIGNATION

AADT 150 (2023)  
AADT 180 (2043)  
DHV  
D  
T  
V 30 mph  
C of A  
Clear Zone 10'



CONVENTIONAL SIGNS

COUNTY LINE	-----	CENTER LINE OF PROJECT	-----
CITY LIMITS	=====	TERRACE	-----
STATE or NATIONAL LINE	-----	CULVERTS	-----
TOWNSHIP, SECTION or GRANT LINE	-----	DROP INLET & STORM SEWER	-----
PROPERTY LINE	-----	ACCESS CONTROL	-----
HIGHWAY FENCE	-----	POWER POLE	-----
EXISTING FENCE	-----	TELEPHONE POLE	-----
GUARD FENCE	-----	MARSH	-----
CONSTRUCTION LIMITS	-----	HEDGE	-----
RIGHT OF WAY LINE	-----	TREES	-----
TRAVELED WAY	-----	PROFILE ELEVATION	-----
RAILROADS	-----	STREAM or CREEK	-----

GROSS LENGTH OF PROJECT 1,150.00 FT. = 0.218 MILE  
EXCEPTIONS FT. = MILE

NET LENGTH OF PROJECT 1,150.00 FT. = 0.218 MILE  
NET LENGTH OF BRIDGES 203.0 FT. = 0.038 MILE  
NET LENGTH OF ROAD 947.0 FT. = 0.180 MILE

Note: Road Shall Be Closed To Thru  
Traffic During Construction.

RECOM. FOR APPROVAL-DATE  
*[Signature]* 6-24-2024  
Road Supervisor 2024

PLANS PREPARED BY:

**CFS ENGINEERS**

BRIDGE GRADING

*[Signatures and Stamps]*

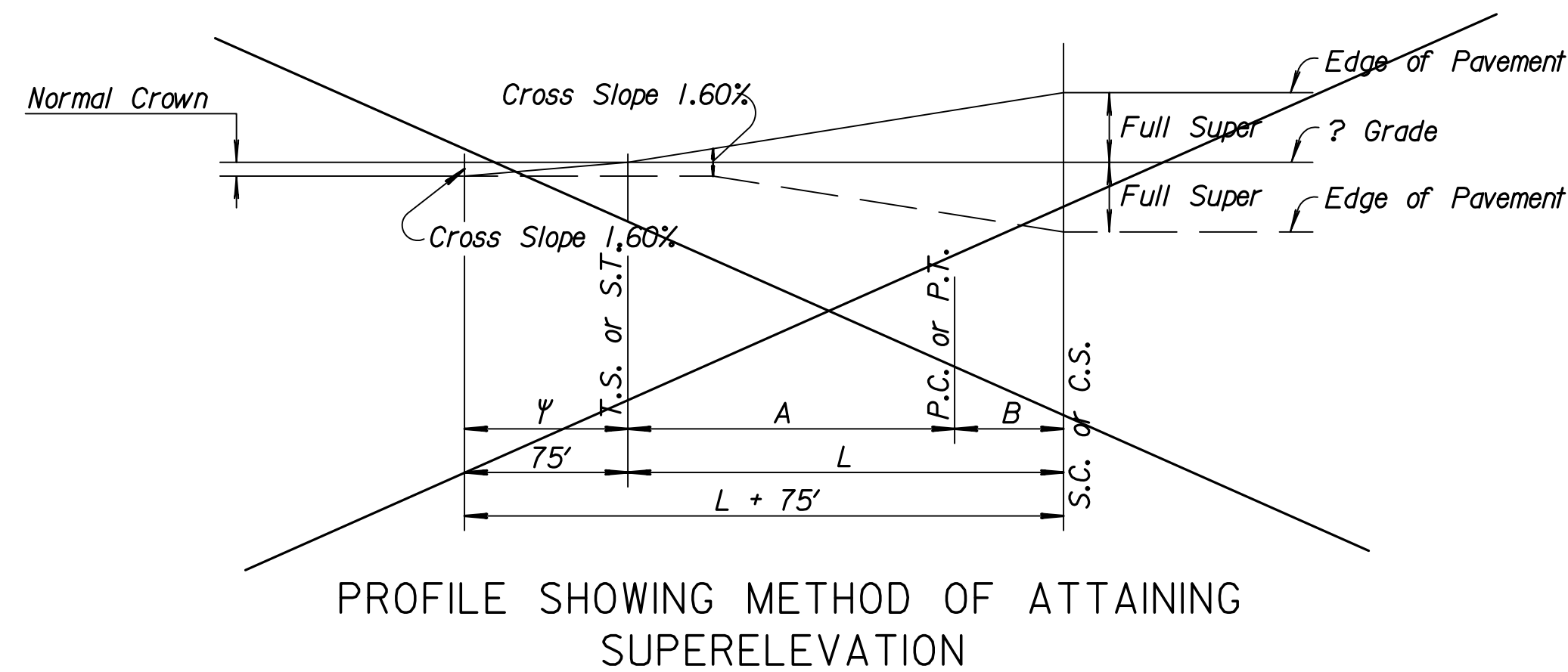
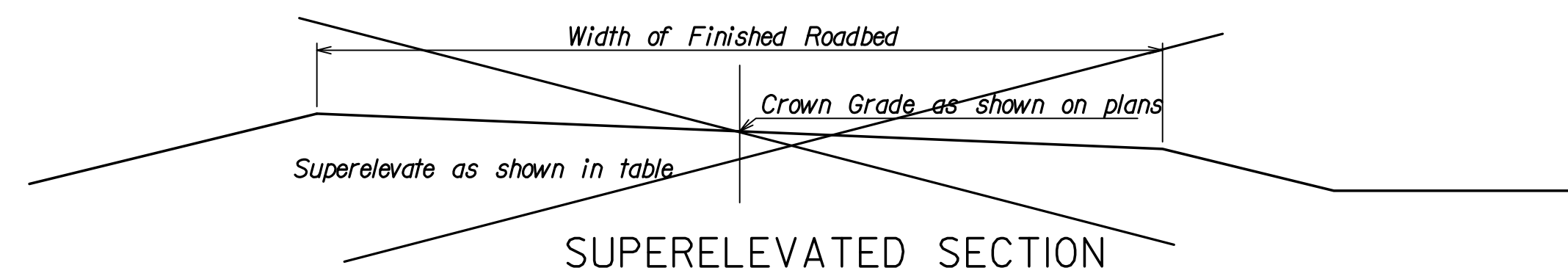
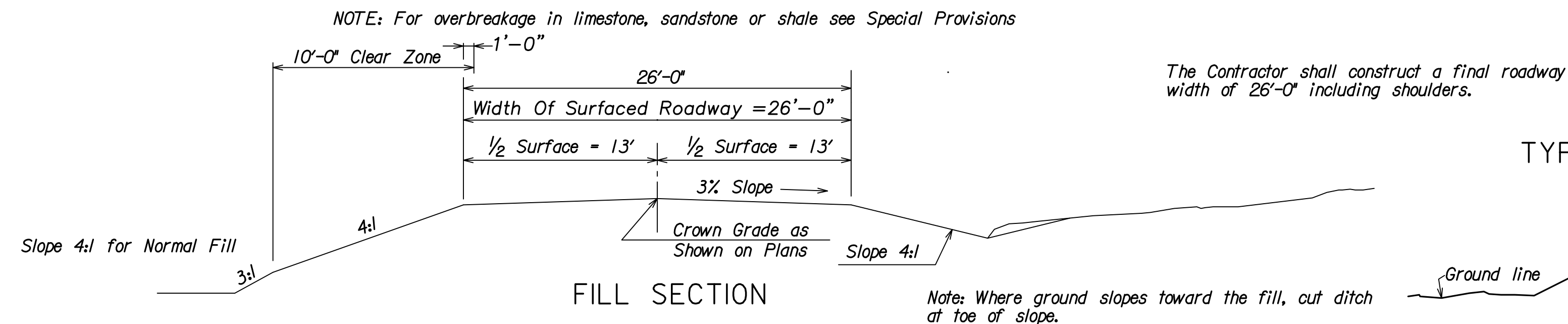
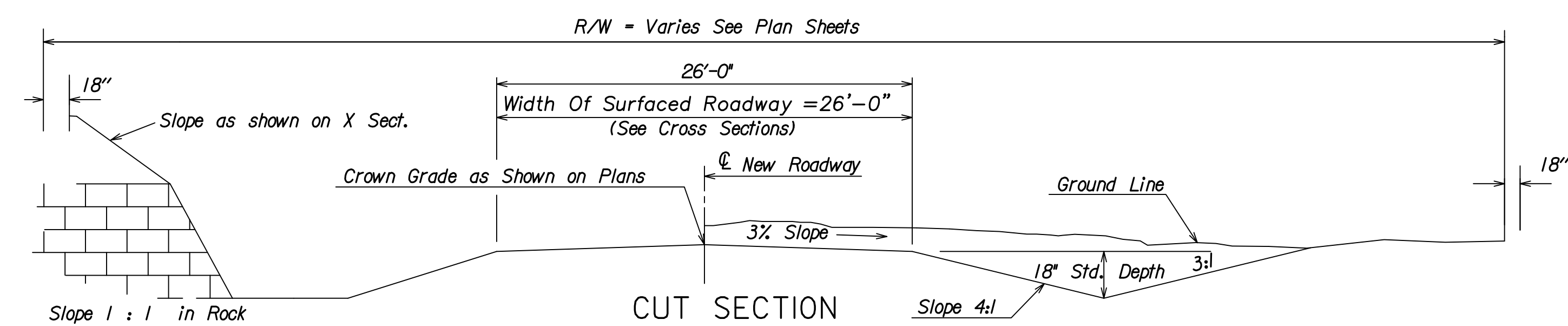
Approved: Sep 11, 2024  
Date

*[Signature]*  
State Transportation Engineer

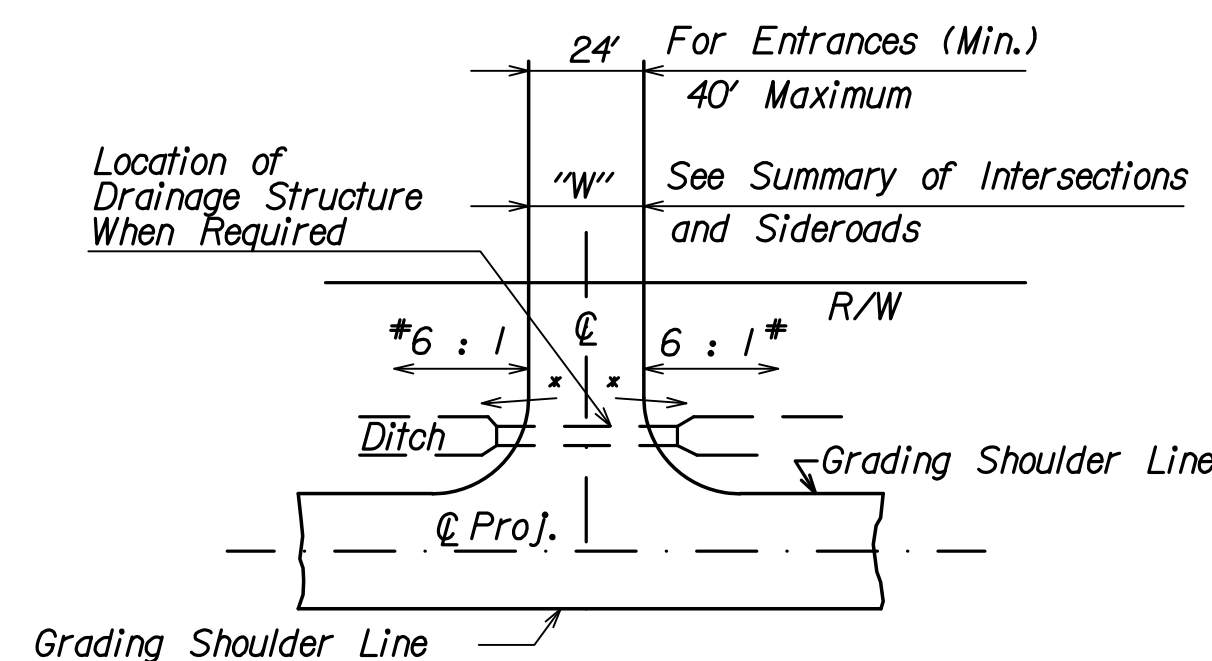
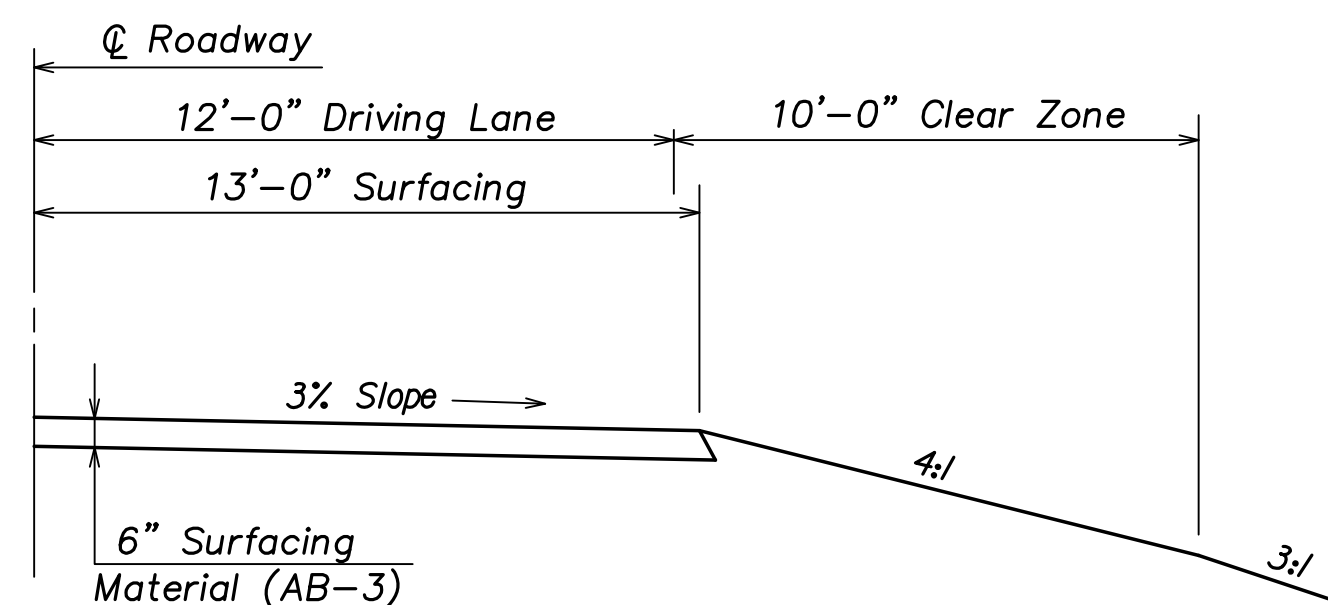
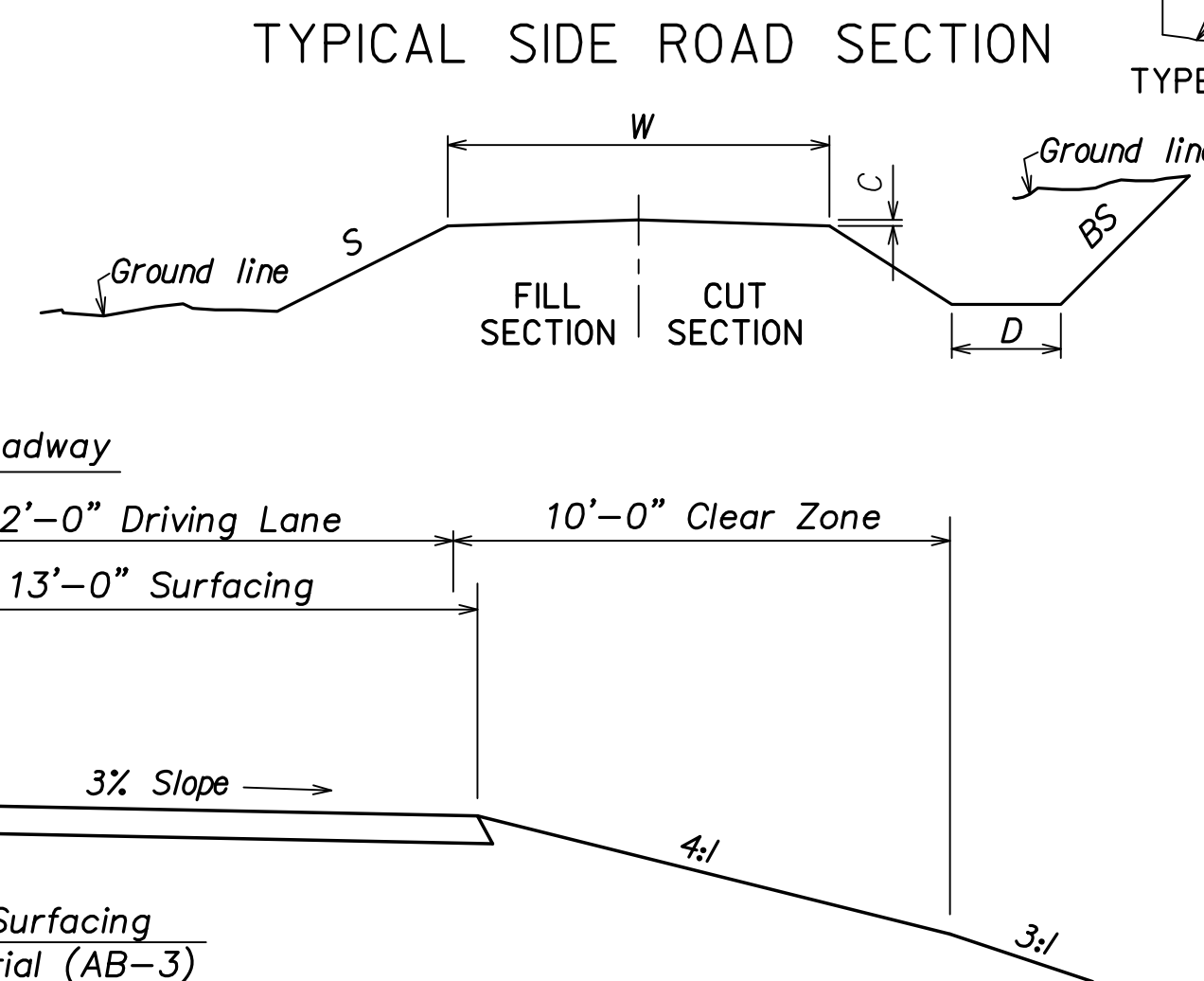
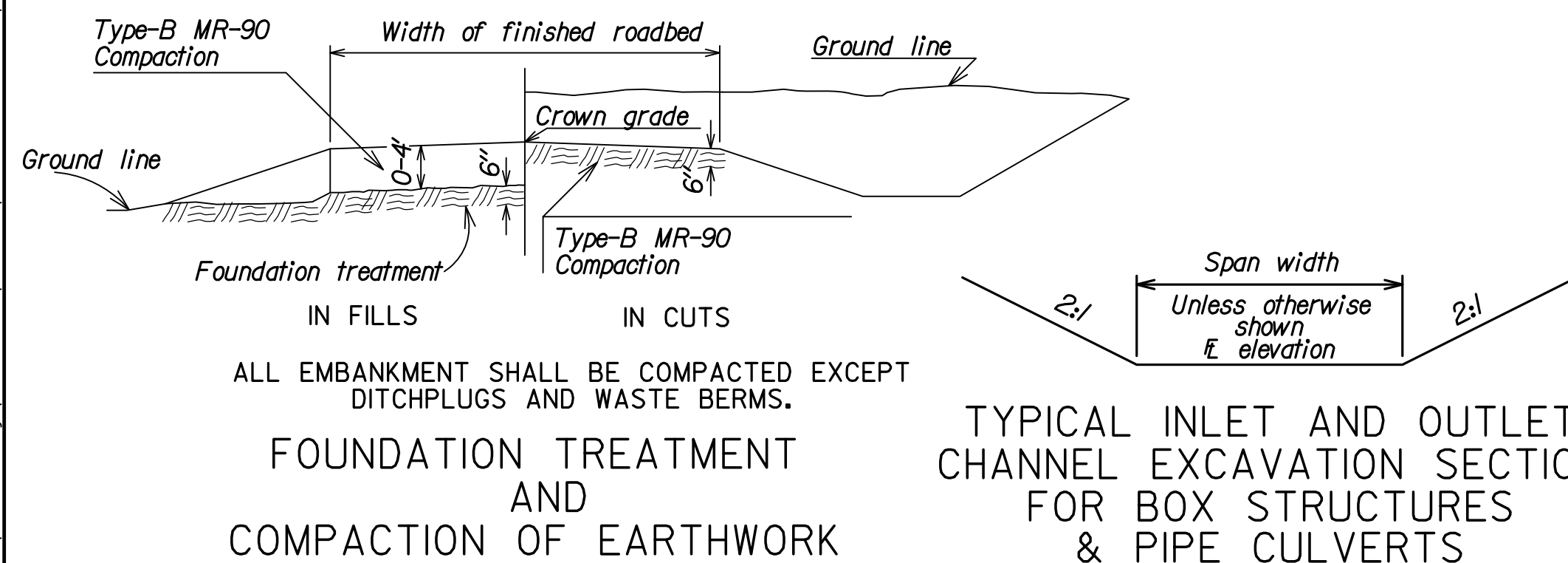
By: *[Signature]*  
Interim Chief, Bureau of Local Projects

KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION





Sta. P.I. Curve	Radius	Design Speed	Super %	Transition - (Lim.Ft.)		
				L	A	B



## TYPICAL SIDE ROAD OR ENTRANCE DETAIL

\* On side roads and entrances which slope toward the roadway, construct a low point approx. 6" deep to divert surface drainage into the roadway ditch.

\* On ditch plugs and side roads or entrances without drainage structures use 8 : 1 slopes where feasible.

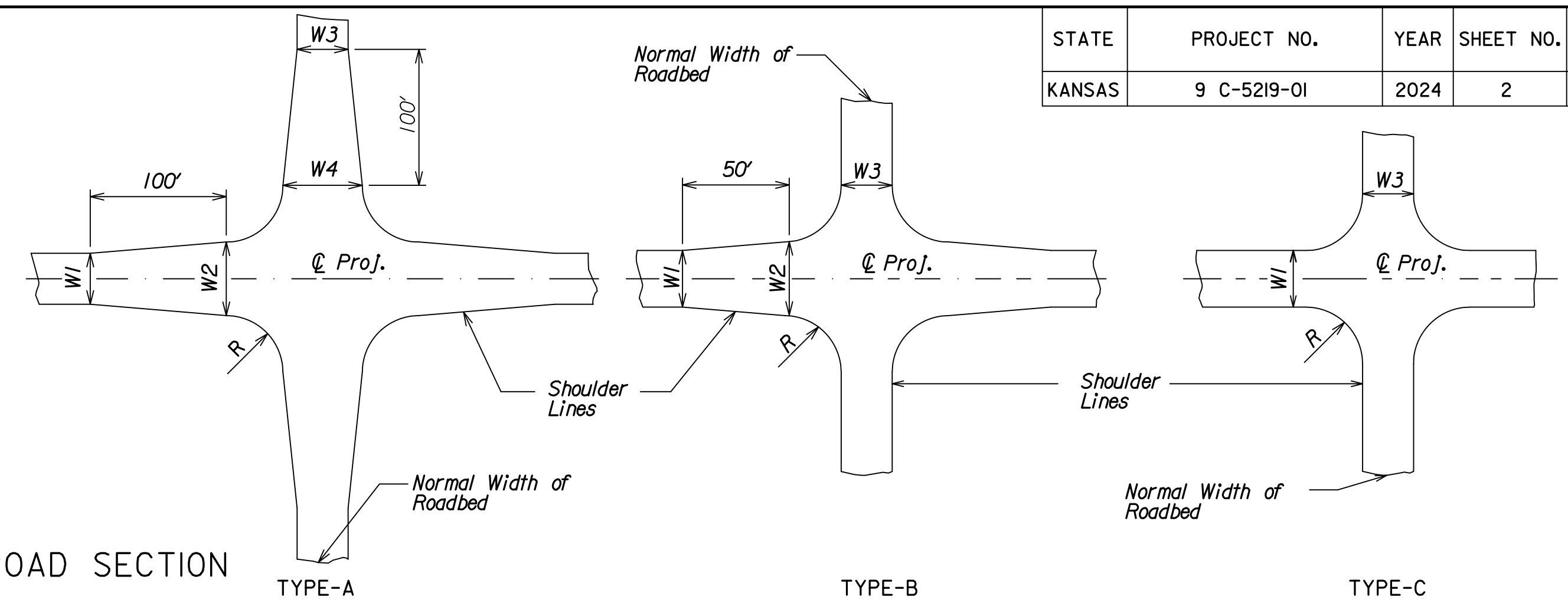
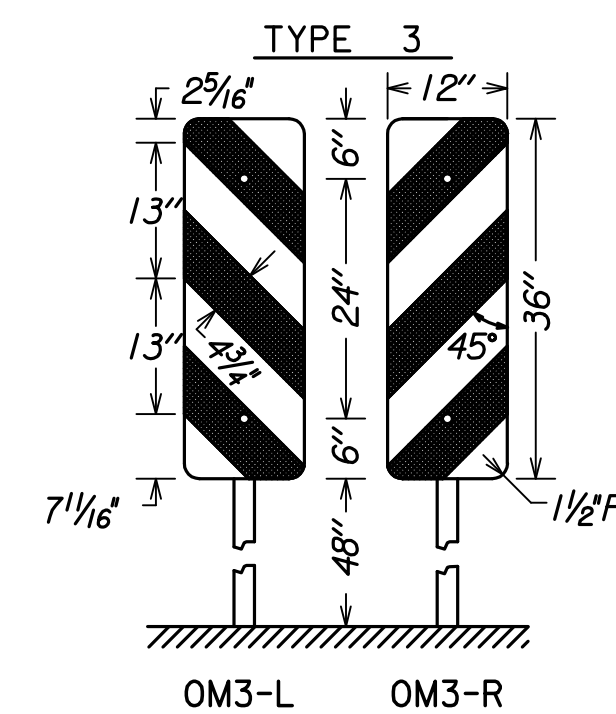
GENERAL NOTES

*All signs shown on the plans, and other signs furnished and installed by the LPA with their own forces and funds will be installed in conformance with the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (latest edition).*

*LPA to furnish all easements and additional right of way (unless otherwise noted).*

*Public and private utility facilities will be adjusted by others as needed to fit the new construction unless noted otherwise on the plans or in the proposal.*

Refer to KDOT Standard Drawing No. BR 100 for excavation limits for constructing box culverts.

[illegible]

SUMMARY OF OBJECT MARKERS AND SIGNS						
STATION TO STATION	SIDE	TYPE OF STRUCT.	TYPE OF SIGN	OBJECT MARKER		REMARKS
				TYPE	NO.	
Sta. 55+95	Lt.	Sp. Br.		OM-3L	2	Ø @ Lt. Br. Quads.
Sta. 55+95	Rt.	Sp. Br.		OM-3R	2	Ø @ Rt. Br. Quads.
TOTAL					4	
Ø As you face bridge end from approach						
* Back-to-Back [Sign(s) on Both Sides of Post]						

7	01-08-15	Revised superelevation diagram, updated misc. notes.	TLS	RJS
6	11-9-04	Changed 'Culvert' to 'Structure'	DMK	RJS
5	12-1-03	Rem. Delin's/Add Typ. Sect./Changed OM notes	DMK	RJS
4	5-14-03	Rev. Contractor note in Gen. Notes	DMK	RJS
NO.		REVISIONS	BY	APP'D

## TYPICAL GRADING SECTION

~~LP907~~

FHWA APPROVAL		APP'D.		RJS	
DESIGNED	DETAILED	TLS	QUANTITIES	TRACED	
DESIGN CK.	DETAIL CK.	RJS	QUAN.CK.	TRACE CK.	

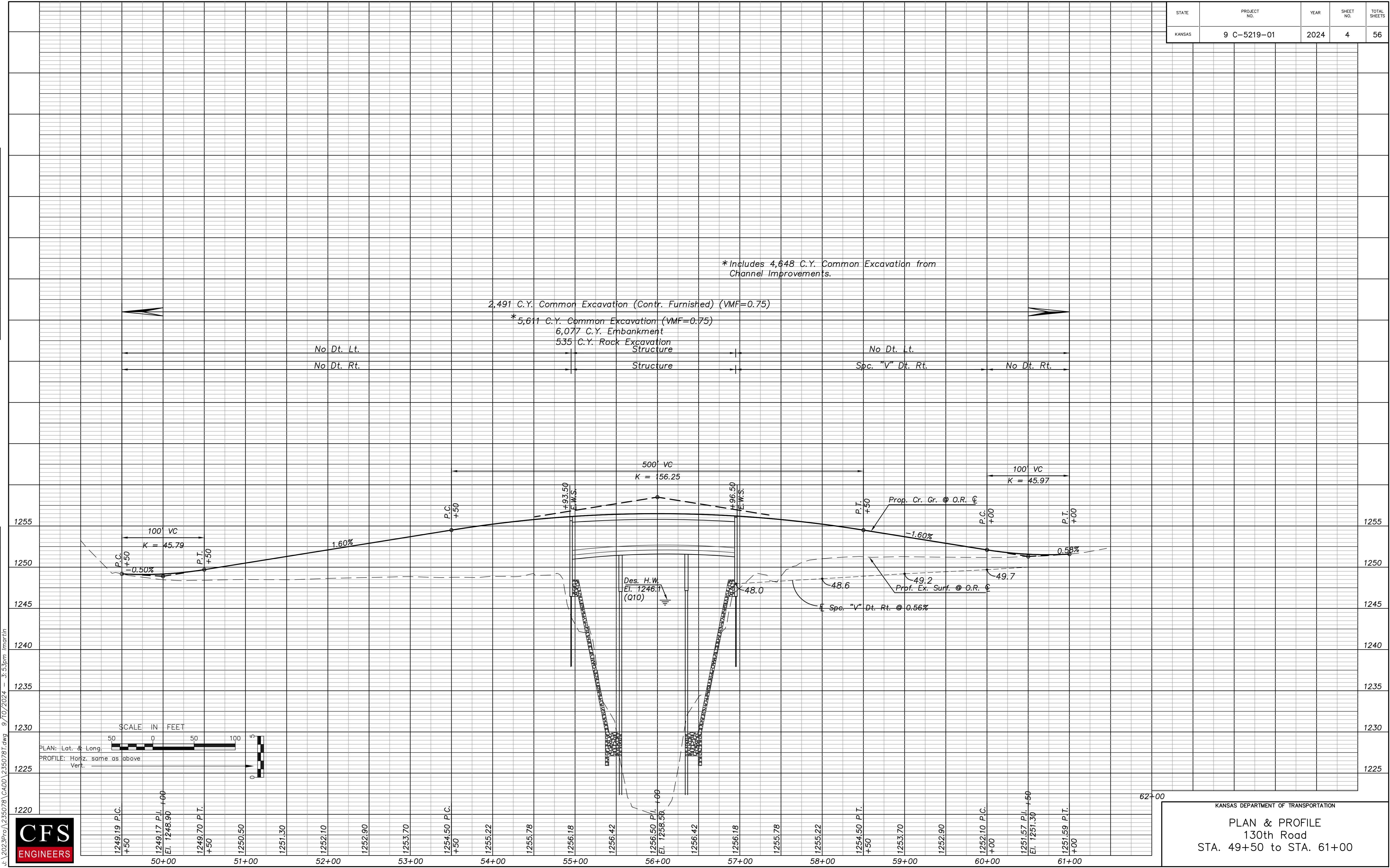






STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	4	56

<b>PROFILE</b>			
NOTE BOOK			
NO. _____	SURVEYED _____	BY _____	DATE _____
	PLOTTED _____		
	ALIGNMENT CHECKED _____		
	RT. OF WAY CHECKED _____		

[illegible]



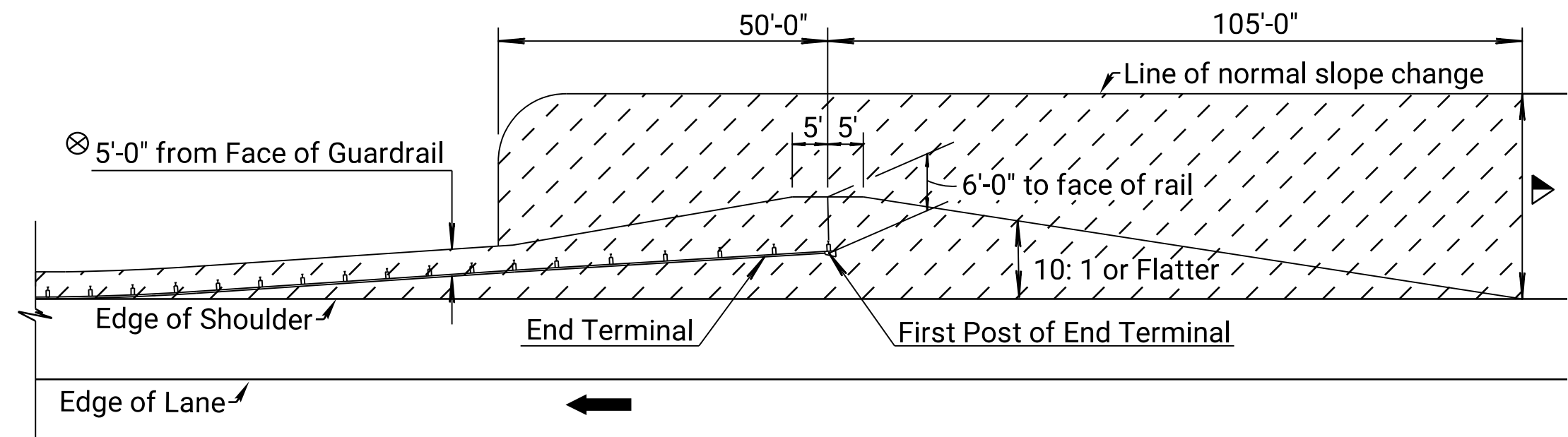




Note to Designer - Design guardrail installations using guidance shown on KDOT's 'Guardrail Typical Alignments' Standard Drawings. 'Flared' guardrail installations are preferred over 'Parallel' or 'Zero Flare' installations. Where 'Flared' or 'Parallel' installations are used, the flare rate of the guardrail end terminal typically matches the flare rate of the remaining guardrail installation. For 'Zero Flare' installations, 'Parallel' guardrail end terminals should be designed using typical flare rates of 50:1 or flatter for the length of the end terminal. However, while 50:1 or flatter flare rates are typical for 'Parallel' guardrail end terminals, these end terminals may be flared as steep as 26:1 or flatter in order to offset the end terminal head as far from the edge of the through traveled lane as practicable.

GUARDRAIL CLEAR AREA

Applies to all guardrail installations unless otherwise shown in the plans.



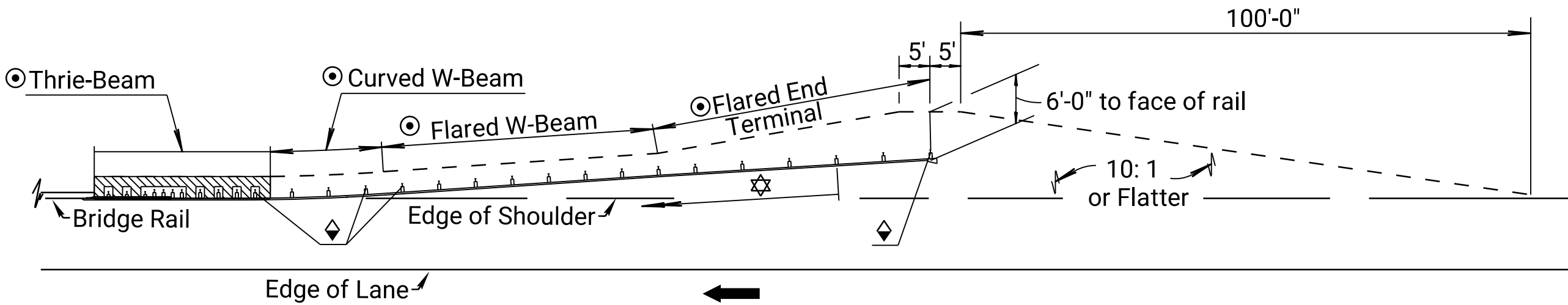
Keep Area Free of Stockpiled Material, Equipment, or Other Obstacles, Such as Temporary Signs, Regardless of Crash Worthiness. This Clear Area Extends 105 Feet in Advance of and 50 Feet behind the First Post of the Guardrail End Terminal and Then, in Order to Maintain Full Post Spacing, Continues 5 Feet behind the Face of the Guardrail through the W-Beam Portion of the Installation as Shown in the 'Guardrail Clear Area' Detail on this Sheet.

▲ Normal Project Side Slope.

⊗ Deflection Distance for Normal Post Spacing

FLARED GUARDRAIL DETAIL

Applies to CGS AND MGS (MGS Shown)



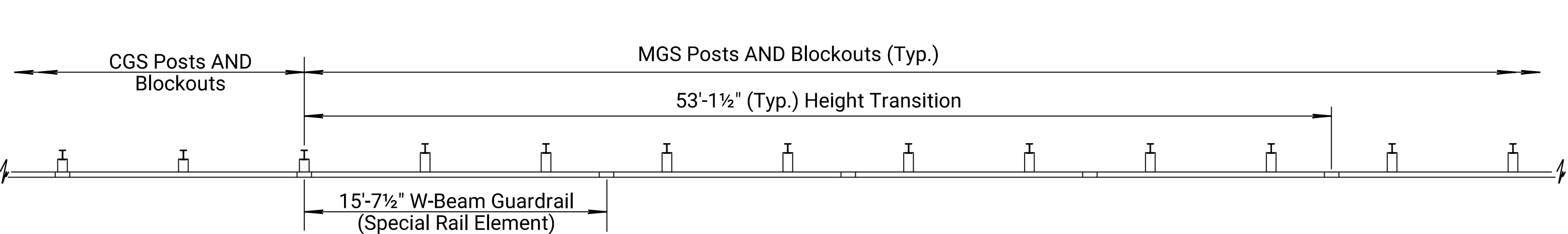
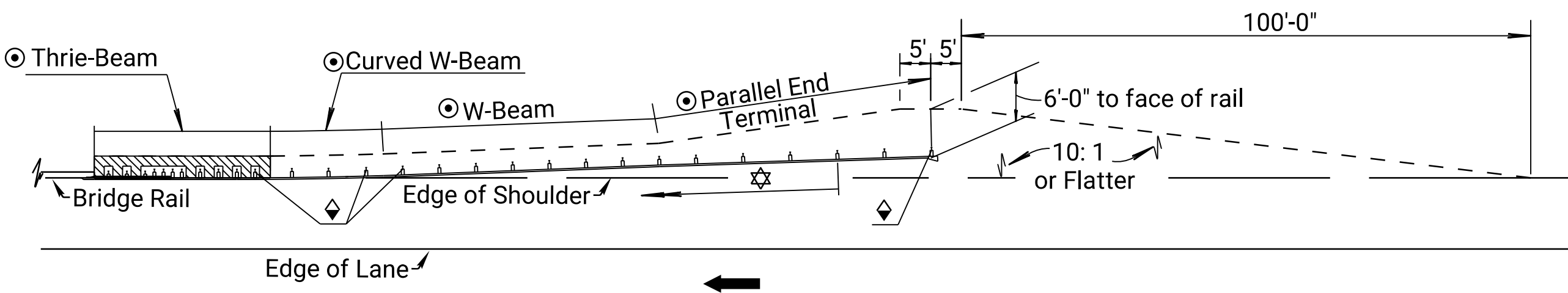
⊙ See Guardrail Layout Sheets for Details

◆ On Guardrail Layout Sheets, Show Station AND Offset from the Roadway Alignment to the Face of Post at these Locations.

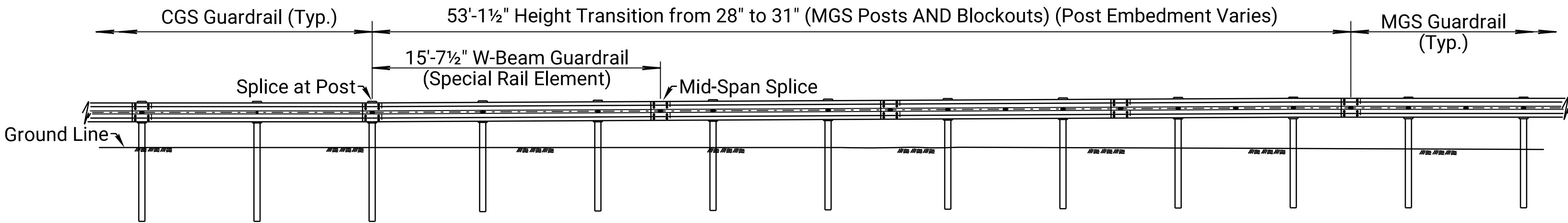
☆ Length of Need (Begins at Post 3)

PARALLEL GUARDRAIL DETAIL

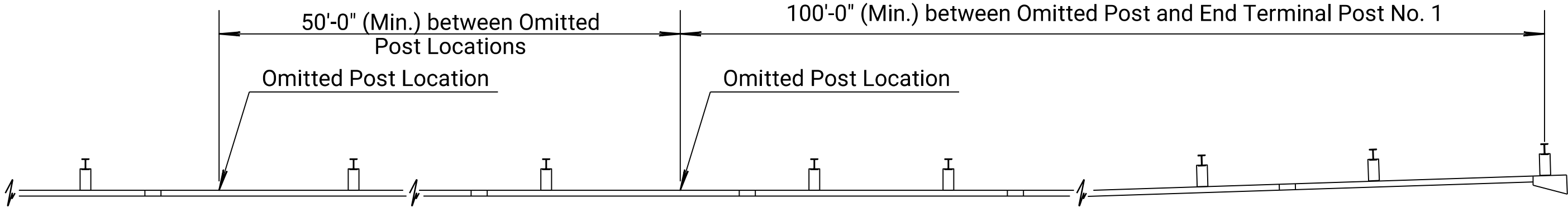
Applies to CGS AND MGS (MGS Shown)



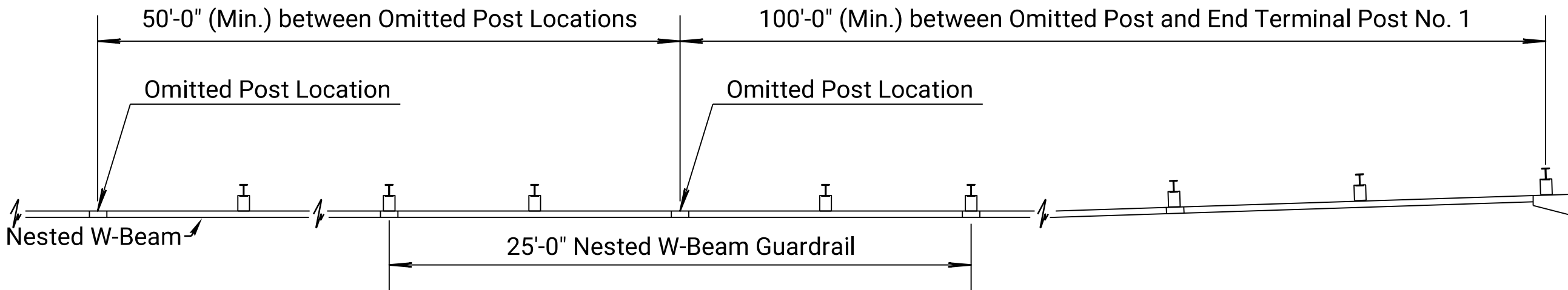
CGS TO MGS TRANSITION DETAILS (PLAN)



CGS TO MGS TRANSITION DETAILS (ELEVATION)



MGS OMITTED POST DETAIL



CGS OMITTED POST DETAIL

MIDWEST GUARDRAIL SYSTEM (MGS) END TERMINALS

END TERMINAL BID ITEM	FLARED OR PARALLEL	MOUNTING HEIGHT	CRASH TESTING CRITERIA	STEEL POST DESIGN AVAILABLE	WOOD POST DESIGN AVAILABLE	ENERGY ABSORBING	MANUFACTURER	DESIGN LENGTH	MANUFACTURER SYSTEM LENGTH
Guardrail End Terminal (MGS-FLEAT)	Flared	31"	NCHRP 350	Yes	Yes	Yes	Road Systems	40'-7½"	37'-6"
Guardrail End Terminal (MGS-SRT)	Flared	31"	NCHRP 350	Yes	Yes	No	Valtir	40'-7½"	37'-6"
Guardrail End Terminal (MGS-MSKT)	Parallel	31"	MASH	Yes	No	Yes	Road Systems	46'-10½"	46'-10½"
Guardrail End Terminal (MGS-SOFTSTOP)	Parallel	31"	MASH	Yes	No	Yes	Valtir	46'-10½"	50'-9½"

CONVENTIONAL GUARDRAIL SYSTEM (CGS) END TERMINALS

END TERMINAL BID ITEM	FLARED OR PARALLEL	MOUNTING HEIGHT	CRASH TESTING CRITERIA	STEEL POST DESIGN AVAILABLE	WOOD POST DESIGN AVAILABLE	ENERGY ABSORBING	MANUFACTURER	DESIGN LENGTH	MANUFACTURER SYSTEM LENGTH
Guardrail End Terminal (FLEAT)	Flared	28"	NCHRP 350	Yes	Yes	Yes	Road Systems	37'-6"	37'-6"
Guardrail End Terminal (SRT)	Flared	28"	NCHRP 350	Yes	Yes	No	Valtir	37'-6"	37'-6"
Guardrail End Terminal (SKT)	Parallel	28"	NCHRP 350	Yes	Yes	Yes	Road Systems	50'-0"	50'-0"

GENERAL NOTES

Install the guardrail end terminals according to the Manufacturer's Installation Manual. The Contractor will furnish a copy of the Manufacturer's Installation Manual to the Engineer prior to the start of the installation.

Use approved steel (preferred) or wood posts provided by the Manufacturer. The guardrail end terminal post type may be independent of the post type used in the remainder of the installation. However, no mixing of post types is permitted in the remaining w-beam and thrie-beam installation.

Use approved polymer (preferred) or wood blockouts provided by the Manufacturer. The guardrail end terminal blackout size and type may be independent of the blackout size and type used in the remainder of the installation. For blackout size and types for the remaining w-beam and thrie-beam portion of the installation see the details shown on KDOT's 'Guardrail Post Details' and 'Guardrail Thrie-Beam Transition Details' Standard Drawings.

Apply retroreflective sheeting to the end terminal impact head before installation. Tighten all cable anchor assemblies as per the Manufacturer's Installation Manual.

Lap w-beam and thrie-beam guardrail splices, in the direction of permanent traffic, even where temporary traffic may be carried in the opposite direction of the final traffic configuration. Lap end terminal splices per the Manufacturer's Installation Manual in the direction of permanent traffic, even where temporary traffic may be carried in the opposite direction of the final configuration.

The minimum length of w-beam guardrail required between the thrie-beam transition and the guardrail end terminal is 12'-6" for all installations; unless otherwise stated in the Manufacturer's Installation Manual.

Where pavement with a thickness less than or equal to 8" is encountered during installation, use the details shown on KDOT's 'Guardrail Post Details' Standard Drawings to provide openings in the pavement for the guardrail posts. Where pavement with a thickness greater than 8" or geologic rock is encountered during installation, follow the Manufacturer's Installation Manual for guidance. Where the Manufacturer's Installation Manual does not address pavement with a thickness greater than 8" or geologic rock, contact the manufacturer for instructions or install the guardrail posts as directed by the Engineer.

All work and materials required for w-beam and thrie-bean guardrail installations are paid for under the appropriate bid items for either CGS or MGS guardrail depending on the type of installation.

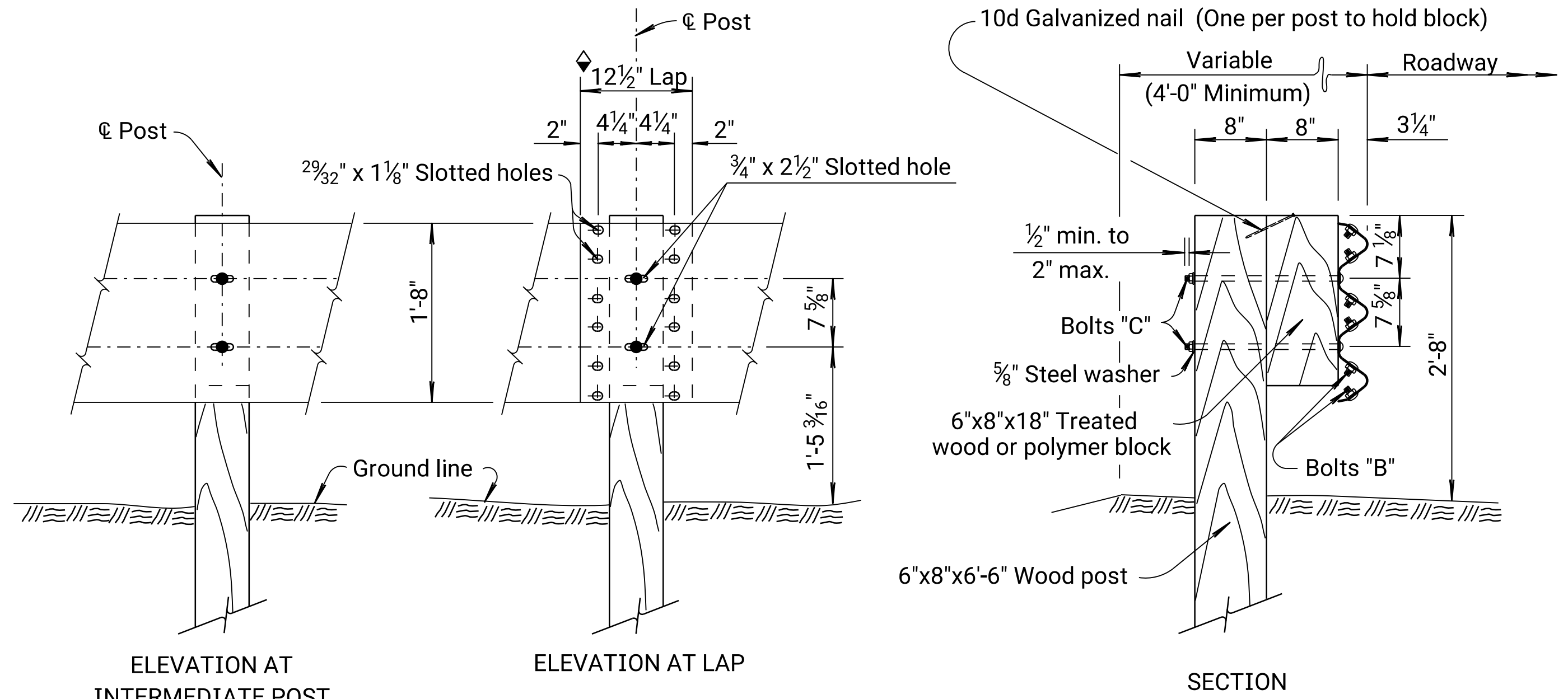
All work and materials required for guardrail end terminal installations are paid for under the bid item for the selected guardrail end terminal. See the table on this sheet for the appropriate end terminal bid item information.

STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	6	56

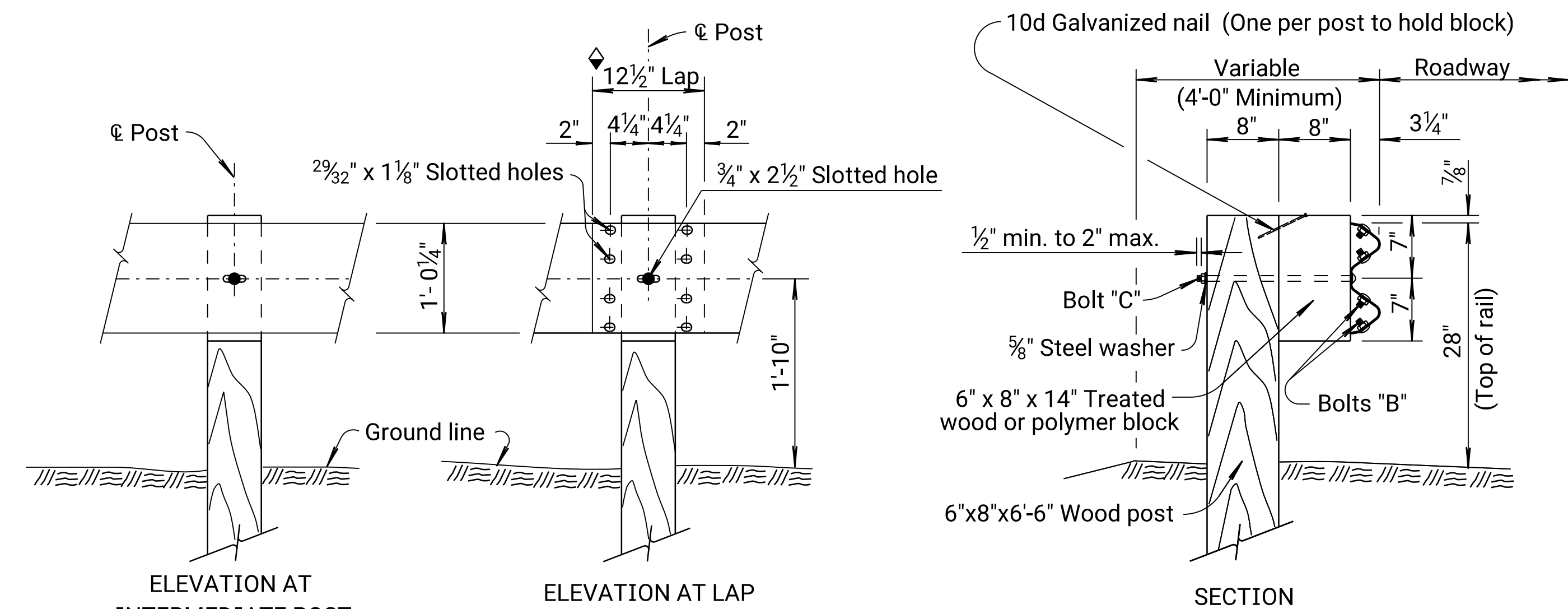
02	09-05-18	ADD. OMITTED POST AND TRANS. DETAILS	A.L.R.	T.T.R.
01	06-05-18	INITIAL RELEASE	A.L.R.	T.T.R.
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APPD
KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
GUARDRAIL AUXILIARY DETAILS				
RD606				
FHWA APPROVAL		09-25-18	APPD.	Scott W. King
DESIGNED	DETAILED	QUANTITIES	TRACED	
DESIGN CK.	DETAIL CK.	QUAN.CK.	TRACE CK.	



Notes to Designer: For posts installed in pavement thicker than 8" or posts installed in rock formations refer to AASHTO's Roadside Design Guide for details then revise this drawing and all supporting drawings appropriately.



## THRIE BEAM POST DETAILS



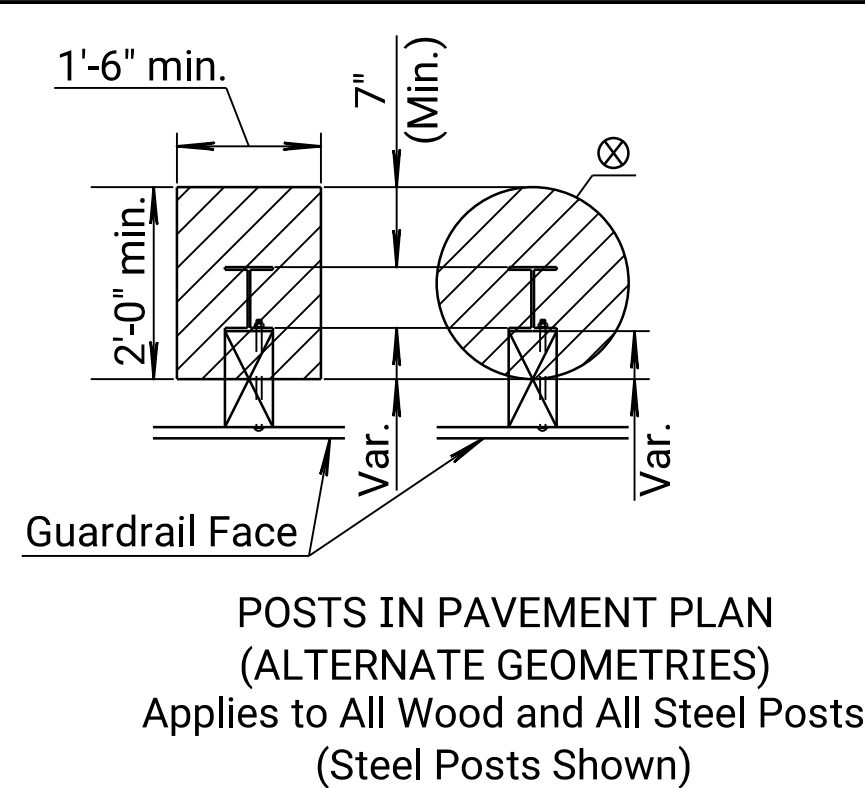
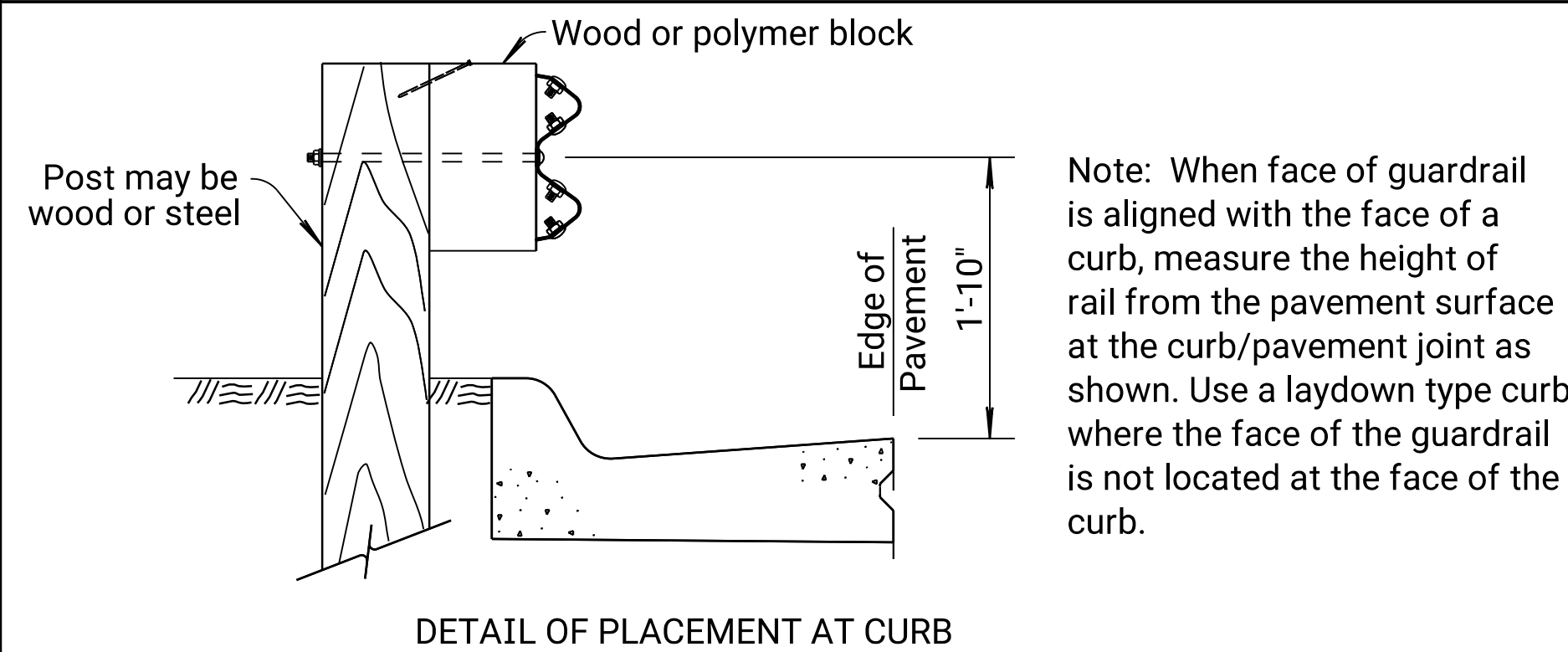
## W-BEAM POST DETAILS

◆ Lap guardrail splices, including terminal connector, in the direction of traffic. Where traffic is temporarily carried in the opposite direction of final configuration, lap rail splices in the direction of permanent traffic.

## WOOD POSTS

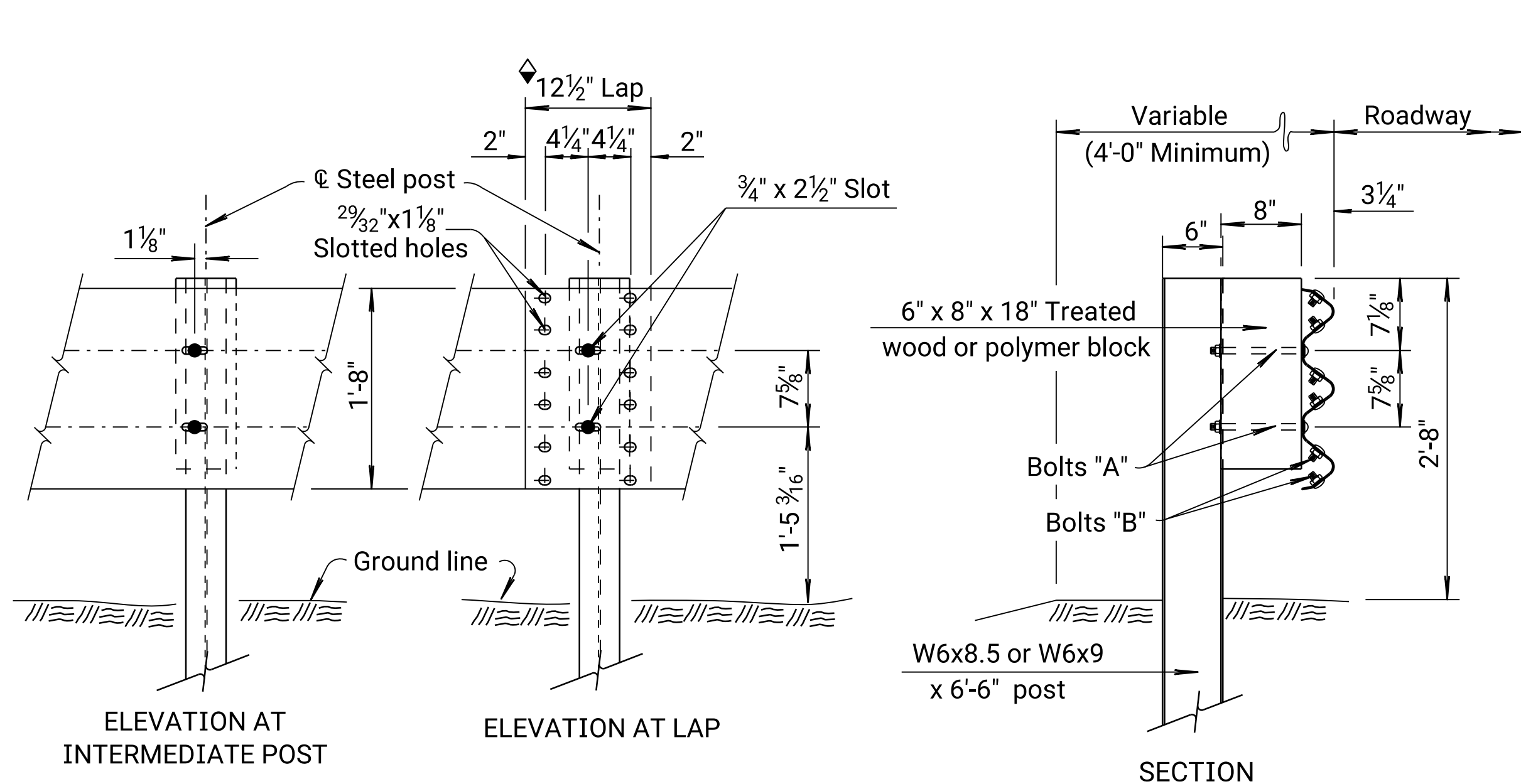
### GENERAL NOTES (Wood Posts)

Give all wood posts and wood blocks a preservative treatment, see standard specifications. Thoroughly saturate all cuts, injuries and bolt holes on wood posts and blocks with preservative. Use only one type of preservative treatment on a project. Use SAS rectangular posts and wood blocks, see standard specifications. Use only one post/blockout type within guardrail run, this excludes the the guardrail end terminals. Set guardrail posts by digging or by driving. Use post caps to protect the post from crushing during driving operations. Contractor must notify Engineer at the earliest time when a non-removable manmade object (footing, pipe, etc.) is encountered and prevents installation of a full length post. Contractor must obtain Engineer approval prior to cutting post shorter than 6'-6". Approved polymer blockouts may be substituted for wood blockouts. Only one type of blockout is permitted on each guardrail installation. This excludes the guardrail end terminals unless certified by the manufacturer. All dimensions are nominal and are subject to manufacturing tolerances. Excavation including rock, shale, and other materials for erection of Guardrail is subsidiary to various bid items for which payment is made. Where guardrail posts are installed in pavement, form openings in the pavement for the guardrail posts.



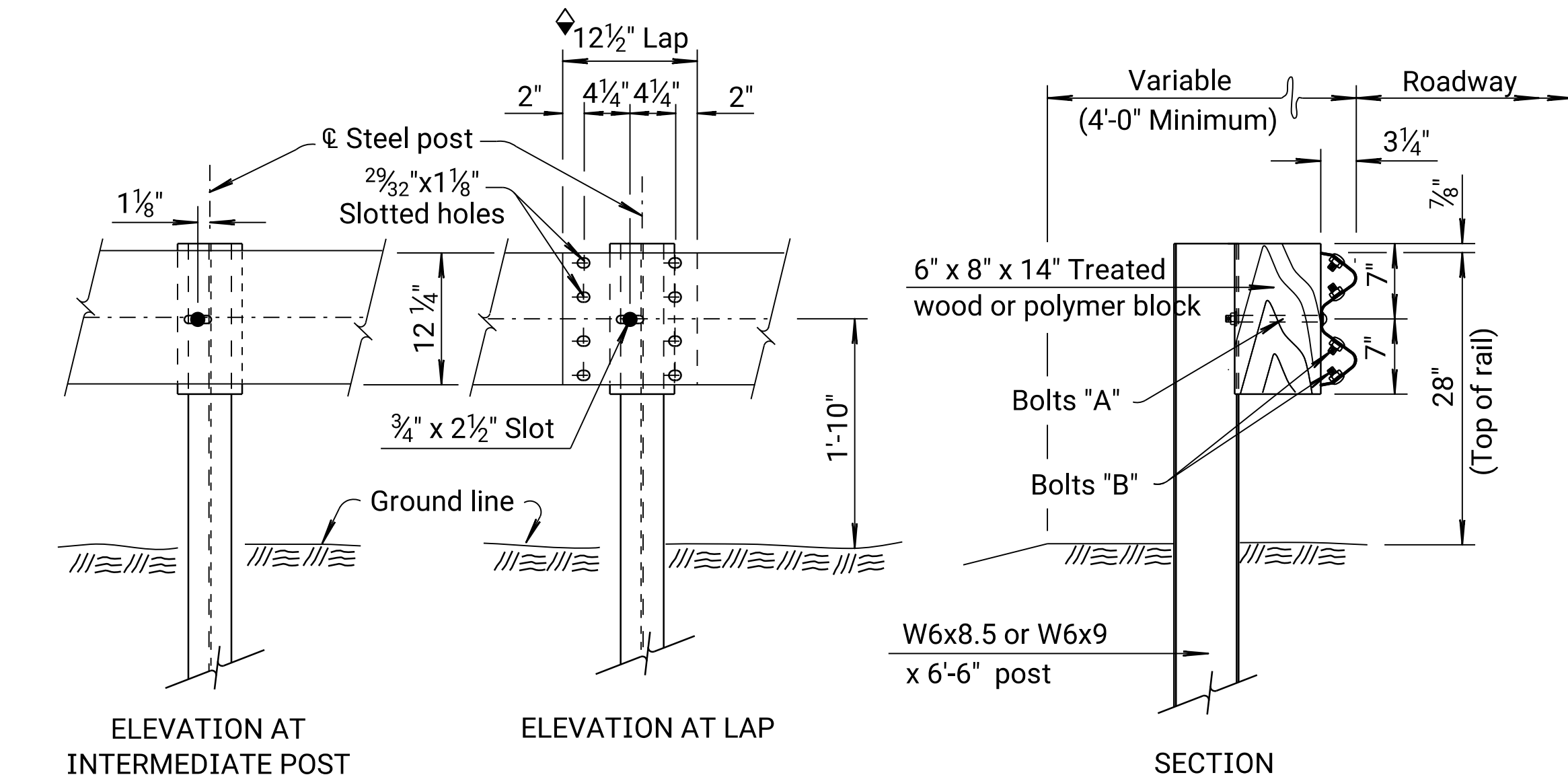
- ▣ Slurry Grout (Low Strength). See  
KDOT's Standard Specifications
- ⊗ Diameter may vary from 1'-6" (min.)  
to 2'-0".

Note: Low Strength Grout must have a 28-day compressive strength of 120 psi or less. All work and materials related to posts in pavement are subsidiary to other guardrail bid items. Rectangular geometry shown in Posts in Pavement detail. Circular geometry, as shown on this sheet, may be used at the Contractor's option.



## THRIE BEAM POST DETAILS

◆ Lap guardrail splices, including terminal connector, in the direction of traffic. Where traffic is temporarily carried in the opposite direction of final configuration, lap rail splices in the direction of permanent traffic.

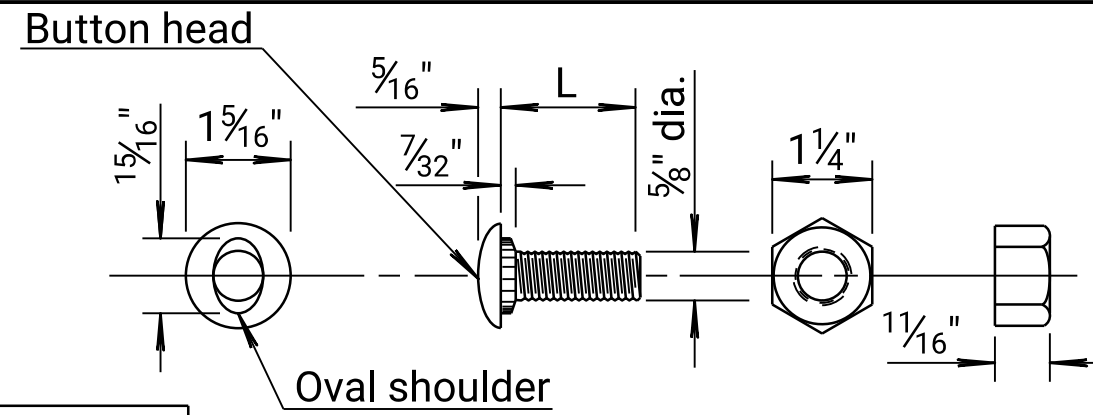


## W-BEAM POST DETAILS

## STEEL POSTS

### GENERAL NOTES (Steel Posts)

Use grade of steel for steel posts that meets the requirements of the standard specifications. Hot dip galvanize the posts after fabrication, see standard specifications. Use only one post/blockout type within guardrail run, this excludes the guardrail end terminals. For wood/polymer blockout requirements see standard specifications. Approved polymer blockouts may be substituted for wood blockouts. Only one type of blockout is permitted on each guardrail installation. This excludes the guardrail end terminals. Set guardrail posts by digging or by driving. Use post caps to protect the post from crushing during driving operations. Contractor must notify Engineer at the earliest time when a non-removable manmade object (footing, pipe, etc.) is encountered and prevents installation of a full length post. Contractor must obtain Engineer approval prior to cutting post shorter than 6'-6" except as allowed on Standard Drawing RD617. All dimensions are nominal and are subject to manufacturing tolerances. Excavation including rock, shale, and other materials for erection of Guardrail is subsidiary to various bid items for which payment is made. Where guardrail posts are installed in pavement, form openings in the pavement for the guardrail posts.



## BOLT & NUT DETAILS

BOLT SIZE SCHEDULE	
Bolt	L
A	8 ½"
B	1 ¼"
C	18"

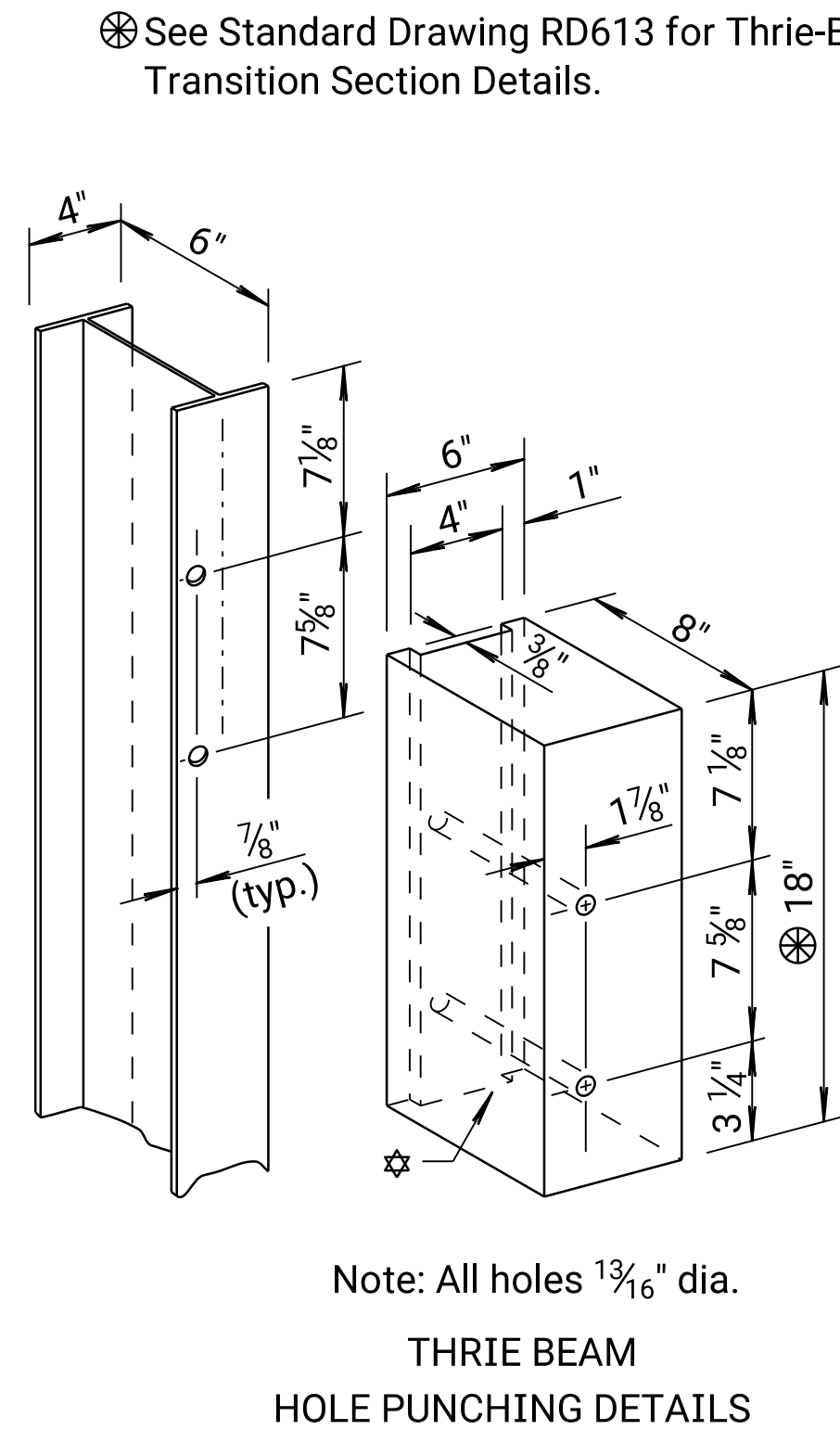
Galvanize all bolts, nuts, and washers in accordance with the KDOT's Standard Specifications.

13	09-05-18	Added Det., Post In Pavement	A.L.R.	T.T.R.
12	12-14-10	Revised notes, 28" w-be	S.W.K.	J.O.B.
11	06-30-04	Remove steel blockout and notes	S.W.K.	J.O.B.
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APP'D

## GUARDRAIL POST DETAILS

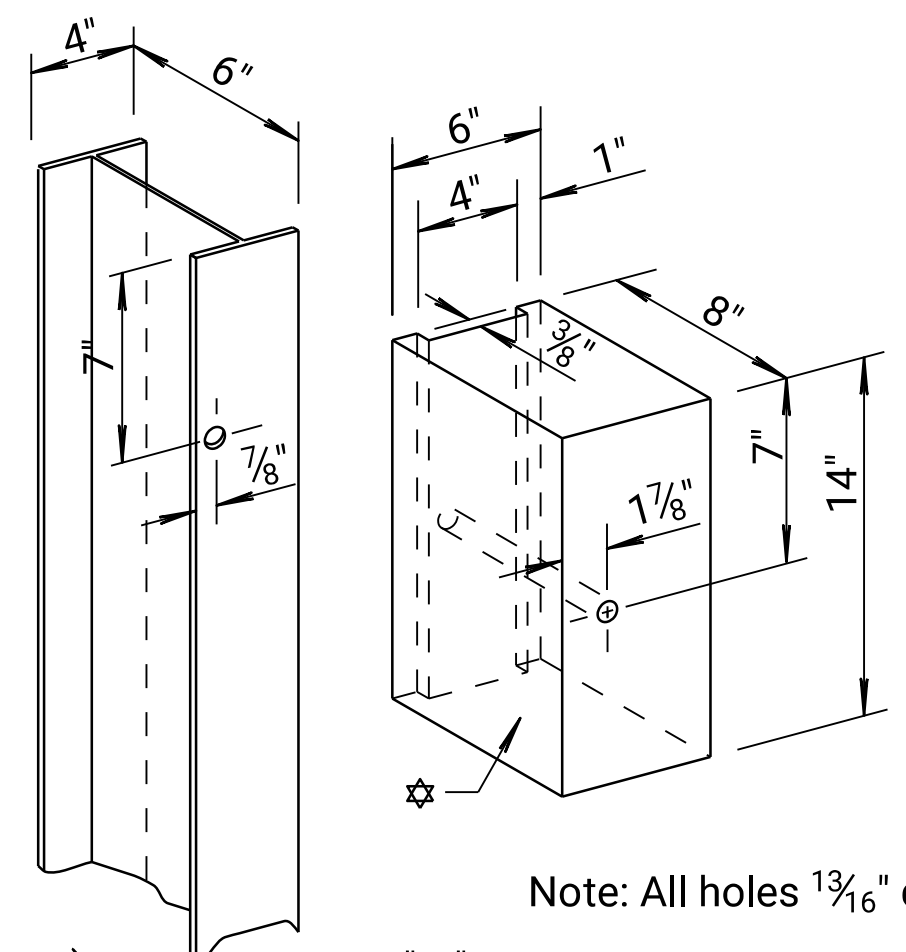
RD611			
FHWA APPROVAL		09-25-18	APP'D. Scott. W. King
DESIGNED	DETAILED	QUANTITIES	TRACED
DESIGN CK.	DETAIL CK.	QUAN.CK.	TRACE CK.

KDOT Graphics Certified 08-01-2022



Note: All holes  $1\frac{3}{16}$ " dia

## THRIE BEAM HOLE PUNCHING DETAILS



Note: All holes  $1\frac{3}{16}$ " dia.

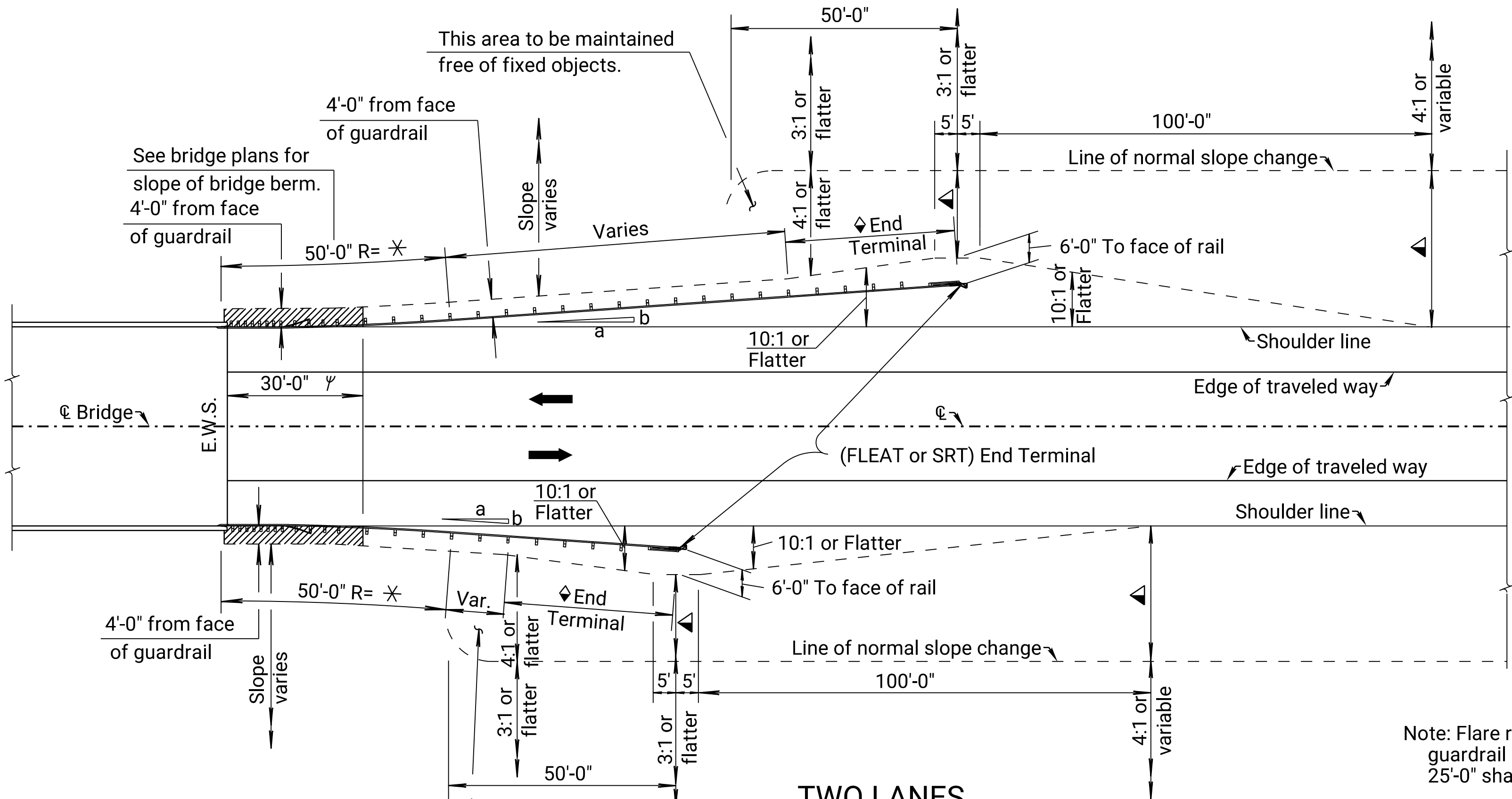
## "W" BEAM HOLE PUNCHING DETAILS

☆ Non-Metallic (Polymer) or  
Treated Wood Block

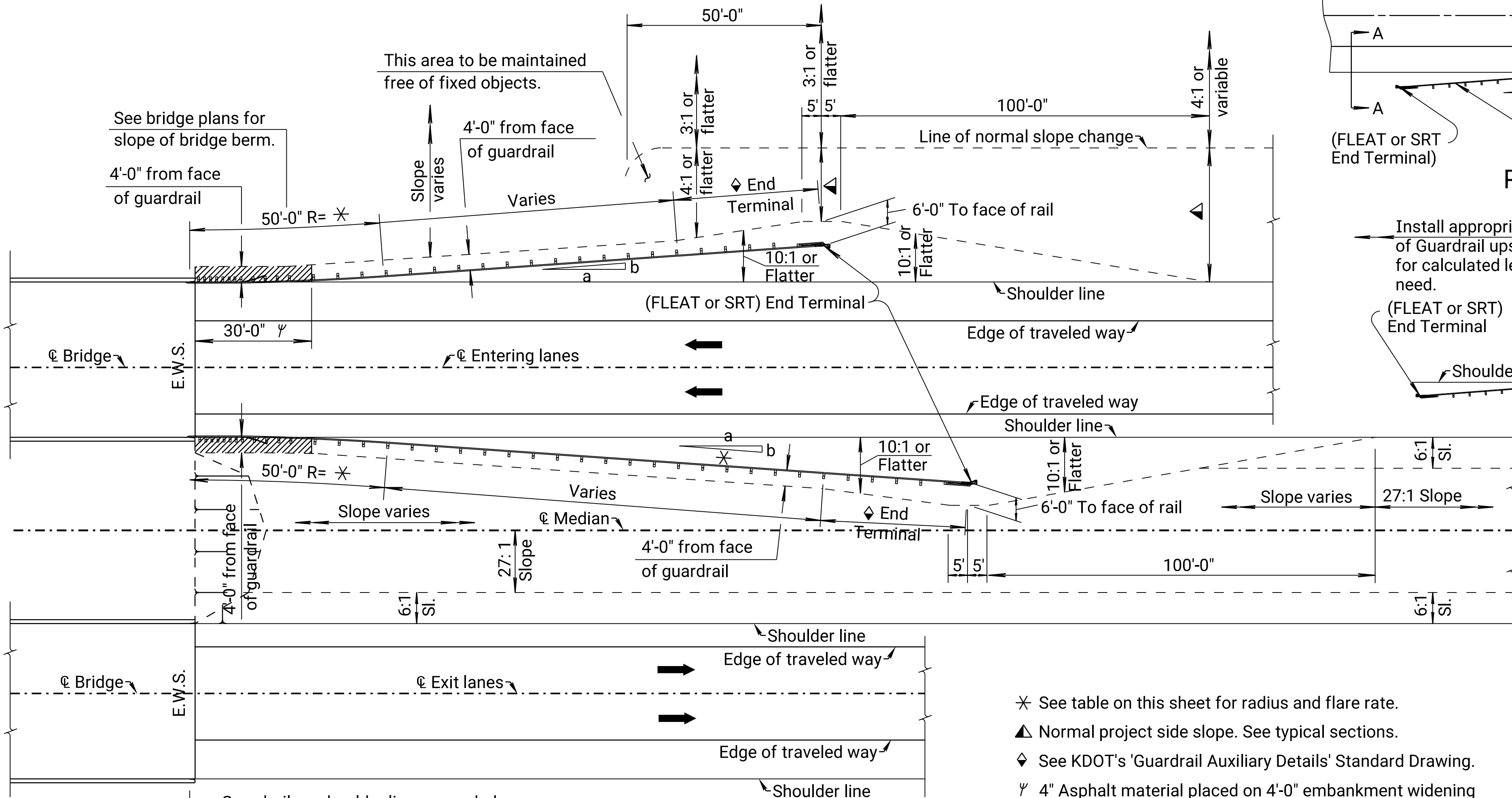
KDOT Graphics Certified



Notes to Designer: Guardrail length of need shall be determined in accordance with the AASHTO Roadside Design Guide using  $L_1 = 25'$  for flare rate of a:b and  $L_1 = 12.5'$  for flare rate of 2a:b for a typical installation as shown on this sheet. This sheet shall be used when the flared guardrail design for typical layout shown (FLEAT or SRT) is selected. Material for asphalt widening shall be included in the plan quantities.



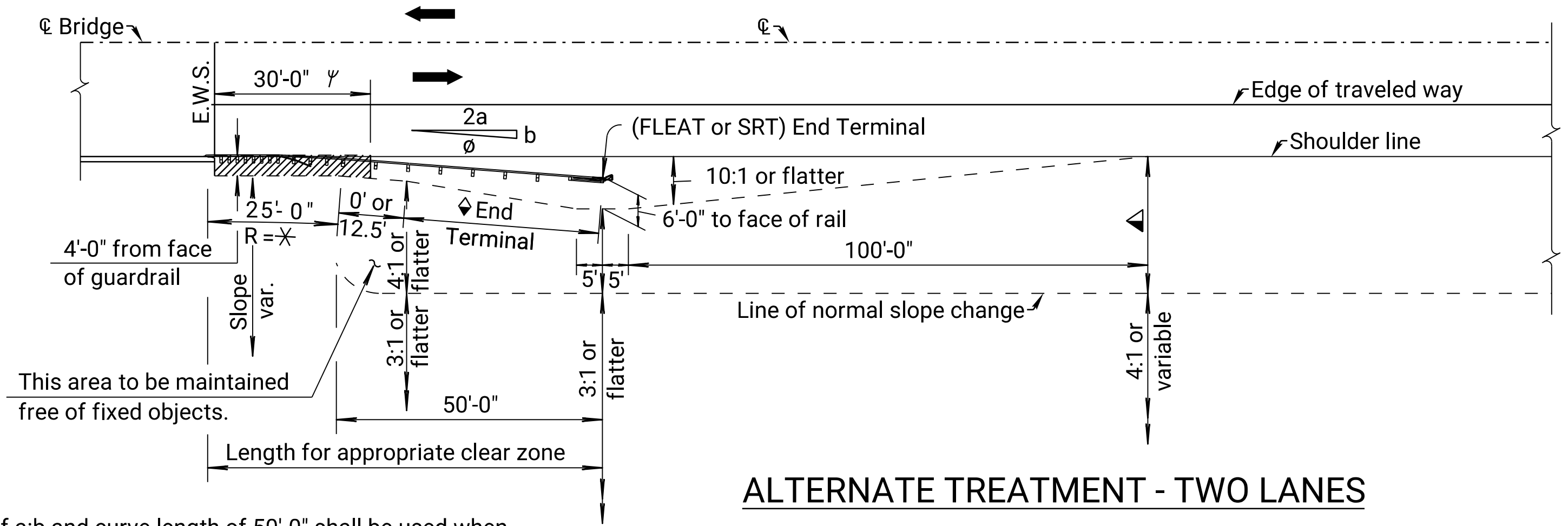
TWO LANES



FOUR LANES - DIVIDED

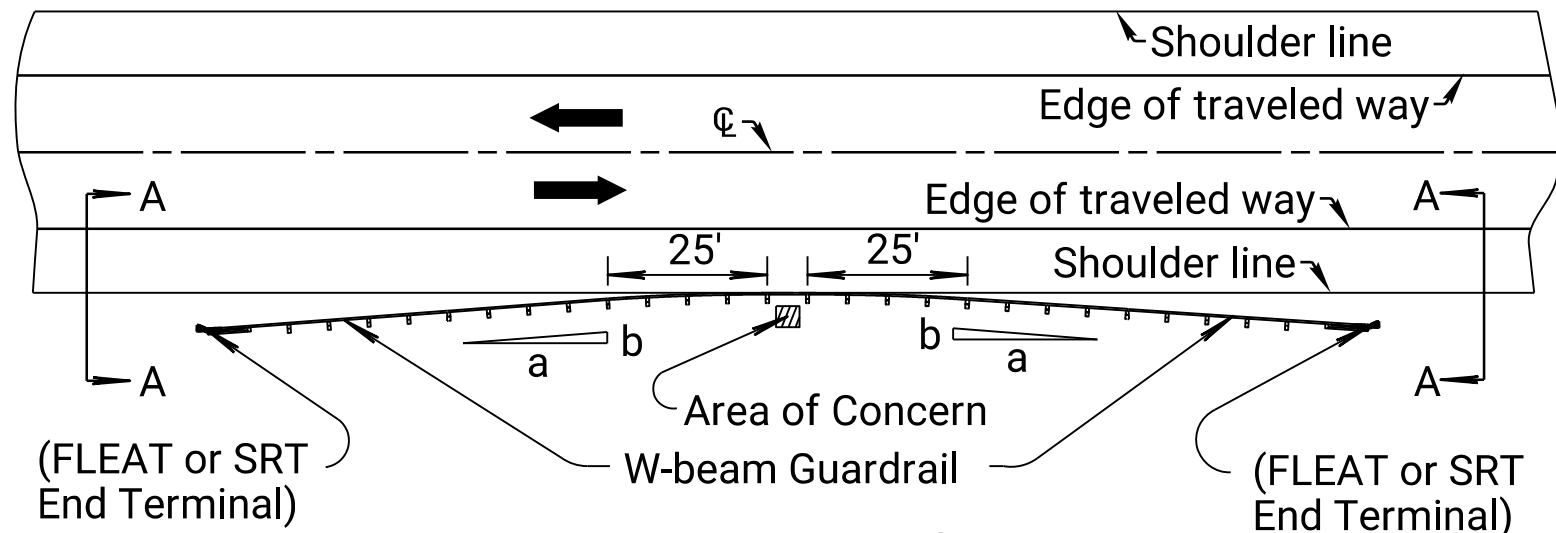
- ✱ See table on this sheet for radius and flare rate.
- ▲ Normal project side slope. See typical sections.
- ◆ See KDOT's 'Guardrail Auxiliary Details' Standard Drawing.
- ℳ 4" Asphalt material placed on 4'-0" embankment widening unless flume inlet and slope drain is constructed.

DESIGN PARAMETERS				
Design Speed (mph)	Flare Rate (a:b)	Radius (R)	Flare Rate (2a:b)	Radius (R)
70	15:1	375.55'	30:1	375.14'
60	14:1	350.59'	26:1	325.16'
55	12:1	300.69'	24:1	300.17'
50	11:1	275.76'	21:1	262.70'
45	10:1	250.83'	18:1	225.23'
40	8:1	201.04'	16:1	200.26'

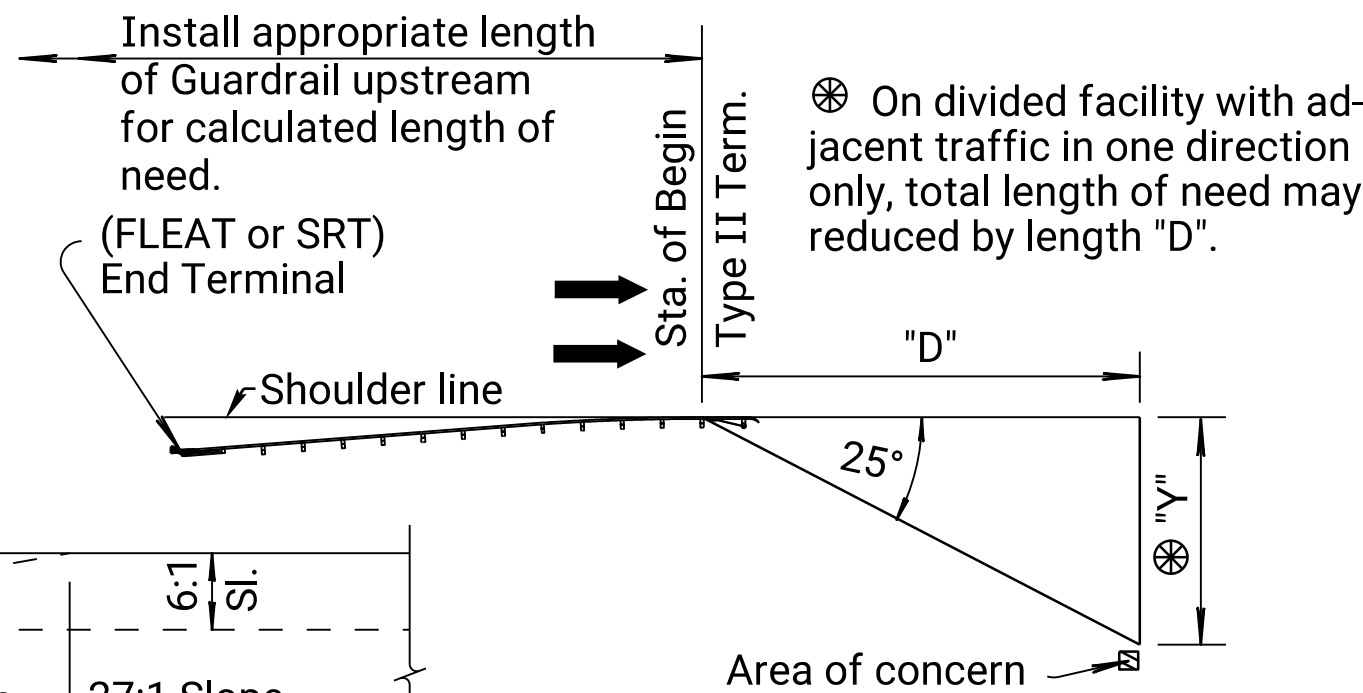


ALTERNATE TREATMENT - TWO LANES

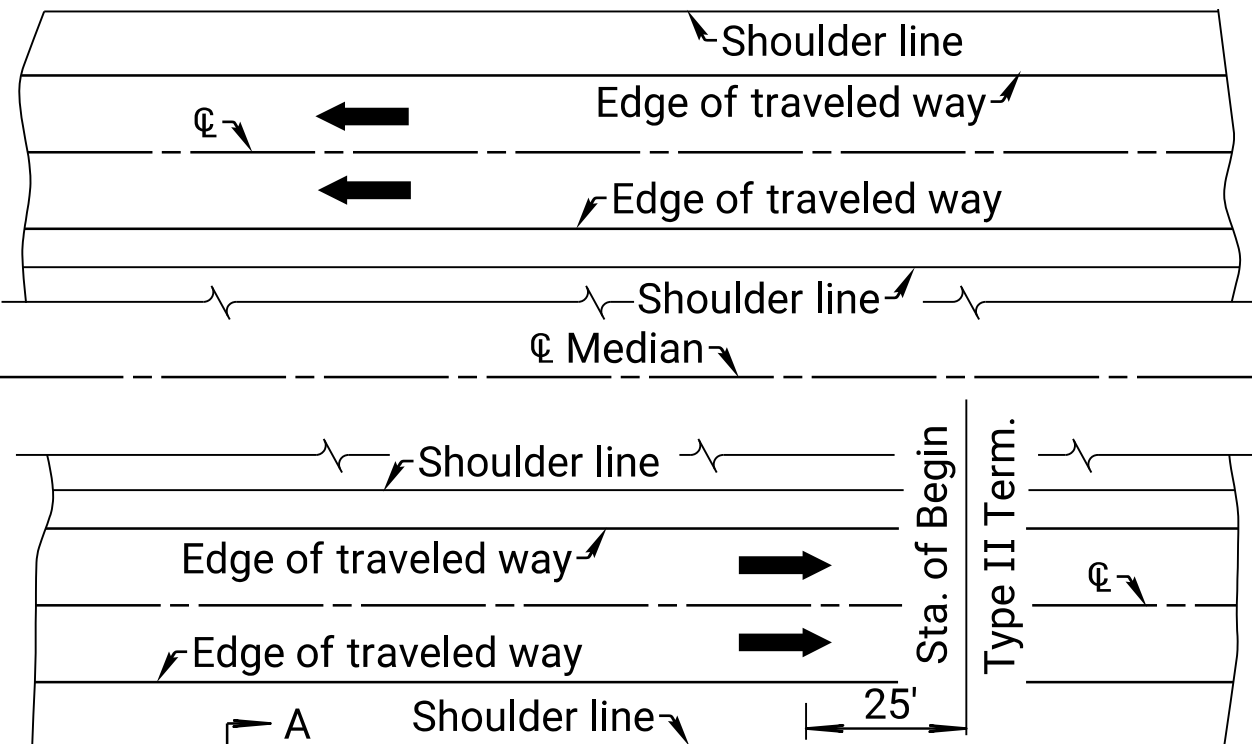
Flare Rate = 2a:b  
(GUARDRAIL LENGTHS OF 62.5' AND 75')



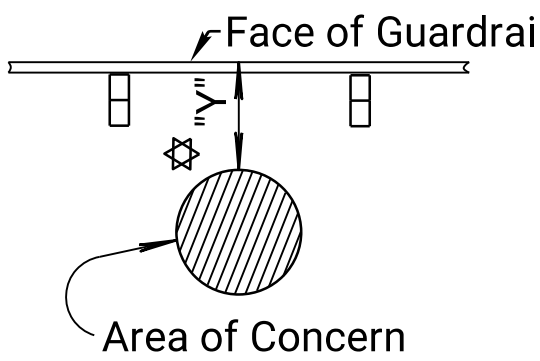
PLAN VIEW TWO LANE



DETAILS OF GUARDRAIL PROTECTION AT ROADSIDE OBSTACLE



PLAN VIEW FOUR LANE

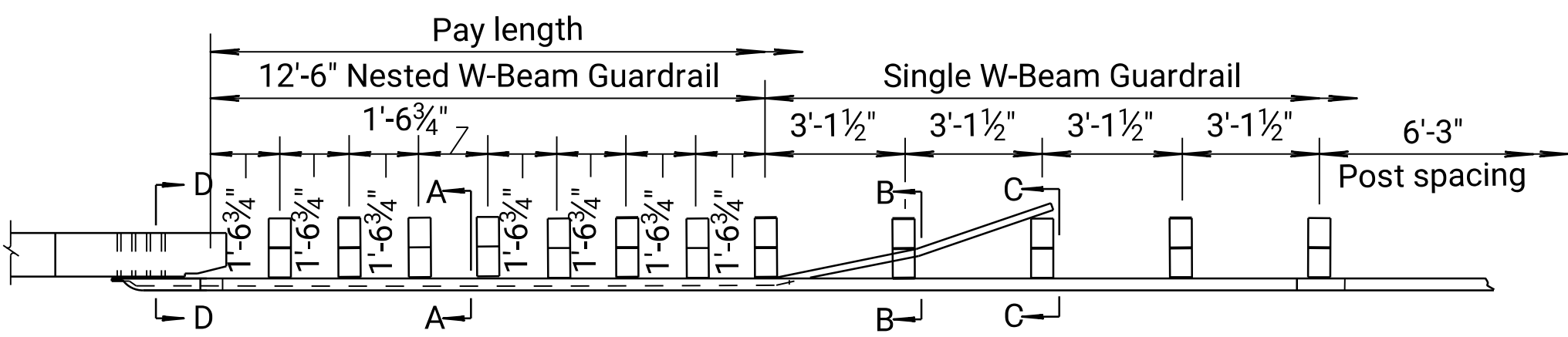


ENLARGEMENT - AREA OF CONCERN

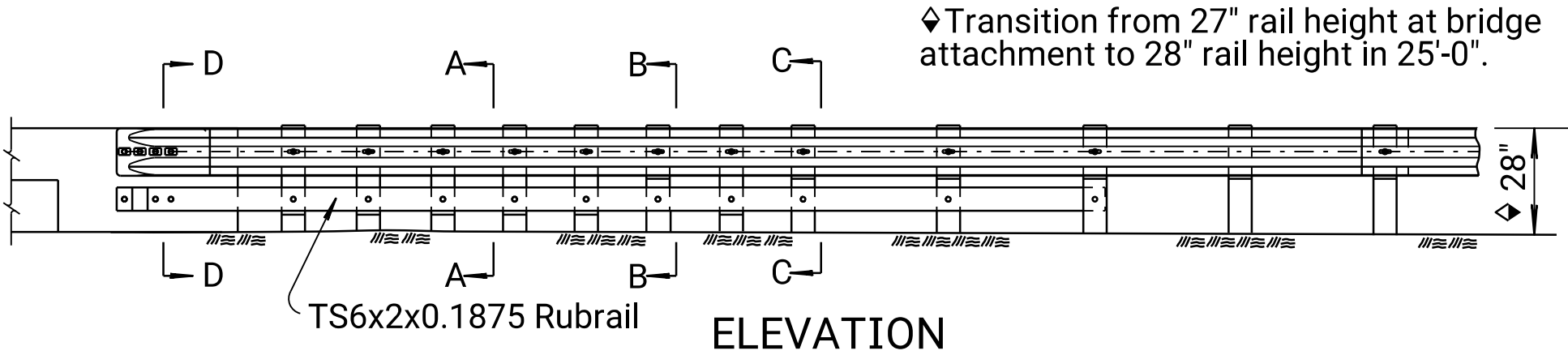
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APPD
08	06-05-18	Removed Flare-beyond-the-Flare	A.L.R.	T.T.R.
07	05-15-17	Removed X-LITE	A.L.R.	S.W.K.
06	07-02-09	Added roadside obstacle details	S.W.K.	J.O.B.
KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
W-BEAM WITH RUBRAIL BRIDGE APPROACH TRANSITION TYPICAL ALIGNMENTS (FLARED)				
RD615A				
FHWA APPROVAL 06-19-18 APPD. Scott W. King				
DESIGNED	DETAILED	QUANTITIES	TRACED	
DESIGN CK.	DETAIL CK.	QUAN. CK.	TRACE CK.	



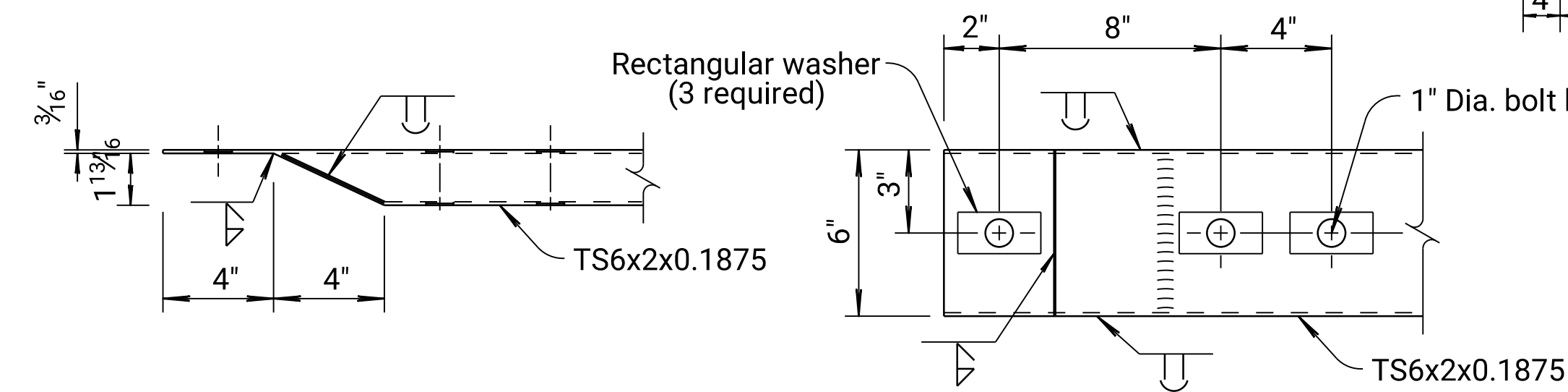
STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	9	56



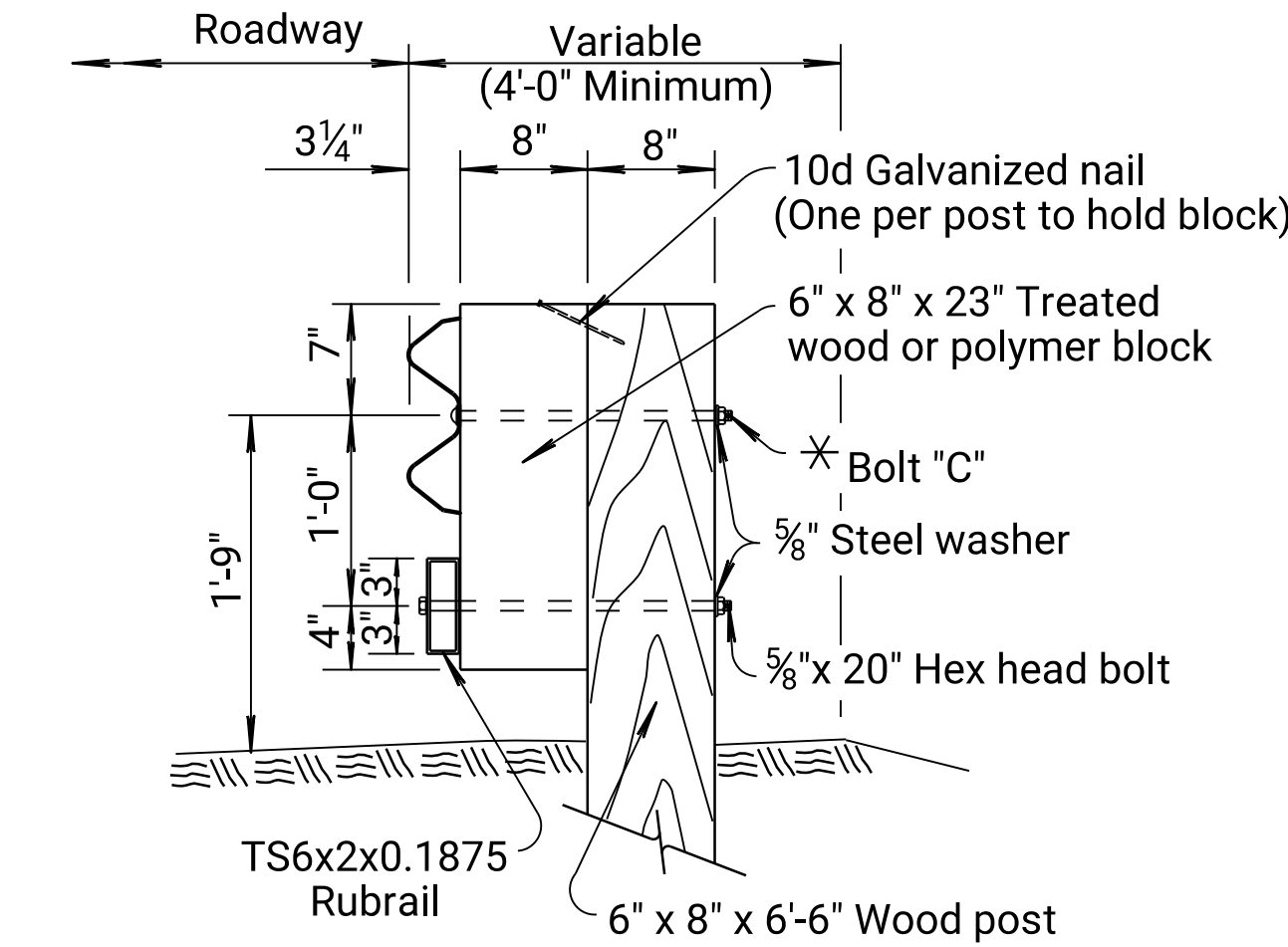
PLAN



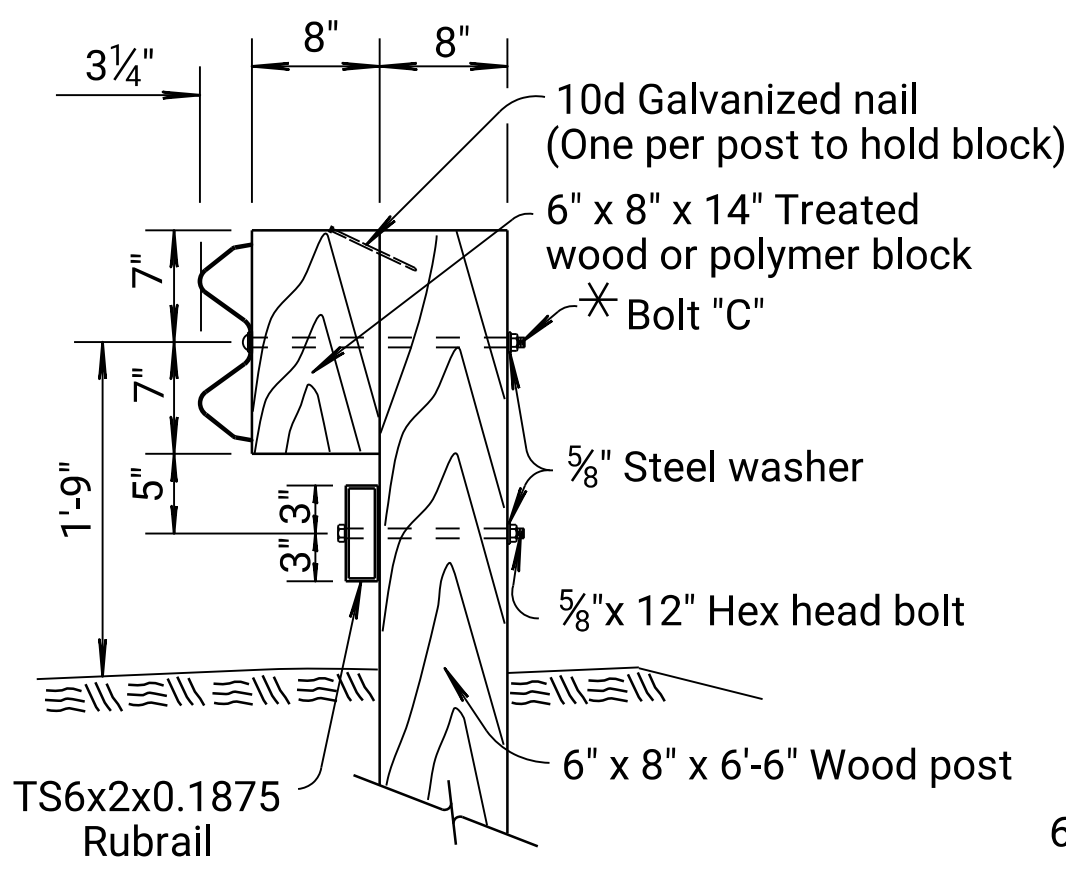
ELEVATION



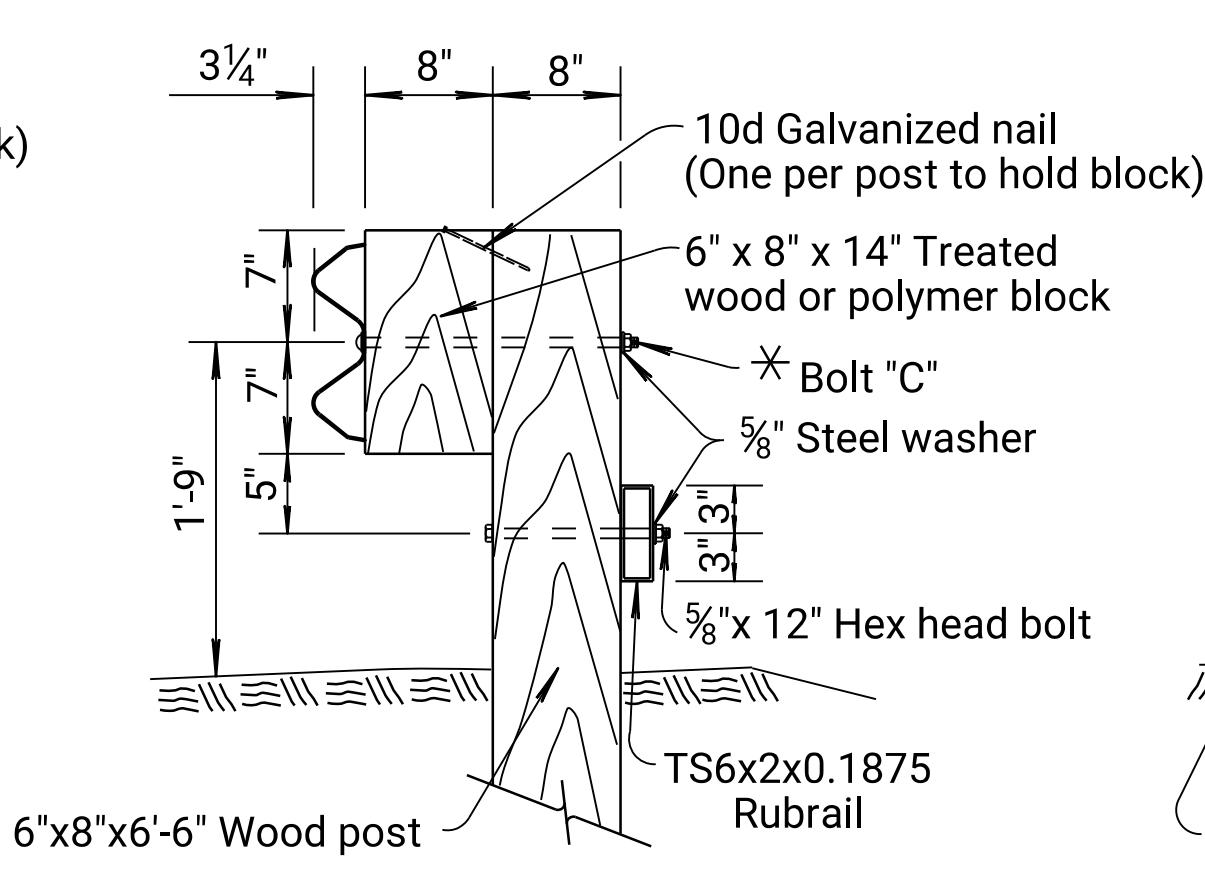
TYPICAL END RUB RAIL DETAILS



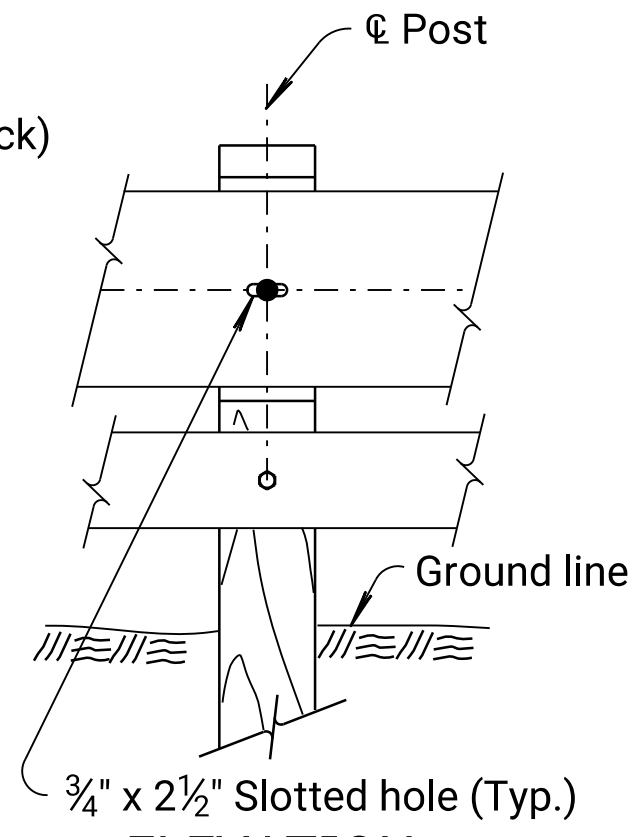
SECTION A-A



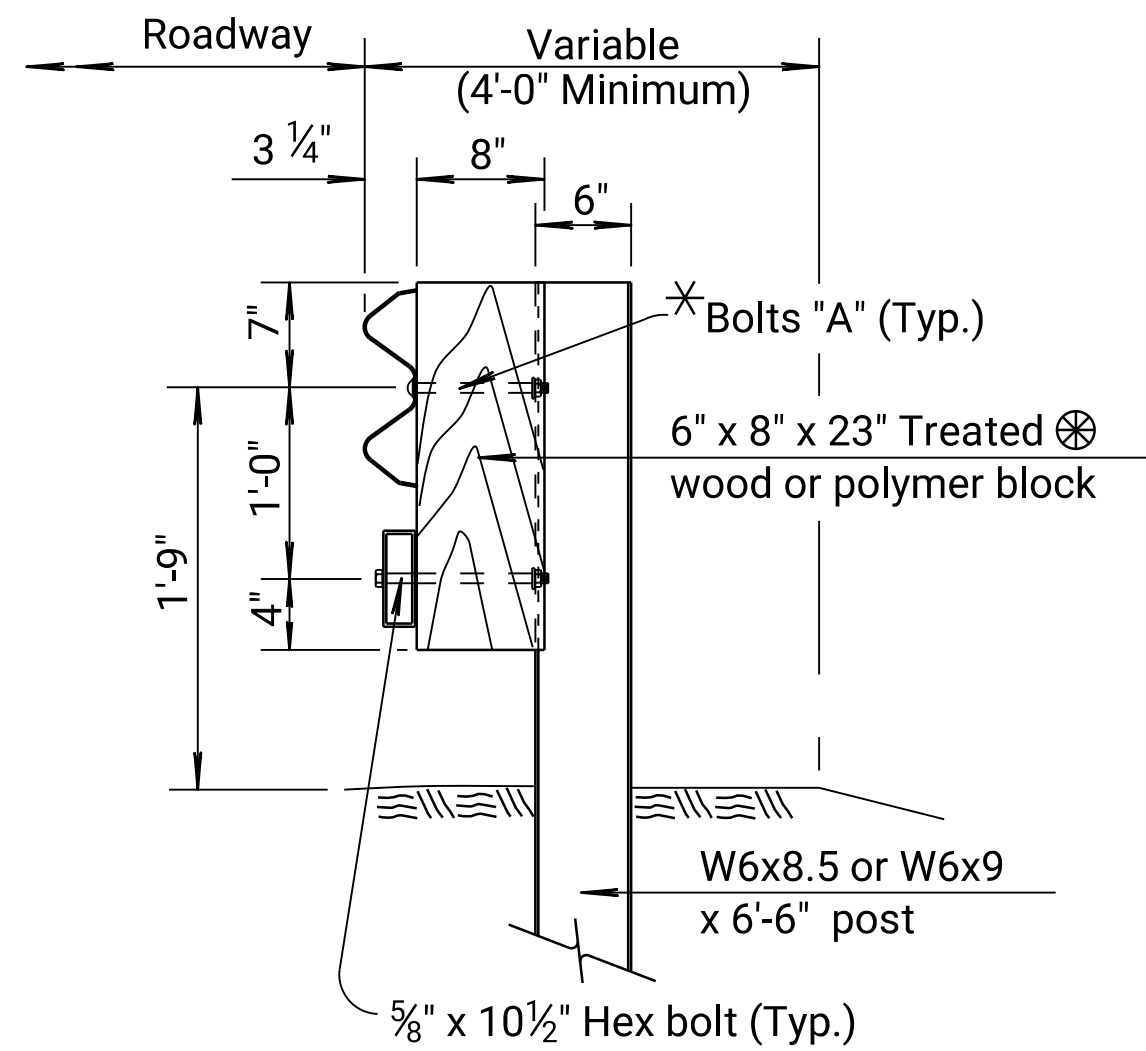
SECTION B-B



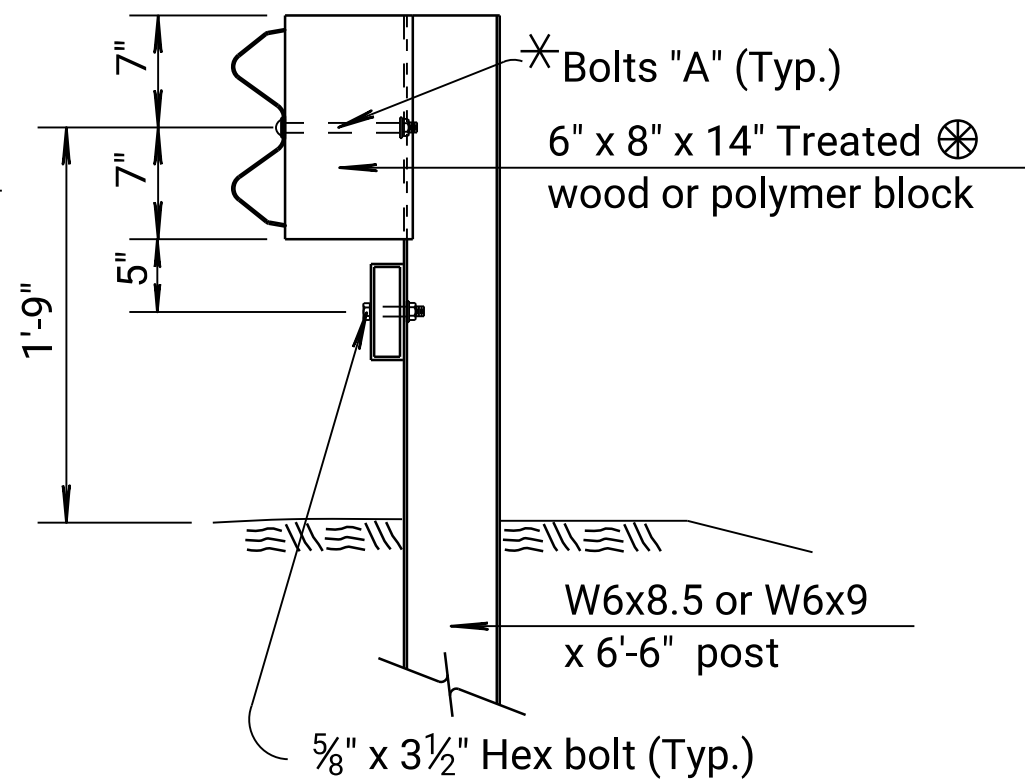
SECTION C-C



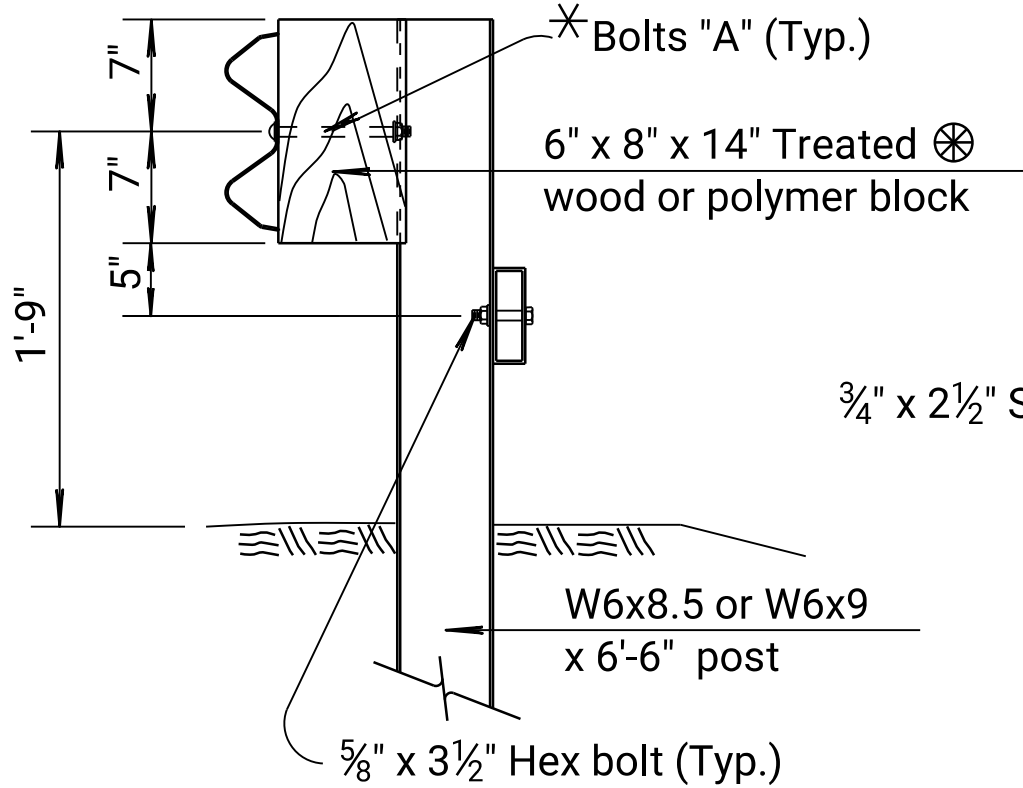
ELEVATION WITH RUBRAIL



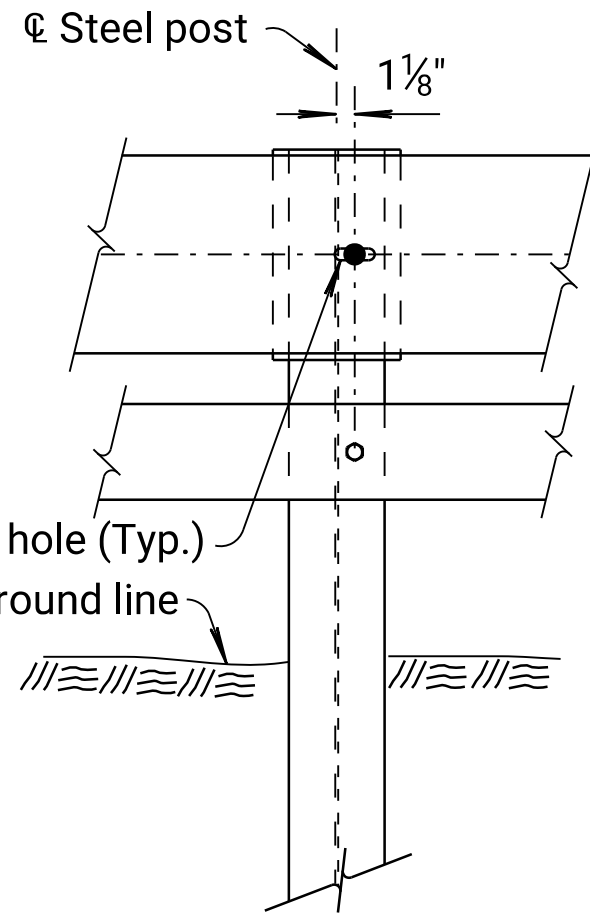
SECTION A-A



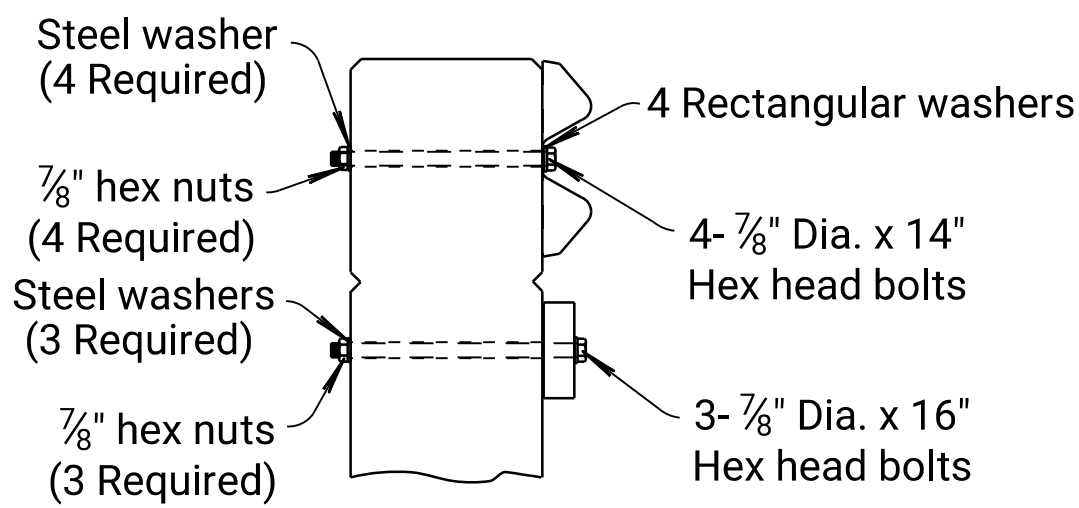
SECTION B-B



SECTION C-C



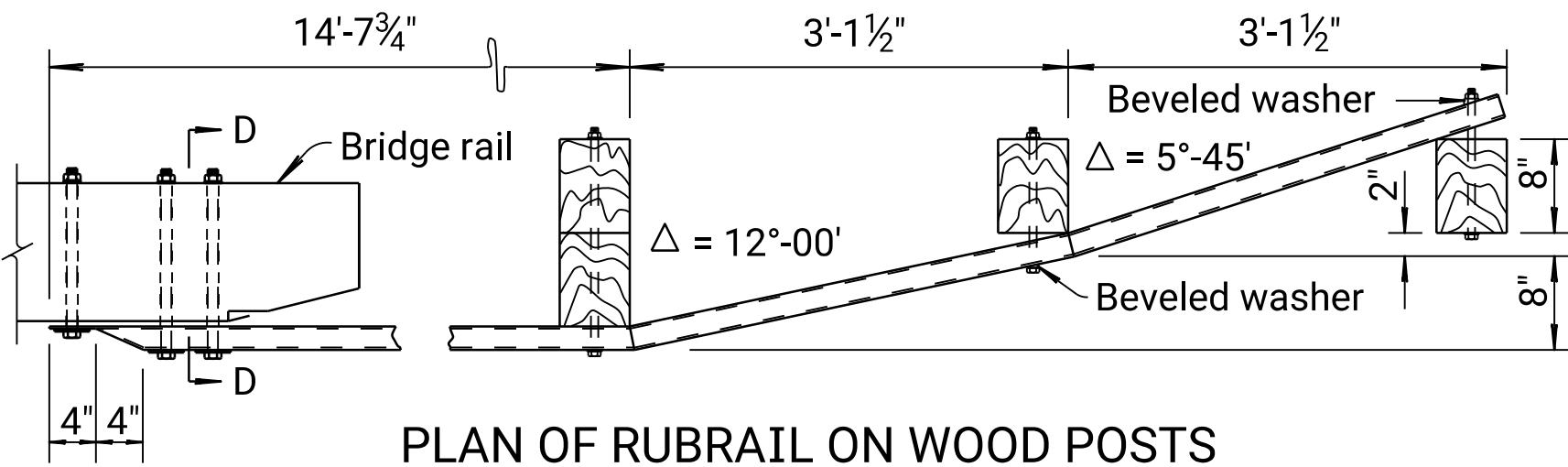
ELEVATION WITH RUBRAIL



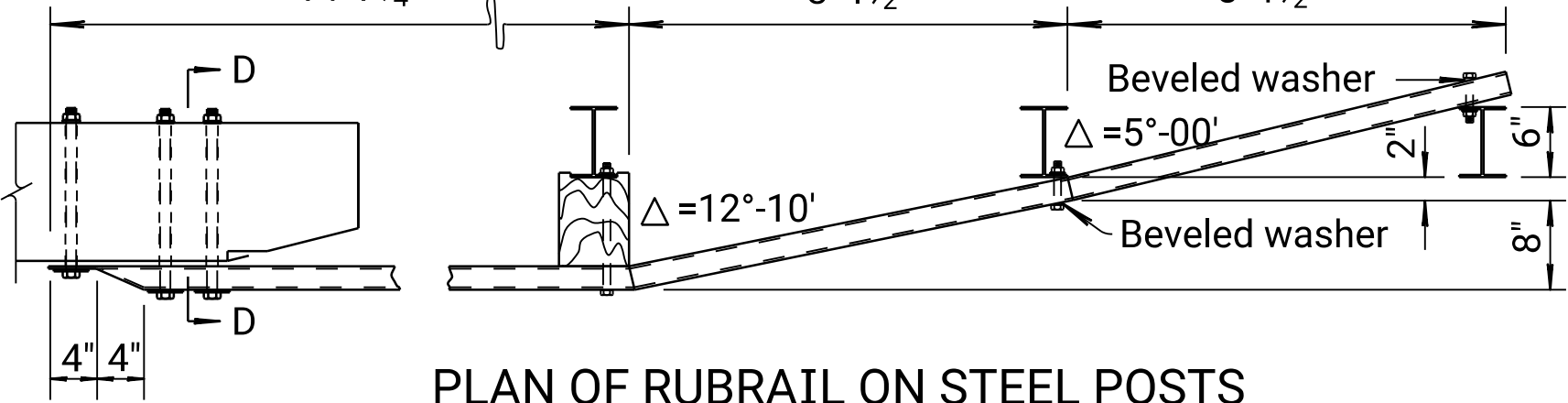
SECTION D-D

## WOOD POSTS

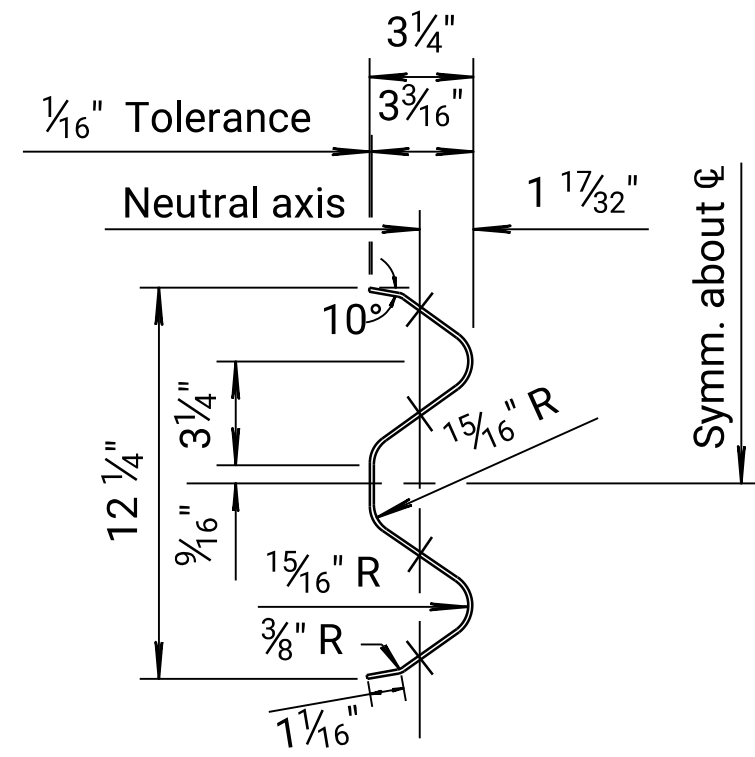
## STEEL POSTS



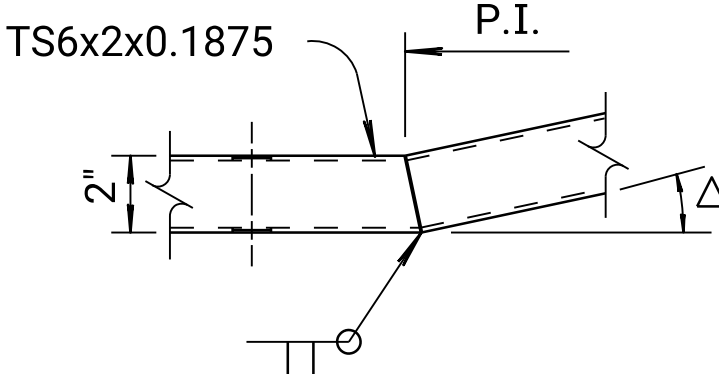
PLAN OF RUBRAIL ON WOOD POSTS



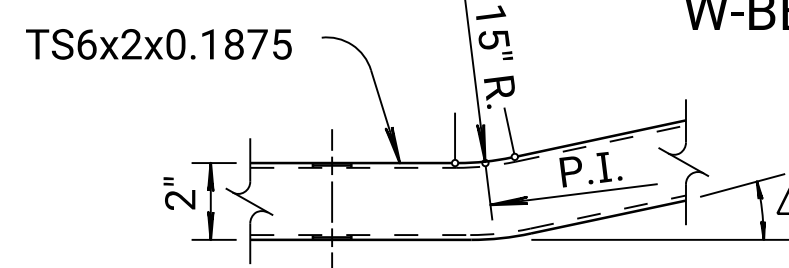
PLAN OF RUBRAIL ON STEEL POSTS



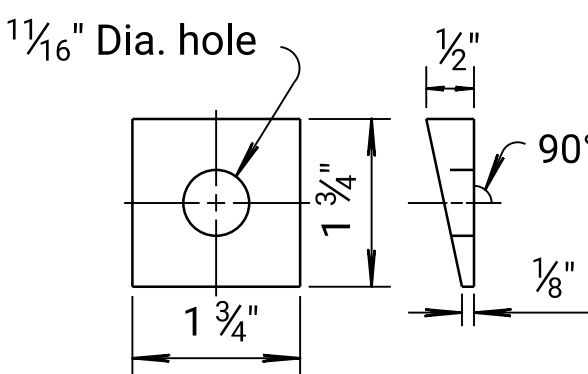
SECTION THRU TYPICAL W-BEAM RAIL ELEMENT



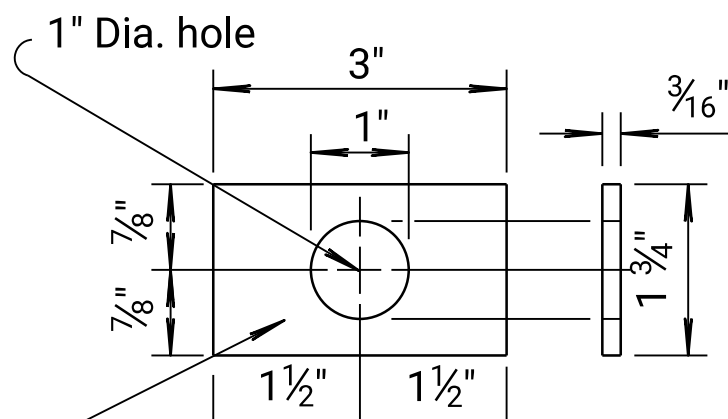
SHOP WELDED OPTION



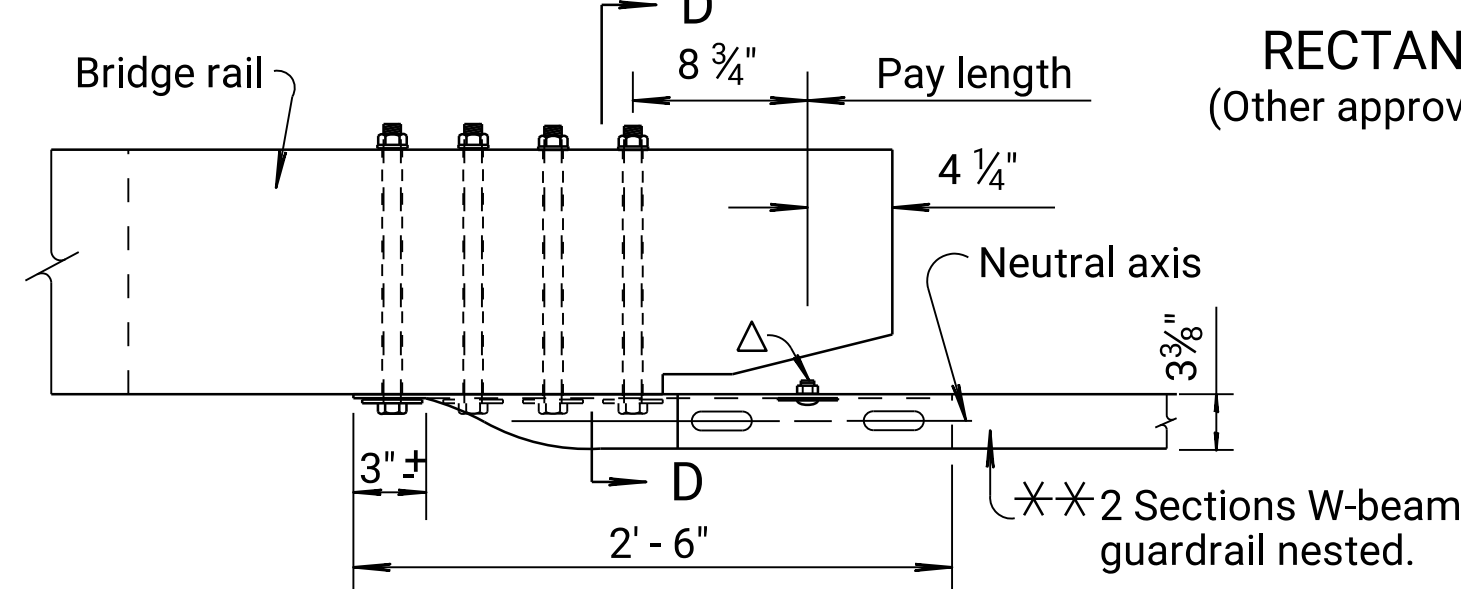
SHOP BENT OPTION



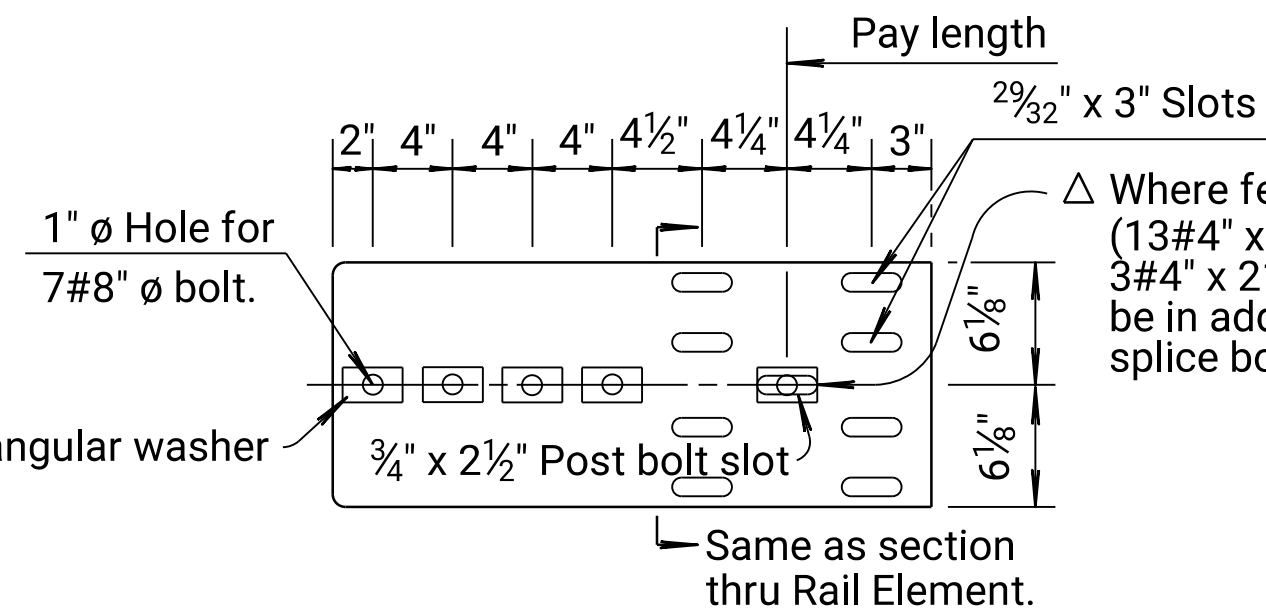
BEVELED WASHER



RECTANGULAR WASHER



PLAN SPECIAL END SHOE



ELEVATION SPECIAL END SHOE

One section of the two shall be considered as subsidiary to the bid item "Steel Plate Guardrail".

GENERAL NOTE  
Include all material and work for this installation in the pay item "Steel Plate Guardrail" paid by the lineal foot.  
Use 10 or 12 gauge steel guardrail elements unless otherwise called out, see standard specifications.

Bridge Rail Transition consists of one 12'-6" W-beam section nested in back of one 25'-0" section. Furnished remaining rail elements in either 12'-6" or 25'-0" sections.

Guardrail parts furnished under this specification shall be interchangeable with similar parts regardless of the source or manufacturer.

Shop fabricate tubular steel rubrail from ASTM A36 structural steel, form angles in rubrail by shop bending or welding. Rubrail is subsidiary to the bid item "Steel Plate Guardrail".

Galvanize rail elements, post fittings, bolts, nuts, washers and anchor bolts after fabrication in accordance with the standard specifications.

Shop or field drill holes in posts and/or tubular steel rubrail for attachment. When holes are field drilled touch up any damage to the galvanized coating with zinc based paint.

Shop bend rail when radius is less than 150'.

Fabricate Special End Shoe from 10 gauge steel in accordance with standard specifications.

The Special End Shoe has the same section as guardrail and is subsidiary to guardrail.

Lap guardrail splices, including Special End Shoe, in the direction of traffic. Where traffic is temporarily carried in the opposite direction of final configuration, lap rail splices in the direction of permanent traffic.

See Std. Drawing RD611 for additional details of posts not shown on this sheet.

See Standard Drawing RD611 for details of Bolts A, & C.

Blocks used with steel posts shall be grooved to fit over the flange of the post and may be Wood or Polymer.

NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APP'D
14	12-14-10	Revised notes 28" rail height	S.W.K.	J.O.B.
13	04-02-08	Removed Galvanized callout	S.W.K.	J.O.B.
12	02-06-07	Corrected spelling error	S.W.K.	J.O.B.

KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
W-BEAM WITH RUBRAIL BRIDGE APPROACH TRANSITION DETAILS				
RD616				
DESIGNED	01-11-11	APP'D	James O. Brewer	
DETAIL CK.	QUANTITIES	TRACED		
DESIGN CK.	QUAN. CK.	TRACE CK.		



j:\2023Proj\235078\CADD\235078 General Notes & Quantities.dwg 9/10/2024 -- 7:46am lmartin

STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C--5219--01	2024	10	56

SUMMARY OF BRIDGE QUANTITIES														
Items	Excavation		Concrete		Reinforcing Steel (Grade 60) (Grade 60)	Reinforcing Steel (Grade 60) (Epoxy Coated)	Prestressed Concrete Beams (K4+3)	Piles (Steel) (HP10X42)	Slope Protection (Riprap Stone)	Cast Steel Pile Points	Drilled Shafts (60") (Cased)	Core Hole (Investigative)	Sonic Test (Drilled Shaft) (Each)(Set)	Bridge Project Marker (Non Participate)
	Class I	Class II	Grade 4.0 (AE)	Grade 4.0 (AE)(SA)										
Location	Cu. Yds.	Cu. Yds.	Cu. Yds.	Cu. Yds.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lin. Ft.	Lin. Ft.	Cu. Yd.	Each	Lin. Ft.	Lin. Ft.	Each	Each
Abutment No. 1	60		17.3		1,970			235	1,600	5				
Pier No. 1		54	30.5		5,330						74	75		
Pier No. 2		54	30.5		5,330						74	75		
Abutment No. 2	60		17.3		1,970			235	640	5				
Total Substructure	120	108	95.6		14,600			470	2,240	10	148	150	1	1
Total Superstructure				243.8		54,830	796							
Grand Total	120	108	95.6	243.8	14,600	54,830	796	* 470	2,240	10	148	150	1	1

\* Includes: 10 @ 47'

Note: Only Steel Piles  
HP10X42 shall be used  
on this structure.

GENERAL BRIDGE NOTES

CHANNEL IMPROVEMENT AND EXCAVATION: The Contractor shall excavate the channel and complete the embankments in the vicinity of the new bridge, prior to the driving of the piles.

BRIDGE EXCAVATION: Elevation 1234.50 shall designate the Excavation Boundary Plane of Class I and Class II Excavation; Class I above the plane, Class II below the plane. See the Bridge Excavation sheet for the limits of pay excavation.

DRILLED SHAFTS: See notes on "DRILLED SHAFT DETAILS."

CORE HOLE (INVESTIGATIVE): See KDOT Specifications

SONIC TESTING: Equip all drilled shafts with piping to allow sonic testing to be done. Install pipes at locations shown on the plans. The Engineer has the option to require sonic, non-destructive, integrity testing at locations he designates (E.G. Wet Pours). Sonic testing shall be paid for at the unit price set for "Sonic Test" (Drilled Shaft) (Set Price). If the sonic testing indicates defective concrete in the shaft, the Engineer shall measure the first sonic test for payment, and the Contractor is responsible for subsequent sonic testing of that shaft. Report test results directly to the Engineer. No work shall be done above the top of drilled shaft without the approval of the Engineer.

SOUNDINGS: The soundings shown on these plans are taken from notes obtained in the field and represent the best information available to Chase County.

PILING: Drive all piling to penetrate or bear upon the limestone formation. Driving shall stop when in the opinion of the Engineer additional driving may damage the piling. Drive all piling to the Pile Driving Formula Load of:

Abutment No. 1	68.1 Tons
Abutment No. 2	68.1 Tons

As a minimum drive each pile to the load and penetration, but in no case shall the pile be driven to more than 110% of Pile Driving Formula Driving Load. At any location where problems are experienced, pile damage is suspected, or the Pile Driving Formula Load occurs significantly above the design pile tip elevation, the Engineer may request that the Pile Driving Analyzer (PDA) equipment be used.

PILING SPLICE LOCATION: Integral pile splice locations and weld testing criteria for both abutments will follow the "Standard Pile Details" Sheet (BR110).

BACKFILL COMPACTION: Backfill compaction shall be required at abutments.

COLUMN CONSTRUCTION: Cure the drilled shaft as required by the KDOT Specifications before beginning the column construction (placing resteel or formwork). Do not place cast in place shear bolts, coil inserts or other devices used as falsework support in the column without the approval of the Engineer. Do not remove column formwork without the approval of the Engineer. Curing shall continue after the formwork is removed as required by the KDOT Specifications.

PIER BEAM CONSTRUCTION: Cure the columns as required by the KDOT Specifications before beginning the pier beam construction (placing resteel or formwork). Do not drill and grout bolts or other devices into the columns used for falsework support unless shown on the plans. Cure the columns as required by the KDOT Specifications before placing pier beam concrete. Do not remove falsework used to support the pier beam until the pier beam concrete has cured as required by the KDOT Specifications. Do not set girders or beams on the pier beam until after the falsework is removed or the pier beam concrete has 0.75f'c strength as tested.

PRESTRESSED BEAM CONCRETE: Use air entrained concrete with select coarse aggregate as specified in the Special Provisions. The release strength and 28 day strength requirements shall be as noted on the plans. Submit mix designs to the Engineer for approval.

CONCRETE: Superstructure concrete is bid as Concrete (Grade 4.0) (AE)(SA). Substructure concrete is bid as Concrete (Grade 4.0) (AE). If desired, the Contractor may use Concrete (Grade 4.0) in the drilled shafts and in the abutments below the construction joint. Bevel all exposed edges of all concrete with a 3/4" triangular molding, except where otherwise noted on the plans. Construction joints are optional for the Contractor, but if used, place only at locations shown, or at locations approved by the Engineer.

REINFORCING STEEL: All reinforcing steel dimensions are to the centerline of bars unless otherwise noted. All dimensions shown in the bending diagrams are out to out of bars unless otherwise noted. All reinforcing steel, except the spiral bars, shall conform to the requirements of ASTM A615, Grade 60. Spiral bars may meet the requirements of either ASTM A615 (Gr. 40 or 60) or A82, and are included in the bid item "Reinforcing Steel (Gr. 60)".

FALSEWORK PLANS: A licensed Professional Engineer shall design the falsework details. Details shall bear the seal of a licensed Professional Engineer. See the Bridge Design Manual, Section 16.1 "Review and Approval of Falsework Plans", for a listing of items to be included on the falsework plan. Submit electronic plans conforming to Section 105 of the Standard Specification with details in compliance with KDOT Specifications to the Field Engineer for review.

FALSEWORK INSPECTION: This project has falsework plan requirements which are considered "Category 2" by KDOT specifications. If falsework deficiencies or variations from the approved and sealed plans are found, the falsework design Engineer of Record will provide written approval of the changes. If for the convenience of the Contractor the falsework becomes "Category 1" by the use of non-typical supports; then the inspection and review requirement of "Category 1" will be fully enforced, but at no cost to the County. "Category 2" falsework inspection is not paid for directly, but is subsidiary to other bid items.

ERECTION PLANS: This is a Category A Structure. Submit detailed Erection Plans to the Field Engineer per KDOT Specifications. A Licensed Professional Engineer is not required.

BRIDGE SEATS: Finish the bridge seats under the bearing pads to a smooth finish. Finish the remaining area to a rough finish.

ERECTION ELEVATION CHECKS: After the abutment and pier concrete has cured and before setting any prestressed beams, present verification to the Engineer that the elevations at the bearings match plan elevation ( $\pm 1/4"$ ).

CAMBER: For girder camber requirements, see "MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS" sheet.

DECK FORMS: Steel or prestressed concrete stay-in-place forms shall not be allowed.

DECK FINISHING: Set the finishing machine normal to the centerline of the structure for striking off and screeding the concrete.

CONSTRUCTION LOADS: Limited traffic is permitted on the new sub-deck, one-course deck or any concrete overlay during the curing period, KEEP ANY EXPOSED DECK WET DURING THE CURING PERIOD. See KDOT Specifications Section 710 Tables 710-1 & 710-2 for additional information.

QUANTITIES: Items not listed separately in the Summary of Quantities are subsidiary to other items in the proposal.

DIMENSIONS: All dimensions shown on the design plans are horizontal dimensions unless otherwise noted. Make necessary allowances for roadway grade and cross slope.

CONTRACTOR CONSTRUCTION STAKING: Contractor Construction Staking for clear span bridges requires two independent surveys. See KDOT Specifications.

SLOPE PROTECTION: Place Slope Protection (Riprap Stone) (1/4 ton) to the limits and thicknesses shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

Place a 10 foot wide mat of geotextile fabric under the rock/rubble embankment on the berm and berm slopes and centered on the drip lines of the slab.

REMOVAL OF EXISTING STRUCTURE: The existing bridge is to remain in place.

INDEX TO BRIDGE DRAWINGS	
Sheet No.	Drawing Title
13	General Notes & Quantities
14	Contour Map
15	Construction Layout
16	Abutment Beam Details
17	Abutment Diaphragm Details
18	Drilled Shaft Details
19-20	Pier Details
21	Framing Plan
22	Standard Prestressed Concrete Beam Details
23-24	Prestressed Beam Details
25	Diaphragm Details
26	Slab Details
27	Corral Rail Details
28	Miscellaneous Details

LRFR RATING FACTORS			
Design Load	Rating Level	Inventory	Operating
HL-93 Loading		1.225	1.588
NRL			1.809
2020 Manual for Bridge Evaluation			

LFD RATING FACTORS			
Truck	Rating Level	Inventory	Operating
HS-20 (36T)		1.399	2.336
Type HET (110T)			1.105
2002 LFD Rating, 17th Edition AASHTO			

DESIGN DATA

DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS: AASHTO BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS, LATEST EDITION WITH APPROPRIATE INTERIM SPECIFICATIONS. LOAD RESISTANCE FACTOR DESIGN.

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS: KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR STATE ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION, LATEST EDITION AND SPECIAL PROVISIONS.


DESIGN LOADING:  
LIVE LOAD -- HL-93  
DEAD LOAD -- INCLUDES AN ALLOWANCE OF 25 LBS. PER SQ. FT. FOR A FUTURE WEARING SURFACE.

UNIT STRESSES:	CONCRETE (GRADE 4.0) (AE) (SA)	f'c = 4,000 psi
	CONCRETE (GRADE 4.0) (AE)	f'c = 4,000 psi
	CONCRETE (GRADE 4.0)	f'c = 4,000 psi
	PRESTRESSED BEAM CONCRETE	f'c = 6,000 psi
	REINFORCING STEEL (GRADE 60)	fy = 60,000 psi
	PRESTRESSED STRANDS: UNCOATED 1/2" 7 WIRE, LOW RELAXATION STRANDS	f's = 270,000 psi

LRFD DESIGN PILE LOAD:			
DESIGN LOADING (TONS PER PILE)	STRENGTH I	SERVICE I	
ABUTMENT NO. 1	68.1	49.2	PHI
ABUTMENT NO. 2	68.1	49.2	0.45
			0.45

LRFD DESIGN DRILLED SHAFT LOADS:			
DESIGN LOADING (TONS PER SHAFT)	STRENGTH I	PHI	
PIER NO. 1	439.0	0.45	
PIER NO. 2	439.0	0.45	

MAXIMUM NET ALLOWABLE BEARING PRESSURE = 30 TONS PER SQUARE FOOT

PROJECT NO. 9 C-5219-01				
GENERAL NOTES & QUANTITIES				
BRIDGE OVER COTTONWOOD RIVER				
STA. 55+95	CHASE COUNTY	DESIGNED	GEP	SCALE
		DETAILED	JPF	DATE
		QUANTITIES	SHEET	OF



Ref. P.O.T. @ Sta. 50+00  
Set 5/8" Rebar @ P.O.T.  
1. To C E-W Grav. Rd.  
2. Top C 36" "T" Post  
3. Top C R.R. on End  
4. To E. Rail R.R. Track

12.0' SW  
63.05' NNW  
114.0' NW

Ref. P.O.T. @ Sta. 53+69.84  
Set 5/8" Rebar @ P.O.T.  
1. In C E-W Grav. Rd.  
2. To W. EWS Br.  
3. Spk. & Wshr. in W. Fc. Tree  
4. Spk. & Wshr. in W. Fc. Tree

149.0' SE  
55.72' NE  
42.80' ENE

Ref. P.I. @ Sta. 57+39.06 L Lt. 68°40'39"  
Set 5/8" Rebar @ P.I.  
1. In C Rd. to W.  
2. Spk. & Wshr. Top E. End Gd. Fc.  
3. To SE Cor. Br.  
4. To NE Cor. Br.

6.40' SE  
79.2' WNW  
79.2' NW

Ref. P.I. @ Sta. 59+14.64 L 1°19'31"  
Set 5/8" Rebar @ P.I.  
1. In C E-W Grav. Rd.  
2. Spk. & Wshr. S. Fc. Tree  
3. C Base Wood Post  
4. C Base Wood Post

22.10' SW  
62.4' SSE  
89.2' NNE

Ref. P.I. @ Sta. 62+74.62  
Set 5/8" Rebar @ P.I.  
1. In C Grav. Rd.  
2. To NW Cor. Street N. of Project  
3. To NE Cor. Street N. of Project  
4. Spk. & Wshr. S. Fc. Tree

15.7' WSW  
16.6' SSW  
28.6' W

STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	11	56

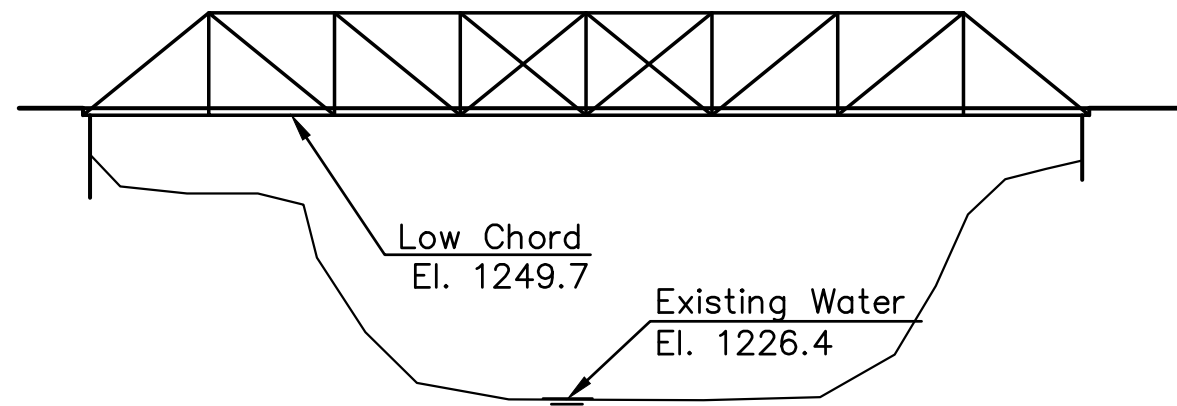
Sec. 36, T 20 S, R 5 E

Webe Family Farms, LLC

See cross sections for  
Channel Improvement,  
Sheets 49-50

Jerry L. Siebert Rev. Trust  
Millicene K. Siebert Rev. Trust

Sta. 61+00; END  
KDOT Proj. No.  
9 C-5219-01

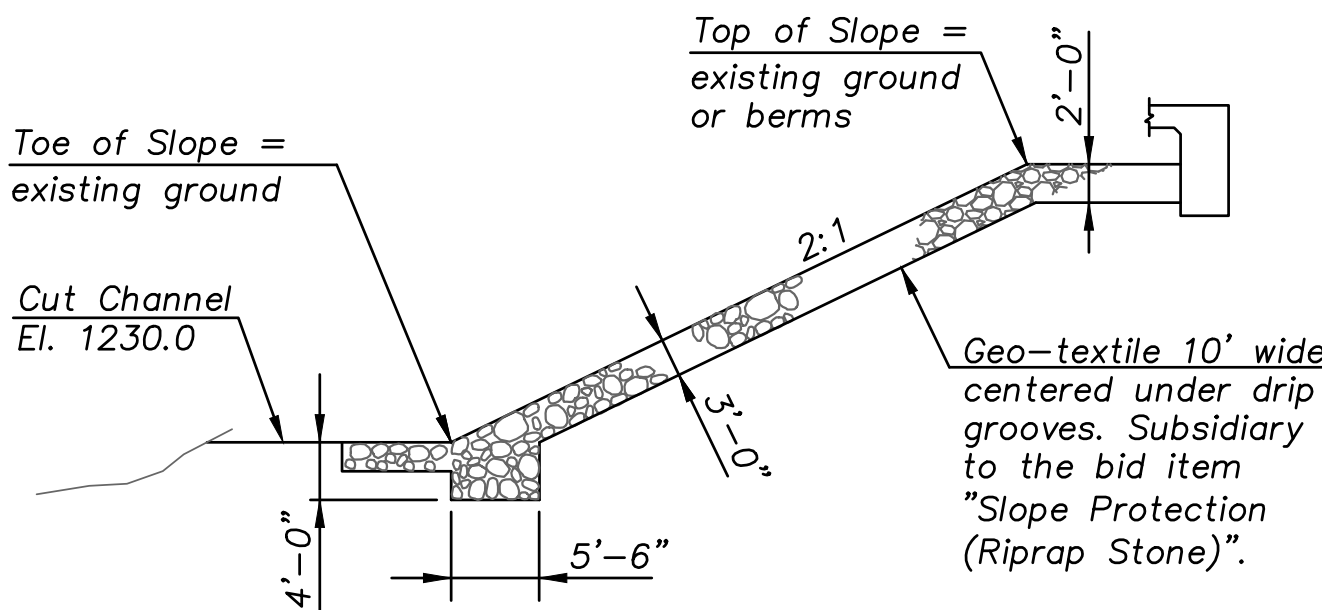


(Not to scale)  
SKETCH OF EXISTING STRUCTURE

142' Steel truss on rock and concrete vertical abutments.  
17.4' roadway, concrete deck.  
Existing Waterway= 3,083 ft<sup>2</sup>  
Bridge No. 000090875305401

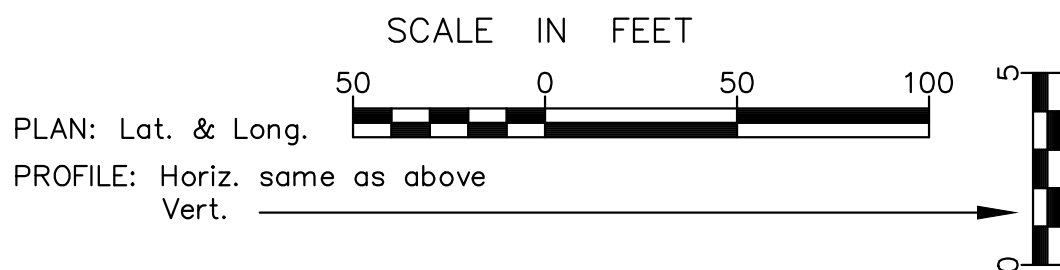
Scale: 1"=50'  
Contour Interval = 2'

Note: The Contractor shall leave the existing structure in place (Br. No. 000090875305401)(142' Steel Truss on Rock Conc. Vertical Abutments, with a concrete deck, 17.4' Rdwy.) Excavate the channel improvements in the vicinity of the new structure, prior to its construction.



TYPICAL SECTION CHANNEL IMPROVEMENT

Note: The Contractor shall Construct Slope Protection (Riprap Stone)(1/4 ton) on the berm and channel slopes as shown.  
Abutment No. 1 = 1,600 Cu. Yds.  
Abutment No. 2 = 640 Cu. Yds.  
Total = 2,240 Cu. Yds.



B.M. #1- Top 36" "T" Post, 12.0' Rt.  
Sta. 50+00 El. 1247.96

B.M. #2- " " Cut Top C NW Br. Rtlw., 10.0' Lt  
Sta. 55+16 El. 1252.67

B.M. #3-1/4" Square steel Rod in Tree, 19.5' Rt.  
Sta. 57+48 El. 1254.91

B.M. #4-Top 36" "T" Post, 1' E., 20.6' Lt.  
Sta. 61+71 El. 1251.10

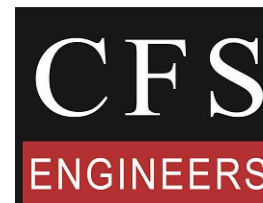
PROJECT NO. 9 C-5219-01

CONTOUR MAP

BRIDGE OVER COTTONWOOD RIVER

STA. 55+95

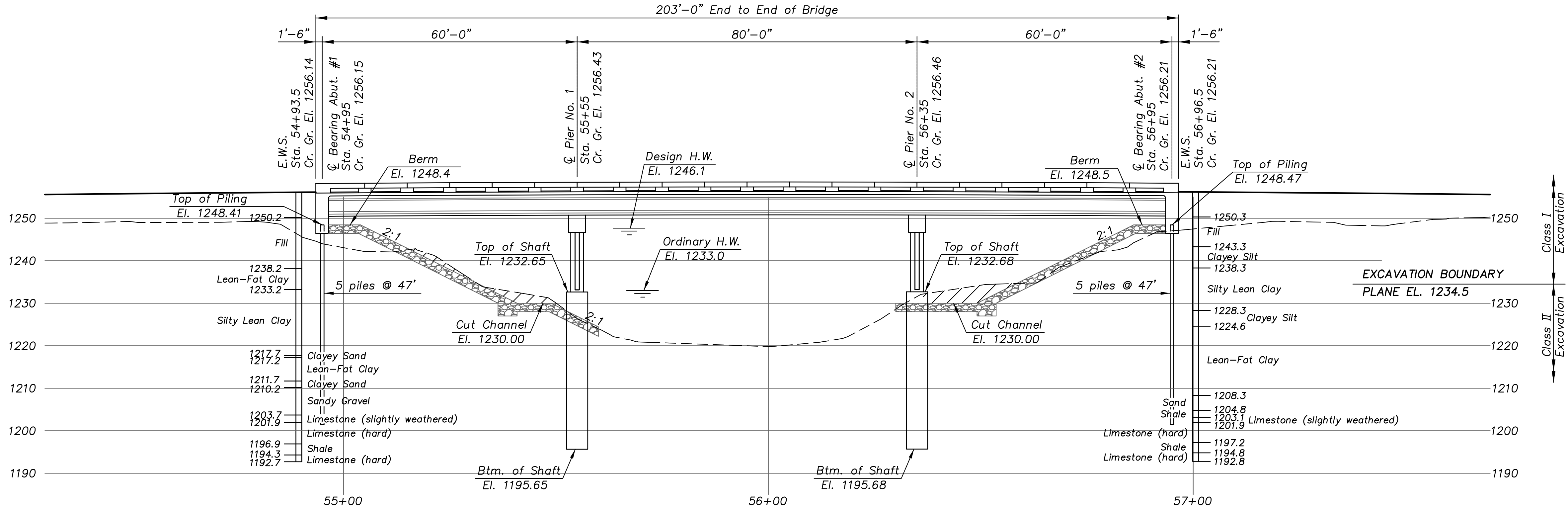
CHASE COUNTY



DESIGNED	SCALE
DETAILED JPF	DATE
QUANTITIES	SHEET OF

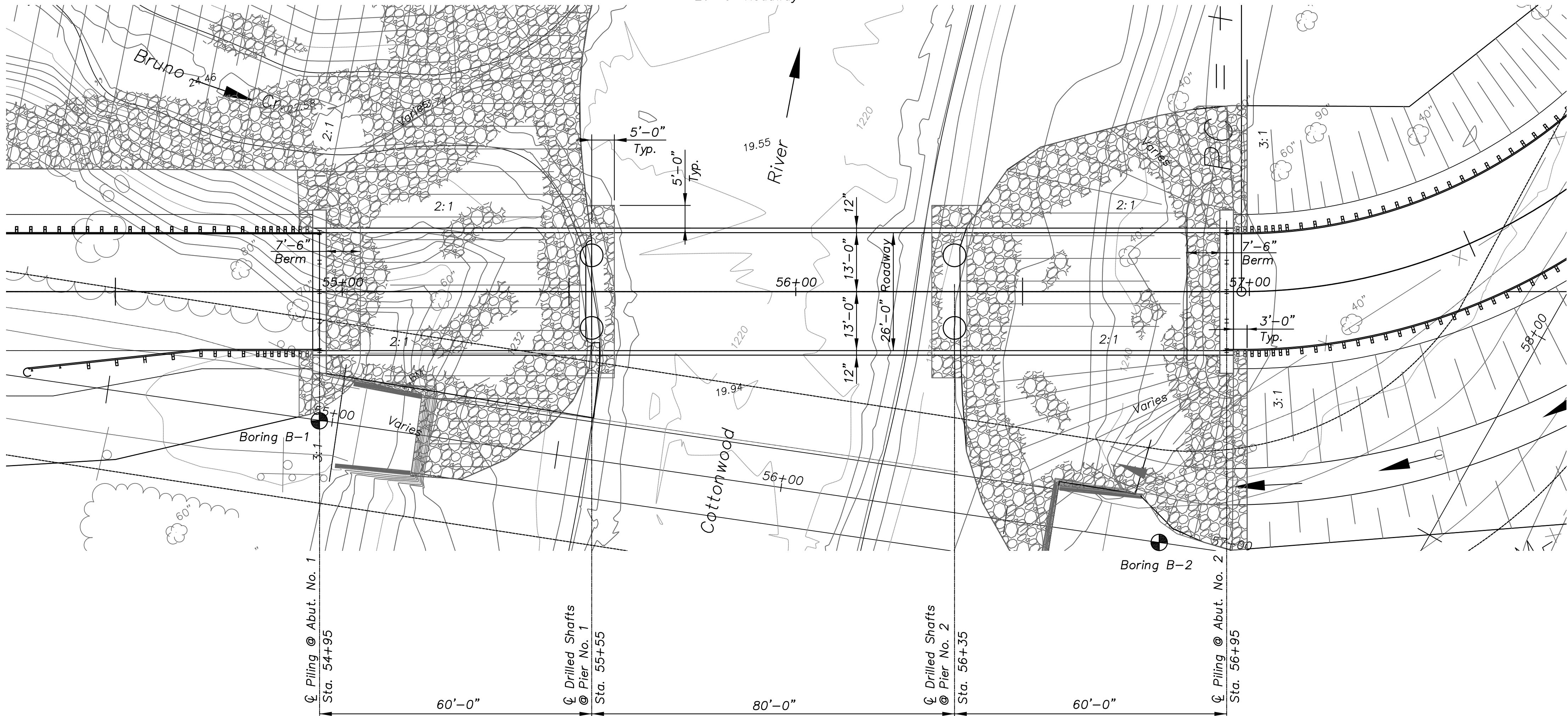


STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	12	56



ELEVATION

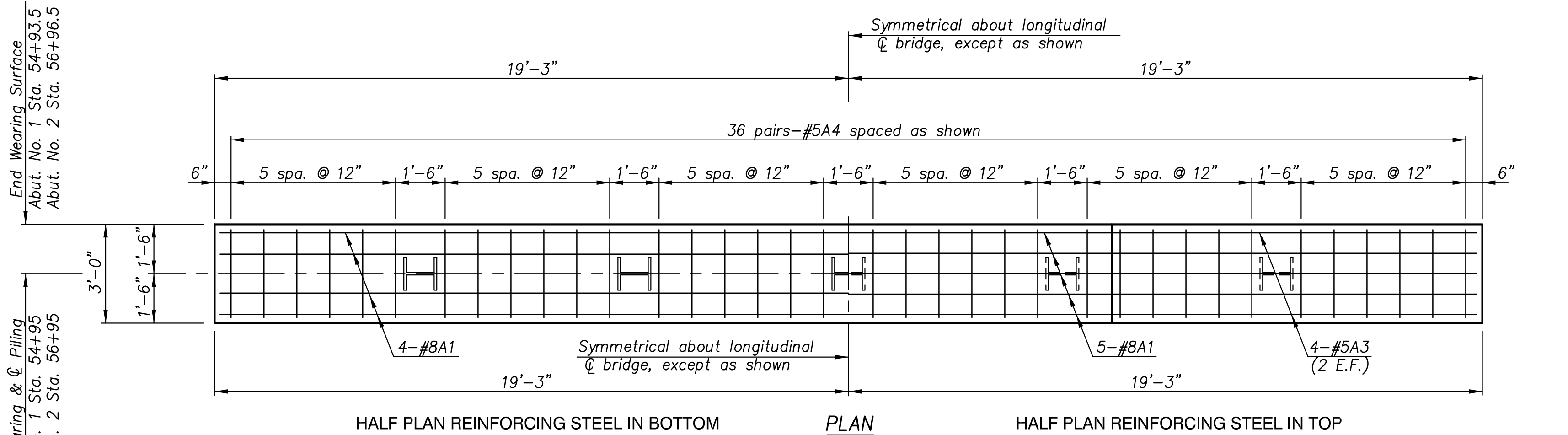
60'-80'-60' Prestressed Beam Spans (K4+3)  
Pile Bent Abutments, Column Bent Piers on Drilled Shafts  
26'-0" Roadway



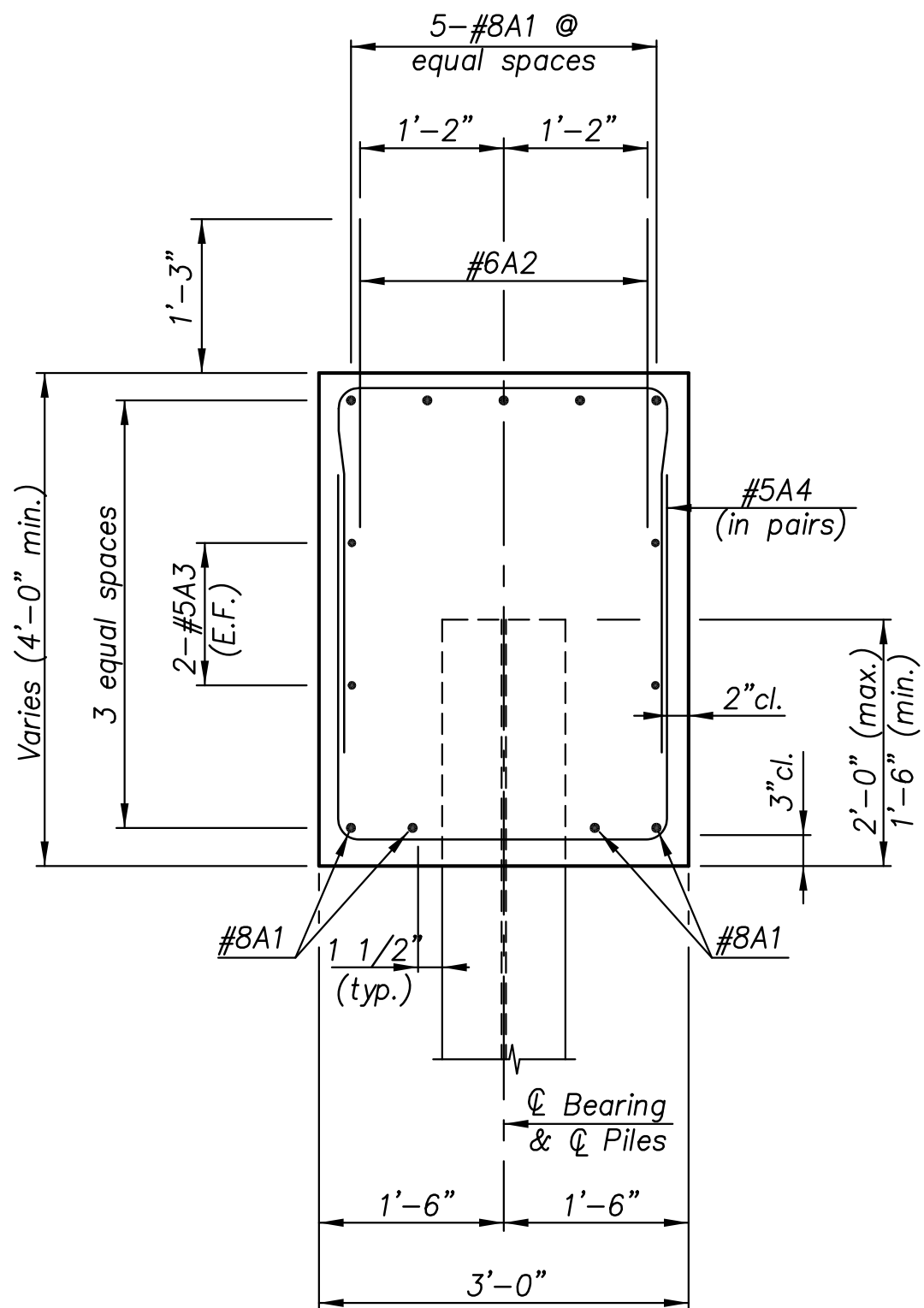
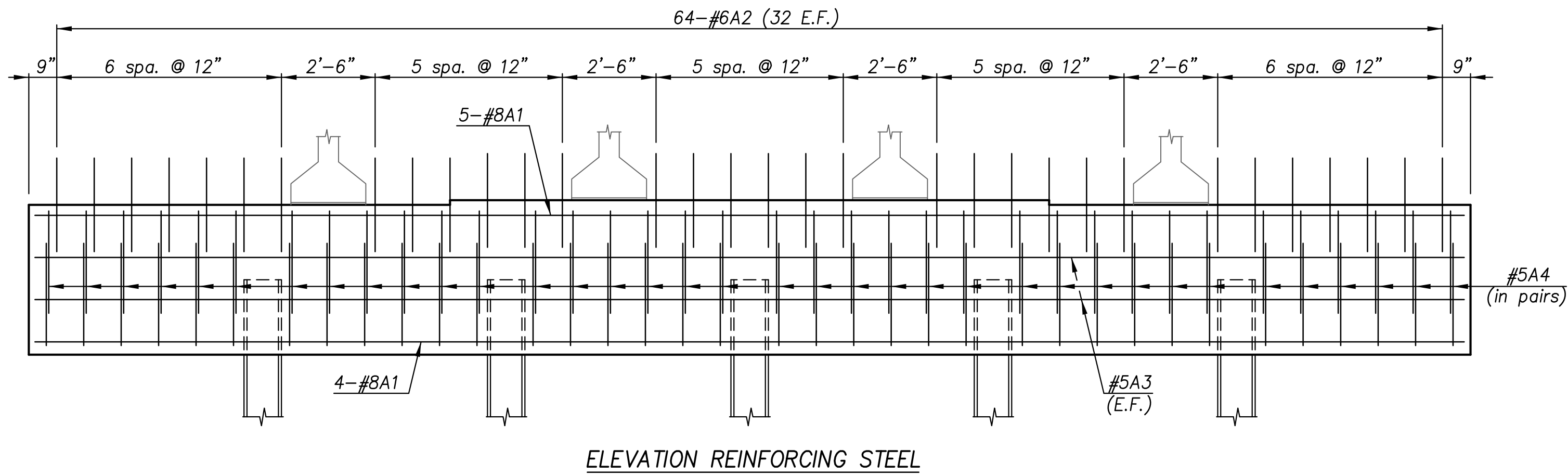


C:\Users\hpham.CFSE.000\Desktop\my 235078 - Abutment Details.dwg 6/03/2024 - 10:30am hpham

STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	13	56



Note: E.F. Indicates each face  
N.F. Indicates near face  
F.F. Indicates far face

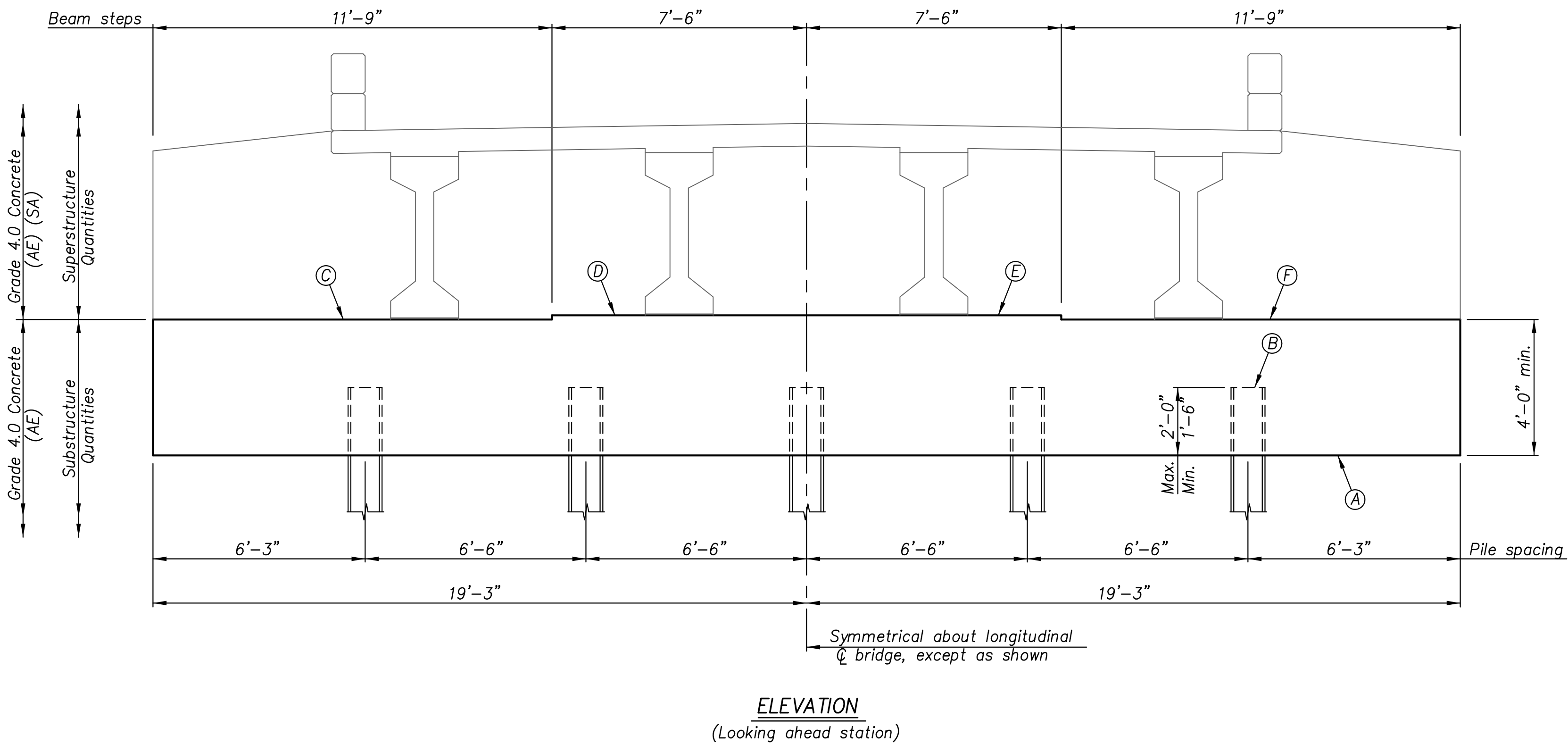


DESIGN PILE LOAD  
49.2 Tons per pile  
Service Load I

68.1 Tons per pile  
Strength Load I

Note: Top of piling elevations shown  
are based on max. pile embedment.

TABLE OF ELEVATIONS		
Location	Elevation	
	Abut. No. 1	Abut. No. 2
A	1246.41	1246.47
B	1248.41	1248.47
C	1250.41	1250.47
D	1250.53	1250.59
E	1250.53	1250.59
F	1250.41	1250.47




PROJECT NO. 9 C-5219-01

ABUTMENT BEAM DETAILS

BRIDGE OVER COTTONWOOD RIVER

STA. 55+95

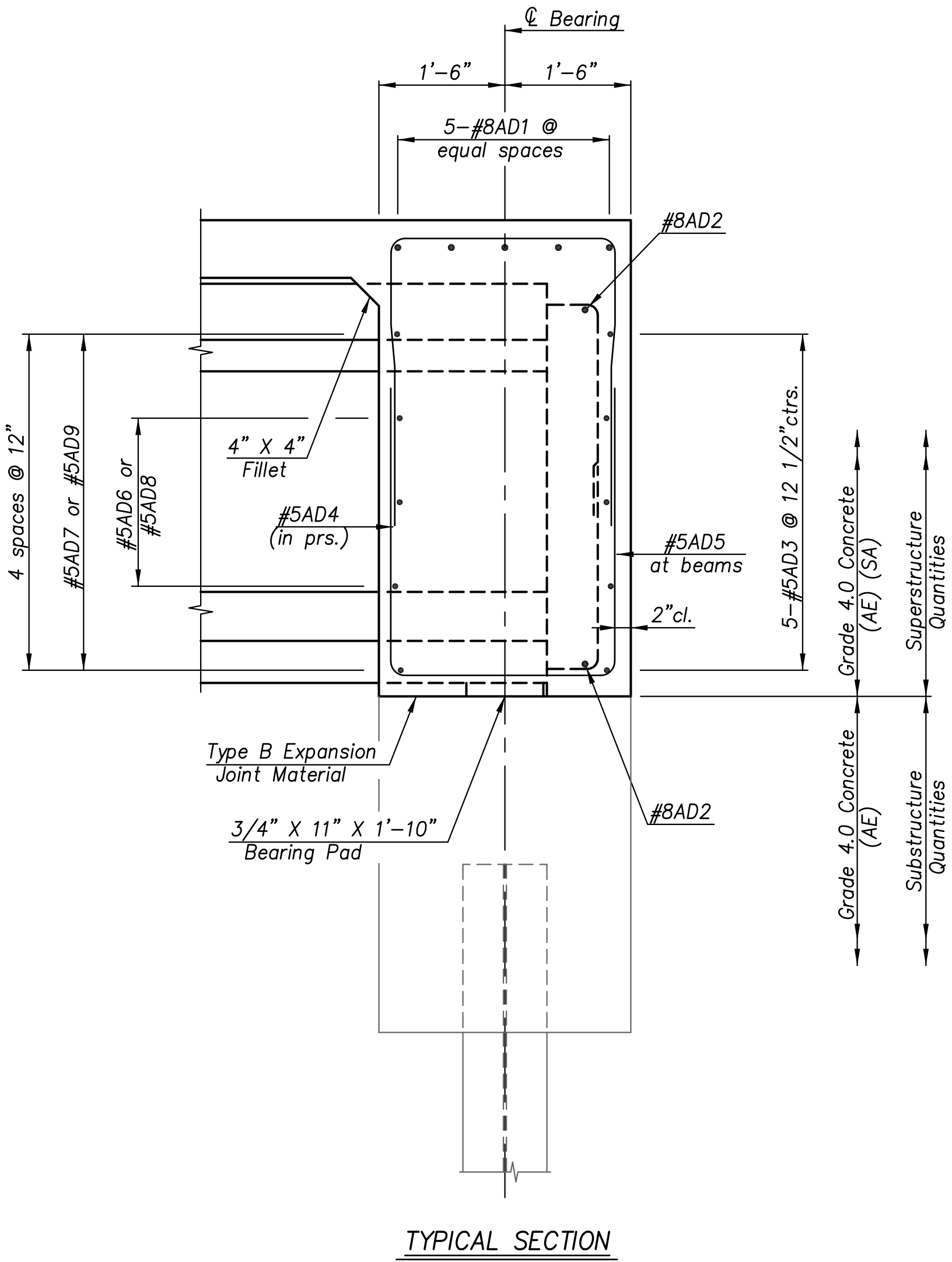
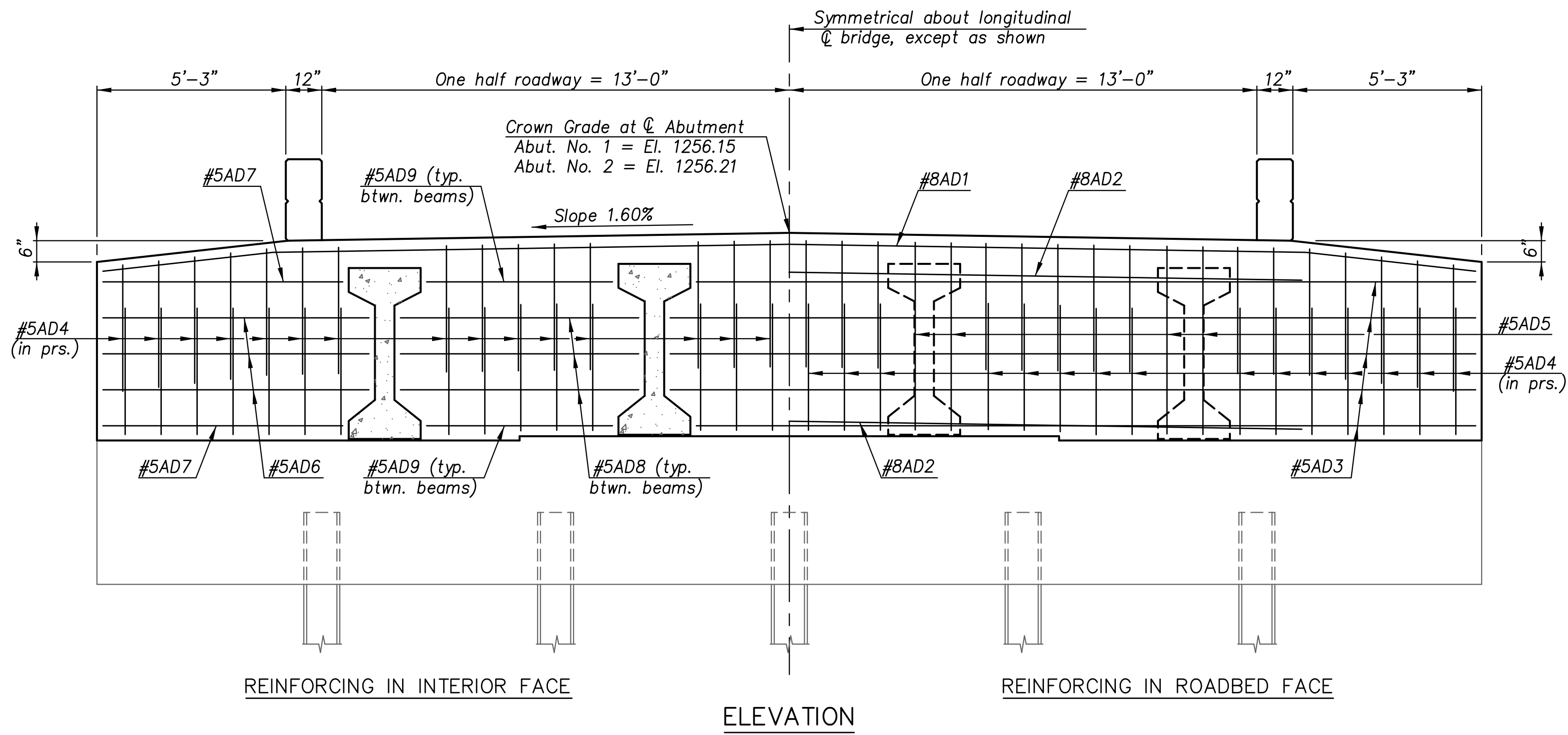
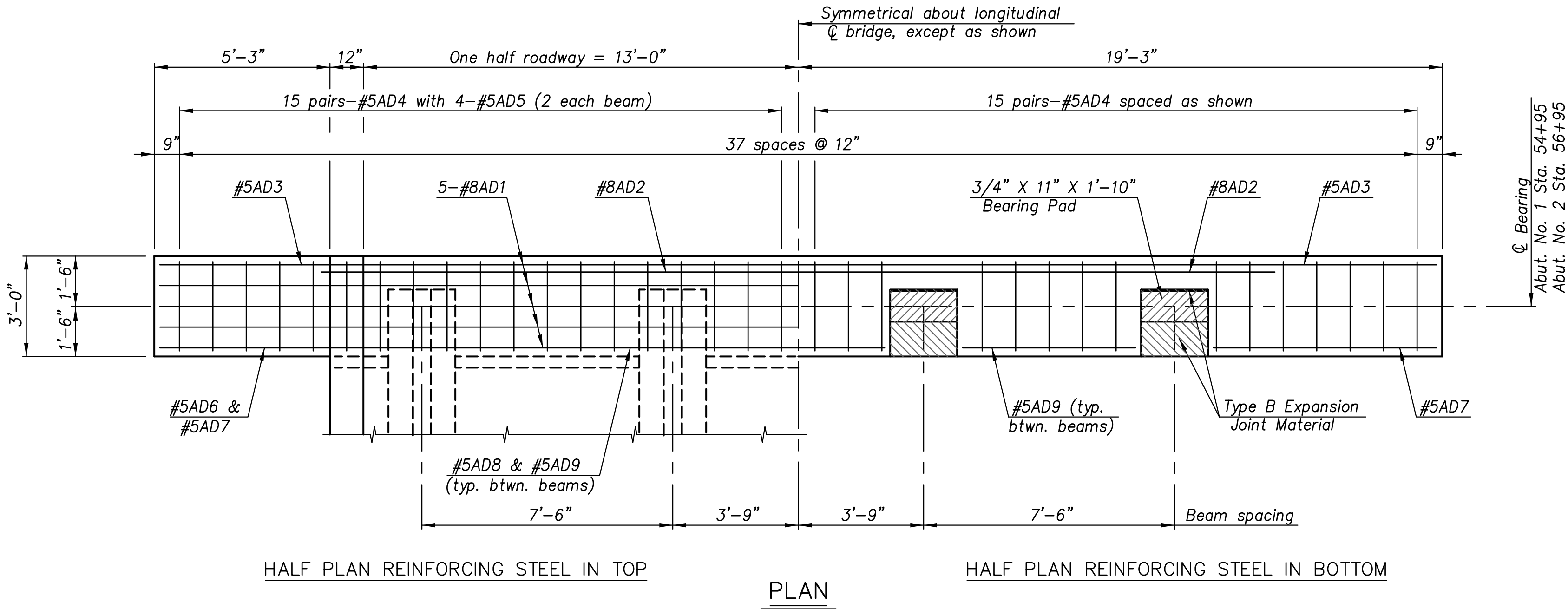
CHASE COUNTY



DESIGNED	GEP	SCALE
DETAILED	JPF	DATE
QUANTITIES	SHEET	OF

Note: E.F. Indicates each face  
N.F. Indicates near face  
F.F. Indicates far face

STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	14	56




PROJECT NO. 9 C-5219-01

ABUTMENT DIAPHRAGM DETAILS

BRIDGE OVER COTTONWOOD RIVER

STA. 55+95

CHASE COUNTY



DESIGNED	GEP	SCALE
DETAILED	JPF	DATE
QUANTITIES		SHEET OF



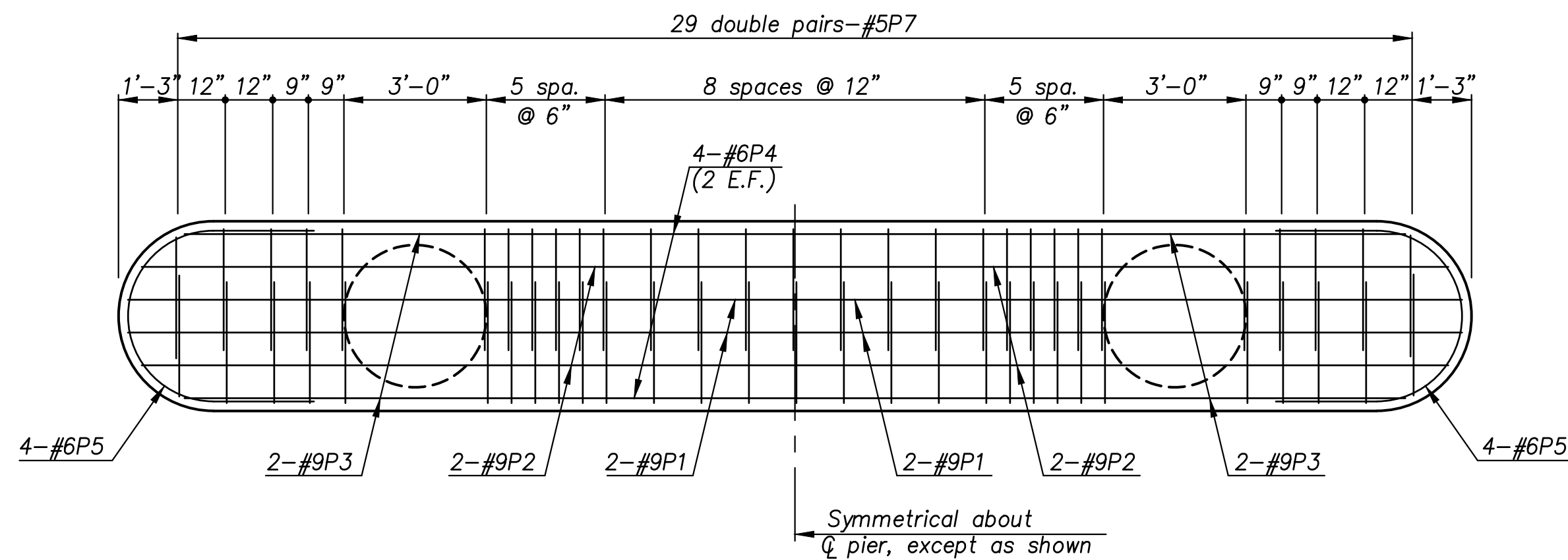




J:\2023Proj\235078\CADD\235078 - Pier Details.dwg 6/25/2024 - 2:11pm lmartin

Note: E.F. Indicates each face  
N.F. Indicates near face  
F.F. Indicates far face

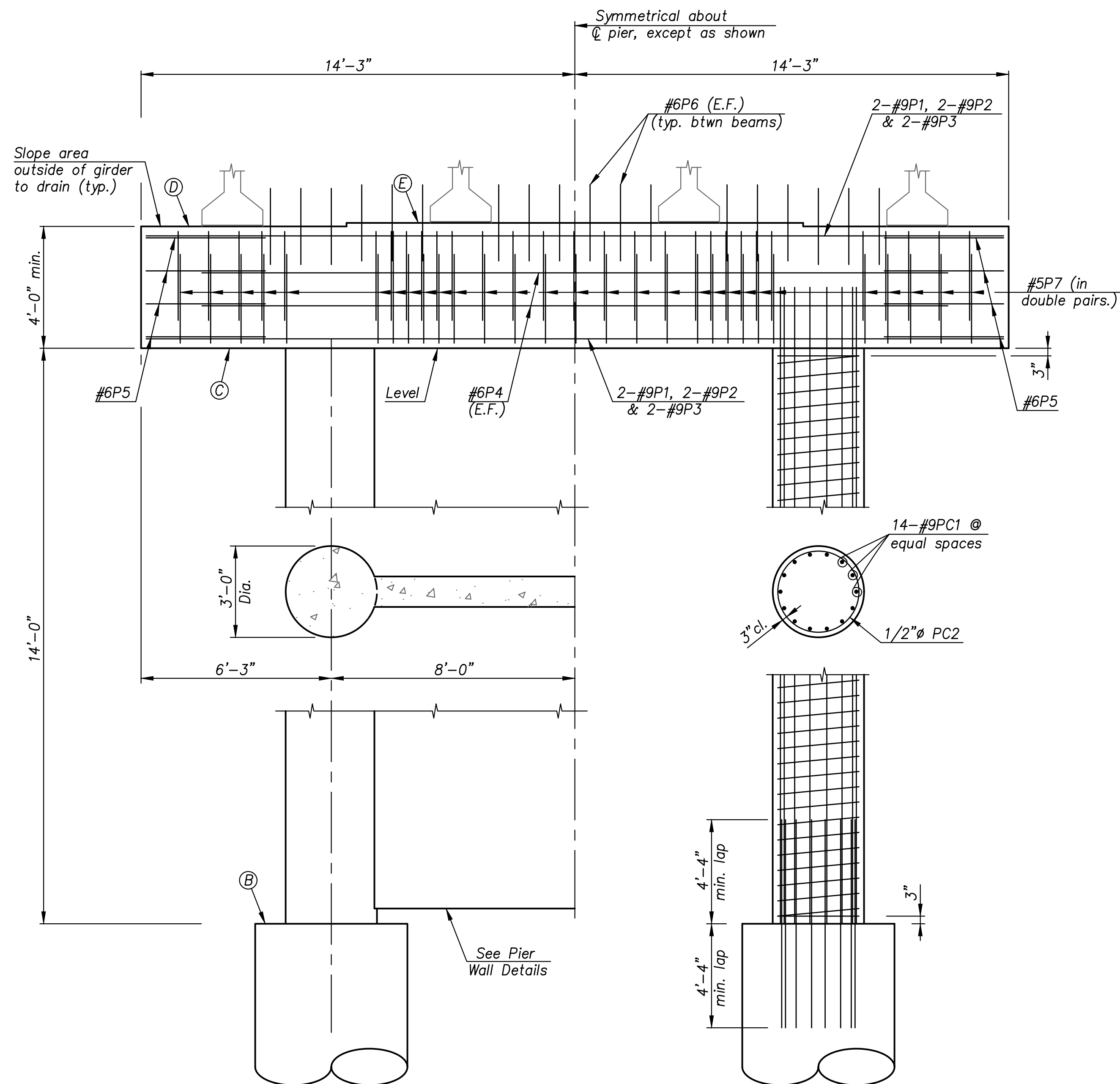
STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	16	56



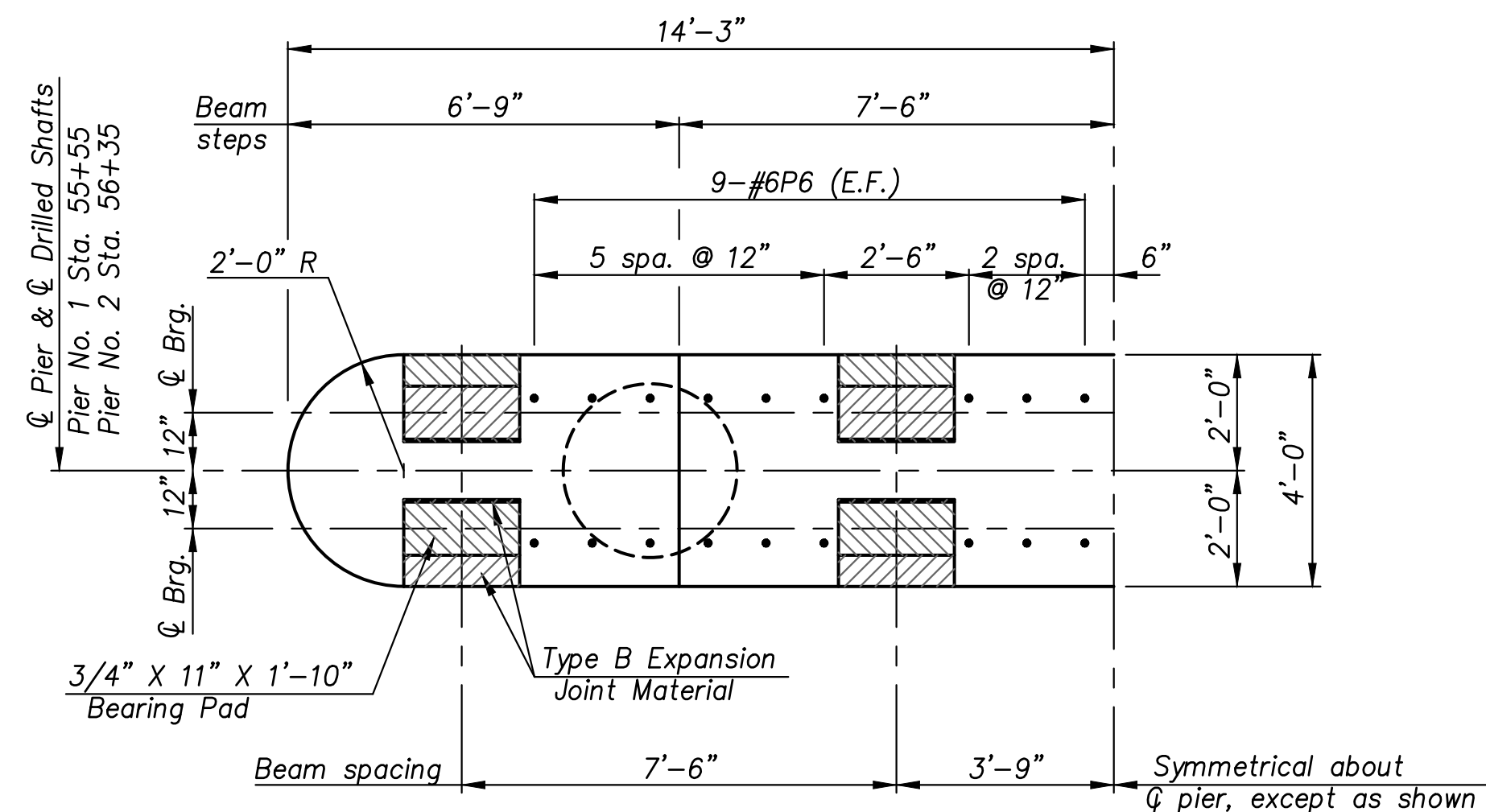
HALF PLAN REINFORCING STEEL IN BOTTOM

HALF PLAN REINFORCING STEEL IN TOP

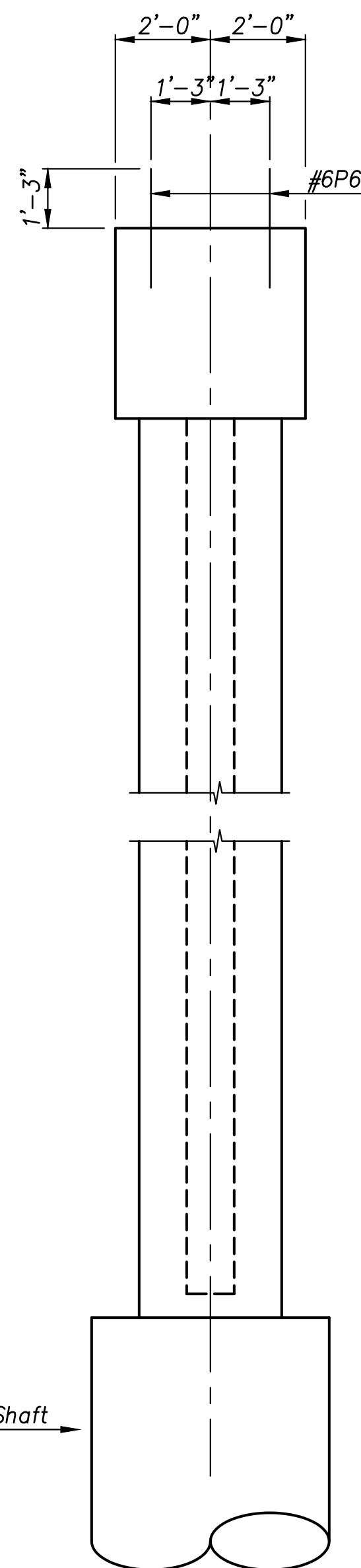
PLAN



ELEVATION



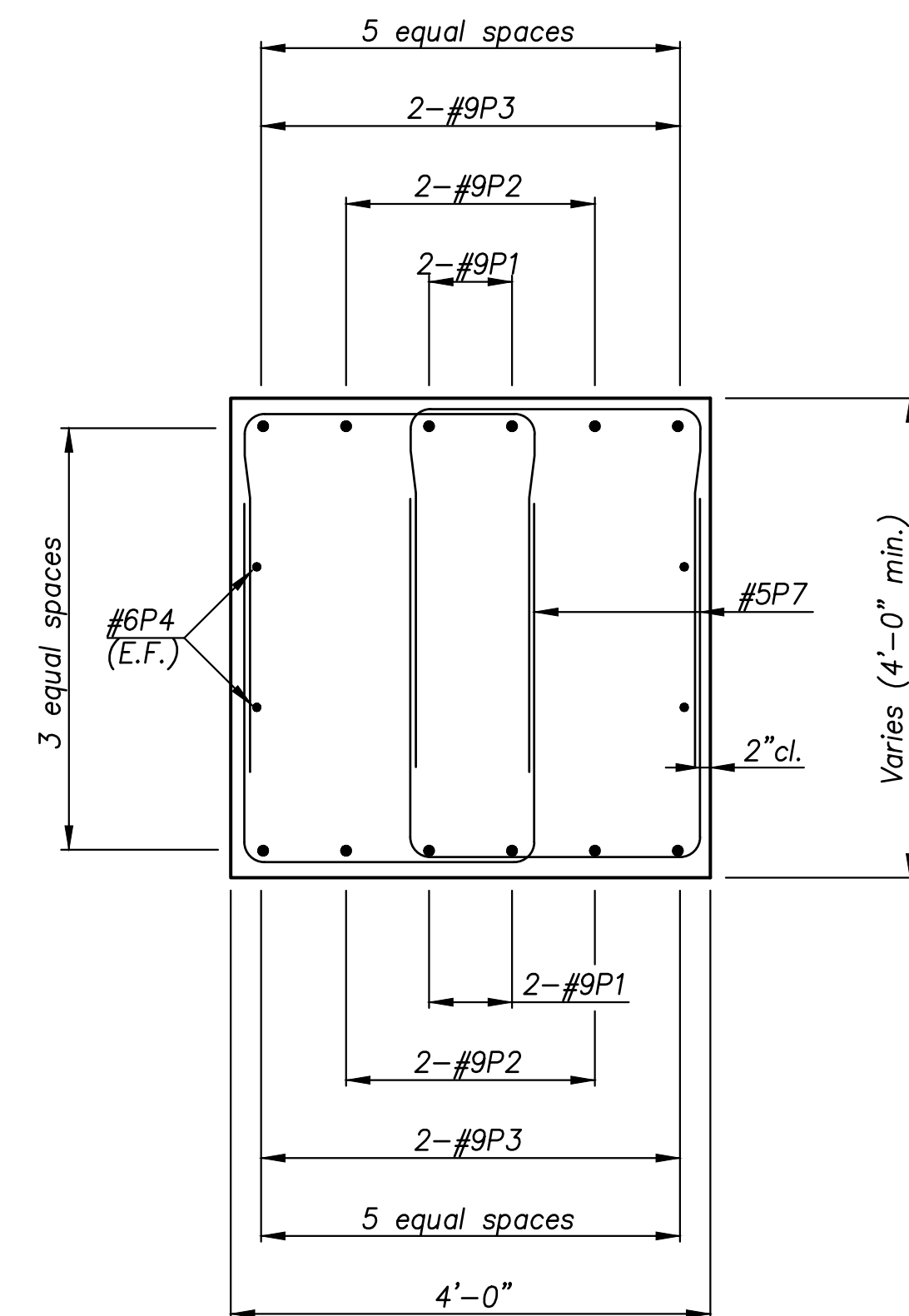
HALF PLAN CAP LAYOUT



END ELEVATION

Note: The Contractor shall maintain the columns in a vertical position throughout the life of the contract.

Location	Elevation	
	Pier No. 1	Pier No. 2
A	1195.65	1195.68
B	1232.65	1232.68
C	1246.65	1246.68
D	1250.65	1250.68
E	1250.77	1250.80



TYPICAL SECTION

PROJECT NO. 9 C-5219-01

PIER DETAILS

BRIDGE OVER COTTONWOOD RIVER

STA. 55+95

CHASE COUNTY



DESIGNED	GEP	SCALE
DETAILED	JPF	DATE
QUANTITIES		SHEET OF











STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	19	56

GENERAL NOTES

Fabricate the precast prestressed beams in accordance with the KDOT Specifications. Submit shop drawings in accordance with the KDOT Specifications except nine sets are required.

Use air entrained concrete. The KDOT Materials Section shall approve the mix design. Unless otherwise shown on the plans,  $f_c = 6,000$  psi and  $f'_c$  at release = 4,500 psi.

Use reinforcing steel conforming to the requirements of ASTM A615, Grade 60. All reinforcing shall be epoxy-coated.

Use 1/2" nominal diameter, uncoated, seven-wire, low relaxation prestressing tendons conforming to the requirements of ASTM A416, Grade 270.

Use bolts having an ultimate strength 50% in excess of the manufacturer's safe load. All items (except the tendons) cast-in or inserted in prestressed beams shall be epoxy coated or galvanized. Show formed holes on shop drawings. All bolts, nuts and washers shall be subsidiary to the bid item, "Prestressed Concrete Beams".

Show on the shop drawings any hardware, holes or other appurtenances that are required to be incorporated into the girder to construct the girder or for any temporary works needed to construct the bridge (e.g. safety railing pockets).

After beams are in the final position, remove lifting devices. See "Lifting Device" detail below. Removal of the lifting devices, coating and grouting shall be subsidiary to the bid item: "Prestressed Concrete Beams".

Use elastomeric bearing pads conforming to the KDOT Specifications. Bearing pads and Type B expansion joint material shall be subsidiary to the bid item, "Prestressed Concrete Beams".

The beam lengths shown on the design plans are net lengths measured horizontally along the beam centerline. The beam manufacturer shall make necessary allowances for grade, and for shortening due to elastic shortening, creep and shrinkage.

The beams shall reasonably conform to the lines and dimensions shown on the design plans and be within the tolerances specified in the latest publication of AASHTO, "Tentative Standards for Prestressed Piles, Slab, I-Beams and Box Bridges and an Interim Manual for Inspection of Such Construction", except as modified by this sheet or the KDOT Specifications.

Bevel all exposed edges of beams except the tops and ends with a 3/4" triangular molding or round the edges to a 3/4" radius. Round the angle of intersection between the web and the flanges.

Apply an initial force of 1,000 to 3,000 pounds to each strand to take up any slack in the cables. Unless otherwise noted on the plans, apply a force of 31,000 pounds to each strand. Stress harped strands to a magnitude such that they are tensioned to 31,000 pounds after they are in position.

Strike off level and apply a wire brush or stiff broom finish to the tops of the beams. Apply the finish transverse to the length of the beam. (Note: When using precast panels for deck construction, the outside 5" on each side of the top flange shall be finished smooth with a steel trowel.) At approximately the time of initial set, brush the top of the beam transversely with a coarse wire brush to remove all laitance.

Fill trapped air holes and surface voids on the exterior face of the exterior beams with an approved concrete masonry coating. This work shall conform to KDOT Specifications. This work shall be subsidiary to the bid item, "Prestressed Concrete Beams".

Detention strands in a sequence which minimizes lateral eccentricity. Show the method and sequence of strand release on the shop drawings. Use extreme care when lifting, handling, storing and transporting beams. Use the lifting system shown or an alternate system approved by the Engineer. Keep the beam in an upright position at all times. Support the beam on bearing points positioned directly below the designated lifting points or designated bearing points.

Do not place the bridge slab before the beams are 28 days old. Pour diaphragms as detailed in the bridge plans.

Stencil with paint the following information on the webs approximately 5 feet from one end of the beam: date of concrete placement, date of strand release, and beam mark.

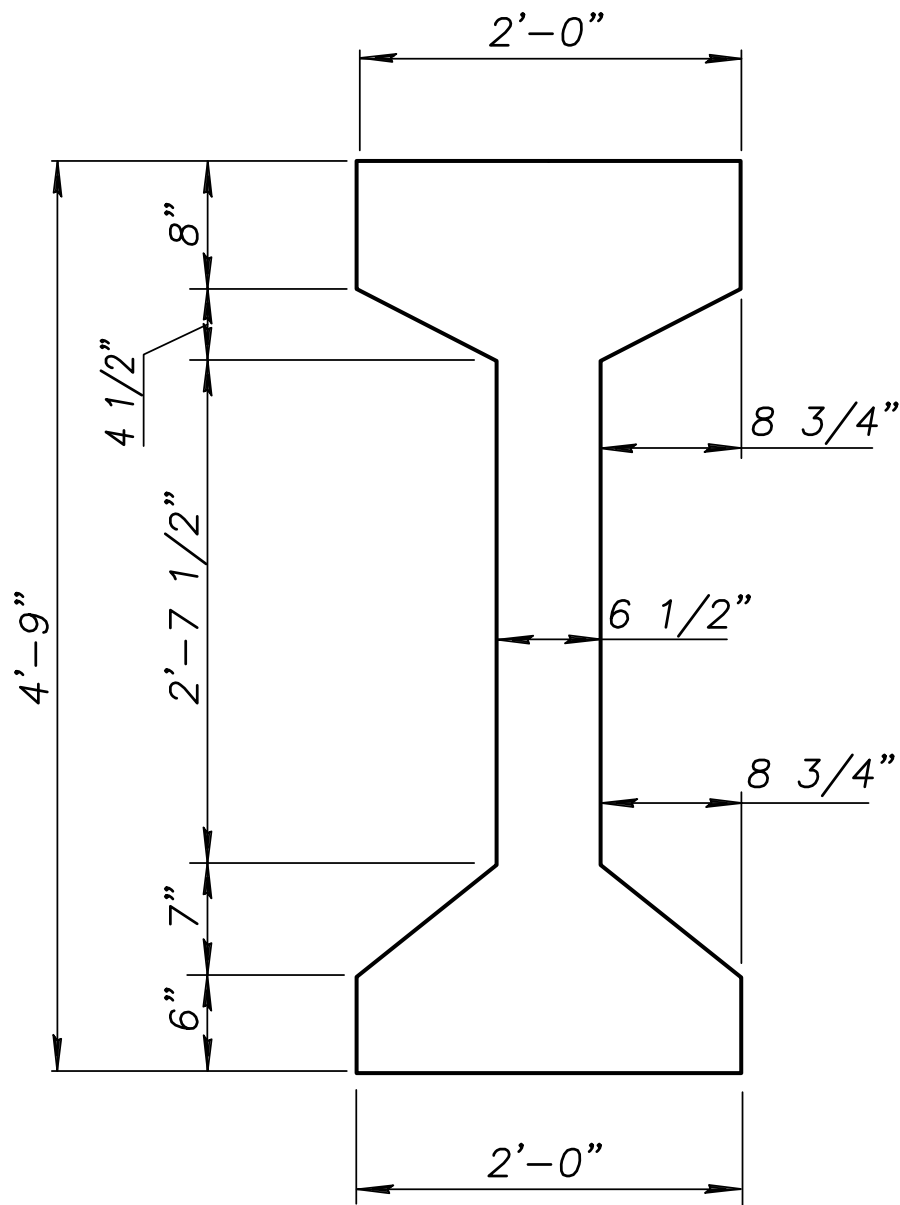
† Remove lifting device within 1/2" from top of beam. Coat area with approved epoxy bonding agent. Completely cover remaining exposed strands and fill depressions adjacent to strands with approved epoxy grout.

5	2-21-12	Change Bearing Plate Thickness	JPJ	TLF
4	9-22-10	Prepare for WWF option	JPJ	TLF
3	7-22-08	Revision for Formed Holes Only	JPJ	KFH
2	2-28-07	Separated Beam Sections	JPJ	KFH
1	1-31-06	General Note Changes & Grouting	JPJ	KFH
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APP'D

KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

STANDARD PRESTRESSED CONCRETE BEAM DETAILS

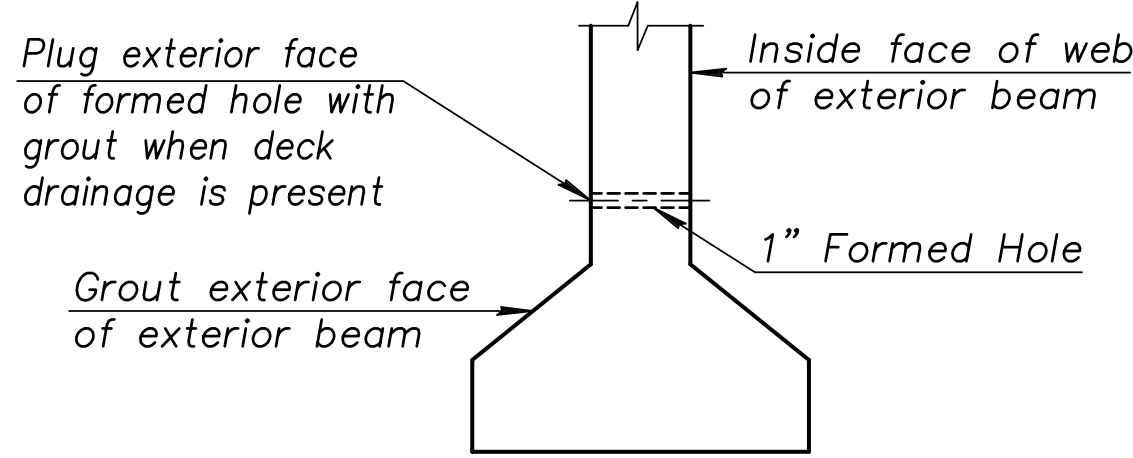
9 C-5219-01				CHASE COUNTY	
FHWA APPROVAL		10-11-10		APP'D	
DESIGNED	GEP	DETAILED	JPF	QUANTITIES	TRACED
DESIGN CK.		DETAIL CK.		QUAN.CK.	TRACE CK.



TYPE K4+3

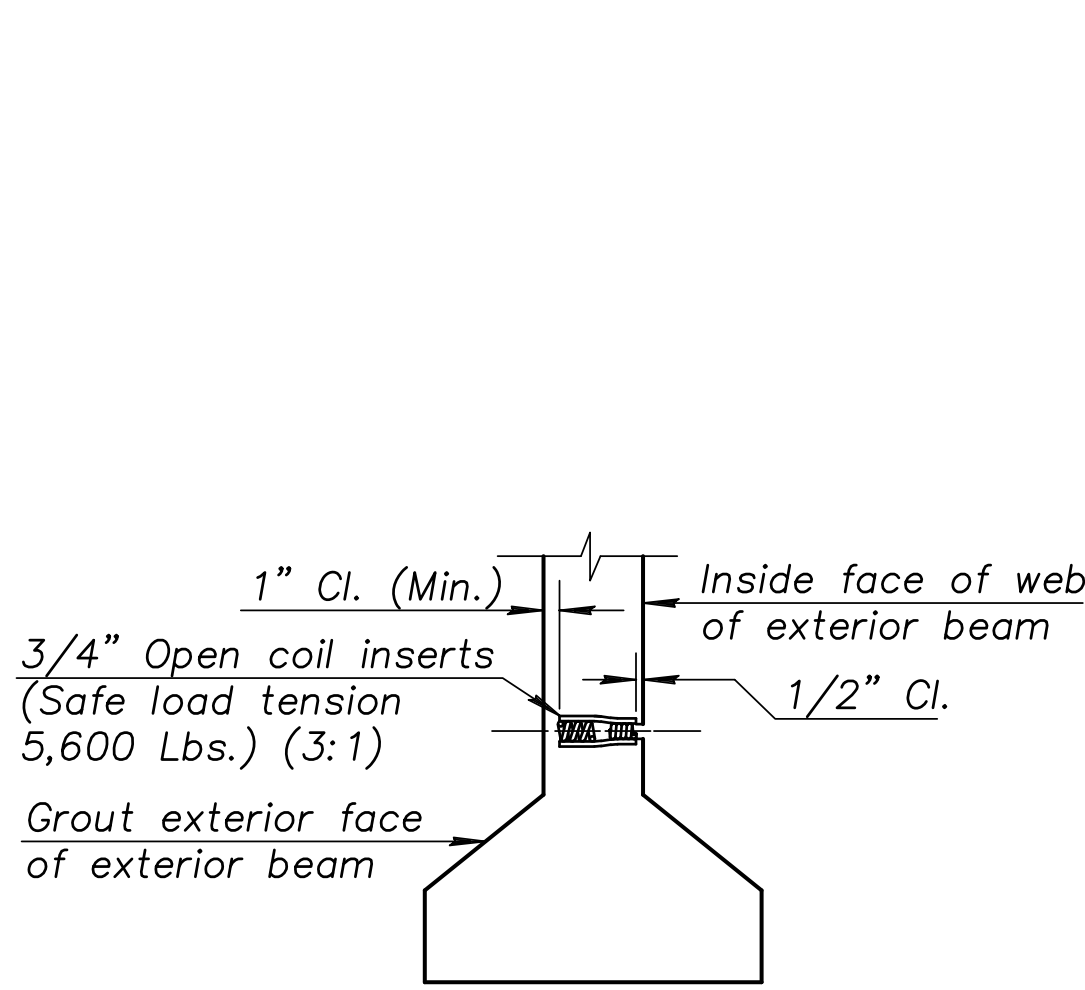
Area	716	In. <sup>2</sup>
IcG	292,462	In. <sup>4</sup>
Y Bot	28.89	In.
Vol./Surf. Area	3.97	In.
Wt./Ft.	745	Lbs.

TYPICAL BEAM SECTION



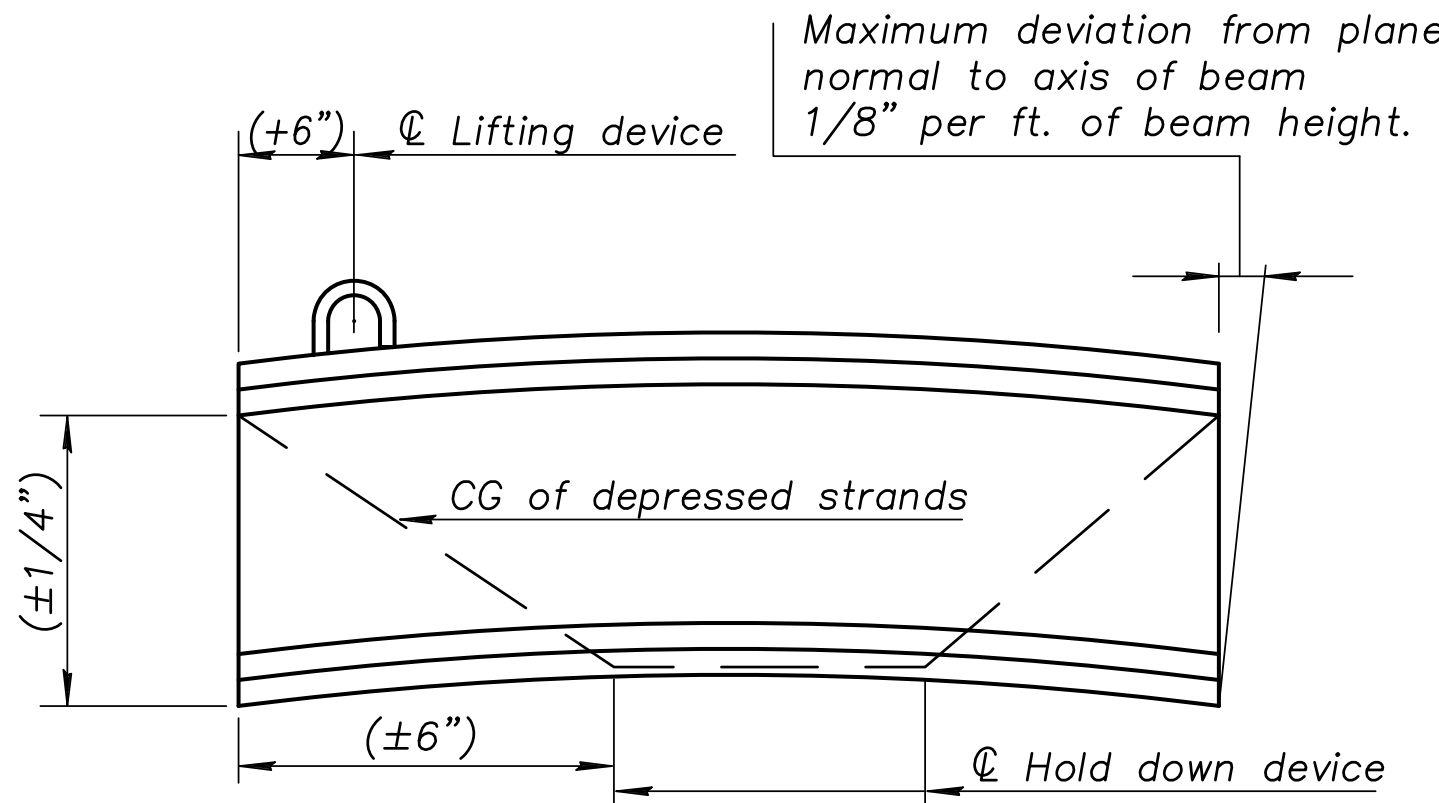
DETAIL OF FORMED HOLES

(See Beam Detail and Framing Plan sheets for locations)



DETAIL OF COIL INSERTS

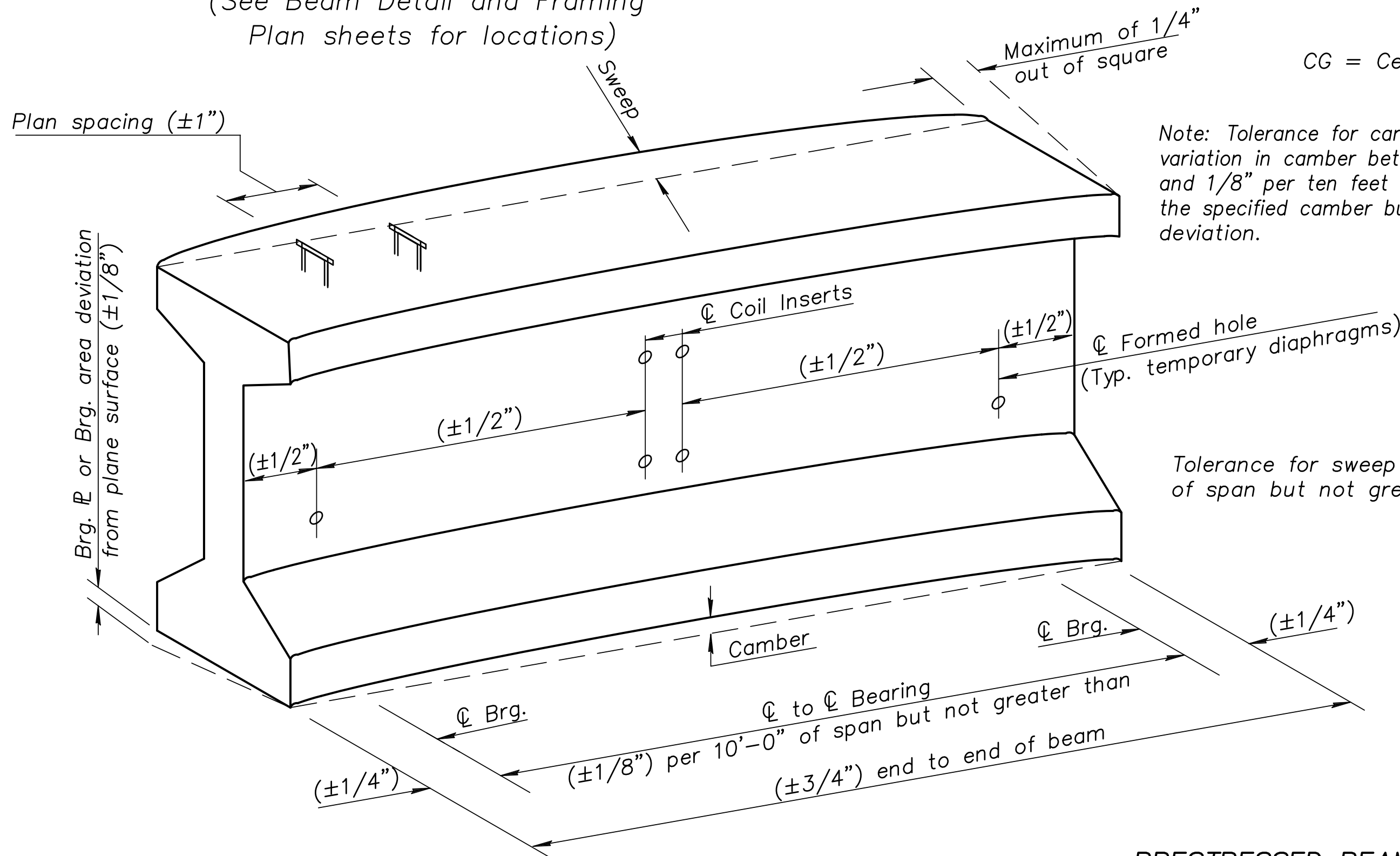
(At permanent diaphragms. See Beam Detail and Framing Plan sheets for locations)



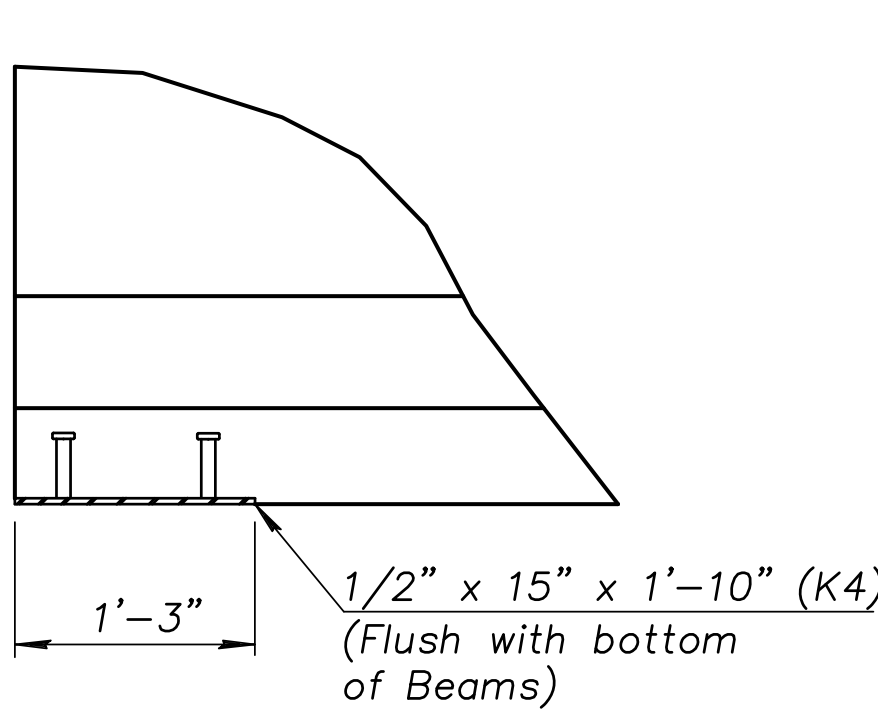
ELEVATION

Note: Dimensions shown in parentheses are tolerances only.

CG = Center of Gravity



PRESTRESSED BEAM FABRICATION TOLERANCES



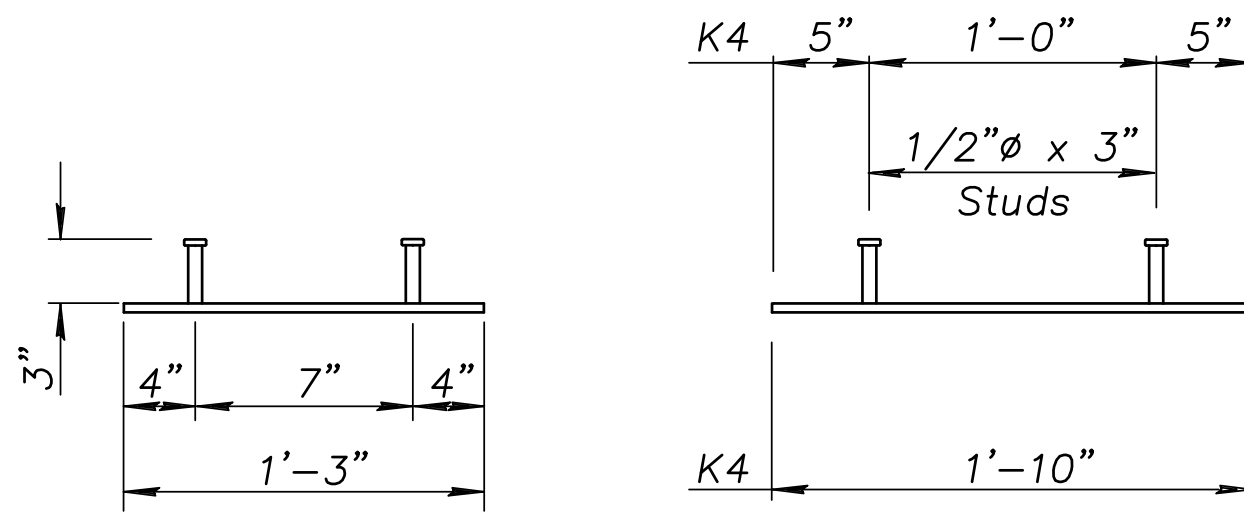
ELEVATION

Note: Stud welding will be in accordance with the latest edition of AWS D1.1.

Use plate conforming to the requirements of ASTM A709 Grade 36. The stud anchors will be made of material as specified for Shear Connector Studs in the KDOT Specifications.

The exposed surface of the bearing plates shall be galvanized.

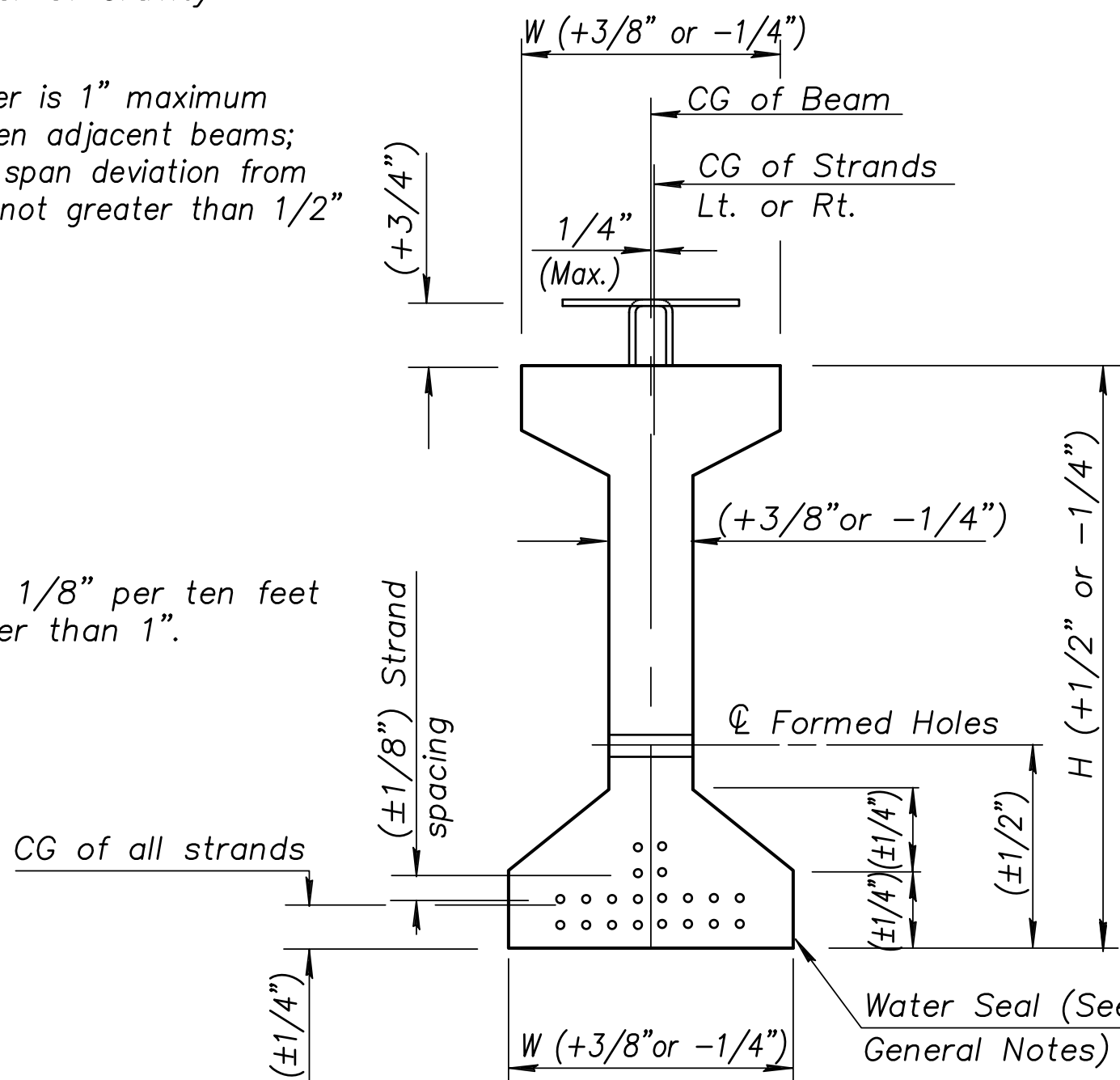
All work and material to install the bearing plates shall be subsidiary to the bid item "Prestressed Concrete Beam".



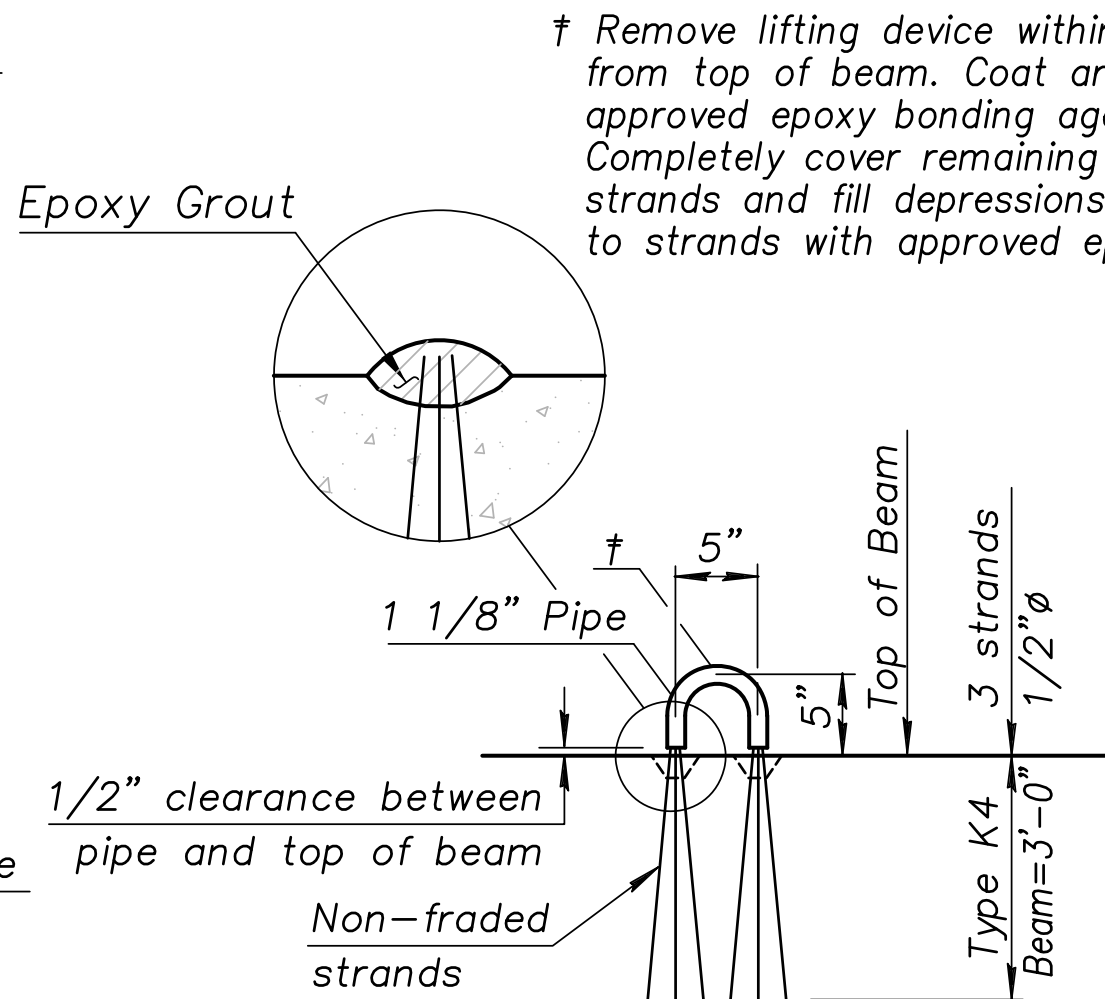
ELEV. OF BRG. PLATE

TYPICAL SECTION

BEARING PLATE DETAILS



TYPICAL SECTION

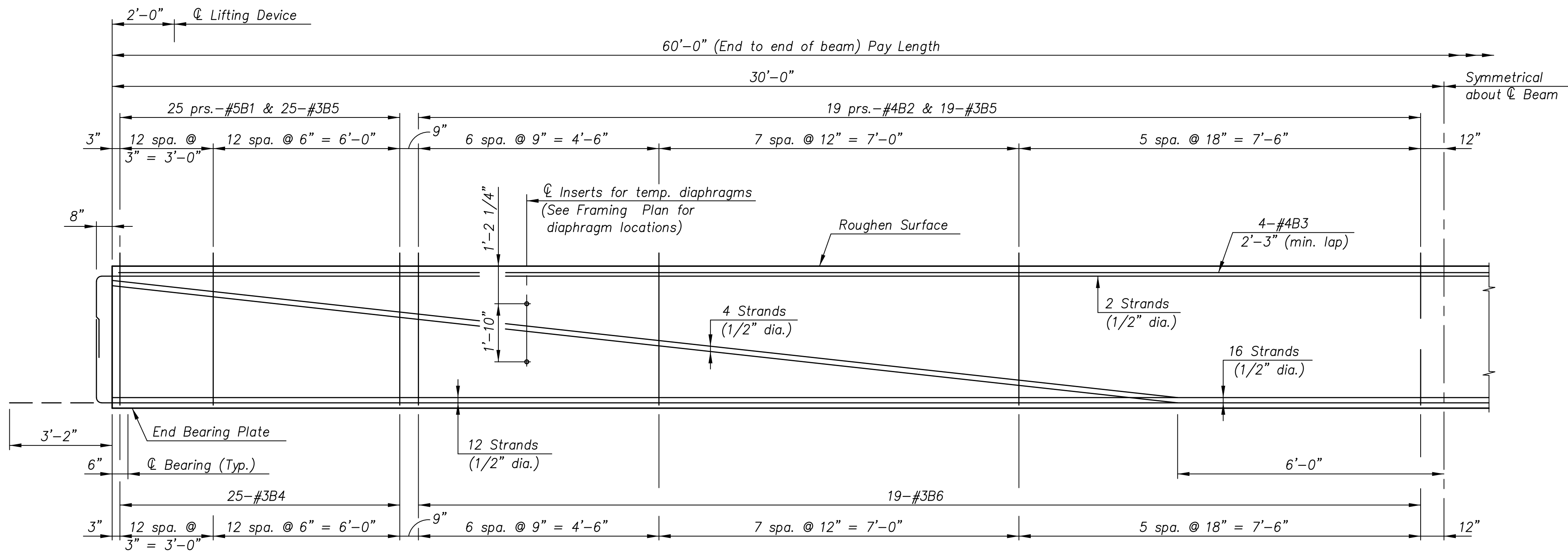


LIFTING DEVICE

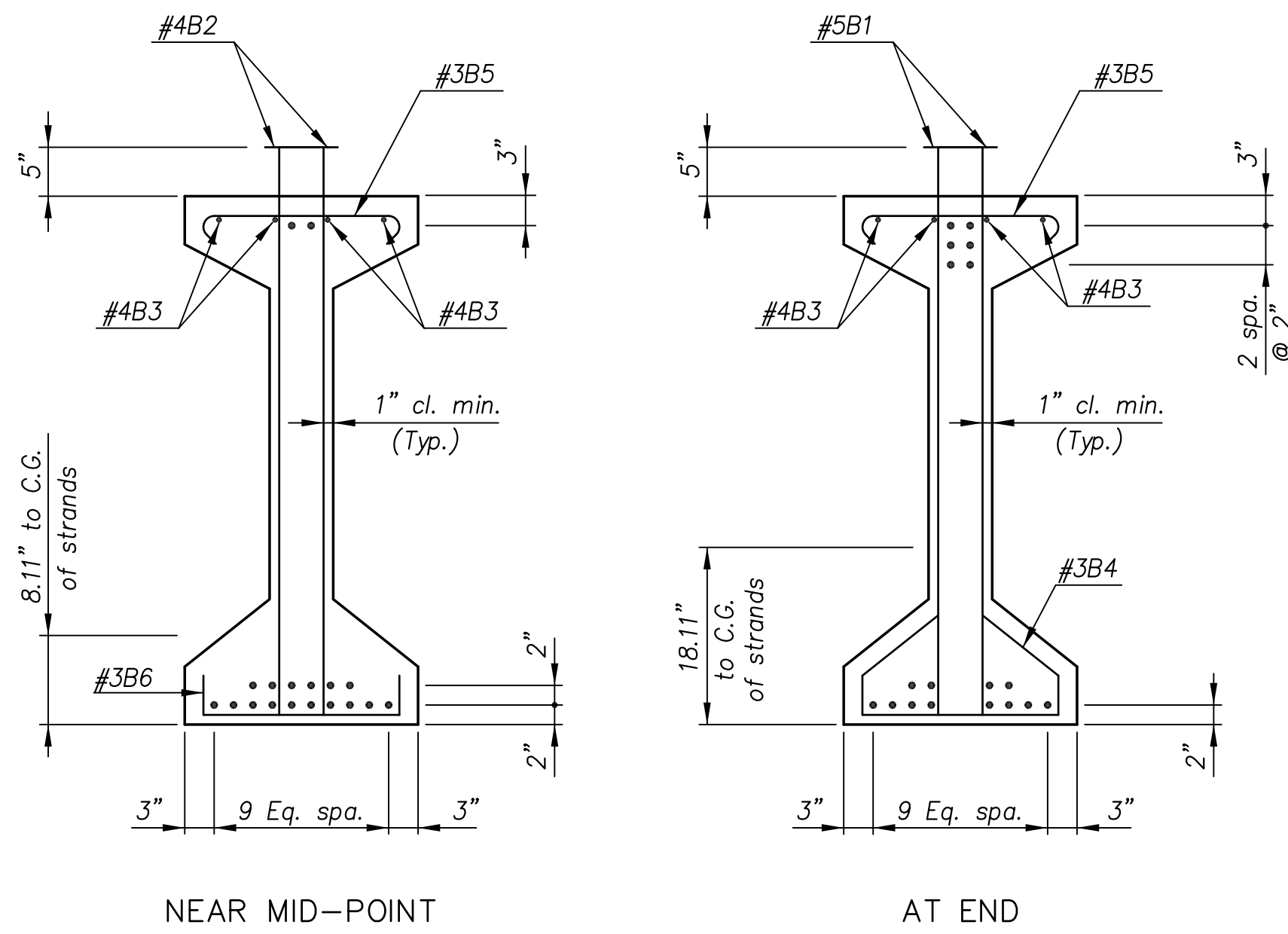


E.F. INDICATES EACH FACE.  
N.F. INDICATES NEAR FACE.  
F.F. INDICATES FAR FACE.

STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	20	56

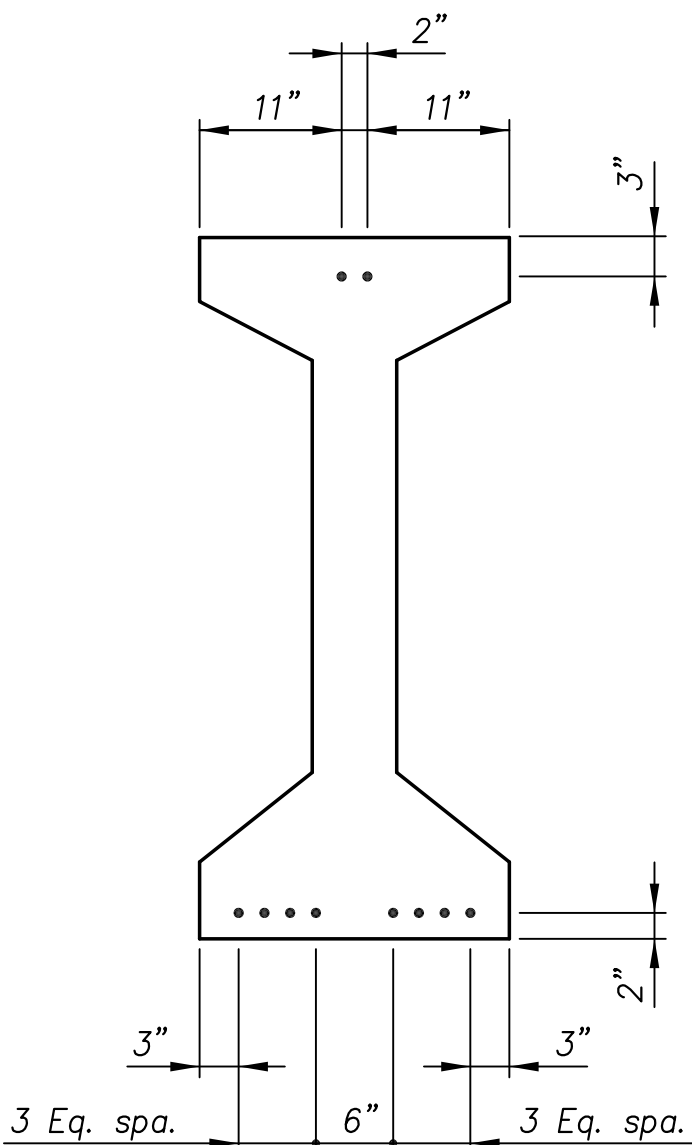


NOTE: FORCE PER STRAND (VERTICAL UPLIFT) = 4.79 kips  
TOTAL UPLIFT FOR 4 STRANDS = 19.14 kips



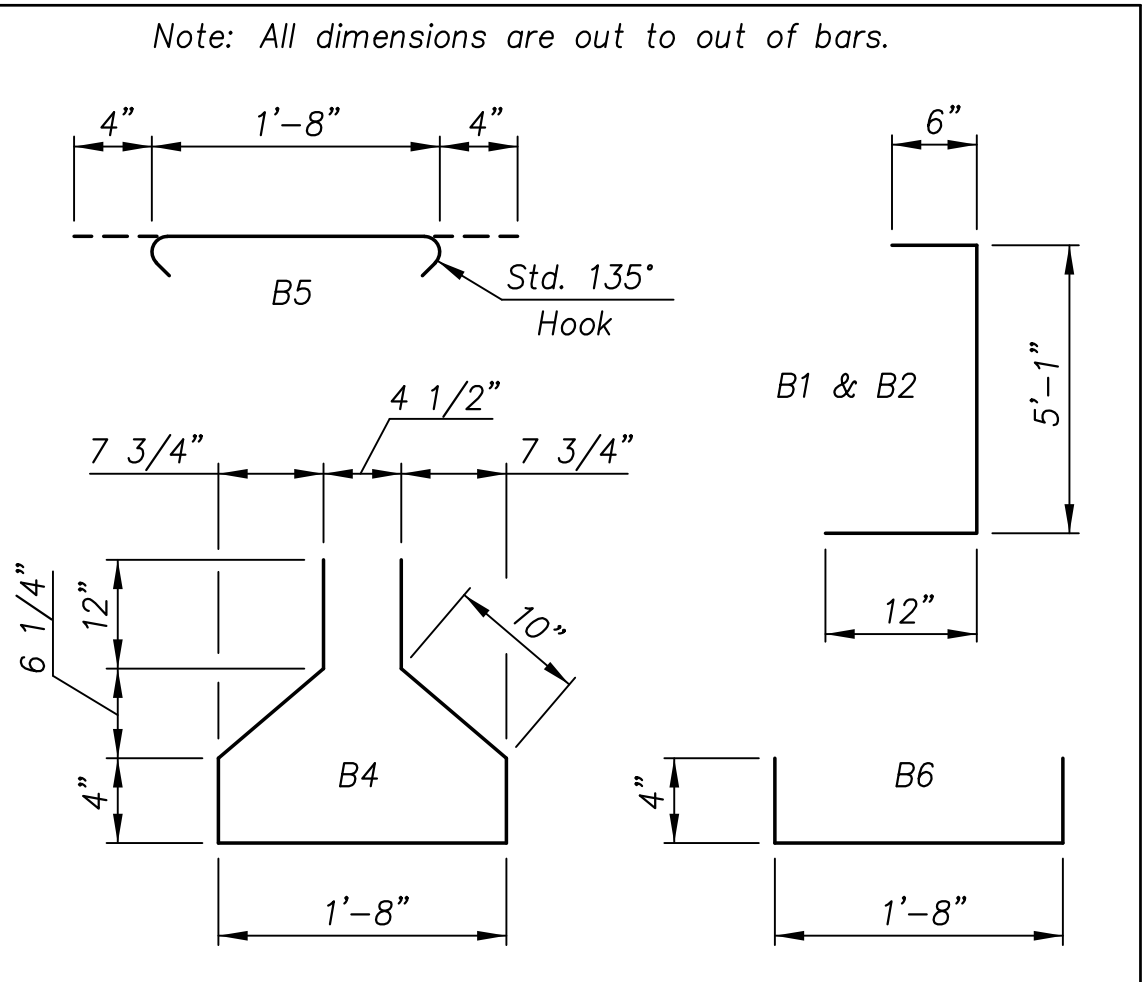
- Denotes strand location.

## BEAM SECTIONS SHOWING REINFORCEMENT




## STRAND EXTENSION DETAIL

EXTEND 10 STRANDS BEYOND THE ENDS OF THE BEAMS  
AS SHOWN. STRANDS NOT SHOWN SHALL BE CUT FLUSH  
WITH THE ENDS OF THE BEAMS.

[illegible]

BILL OF MATERIAL		
ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY
60'-0" Prestressed Concrete Beams (K4+3)	Lin. Ft.	480.00
The following quantities are given for information only and shall not be paid for directly but shall be considered <u>subsidiary</u> to the bid item "Prestressed Concrete Beams".		
Beam Concrete (f'c = 6,000 psi), (per beam)	Cu. Yds.	11.1
Approximate weight of beam	Lbs.	44,750
1/2" nominal diameter Prestressed Strands (270 ksi low relaxation), (per beam)	Lin. Ft.	1,146
Reinforcing Steel Grade 60 (fy = 60,000 psi) (per beam)(epoxy coated)	Lbs.	1,411
Elastomeric Bearing Pads (3/4" x 11" x 1'-10")	Each	16
Bearing Plates (1/2" x 15" x 1'-10")	Each	16
Lifting Devices	Each	16
3/4" Open Coil Inserts	Each	48
3/4" dia. x 1'-6" Threaded Coil Rods	Each	48

PROJECT NO. 9 C-5219-01		
60'-0" BEAM DETAILS (K4+3)(18 STRANDS)		
BRIDGE OVER COTTONWOOD RIVER		
STA. 55+95	CHASE COUNTY	



2'-0"  $\phi$  Lifting Device

79'-0" (End to end of beam) Pay Length

39'-6"

25 prs.-#5B1 & 25-#3B5

29 prs.-#4B2 & 29-#3B5

3" 12 spa. @ 3" = 3'-0"

12 spa. @ 6" = 6'-0"

9"

11 spa. @ 9" = 8'-3"

10 spa. @ 12" = 10'-0"

7 spa. @ 18" = 10'-6"

9"

8"

1'-2 1/4"

$\phi$  Inserts for temp. diaphragms  
(See Framing Plan for diaphragm locations)

Roughen Surface

4-#4B3  
2'-3" (min. lap)

10 Strands  
(1/2" dia.)

2 Strands  
(1/2" dia.)

26 Strands  
(1/2" dia.)

3/4" Open coil inserts  
(Interior face of exterior beams  
and each face of interior beams)  
(See Framing Plan for diaphragm  
locations)

1'-6"

2"

2"

1'-3"

7'-11"

3'-0"

End Bearing Plate

6"

$\phi$  Bearing (Typ.)

25-#3B4

29-#3B6

3" 12 spa. @ 3" = 3'-0"

12 spa. @ 6" = 6'-0"

9"

11 spa. @ 9" = 8'-3"

10 spa. @ 12" = 10'-0"

7 spa. @ 18" = 10'-6"

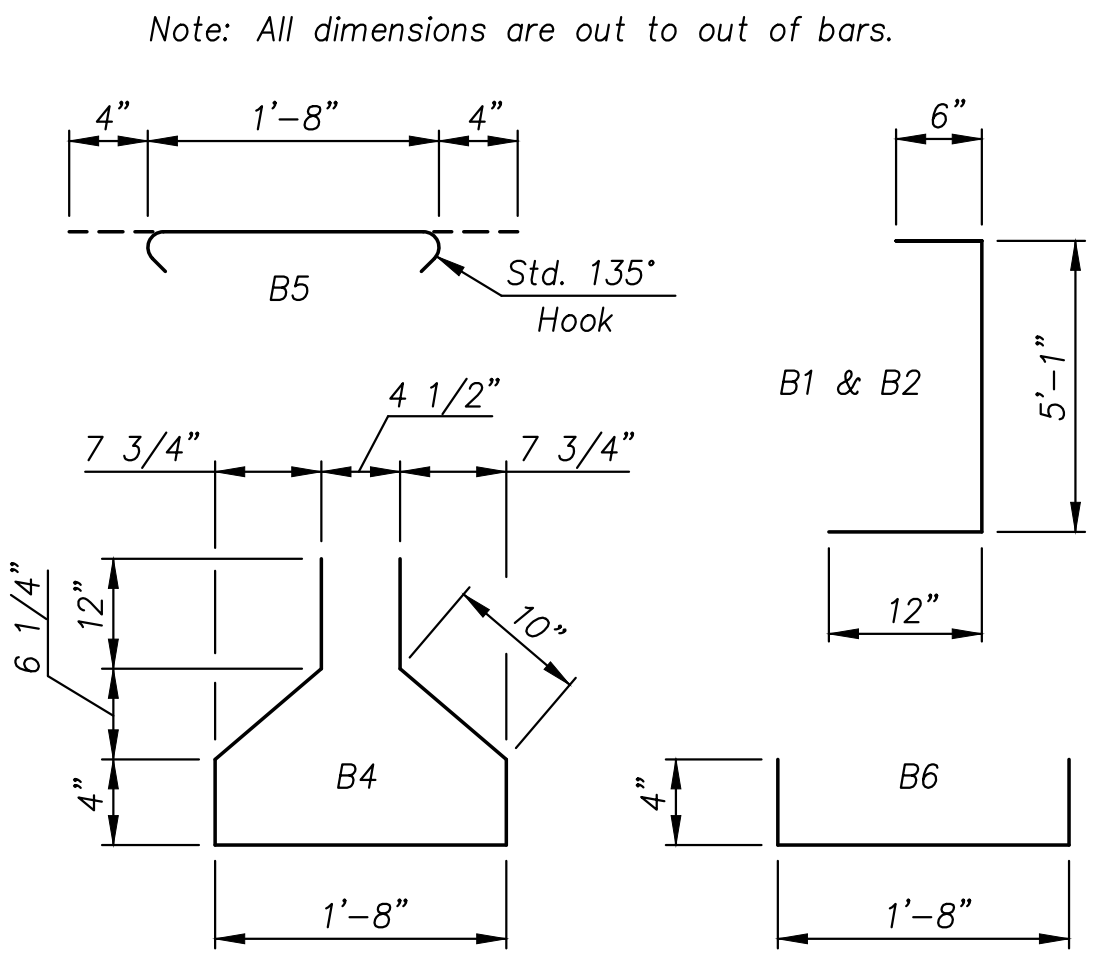
9"

16 Strands  
(1/2" dia.)

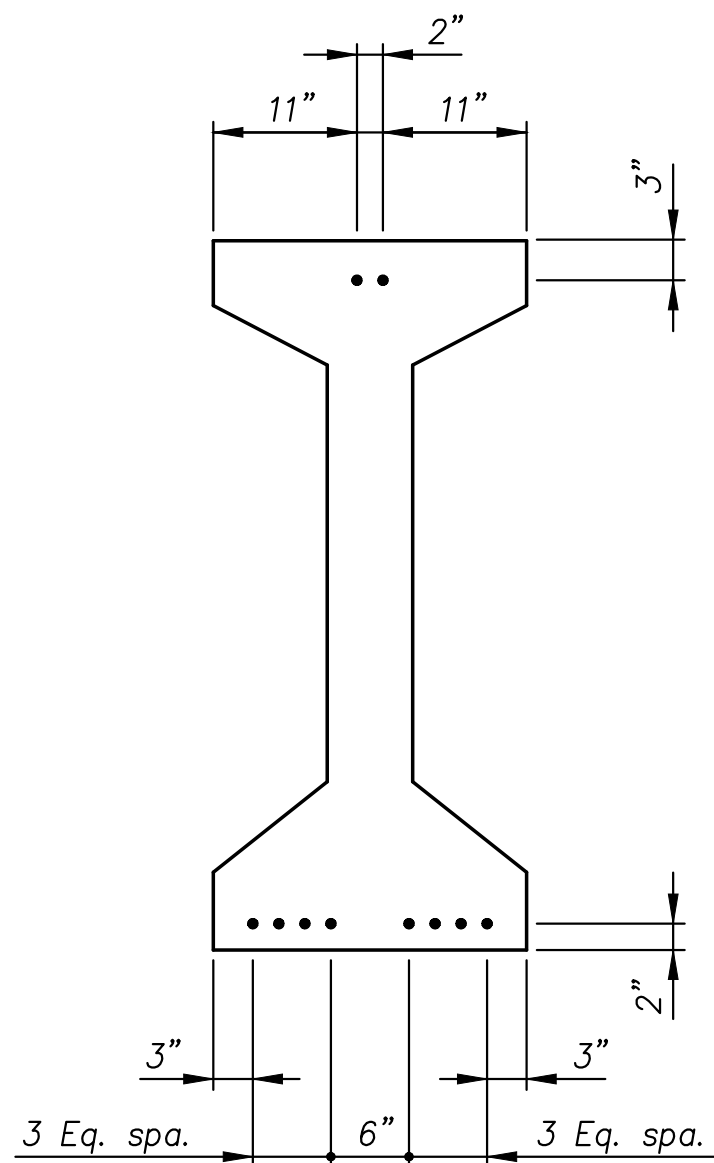
NOTE: FORCE PER STRAND (VERTICAL UPLIFT) = 3.17 kips  
TOTAL UPLIFT FOR 10 STRANDS = 31.73 kips



BILL OF REINFORCING STEEL							
1 Listed – 4 Required							
STRAIGHT BARS				BENT BARS			
MARK	SIZE	NO.	LENGTH	MARK	SIZE	NO.	LENGTH
B3	#4	8	40'-7"	B1	#5	100	6'-7"
				B2	#4	116	6'-7"
				B4	#3	50	6'-0"
				B5	#3	108	2'-4"
				B6	#3	58	2'-4"



BILL OF MATERIAL		
ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY
79'-0" Prestressed Concrete Beams (K4+3)	Lin. Ft.	316.00
The following quantities are given for information only and shall not be paid for directly but shall be considered <u>subsidiary</u> to the bid item "Prestressed Concrete Beams".		
Beam Concrete (f'c = 6,000 psi), (per beam)	Cu. Yds.	14.6
Approximate weight of beam	Lbs.	58,921
1/2" nominal diameter Prestressed Strands (270 ksi low relaxation), (per beam)	Lin. Ft.	2,280
Reinforcing Steel Grade 60 (fy = 60,000 psi) (per beam)(epoxy coated)	Lbs.	1,672
Elastomeric Bearing Pads (3/4" x 11" x 1'-10")	Each	8
Bearing Plates (1/2" x 15" x 1'-10")	Each	8
3/4" Open Coil Inserts	Each	24
3/4" dia. x 1'-6" Threaded Coil Rods	Each	24
Lifting Devices	Each	8



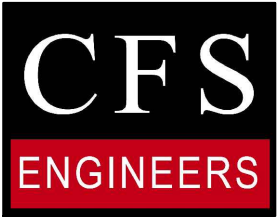
EXTEND 10 STRANDS BEYOND THE ENDS OF THE BEAMS  
AS SHOWN. STRANDS NOT SHOWN SHALL BE CUT FLUSH  
WITH THE ENDS OF THE BEAMS.

PROJECT NO. 9 C-5219-01

# BRIDGE OVER COTTONWOOD RIVER

STA. 55+95

CHASE COUNTY

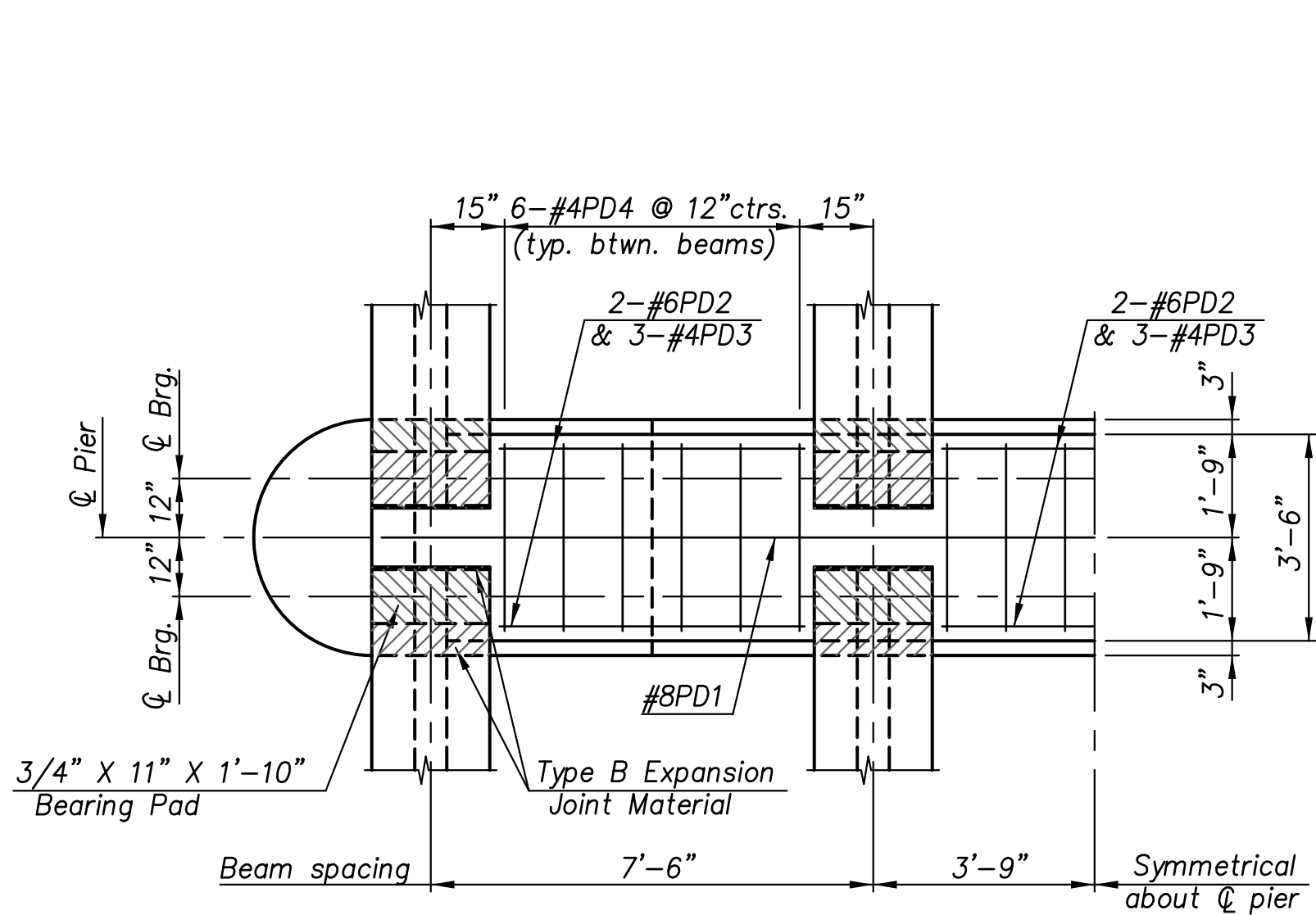


DESIGNED	GEP	SCALE
DETAILED	JPF	DATE
QUANTITIES		SHEET OF

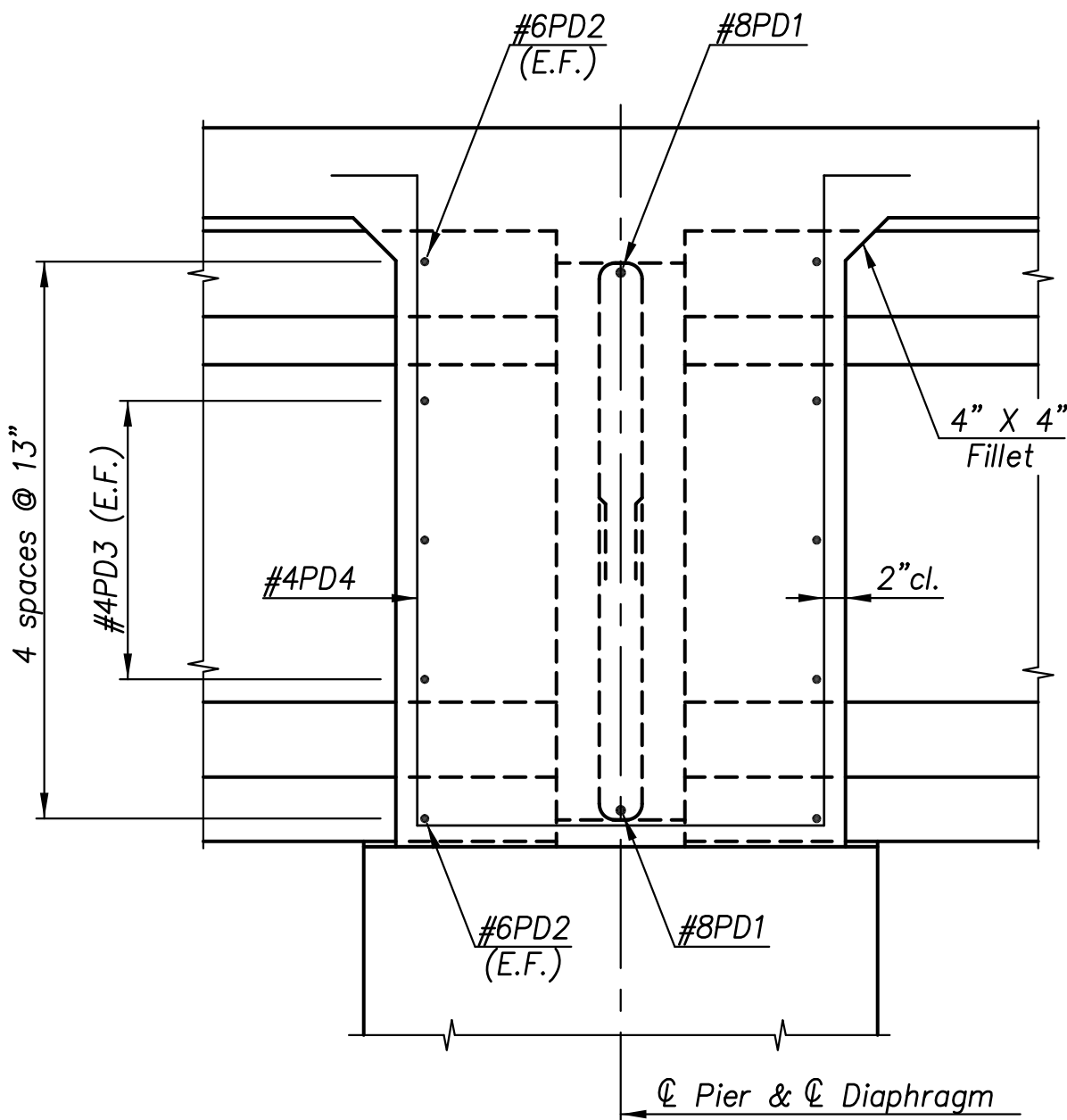


STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	22	56

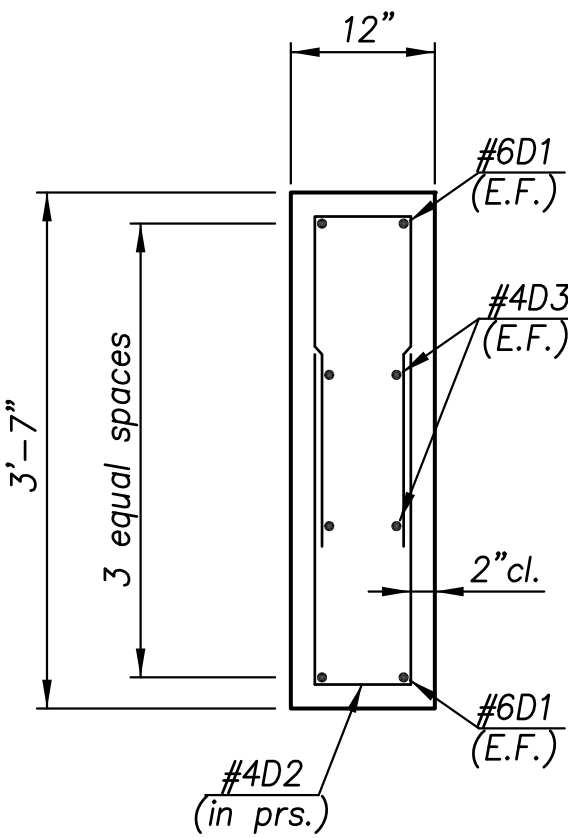
Note: E.F. Indicates each face  
N.F. Indicates near face  
F.F. Indicates far face



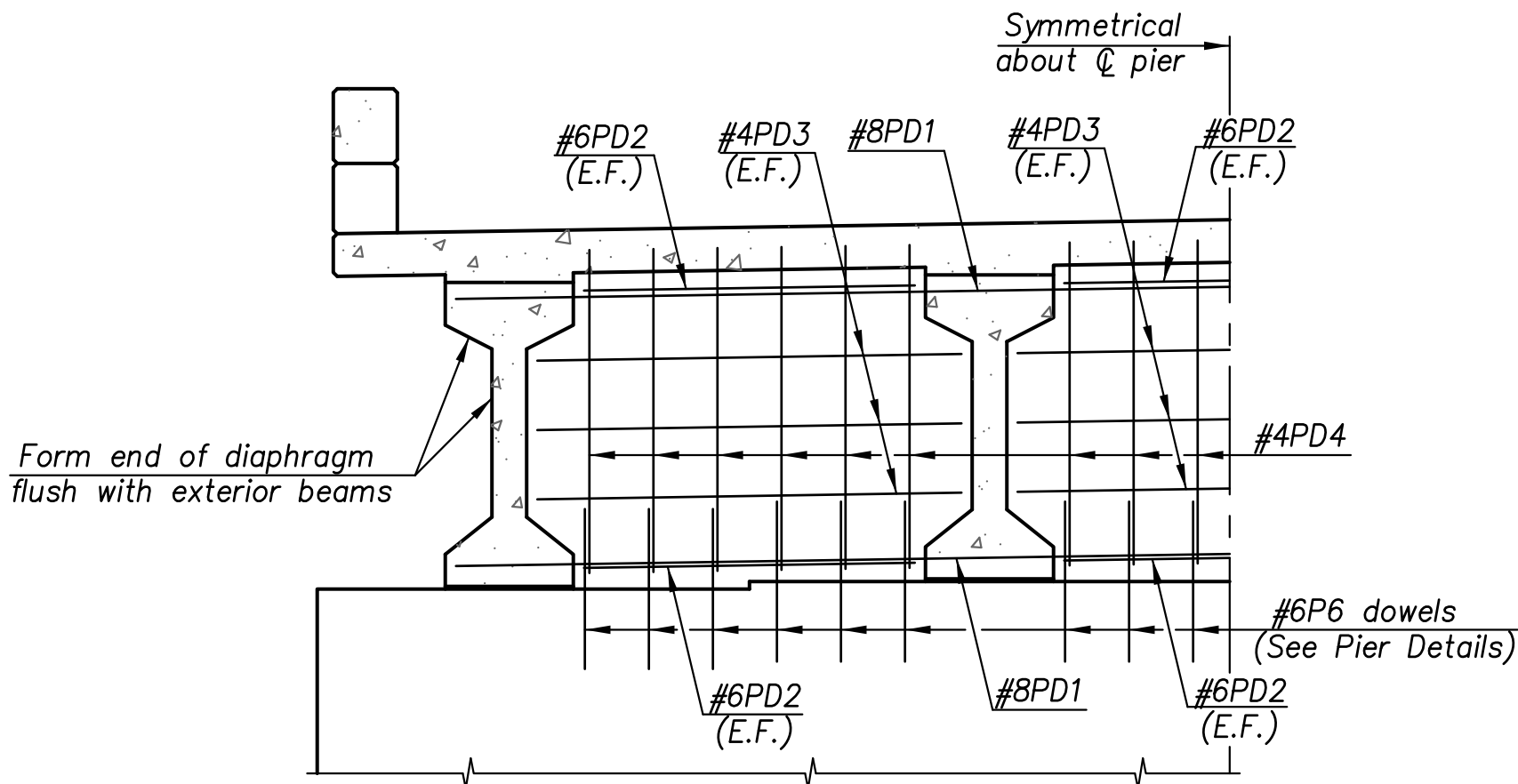
HALF PLAN PIER DIAPHRAGM



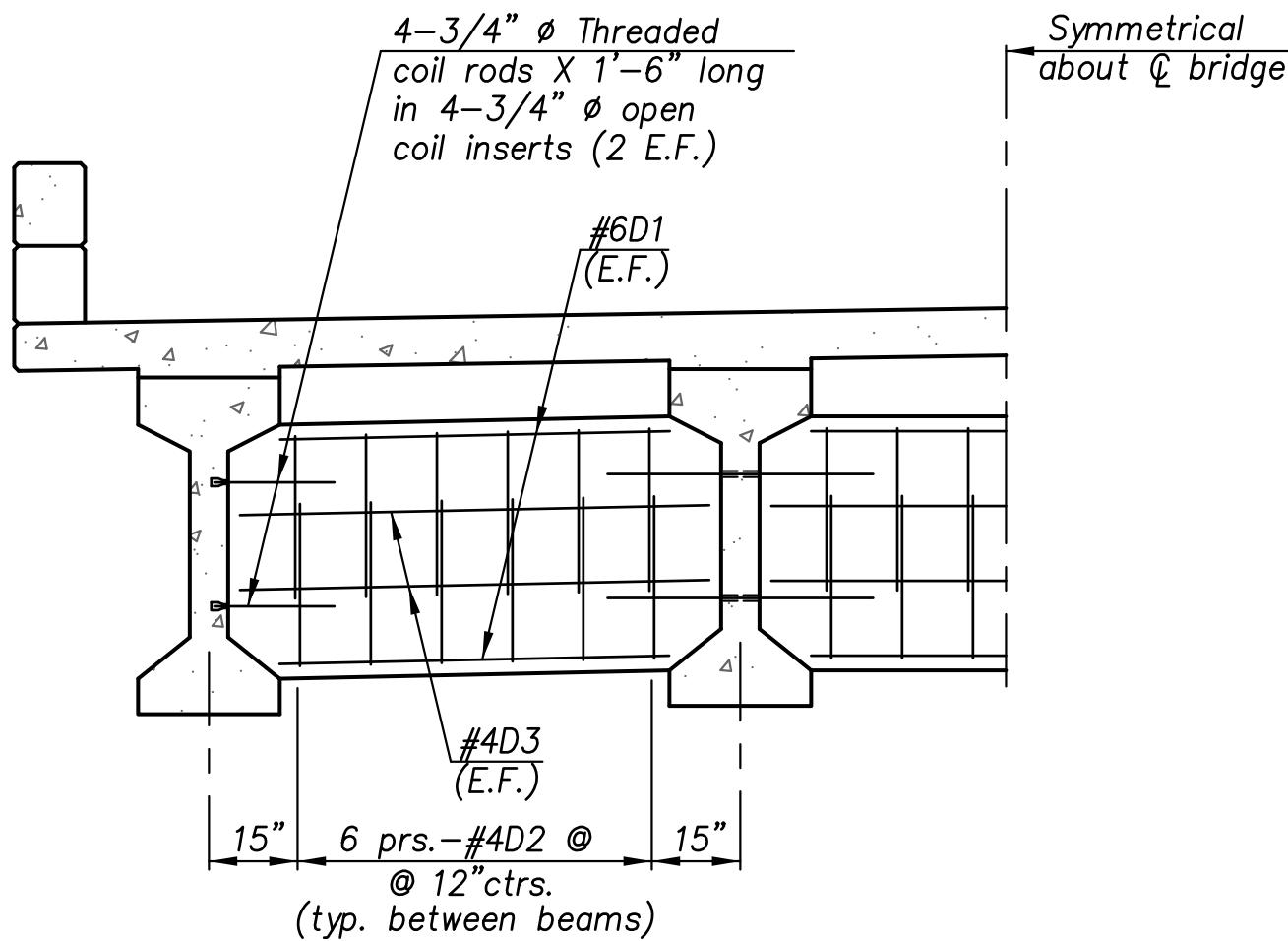
TYPICAL SECTION  
PIER DIAPHRAGM



TYPICAL SECTION  
INTERMEDIATE PERMANENT DIAPHRAGM



HALF ELEVATION PIER DIAPHRAGM



HALF ELEVATION PERMANENT DIAPHRAGM

Note: Cure intermediate diaphragms a minimum  
of seven days before placing slab.

PROJECT NO. 9 C-5219-01	
DIAPHRAGM DETAILS	
BRIDGE OVER COTTONWOOD RIVER	
STA. 55+95	CHASE COUNTY

DESIGNED		GEP	SCALE
DETAILED		JPF	DATE
QUANTITIES		SHEET	OF





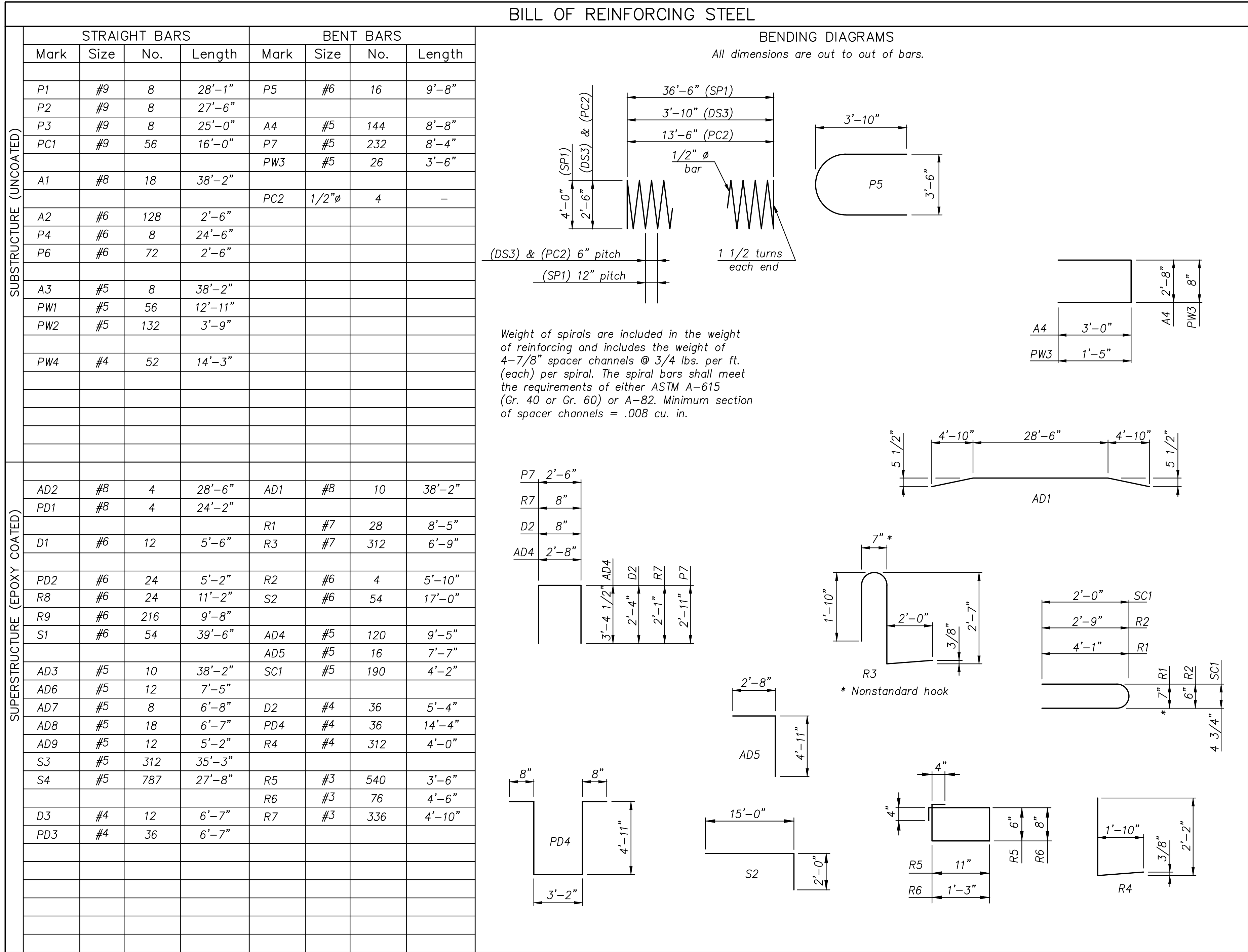






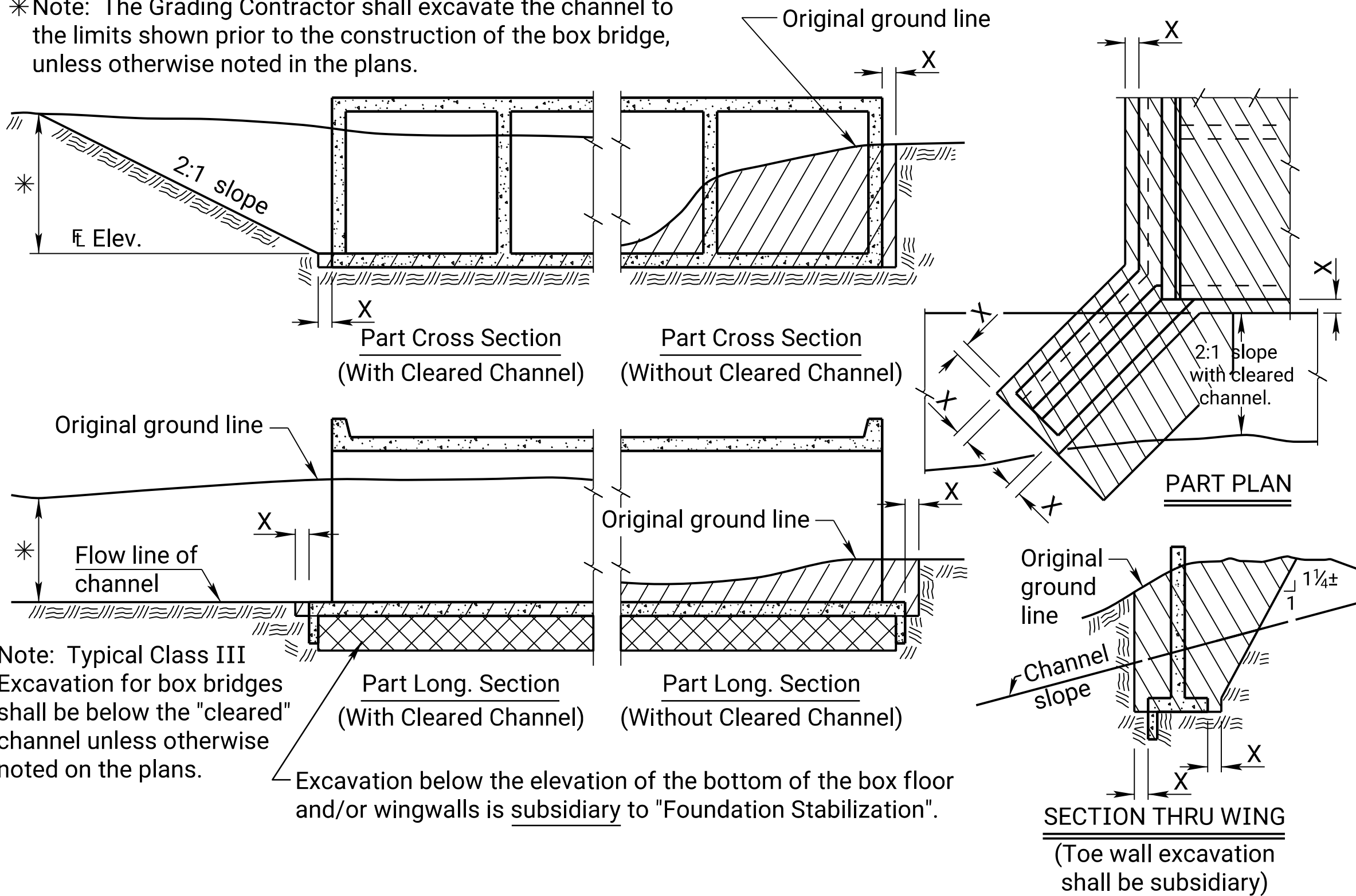


STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	25	56



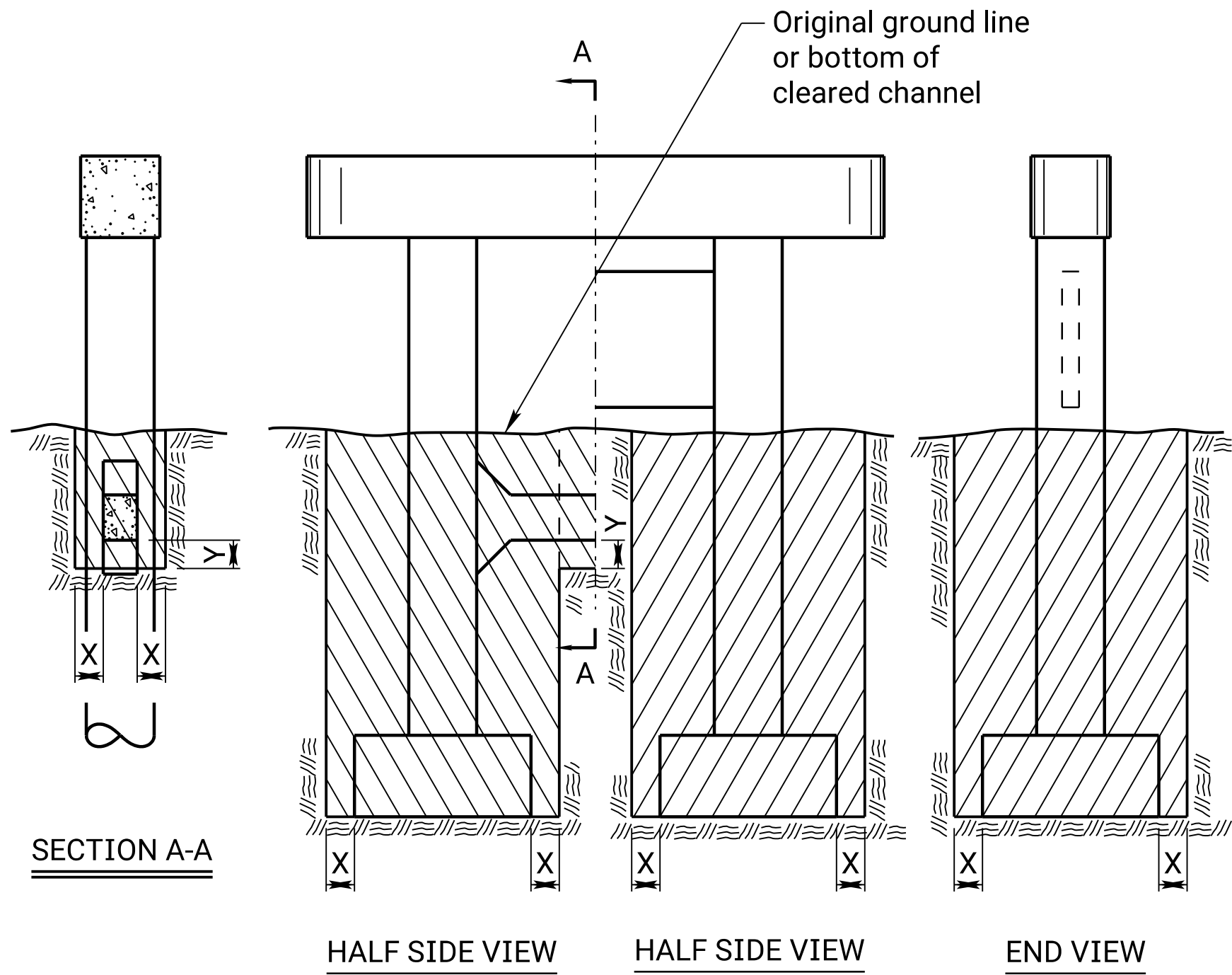
STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	26	56

\*Note: The Grading Contractor shall excavate the channel to the limits shown prior to the construction of the box bridge, unless otherwise noted in the plans.



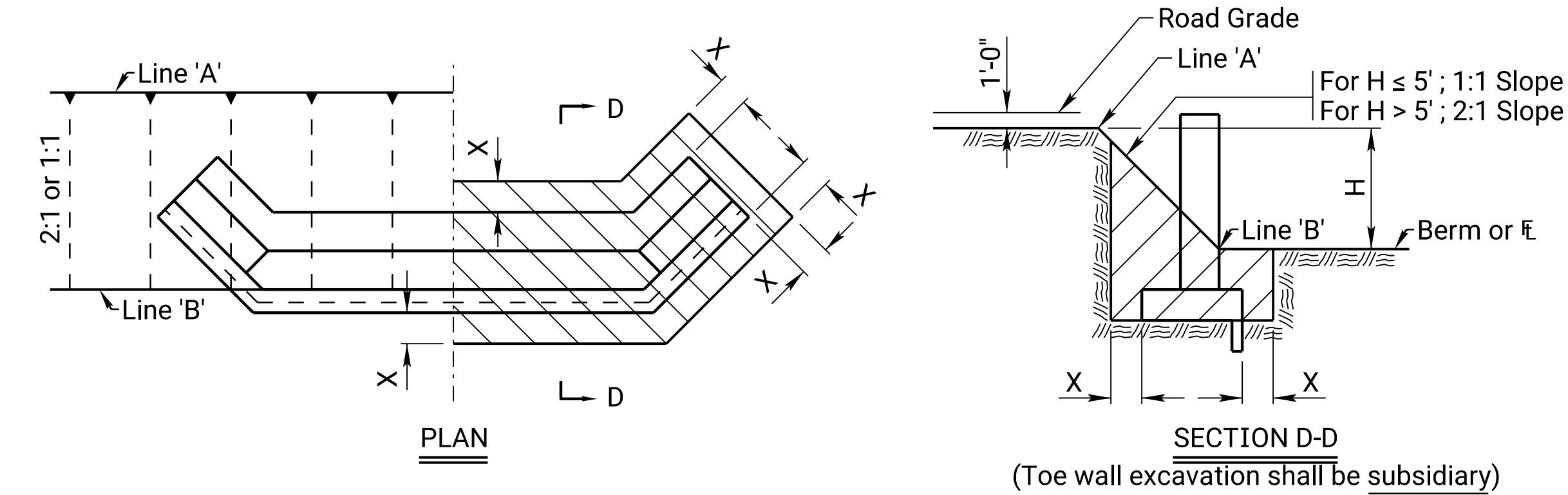
**EXCAVATION DETAILS FOR REINFORCED CONCRETE BOX CULVERT**

Note: Excavation for culverts less than bridge length and the additional excavation for "Embedded Structures" shall not be paid for as Class III Excavation, but shall be subsidiary to Grade 4.0 Concrete.



**EXCAVATION DETAILS FOR TYPICAL PIERS**

See detail when rock or shale (rock) is encountered. ☼

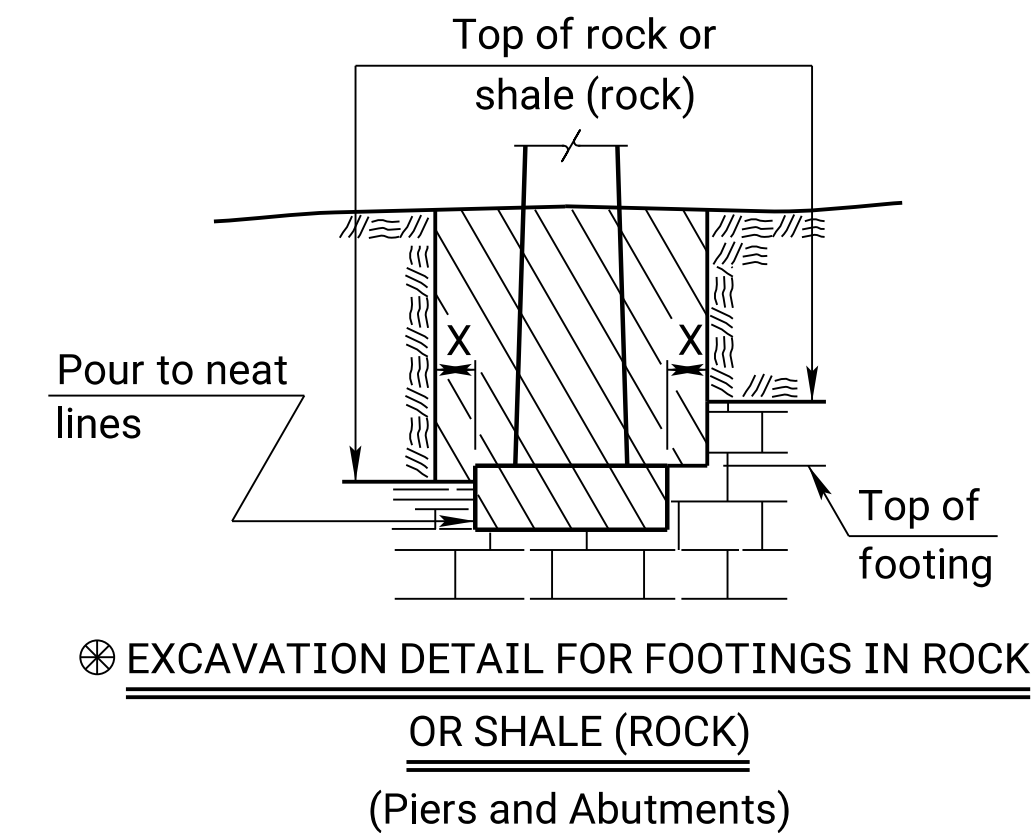
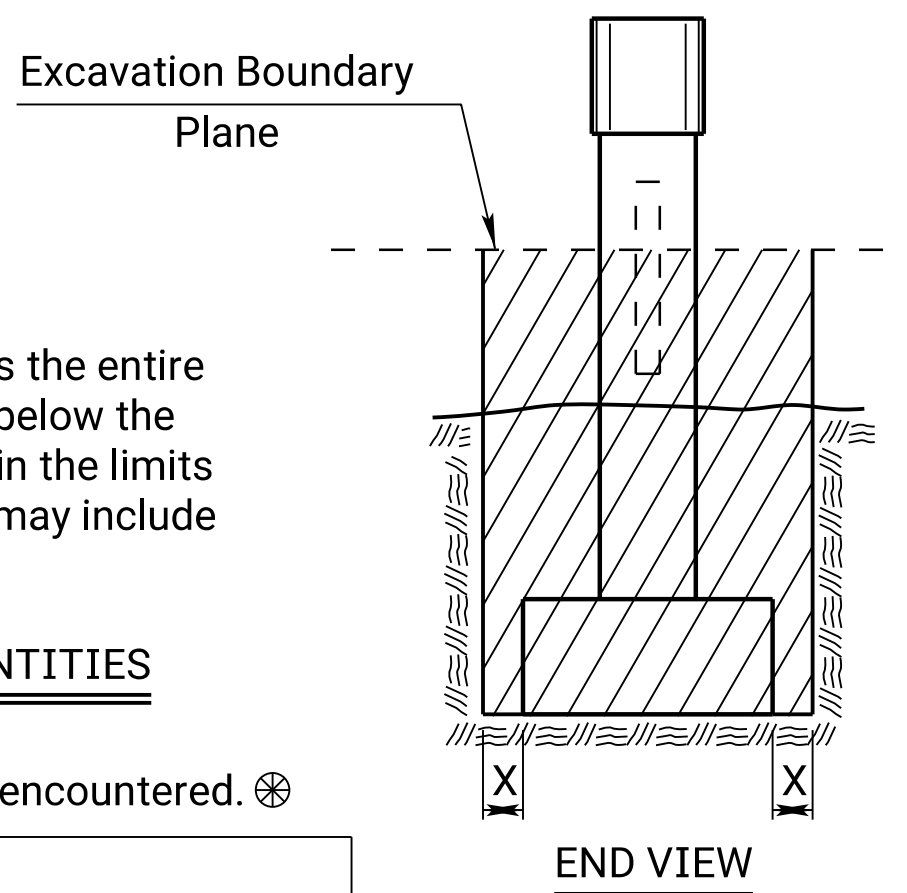


**EXCAVATION DETAILS FOR ABUTMENTS WITH FLARED WINGWALLS**

Note: Class II Excavation includes the entire volume of whatever nature found below the "Excavation Boundary Plane", within the limits specified for measurement. This may include water or air.

**CLASS II EXCAVATION QUANTITIES**

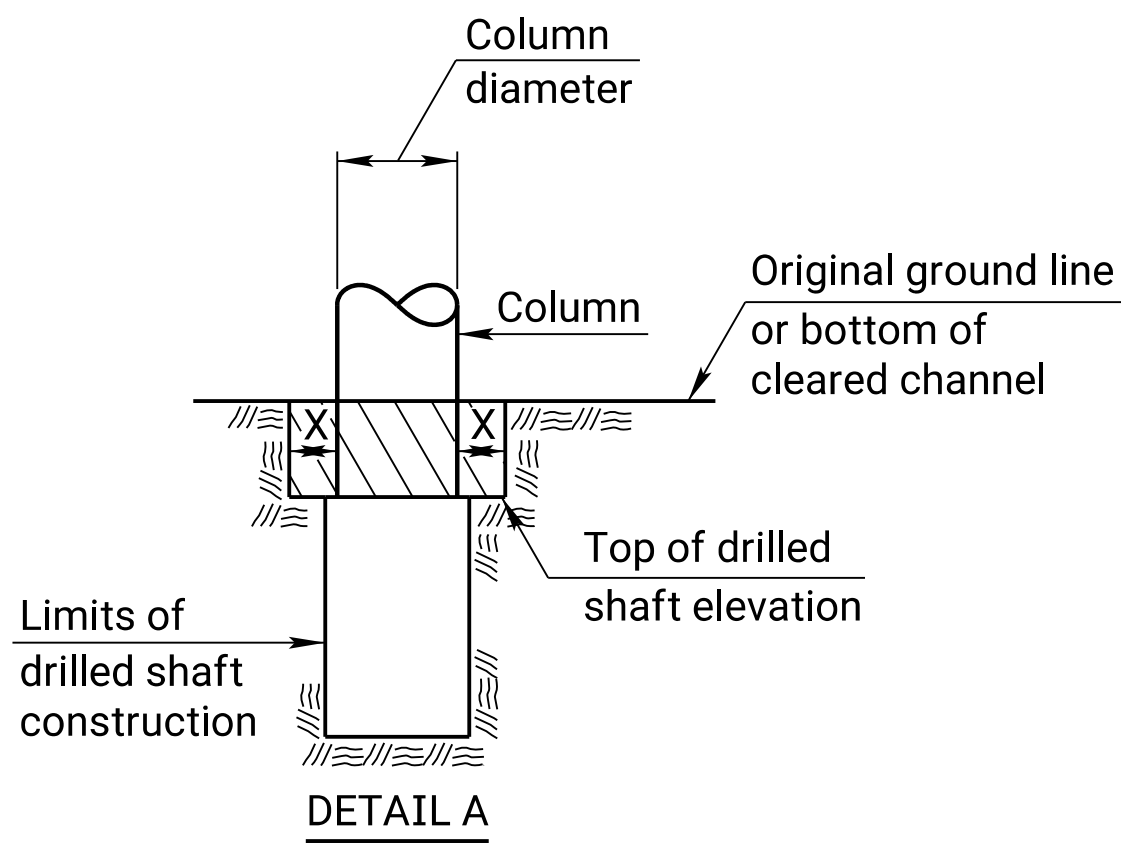
See detail when rock or shale (rock) is encountered. ☼



**EXCAVATION DETAIL FOR FOOTINGS IN ROCK OR SHALE (ROCK)**

(Piers and Abutments)

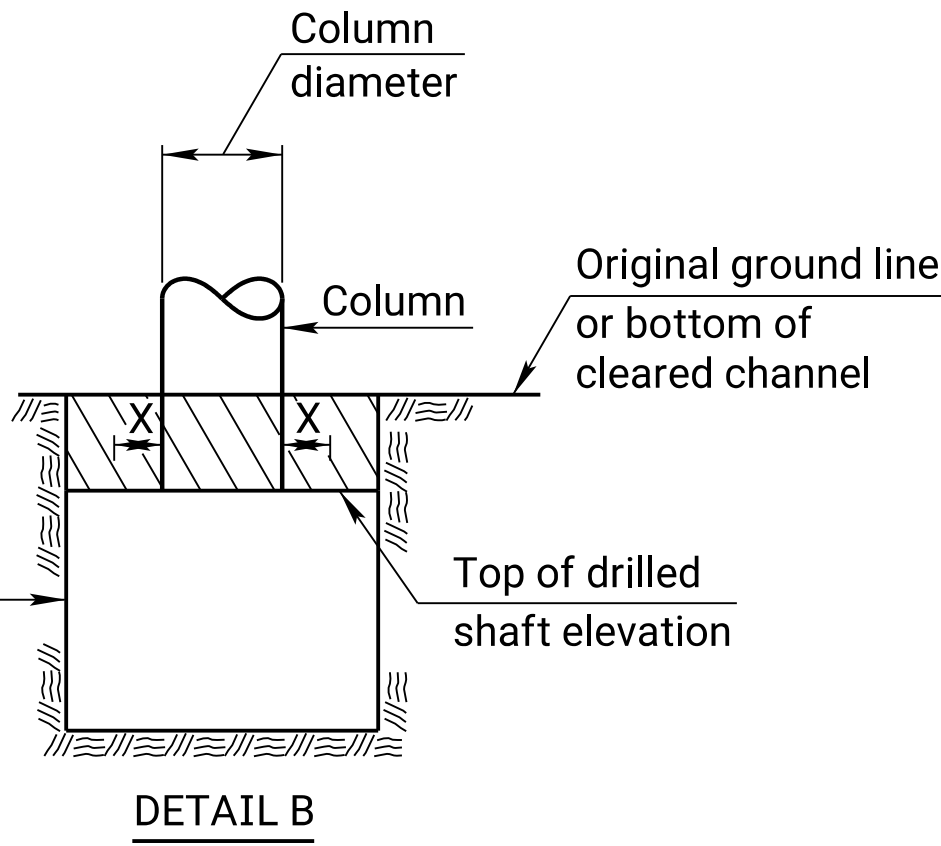
Note: Excavation below top of rock, hard shale or below top of footing, whichever is lower, shall be to neat lines of the concrete construction.



**DETAIL A**

**DRILLED SHAFT DETAILS**

Note: Whenever the limits of the drilled shaft construction are greater than the Column Diameter + 2X, the limits of Class I, II or III Excavation shall be the limits of the drilled shaft construction. (See Detail B)



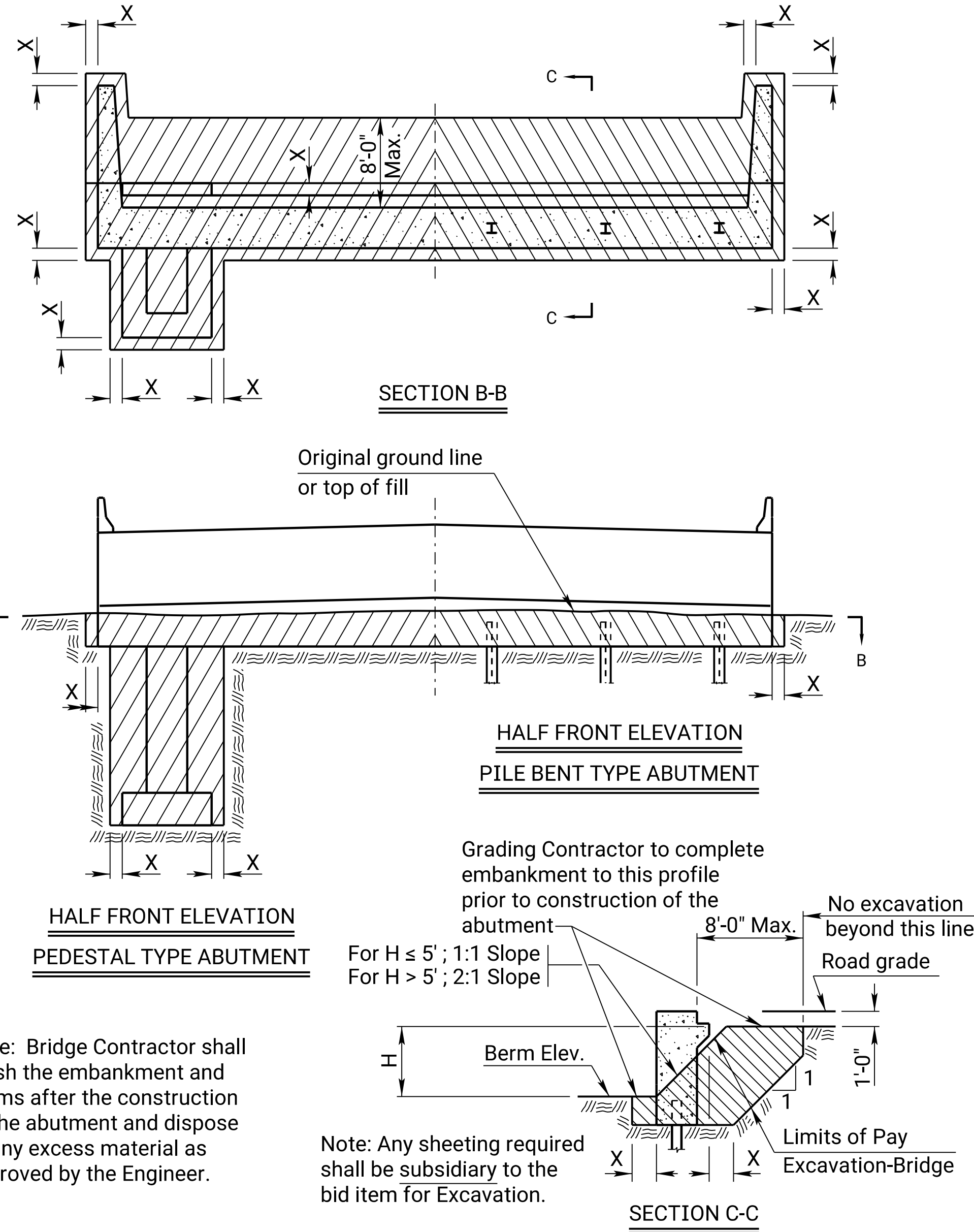
**DETAIL B**

Note: All bridge excavation shall be computed on the basis of the cross-hatch areas and boundary lines indicated on this sheet and the Excavation Boundary Plane on the Construction Layout.

Sides of trenches in hard or compacted soil including embankments shall be shored, sheeted, braced or otherwise supported when the trench is more than 5 feet in depth and 8 feet or more in length. In lieu of the shoring, the sides of the trench above the 5 foot level may be sloped to preclude collapse. The slope for average soils shall be 1:1. If the angle of repose of the soil is less, flatter slopes shall be required.

Dimension "X" shall be 2'-0" unless indicated otherwise on the general plans.

Dimension "Y" shall be 1'-6" unless indicated otherwise on the general plans.



**EXCAVATION DETAILS FOR TYPICAL ABUTMENTS**

See detail when rock or shale (rock) is encountered. ☼

06	08-15-12	Embedment Excavation Subsidiary	J.P.J.	T.L.F.
05	05-15-12	Revised Wing Excavation	J.P.J.	T.L.F.
04	03-03-10	Revised Wing Excavation	J.P.J.	T.L.F.
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APPD

KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

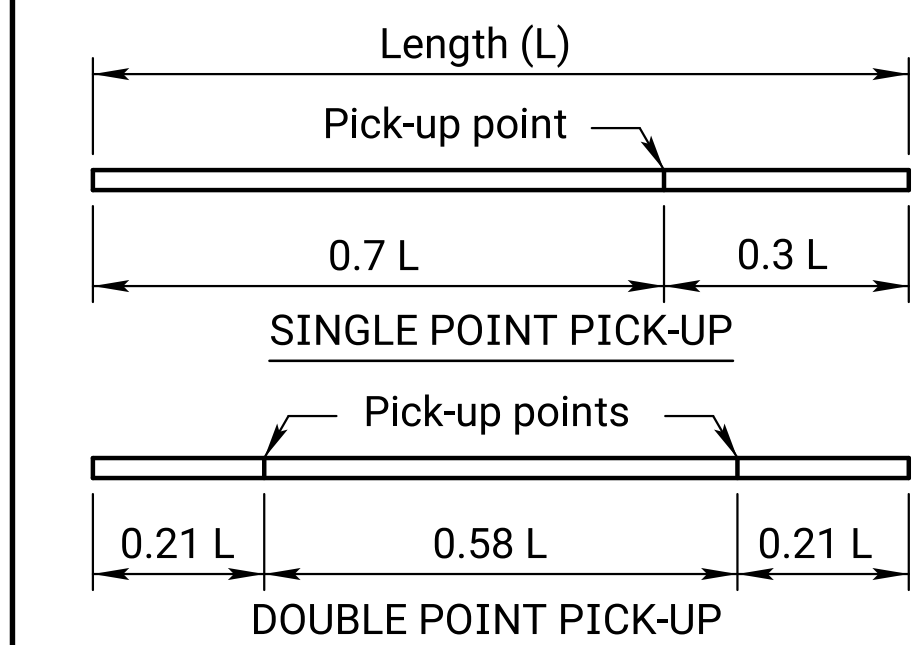
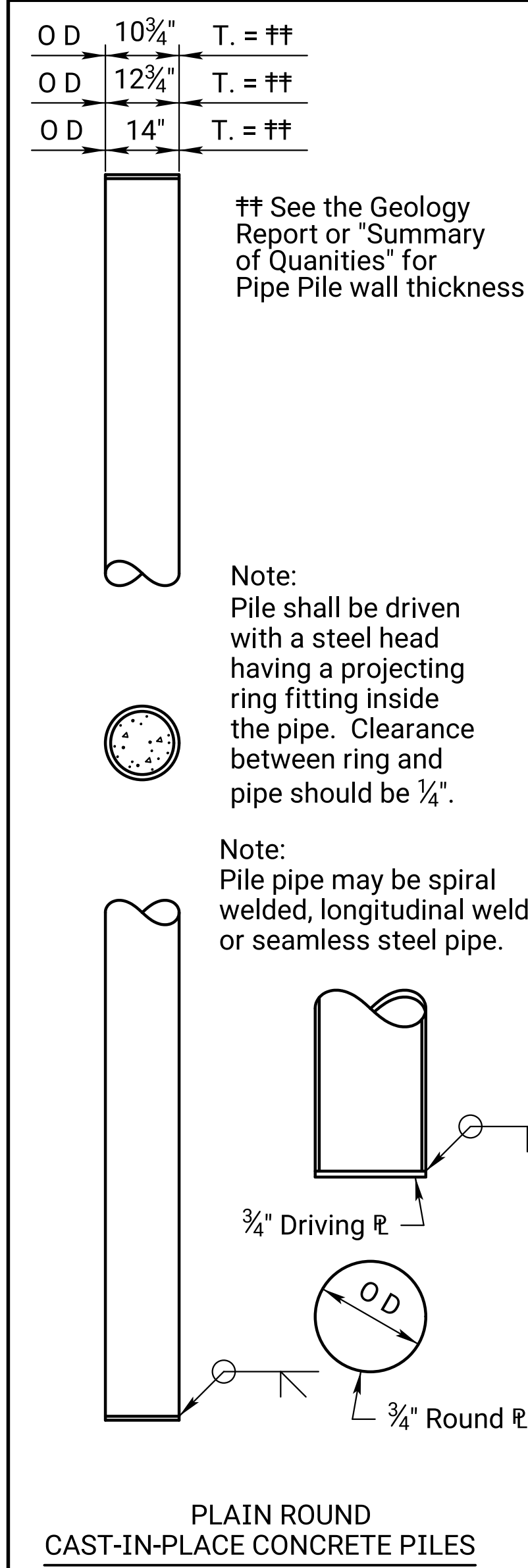
**BRIDGE EXCAVATION (LRFD)**

BR100B

DESIGNED	04-17-10	APPD.	Terry L. Fleck
DETAIL CK.	R.D.R.	QUANTITIES	TRACED
DESIGN CK.	L.R.R.	QUAN.CK.	TRACE CK.

DOT Graphics Certified 06-20-2022

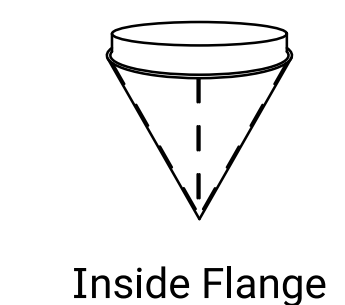
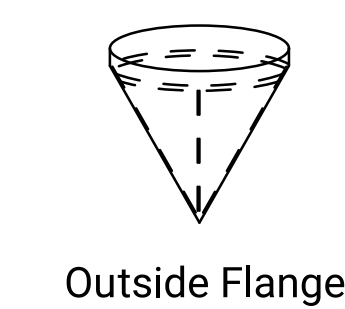
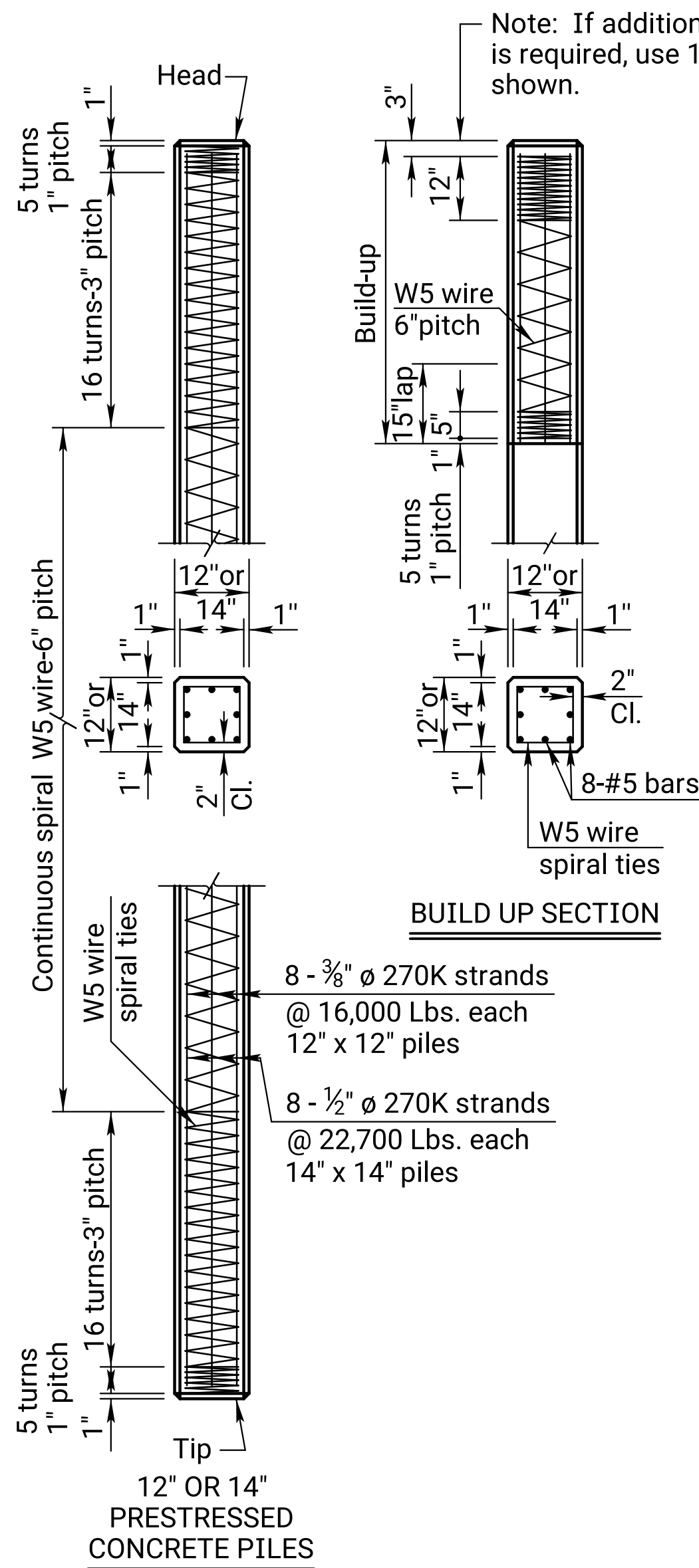




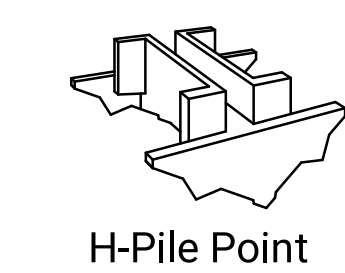
PICK-UP POINTS FOR PRESTRESSED PILING

Max. length - 55' single point pick-up  
Max. length - 80' double point pick-up

Note: Piles shall be marked at Pick-up points to indicate proper points for attaching handling lines.

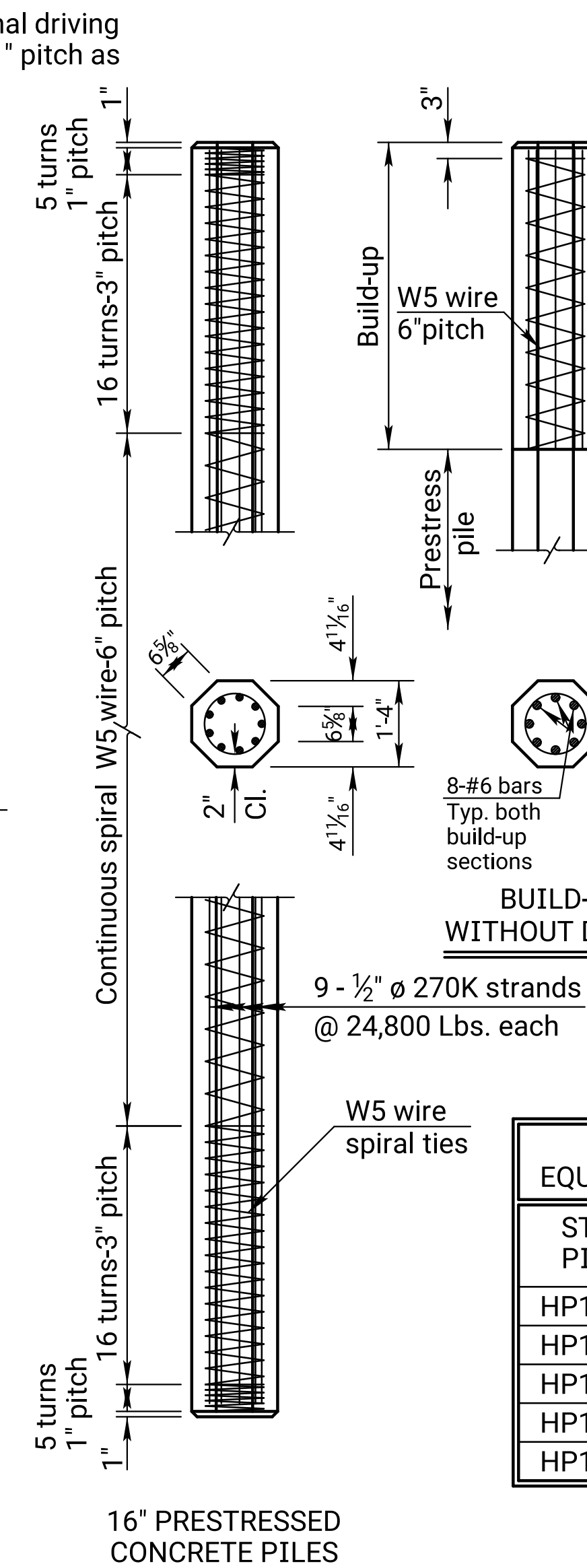
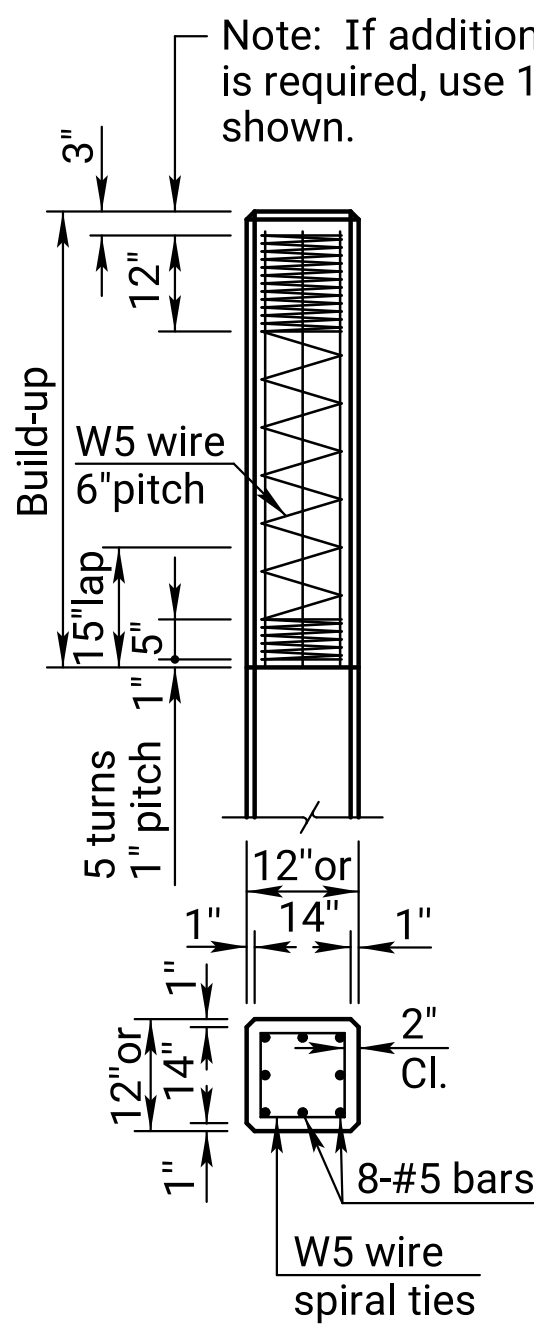


SHELL PILE POINT



CAST STEEL PILE POINT

The pile point shall be a one-piece unit of cast steel. Weld pile points in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations to each steel pile before driving.



FOR INFORMATION ONLY EQUIVALENT POINT BEARING PILES		
STEEL PILES	CONCRETE PILES	
	Pipe	Pre-stress
HP10x42	10¾"	
HP12x53	12¾"	
HP14x73	14	12
HP14x102		14
HP14x117		16

SPICES: Splices for steel piles and shell piling shall be in accordance with details shown on this sheet and the Standard Specifications.

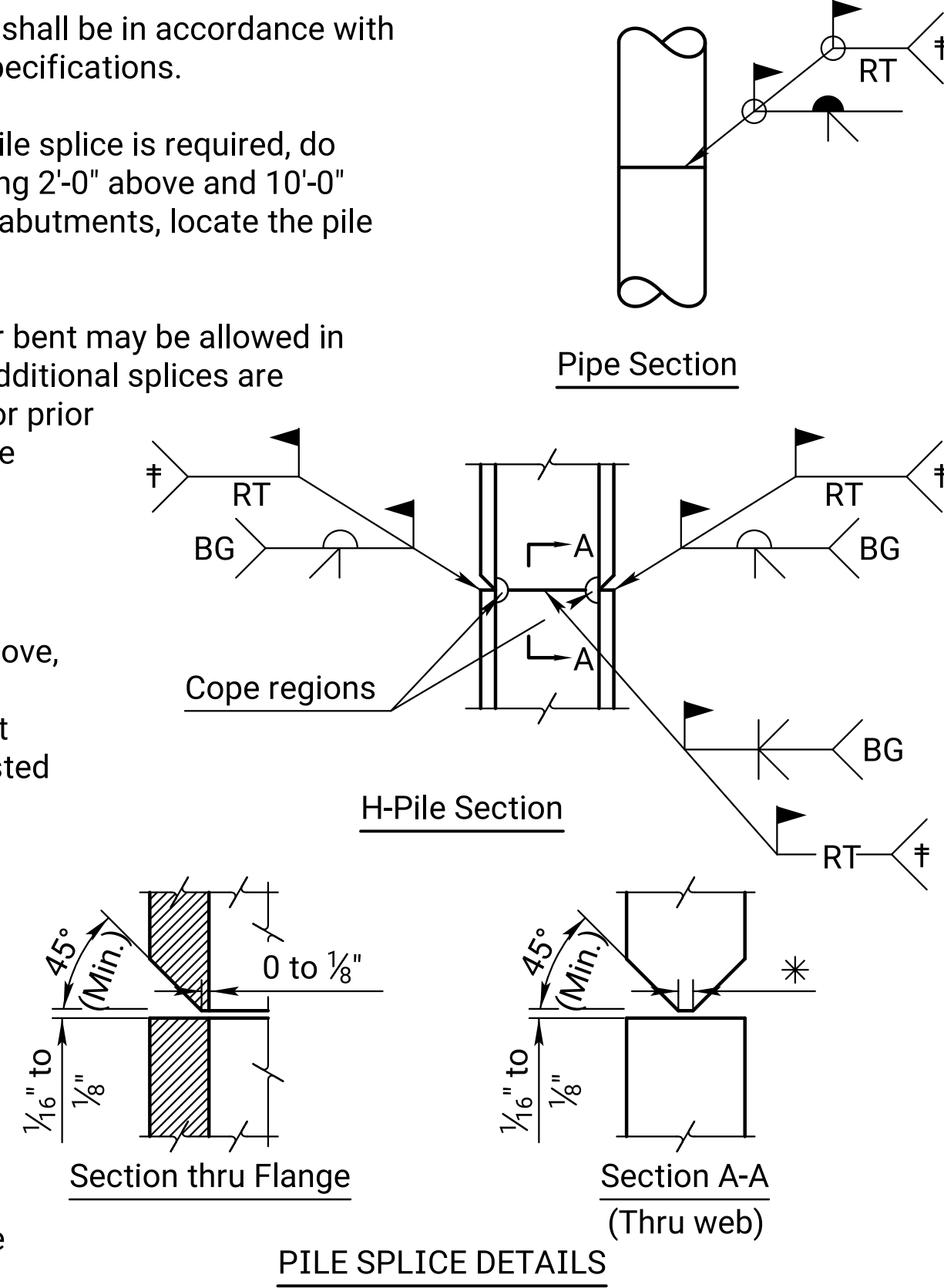
For integral pile bent abutments and piers, if a pile splice is required, do not locate the pile splice within a region extending 2'-0" above and 10'-0" below the bottom of the concrete web wall. For abutments, locate the pile splice at least 10'-0" below top of fill.

With the approval of the Engineer, one splice per bent may be allowed in the region described above without testing. If additional splices are anticipated, based on the geology, the Contractor prior to driving, will locate the splice so that the splice will not fall within the regions described above.

† For integral pile bent abutments and piers, if a splice is located within the regions described above, then the Contractor will test the welds by Radiograph (RT) test methods. Repair and retest any welds not passing the test(s). Each weld tested will have written confirmation of results. Report these results to the Engineer. This work is not paid for directly, but is subsidiary to "Piles".

\* Minimum as required by welding process.

BG = Backgouge



GENERAL NOTES

PRESTRESSED PILES: Fabricate prestressed concrete pile splices in accordance with the Manufacturer's recommendations subject to the approval of the Engineer.

Method of attachment of pile to build-up may be by any of the methods given in the notes on "Alternate Methods." If mild reinforcing steel is used for attachment, the area shall be no less than that used in the build-up.

- ALTERNATE METHODS: Method of attachment of a pile to build-up may be by any of the following methods:
- Cut off at least 2'-0" of pile and expose a minimum of 2'-0" of strands.
  - Cast 8-#6, or 8-#5 bars (equally spaced) into pile head. All bars shall extend into pile head and project from pile head a minimum of 2'-0".
  - Drill 8 holes in pile head (equally spaced) for installation of 8 grouted dowel bars of same size and length as in 2.
  - Provide cored holes for bars as in 3.

No bars or strands are to extend from head of pile or build-up into footing or pile cap unless approved by the Engineer.

TEST PILES: Drive test piles where called for on the bridge plans. The test piles located within the limits of the substructure will become a part of the bridge pile system.

DRIVING FORMULA: Driving formula shall conform to the Standard Specifications.

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT: Measurement and payment for all piles shall comply with the Standard Specifications.

REINFORCEMENT: Use reinforcing steel conforming to ASTM A615, Grade 60. Hoops and spirals may be either plain or deformed bars.

PRESTRESSING STEEL: Use uncoated seven-wire low relaxation prestressing strand conforming to ASTM A416, Gr. 270.

STEEL PILE: Steel pile shall conform to the requirements of the Standard Specifications.

PILE POINTS: Pile points shall conform to the dimensions shown and to requirements of the Standard Specifications.

STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	27	56

SPECIFICATIONS: Standard Specifications for State Road and Bridge Construction as currently used by the Kansas Department of Transportation.

CONCRETE: Concrete for cast-in-place shall be f'c = 3,500 PSI. Concrete for prestressed shall be f'c = 5,000 PSI.

WELDING: All field welding shall meet the requirements of the Standard Specifications.

Use only Shielded Metal Arch Welding SMAW (stick welding) for pile splices.

Use only low hydrogen E7018, 7016, or 7015 series welding rod (electrode) for all welding applications during pile splicing.

New electrodes are to be purchased for each KDOT project. The electrodes shall arrive on the project in factory hermetically sealed containers, opened and labeled with indelible ink in front of the engineer. The label shall include the current date and the project number. If the container seal is questionable or shows signs of damage the electrode is to be dried in an oven at least one hour at a temperature of 700°F to 800°F.

Upon removal from intact hermetically sealed factory packaging or the drying oven the electrode is to be placed in a storage oven with a minimum temperature of 250°F.

When electrodes are removed from the hermetically sealed container or storage oven and exposed to the atmosphere for less than 4 hours place into the storage oven for at least 4 hours before removing for use.

If electrode is exposed to the atmosphere for 4 hours or more (or 9 hours for moisture resistant electrodes designated with an R in their labeling) then electrode can be dried in a drying oven at a temperature of 450°F to 550°F.

If the electrode is exposed to the atmosphere for 4 hours or more a second time or the rod becomes wet discard rod.

CAST-IN-PLACE SHELLS: Steel shells for cast-in-place concrete piles shall conform to the requirements of the Standard Specifications.

All piles driven without a mandrel shall be of the minimum thicknesses shown. Piles driven with a mandrel shall be of sufficient strength and thickness to withstand driving without injury and to resist harmful distortion and/or buckling due to soil pressure after the mandrel is removed.

Remove, replace or correct to the satisfaction of the Engineer improperly driven, broken or otherwise defective pipe piles. Otherwise drive an additional pile at no extra cost.

The Contractor shall maintain a light suitable for visual inspection of the pile on the job at all times prior to and during the filling of the pipe.

PAINT: All paint shall comply with the Standard Specifications, or as specified on the plans.

MILL TEST REPORTS: Steel piles test reports and steel shell test reports shall comply with the Standard Specifications.

04	08-16-18	Add splice web section, clarify note	M.L.L.	J.P.J.
03	09-15-15	Clarify Notes	J.P.J.	C.E.R.
02	06-18-12	Clarify f'c, rod type, use and weld	J.P.J.	T.L.F.
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APPD
KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
STANDARD PILE DETAILS				
BR110				
FHWA APPROVAL		10-04-12	APPD.	Terry L. Fleck
DESIGNED	J.P.J.	DETAILED	QUANTITIES	TRACED
DESIGN CK.		DETAIL CK.	QUAN. CK.	TRACE CK.

STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	28	56

GENERAL NOTES

Reference is made to the latest edition of the CRSI "Manual of Standard Practice" for recommended industry practices concerning reinforcing steel.

Use only the following types of bar supports:

- 1) Wire Bar Supports:
- a) Epoxy coated reinforcing: Class 1 Protection  
b) Non-epoxy coated reinforcing: Class 1, 2, or 3 Protection
- 2) Plastic Bar Supports
- 3) Supplementary bars

When securing epoxy coated reinforcement, use tie wires or metal clips that are epoxy or plastic coated.

Do not weld reinforcing steel to bar supports or to other reinforcing steel. Shop weld spacer frames for haunched slabs.

Tie bars at all intersections around the perimeter of each mat and at not less than 2'-0" centers or at every intersection, whichever is greater.

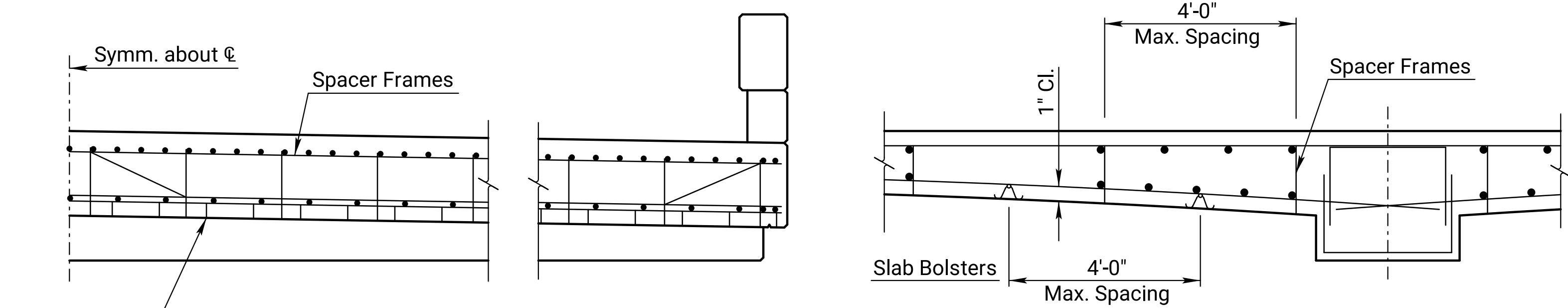
Where more than one length of bar support is required, lap the end legs so they are locked or tied together.

Use proper height supports to maintain the distance between the reinforcing and the formed surface or the top surface of deck slabs within 1/4" of that indicated on the plans.

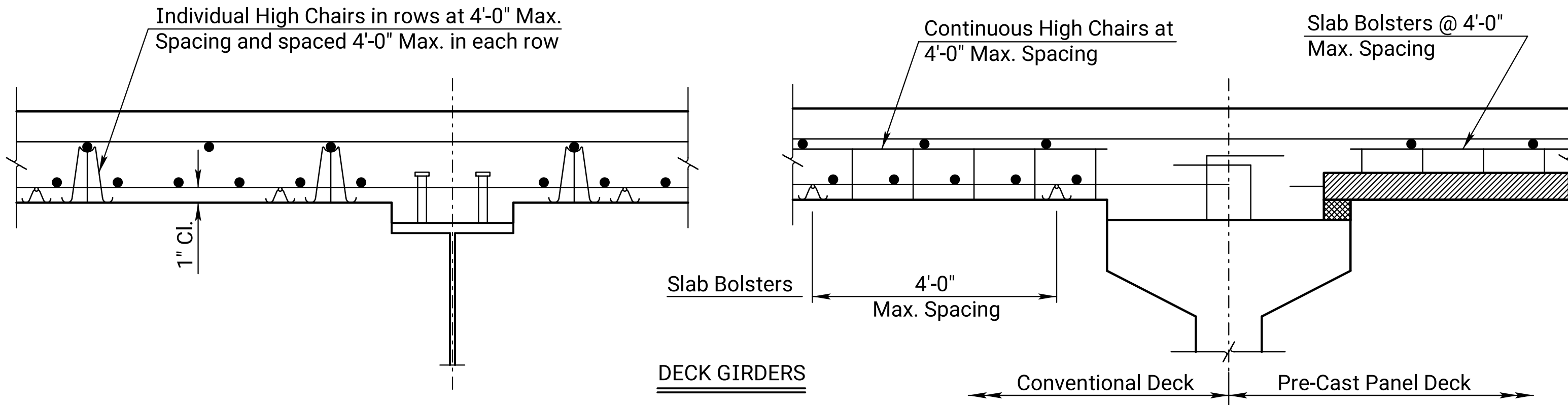
Spacings shown are maximums. Use sufficient supports, as determined by the Engineer, to retain the reinforcing steel in position.

Construct any platforms, required for the support of workers and/or equipment during concrete placement, directly on the forms and not on the reinforcing steel.

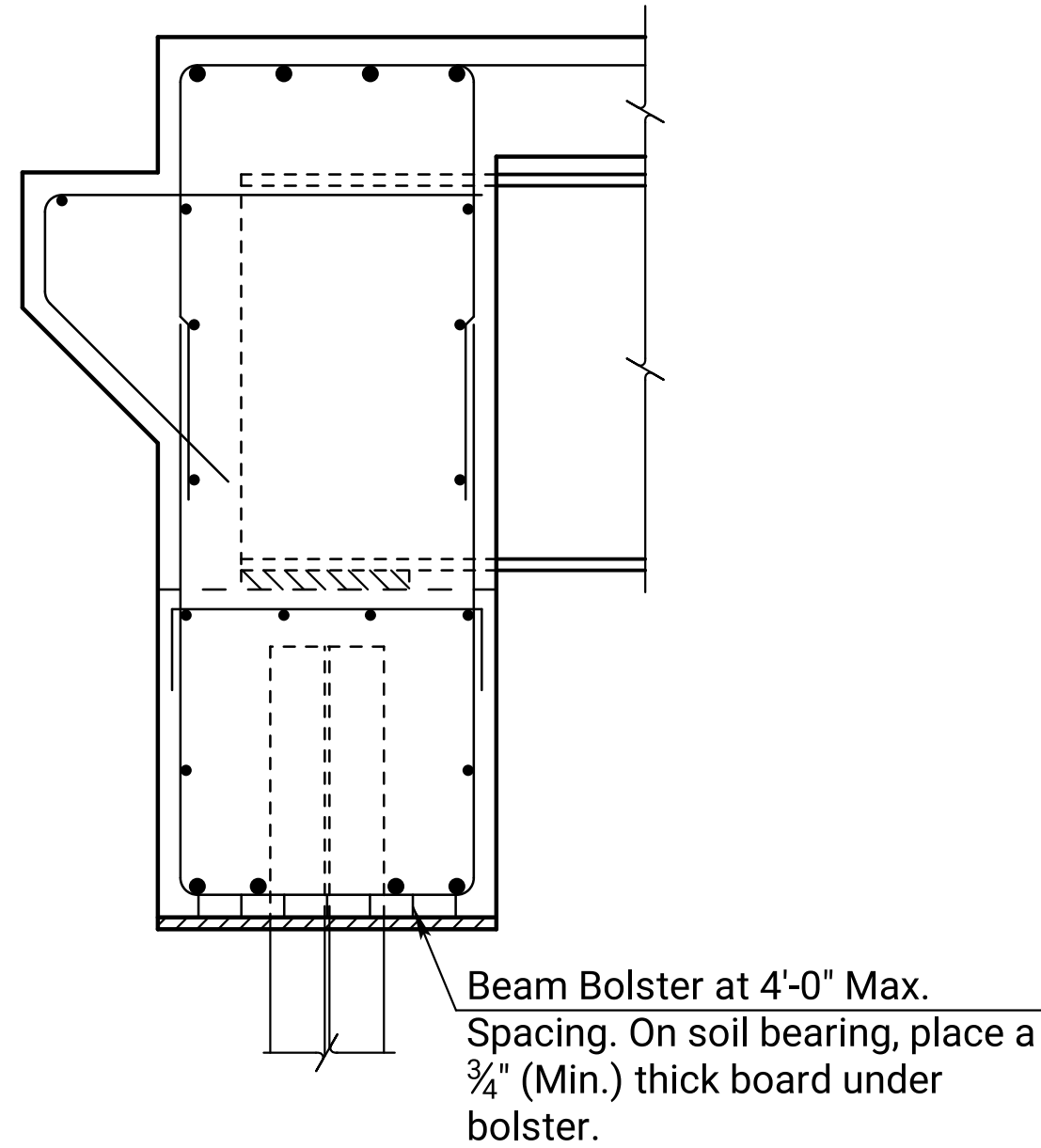
Designs and arrangements of Supports or Spacers other than as shown on this sheet, may be used with the permission of the Engineer.



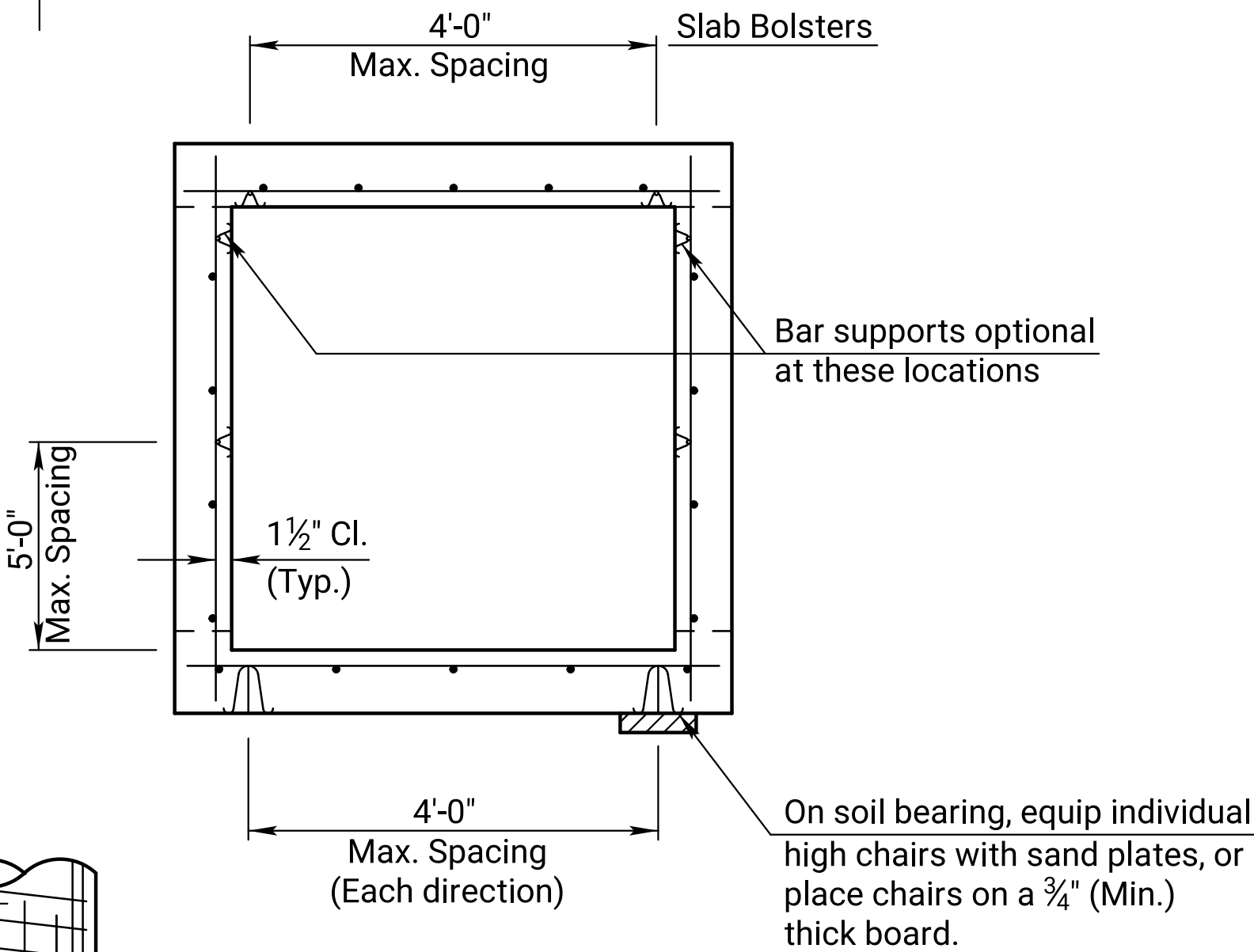
CONTINUOUS HAUNCHED SLAB



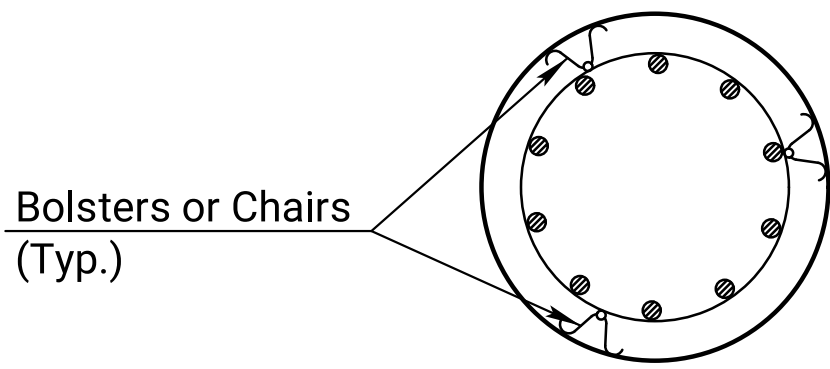
DECK GIRDERS



ABUTMENT

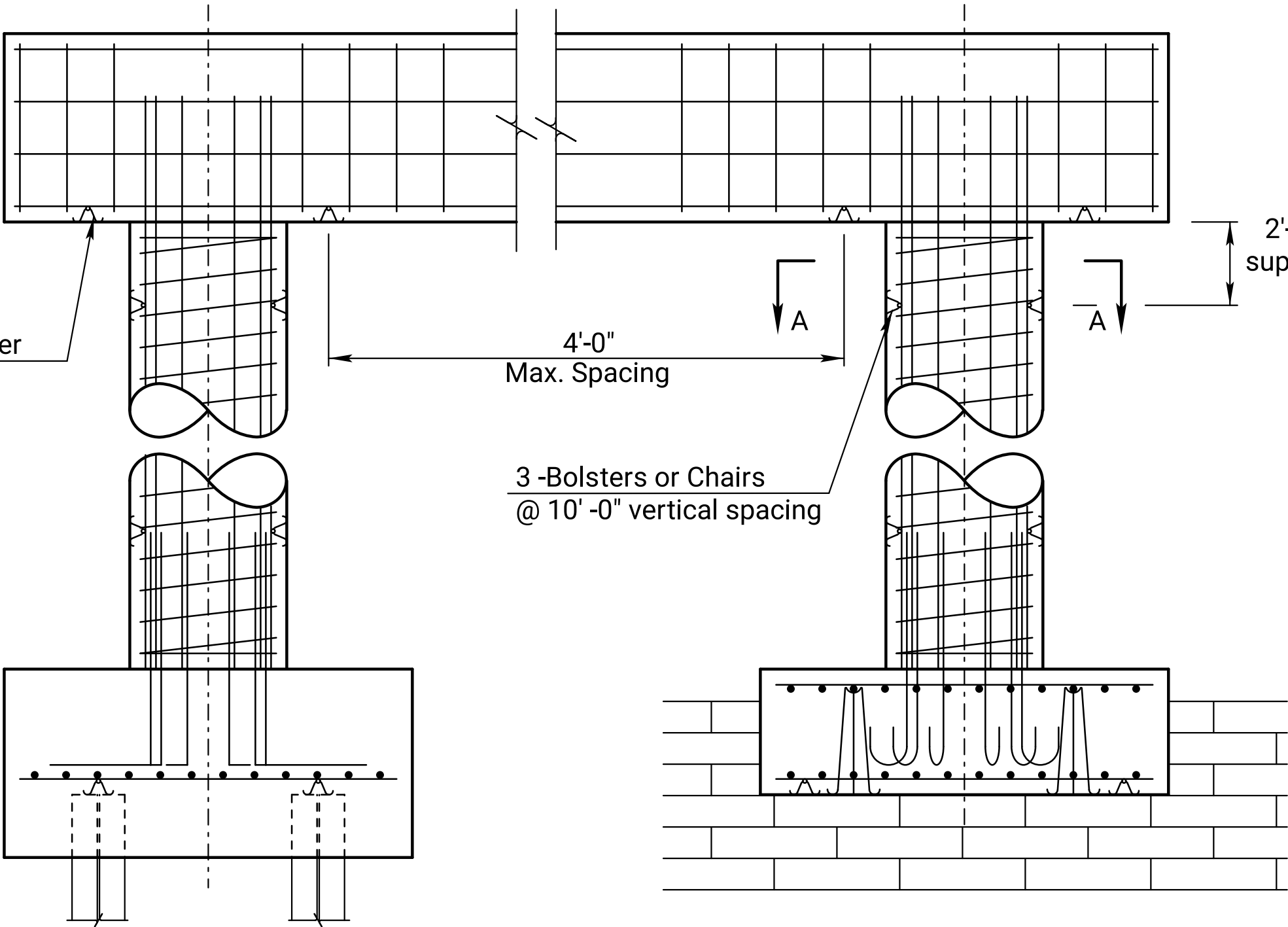


BOX CULVERT

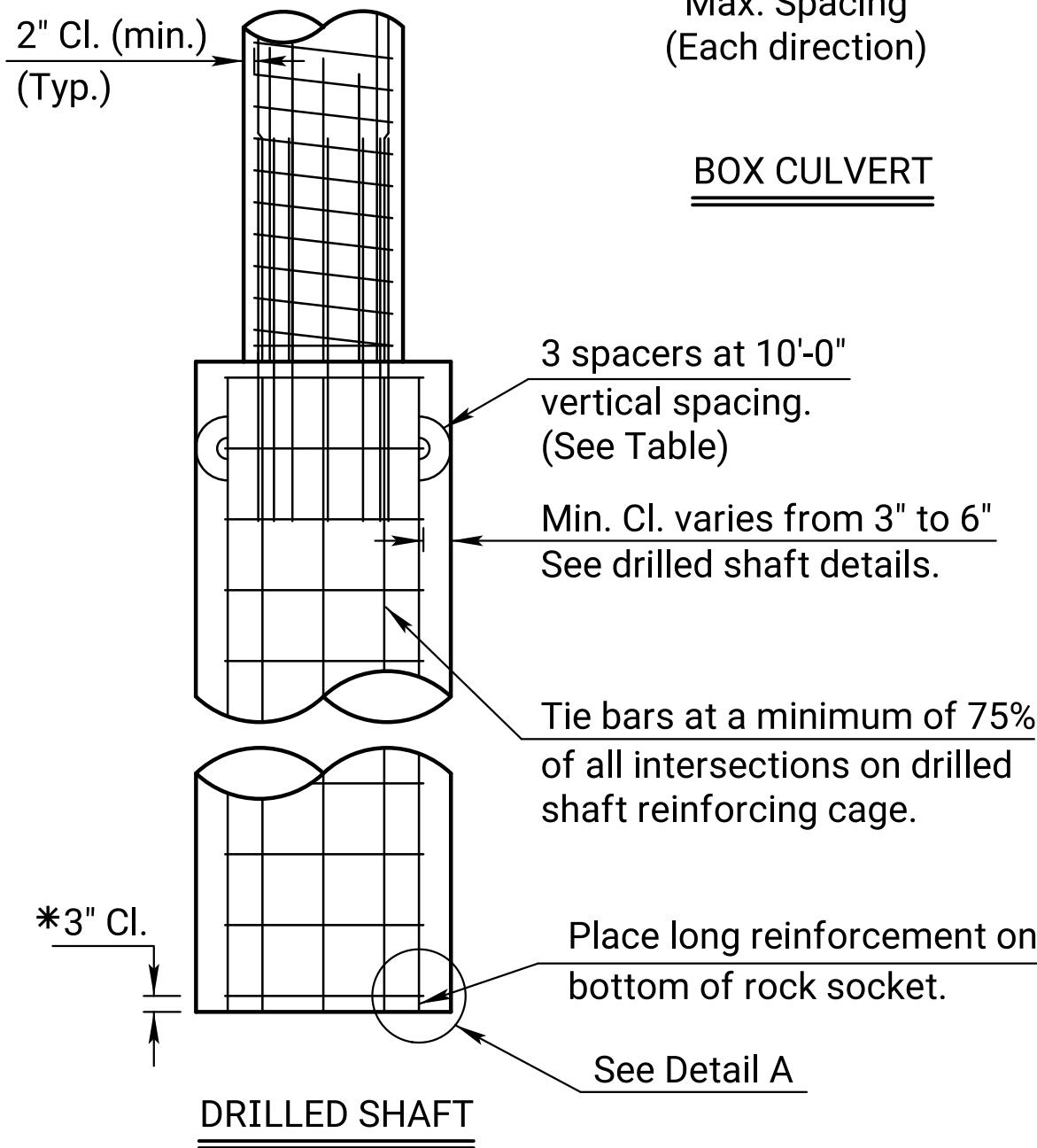


SECTION A-A

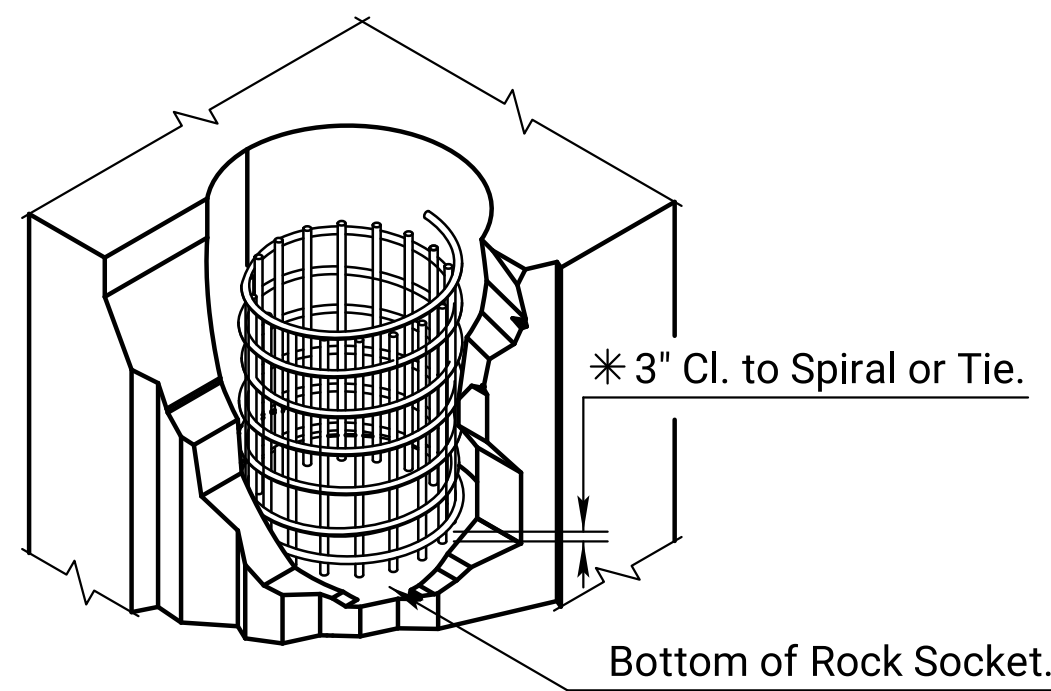
Required Shaft Supports		
Diameter (in.)	Circumference (in.)	No. of Spacers
18	56	3
24	75	3
30	94	4
36	113	4
42	131	5
48	150	6
54	169	6
60	188	7
66	207	7
72	226	8
78	244	9
84	263	9
90	282	10
96	301	11
102	320	11
108	339	12



PIER



DRILLED SHAFT



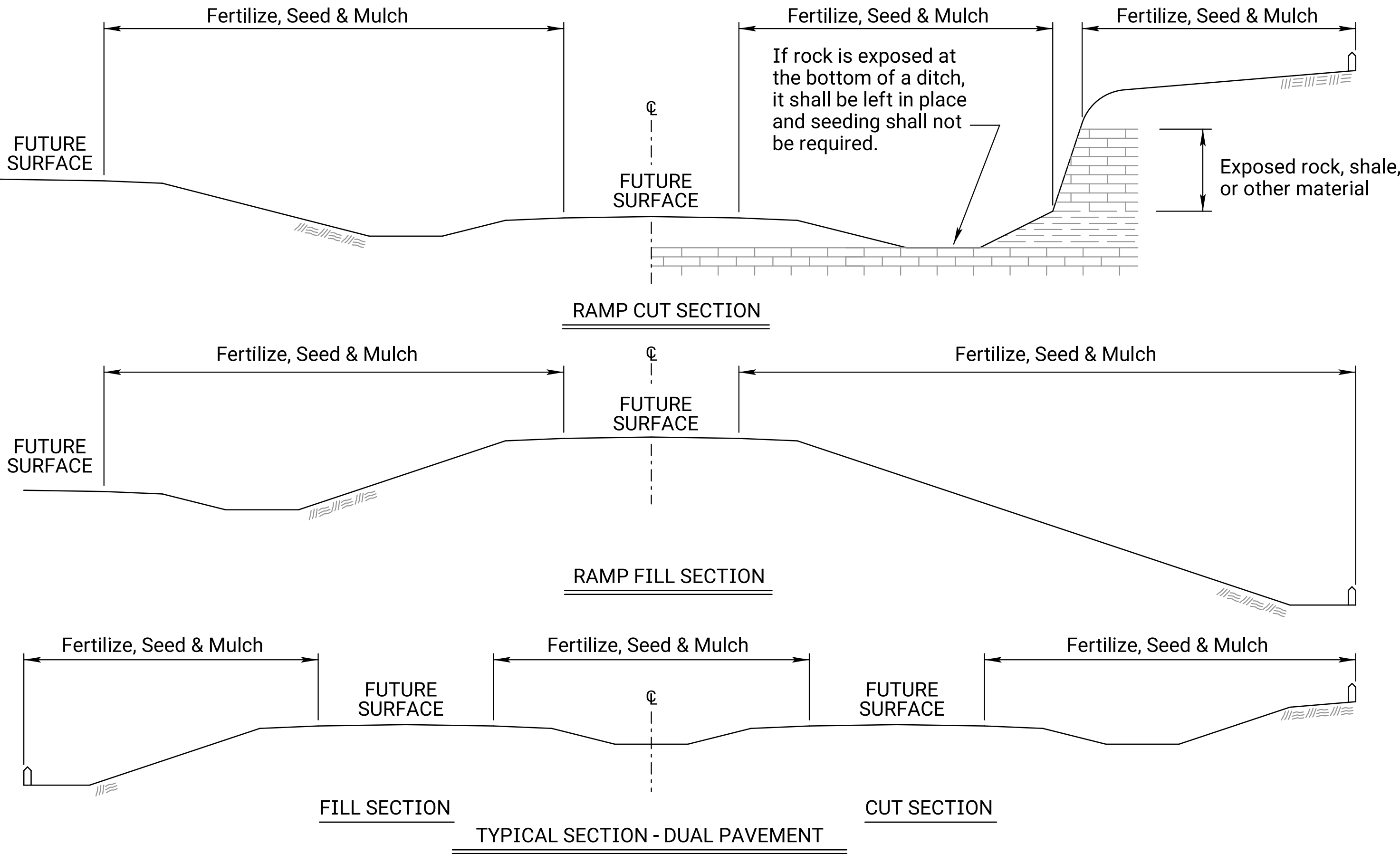
DETAIL A

\* Note: Longitudinal reinforcing steel is placed on the bottom of the rock socket. Maintain 3" clearance from the bottom of rock socket to the first spiral or tie bar.

05	11-10-10	Column Bar Supports Required	J.P.J.	T.L.F.
04	12-01-05	Drilled Shaft Spiral Steel Placement	J.P.J.	K.F.H.
03	08-21-00	Added Pre-Cast Panel Detail	R.A.M.	K.F.H.
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APPD
KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
SUPPORTS AND SPACERS FOR REINFORCING STEEL				
BR120				
FHWA APPROVAL		11-17-10	APPD.	Terry L. Fleck
DESIGNED	R.A.M.	DETAILED	R.A.A.	QUANTITIES
DESIGN CK.	L.R.R.	DETAIL CK.	R.A.M.	QUAN. CK.
		TRACED	R.A.A.	
		TRACE CK.	R.A.M.	







FERTILIZER: A ratio and application rate that equals or exceeds the required minimum rate per acre of N, P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, K<sub>2</sub>O listed in Summary of Quantities will be acceptable.

- \* - N = Nitrogen Rate of Application
- \*\* - P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> = Phosphorous Rate of Application
- \*\*\* - K<sub>2</sub>O = Potassium Rate of Application

The Contractor will be required to finish areas of excavation, borrow and embankment in accordance with the specifications. Areas that require installation or construction of temporary water pollution control items will be finished in reasonable close conformity to the alignment, grade and cross section shown on the plans or as established by the Engineer.

CLT = Construction Limit Tract. This area is defined by the entire disturbed area of the project that requires seeding and erosion control measures to be placed. Any impervious areas (i.e. pavement, gravel, riprap, etc.) shall not be included in this measurement.

Slope = Defined by the area of the project that requires Class 1 erosion control material to be placed. This area shall be seeded using the Soil Erosion Mix prior to placement of the material. Drilling seed is preferred, however, broadcasting is acceptable if drilling is not possible.

Channel = Defined by the area of the project that requires Class 2 erosion control material to be placed. This area shall be seeded using the Soil Erosion Mix prior to placement of the material. Drilling seed is preferred, however, broadcasting is acceptable if drilling is not possible.

GENERAL NOTES

The entire disturbed area, excepting the paved or surfaced areas, steep rocky slopes and areas of undisturbed native sod or other desirable vegetation shall be fertilized (limed when required), seeded, and mulched. Soil preparation shall conform to the Standard Specifications.

Temporary seeding shall be done during any time of the year that the soil can be cultivated. After the temporary seeding has been completed on the entire project, permanent seeding shall be done during the normal seeding season.

MULCHING: Mulch shall be spread uniformly over all disturbed areas and punched in the soil, unless otherwise noted on the plans. The rate of application per acre, thickness in place, for the mulching materials is generally as follows:

1¾ - 2¼ Tons per Acre = 1½" loose depth spread uniformly over acre.

Agricultural products, such as native prairie hay, used for mulching and erosion control practices, excluding wood based mulch, shall meet the North American Weed Free Forage Standards. Other vegetative mulches are acceptable only with the Engineer's concurrence.

The above rate is a guide. It will be at the discretion of the Engineer to determine what rate is sufficient for adequate protection of newly seeded areas.

SUMMARY OF SEEDING / EROSION CONTROL QUANTITIES

P.L.S. RATE/ ACRE		ACRES		BID ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT
CLT	SL/CH	CLT	SL/CH			
	200		0.94	Temporary Fertilizer ( 13 - 13 - 13 )	188.0	LB
				Temporary Seed (Canada Wildrye)		LB
				Temporary Seed (Grain Oats)		LB
				Temporary Seed (Sterile Wheatgrass)		LB
	109.9		0.94	Soil Erosion Mix	103.2	LB
				Erosion Control (Class 1, Type C)	3,934	SQ YD
				Erosion Control (Class 2, Type E)	604	SQ YD
				Sediment Removal (Set Price)	1	CU YD
				Synthetic Sediment Barrier		LF
				Temporary Berm (Set Price)	1	LF
				Temporary Ditch Check (Rock)		CU YD
				Temporary Inlet Sediment Barrier		EACH
				Temporary Sediment Basin		CU YD
				Temporary Slope Drain		LF
				Temporary Stream Crossing		EACH
				Biodegradable Log (9")	350	LF
				Biodegradable Log (12")	350	LF
				Biodegradable Log (20")	700	LF
				Filter Sock (****)		LF
				Geotextile (Erosion Control)		SQ YD
				Silt Fence	1,150	LF
				SWPPP Design †	Lump Sum	LS
				SWPPP Inspection †	31	EACH
				Water Pollution Control Manager †	31	EACH
900 lbs / acre				Mulch Tacking Slurry		LB
2 tons / acre				Mulching		TON
				Water (Erosion Control) (Set Price)	1	MGAL

Total Area Disturbed = 1.88 Acres

NOTE: Projects less than 1 acre shall be bid as "Seeding" by the lump sum. See Permanent Seeding Summary of Seeding Quantities sheet LA850 for further details.

Geotextile (Erosion Control) shall be removed prior to placement of permanent slope protection.

Regreen and Quick Guard are the approved sterile wheatgrass products.

† If the total disturbed area of the project, not just the seeding area, is 1 acre or more, then these bid items must be included.

\*\*\*\* List size of material.

The amount of mulch and mulch tacking slurry in the bid quantities is estimated. (Acres of Seeding X 1.5 X 2 Tons/Acre). The estimated quantity includes mulching associated with both temporary and permanent seeding operations. The total mulch and mulch tacking slurry required shall be determined in the field. The bid item for mulching and mulch tacking slurry shall be paid for according to the Standard Specifications.

Quantities for all erosion control items are estimated to give full flexibility for compliance with the NPDES permit. Final quantities will be determined in the field.

SOIL EROSION MIX

PLS RATE	NAME	QTY (lb)
0.5	Blue Grama Grass Seed (Lovington)	0.5
4.5	Buffalograss Seed (Treated)	4.2
45	Perennial Ryegrass	42.3
2.6	Prairie Junegrass	2.4
6.3	Side Oats GramaGrass Seed (El Reno)	5.9
45	Tall Fescue (Endophyte Free)	42.3
6	Western Wheatgrass Seed ( Barton)	5.6
	Total (lb)	103.2

The Soil Erosion Mix is to be placed under the Class 1 and/or Class 2 erosion control material.

The Soil Erosion Mix consists of the Shoulder Area of the Permanent Seed Mix used on the project.

03	08-03-20	Added Note	M.R.D.	M.L.
02	12-01-17	Revised Standard	M.R.D.	S.H.S.
01	06-01-17	Revised Standard	M.R.D.	S.H.S.
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APPD

KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

TEMPORARY EROSION AND POLLUTION CONTROL

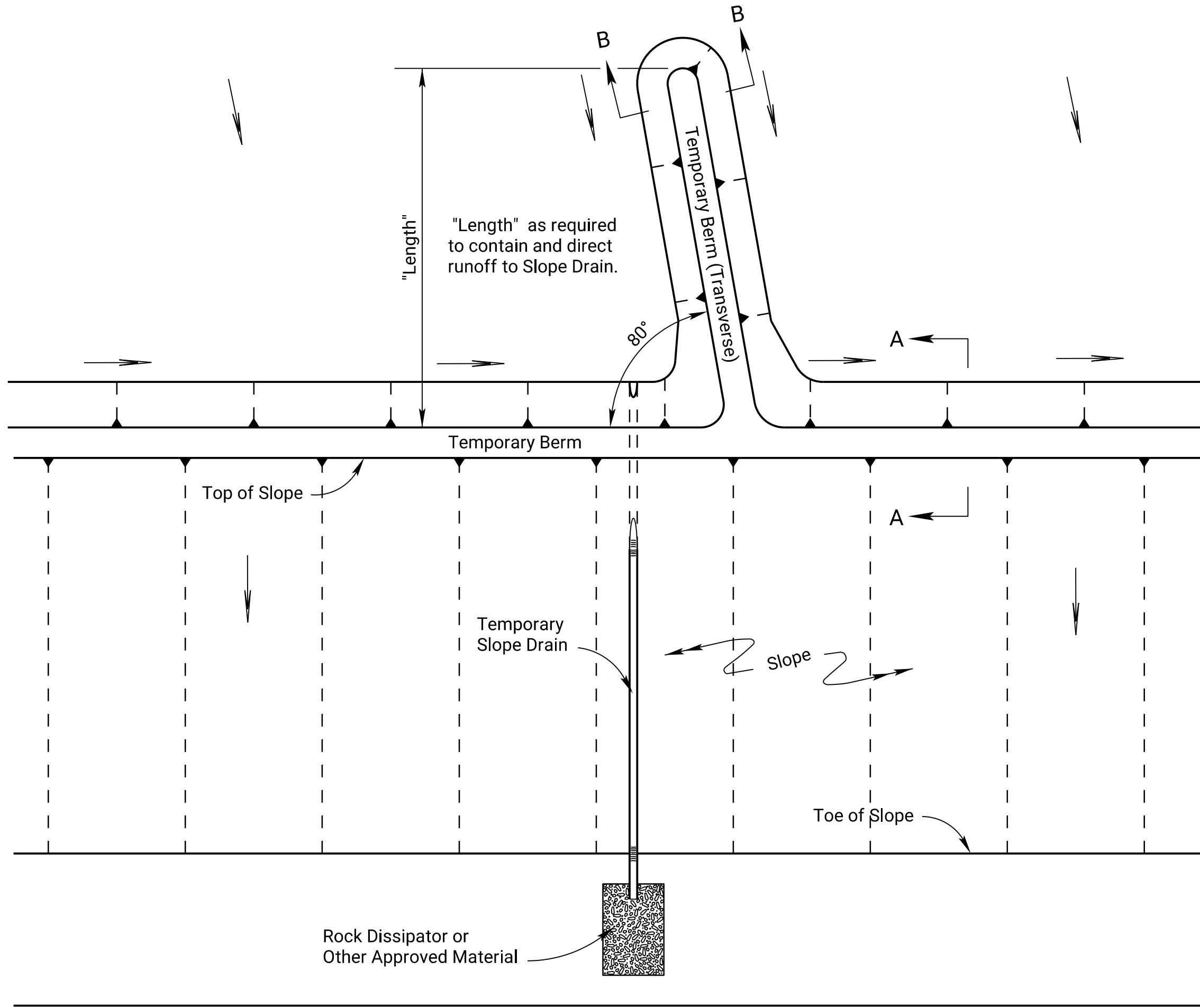
LA852A

FHWA APPROVAL		01-26-18   APPD.		Scott H. Shields	
DESIGNED	M.R.D.	DETAILED	M.R.D.	QUANTITIES	TRACED
DESIGN CK.	S.H.S.	DETAIL CK.	S.H.S.	QUAN.CK.	TRACE CK.

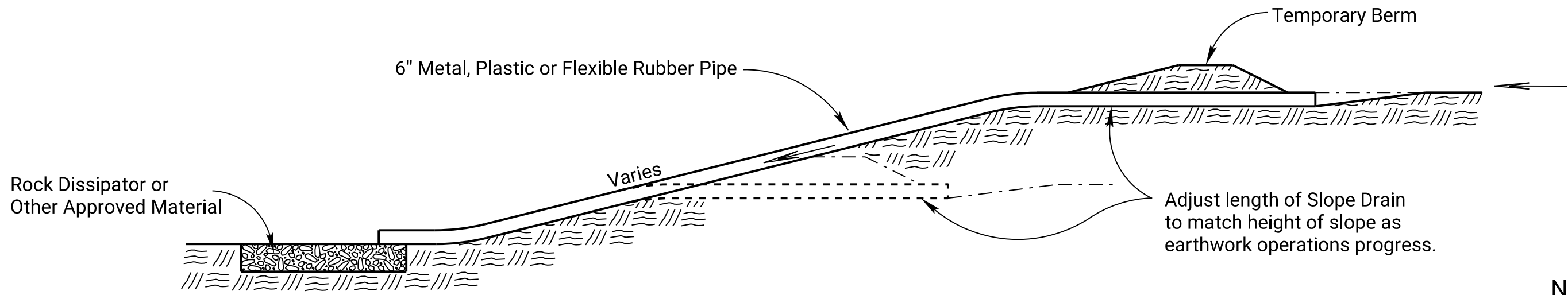




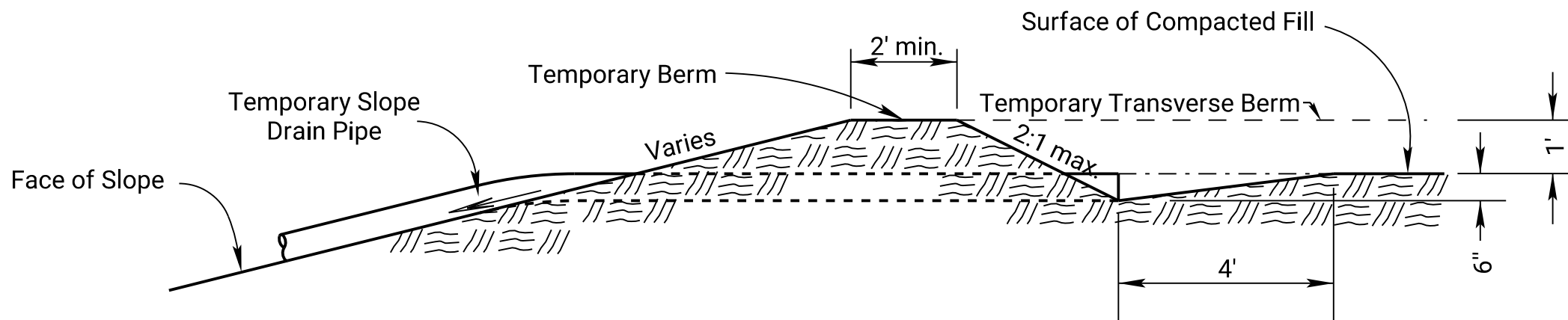
STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	32	56



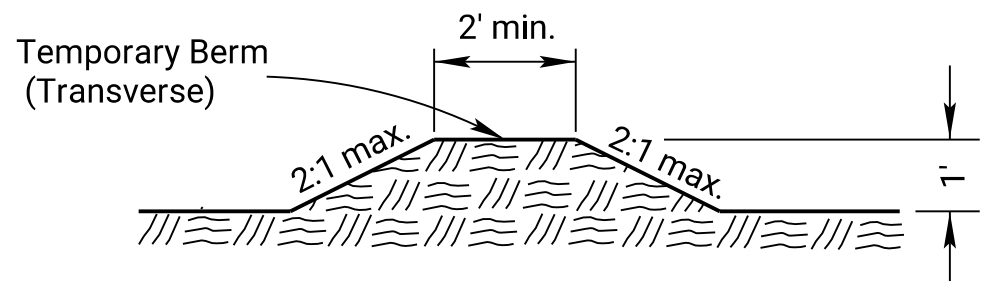
TYPICAL PLAN VIEW OF  
TEMPORARY BERM AND  
TEMPORARY SLOPE DRAIN  
NO SCALE



TYPICAL PROFILE OF TEMPORARY SLOPE DRAIN  
NO SCALE

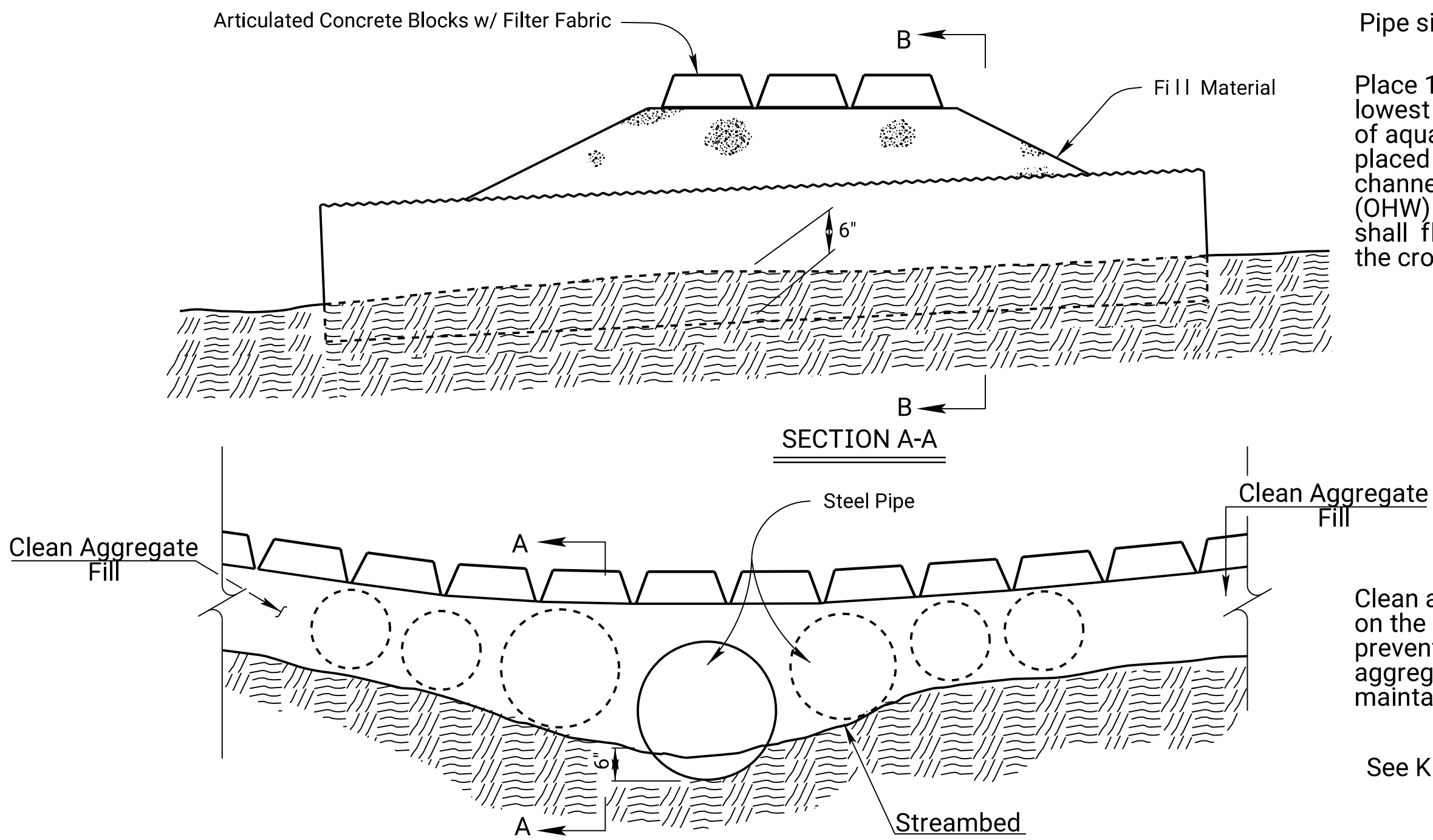


SECTION A-A  
NO SCALE



SECTION B-B  
NO SCALE

TYPICAL PROFILE OF TEMPORARY BERM  
NO SCALE



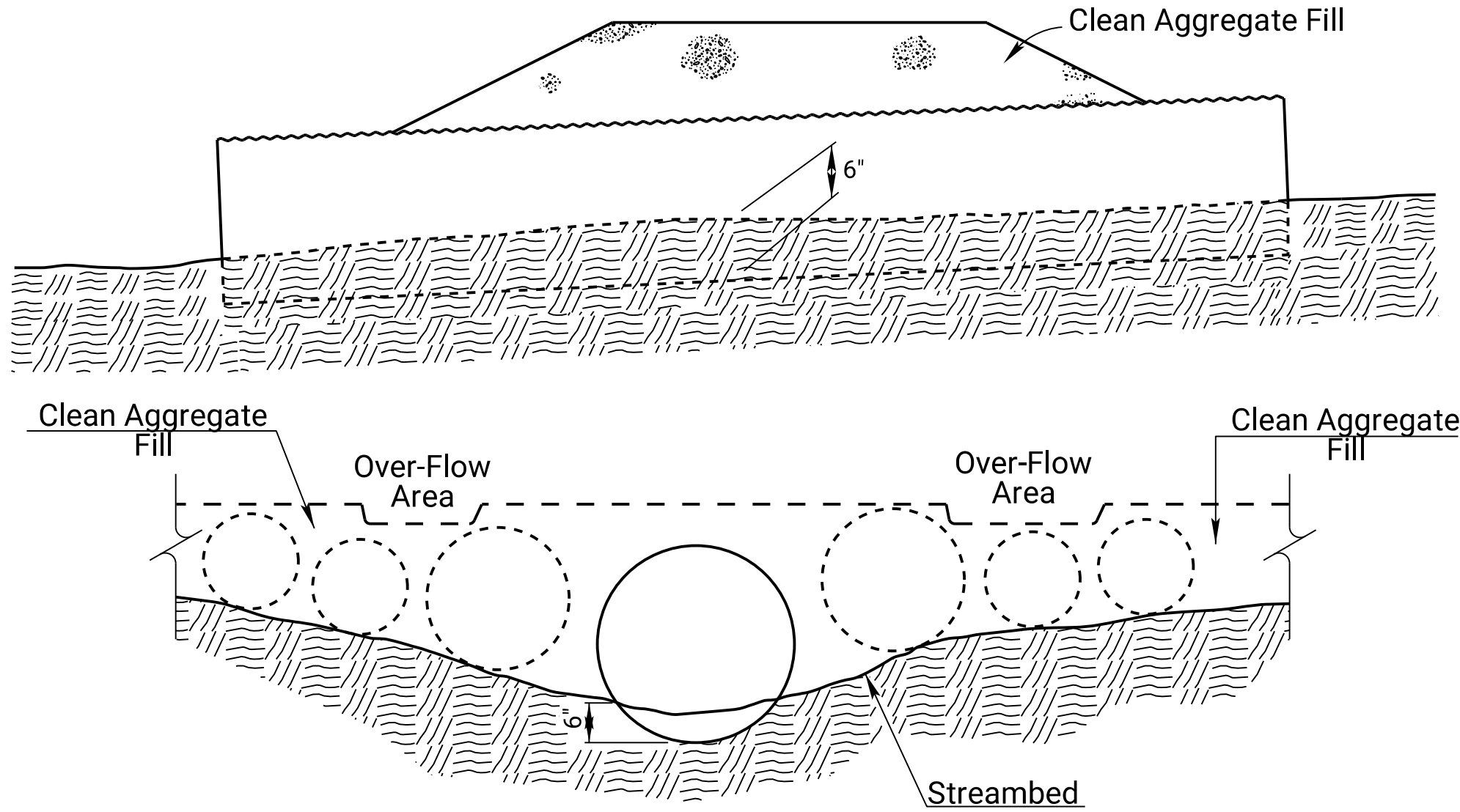
TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSING (ARTICULATED CONCRETE BLOCKS)  
NO SCALE

Pipe size may vary.

Place 1 pipe buried 6" into stream bottom, in the lowest point of the channel to allow the passage of aquatic organisms, with additional pipes placed along the remainder of the stream channel bottom such that ordinary high water (OHW) flows designated in the Contract Documents shall flow through the pipes without overtopping the crossing.

Clean aggregate fill will extend a minimum of 50' on the entrance and exit side of the crossing to prevent tracking. The aggregate shall be clean aggregate and a minimum of 6" thick and will be maintained through the use of the crossing.

See KDOT Specifications for more information.



SECTION B-B  
TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSING (AGGREGATE)  
NO SCALE

Pipe size may vary.

Place 1 pipe buried 6" into stream bottom, in the lowest point of the channel to allow the passage of aquatic organisms, with additional pipes placed along the remainder of the stream channel bottom such that ordinary high water (OHW) flows designated in the Contract Documents shall flow through the pipes without overtopping the crossing.

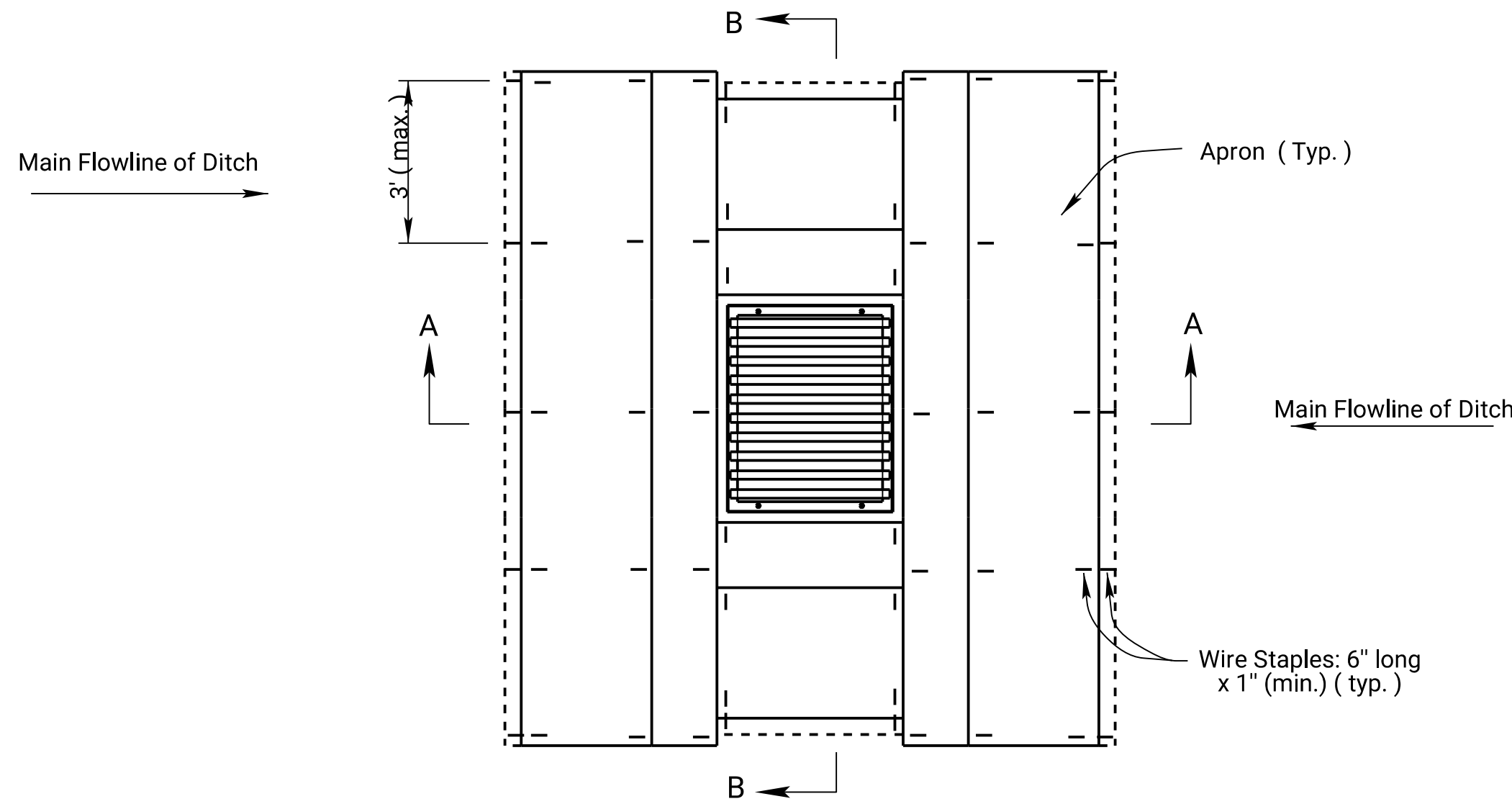
Clean aggregate fill will extend a minimum of 50' on the entrance and exit side of the crossing to prevent tracking. The aggregate shall be clean aggregate and a minimum of 6" thick and will be maintained through the use of the crossing.

See KDOT Specifications for more information.

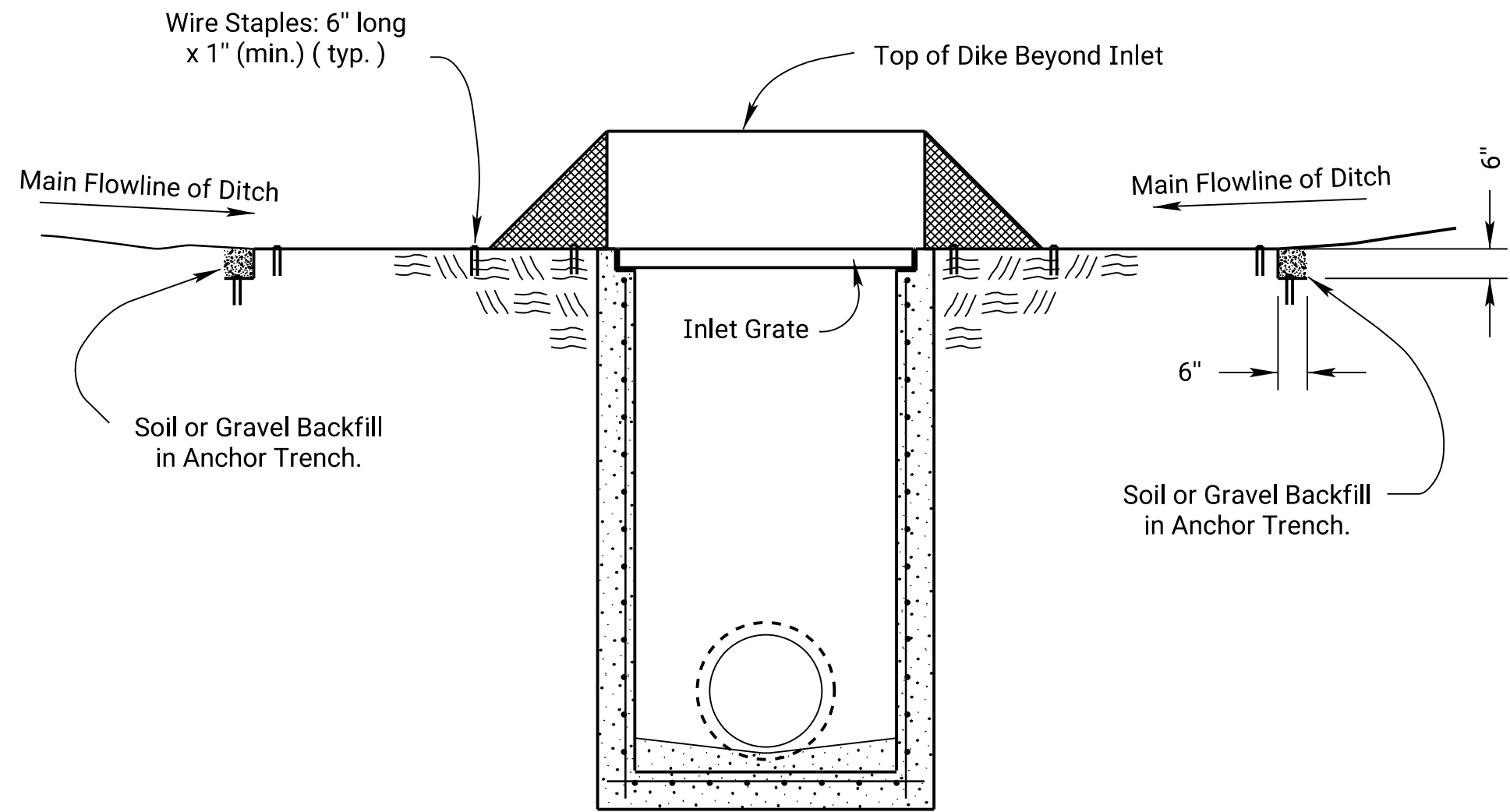
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APPD
03	01-21-22	Temp Stream Crossing - Clean Aggregate Fill Note Added	M.R.D.	M.L.
02	08-24-21	Temp Stream Crossing - Clean Aggregate Fill Note Added	M.R.D.	M.L.
01	06-11-13	Revised Standard	M.R.M.	S.H.S.
KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
TEMPORARY EROSION AND POLLUTION CONTROL				
TEMPORARY SLOPE DRAIN, TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSING (AGGREGATE)				
LA852B				
FHWA APPROVAL		01-21-22	APPD.	Mervin Lare
DESIGNED	DETAILED	QUANTITIES	TRACED	
DESIGN CK.	DETAIL CK.	QUAN. CK.	TRACE CK.	



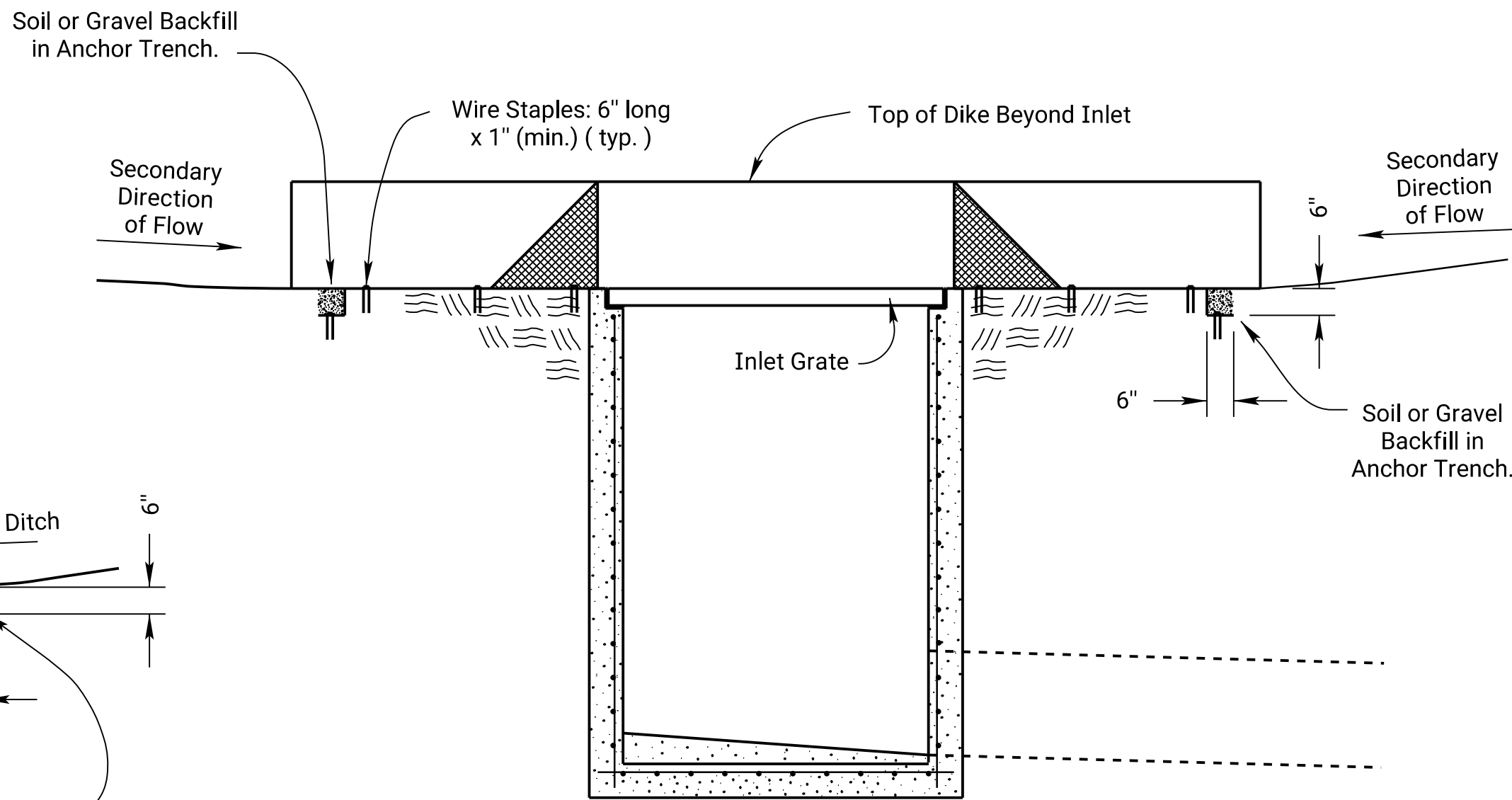
STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	33	56



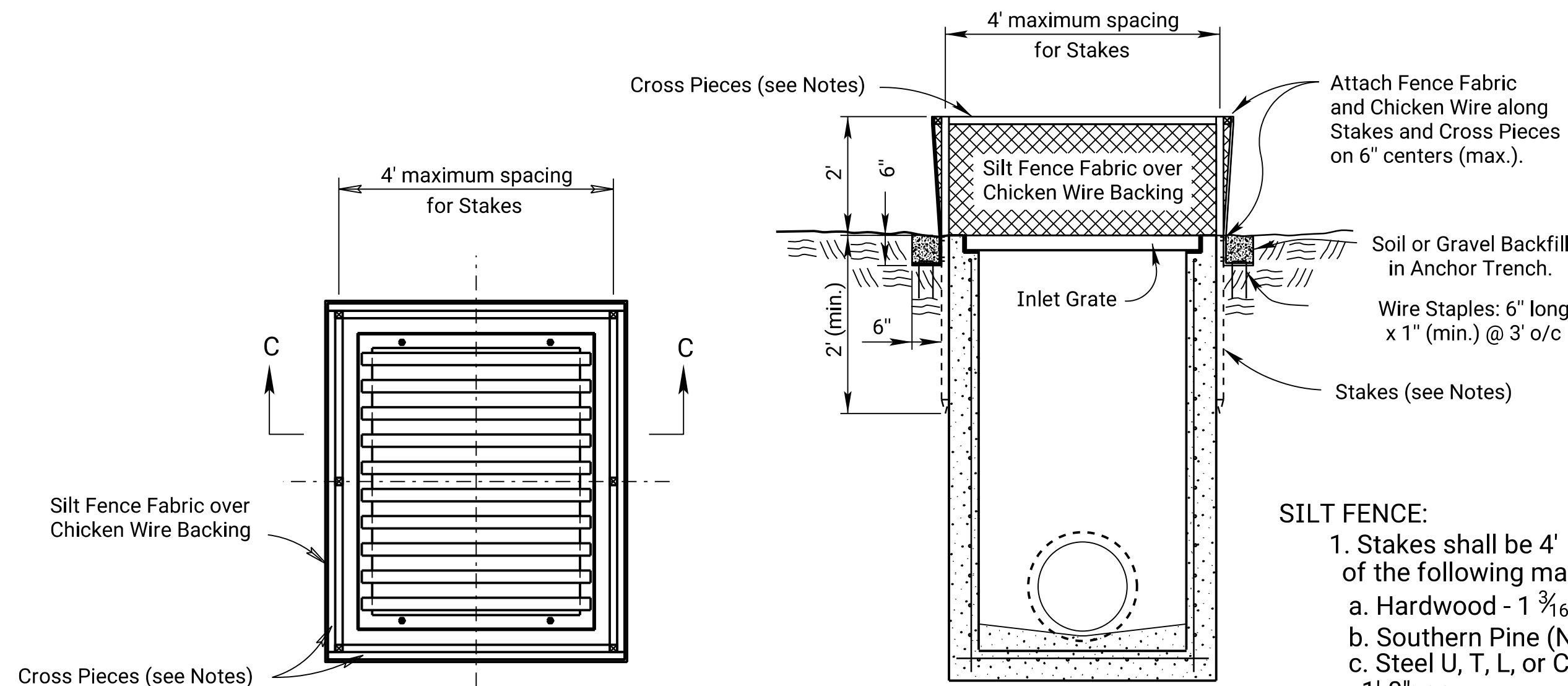
PLAN  
TEMPORARY I NLET SEDI MENT BARRI ER  
(TRI ANGULAR SI LT DI KE METHOD)  
NO SCALE



SECTION A - A



SECTION B - B

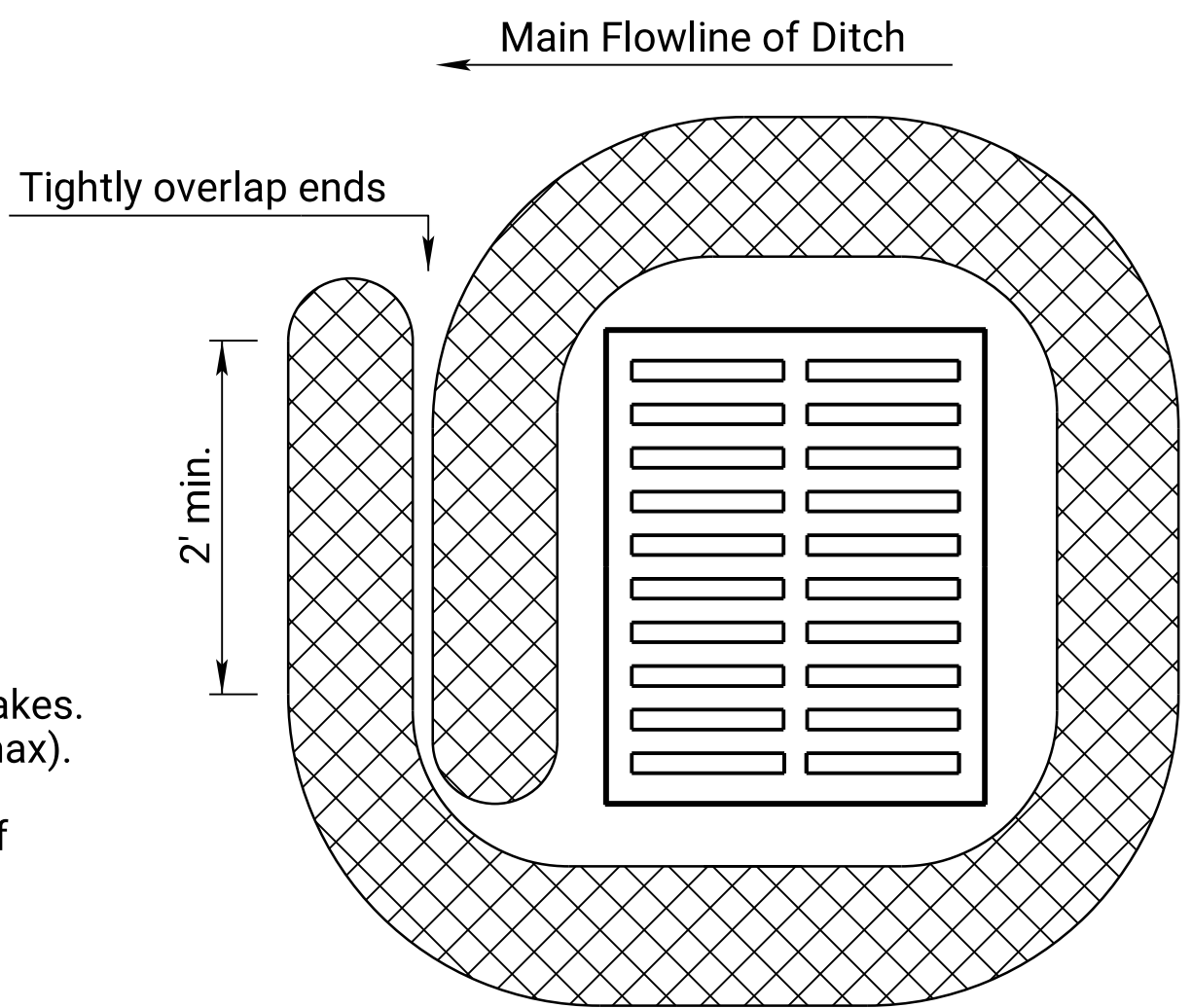


PLAN  
TEMPORARY I NLET SEDI MENT BARRI ER  
(SI LT FENCE METHOD )  
NO SCALE

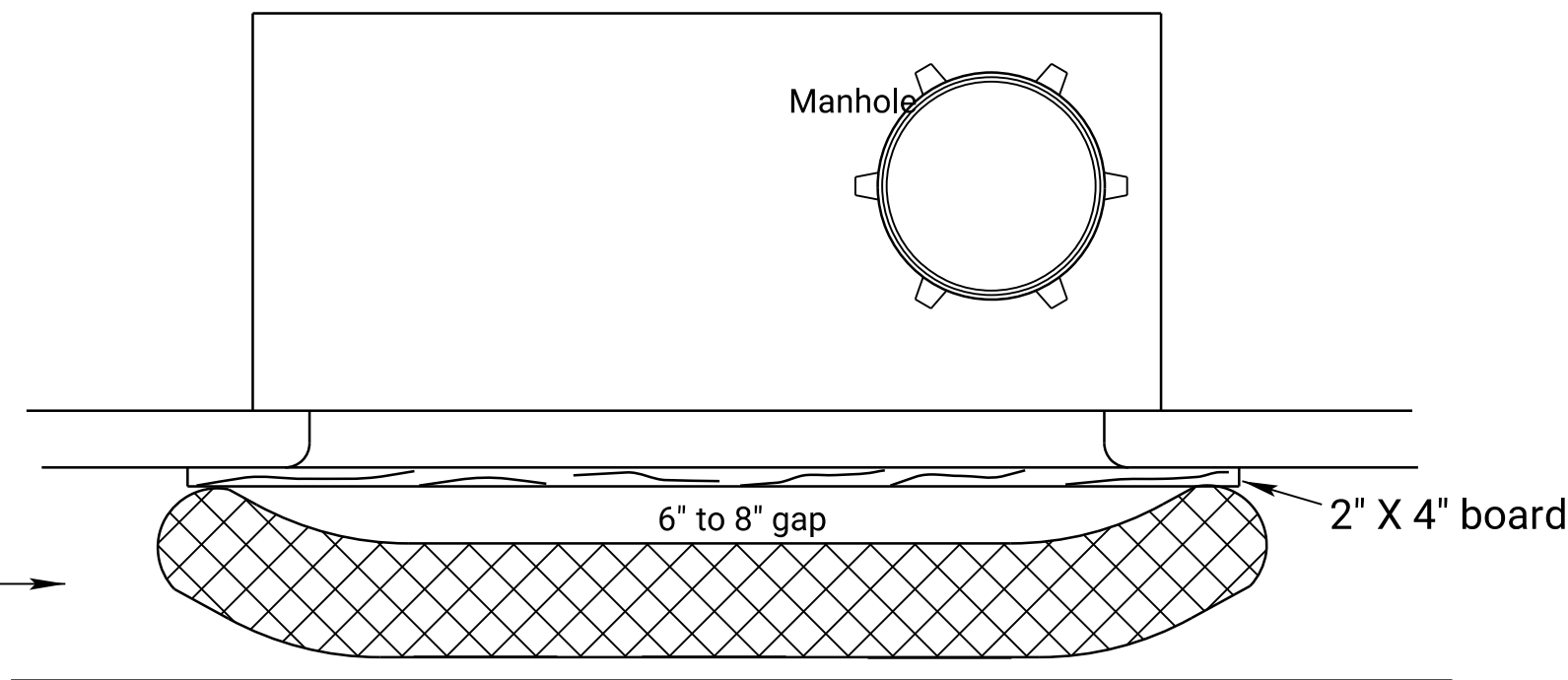
SECTION C - C

- SILT FENCE:
1. Stakes shall be 4' (min.) long and of one of the following materials:
    - a. Hardwood - 1 3/4" x 1 3/4";
    - b. Southern Pine (No. 2) - 2 5/8" x 2 5/8";
    - c. Steel U, T, L, or C Section - .95 lbs. per 1'-0"; or
    - d. Synthetic - same strength as wood stakes.
  2. Cross pieces shall be of same material as stakes.
  3. Attach fence fabric securely on 6" centers (max).
  4. Use of high flow material is acceptable.
  5. Refer to plan sheets to estimate the length of silt fence required.

Bags = synthetic net (3mm mesh) or burlap bags  
Rock = approximately 1" to 2" diameter



Drop inlet use  
1'-6" TO 1'-8" diameter log  
BIODEGRADABLE LOG/FILTER SOCK  
DROP INLET PROTECTION



CURB INLET PROTECTION

1. If multiple gravel bags are required, place them in such a way that no gaps are evident.
2. Height of bags (8" minimum diameter) must not be above top of curb.
3. Alternative products may be used other than gravel bags such as the "Gutter Buddy". Products must be approved by the Engineer.
4. Curb inlet protection will be measured and paid for as Filter Sock.

Note: 25% of log shall be keyed into ground during installation.  
Stake every 4'

Material Requirements	
Use 100% shredded mulch or other non-compost biodegradable material as fill for logs.	
No compost or fines.	
No hay or straw.	
Do not use material which prohibits water infiltration.	
Log Mesh: Use mesh with 1/4" openings or larger. Mesh must allow water infiltration but also hold fill material in place.	

03	09-26-19	Changed Direction of Main Flowline of Ditch Arrow	M.R.D.	S.H.S.
02	03-10-15	Revised Standard	R.A.	S.H.S.
01	06-01-13	Revised Standard	M.R.M.	S.H.S.
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APPD

KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
TEMPORARY EROSION AND POLLUTION CONTROL, TEMPORARY INLET SEDIMENT BARRIER (SILT FENCE) TEMP. INLET SEDIMENT BARRIER (T.S.D.) LA852C				
FHWA APPROVAL		03-10-15	APPD.	Scott H. Shields
DESIGNED	R.A.	DETAILED	R.A.	QUANTITIES
DESIGN CK.	S.H.S.	DETAIL CK.	S.H.S.	QUAN.CK.
		TRACED		TRACE CK.

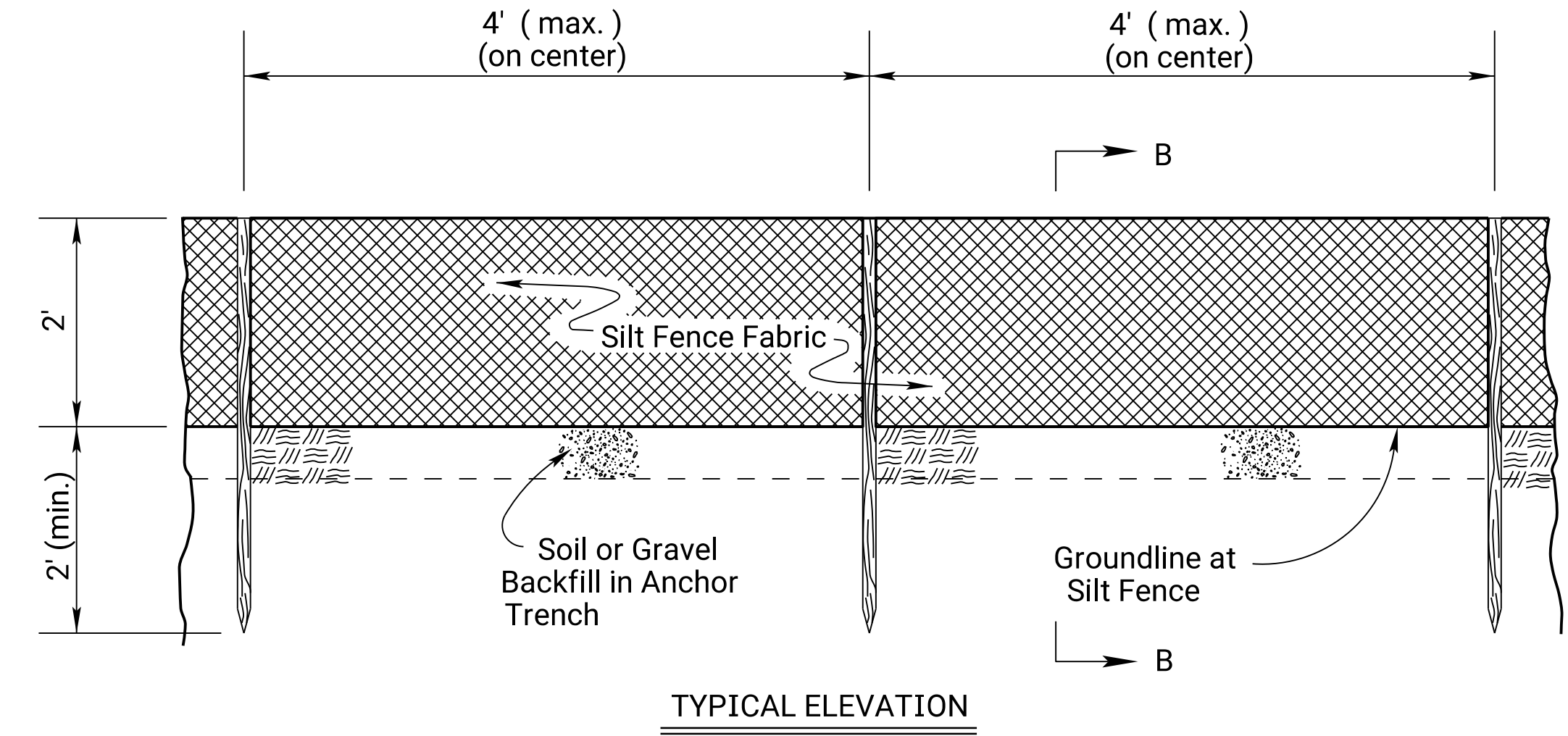
STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	34	56

INSTALLATION NOTES

- SILT FENCE:
- Stakes shall be 4' (min.) long and of one of the following materials:
    - Hardwood - 1 3/16" x 1 3/16";
    - Southern Pine (No. 2) - 2 5/8" x 2 5/8";
    - Steel U, T, L, or C Section - .95 lbs. per 1'-0"; or
    - Synthetic - same strength as wood stakes.
  - Attach fence fabric with 3 zip ties within the top 8" of the fence  
Alternate attachment methods may be approved by the Engineer on a performance basis.
  - Use of high flow material is acceptable.
  - Refer to plan sheets to estimate the length of silt fence required.

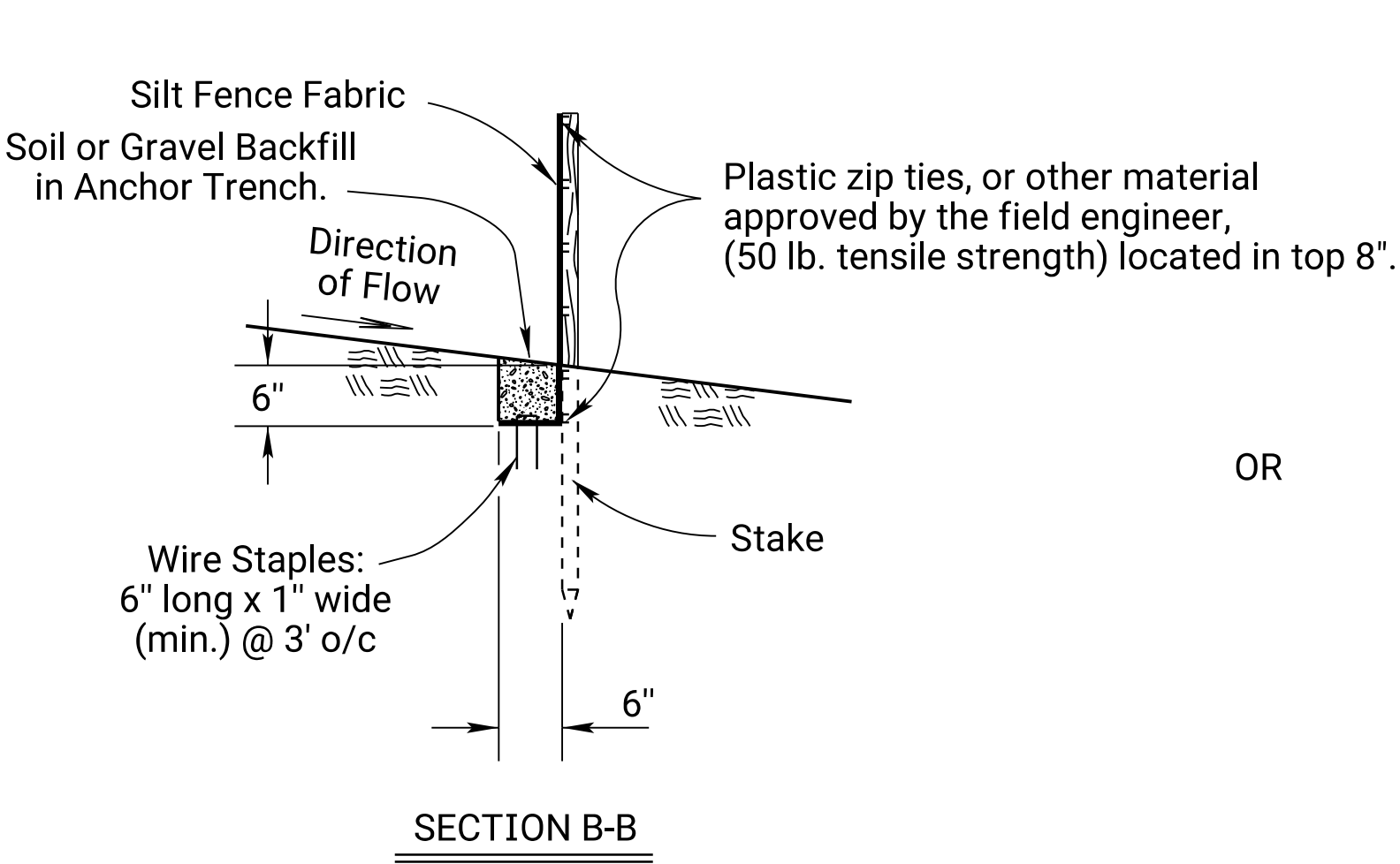
BIODEGRADABLE LOG OR FILTER SOCK

- Place biodegradable logs or filter sock tightly together minimum overlap of 18".
- Wood stakes shall be 2" x 2" (nom.).
- Refer to plan sheets to estimate length of biodegradable log and filter sock required.
- Each log or sock (except compost filter socks) should be keyed into the ground at a minimum of 25% of its height. Compost filter socks should be placed on smooth prepared ground with no gaps between the sock and soil.
- Length of stakes should be 2 times the height of the log at a minimum with minimum ground embedment equal to the height of the log / sock.

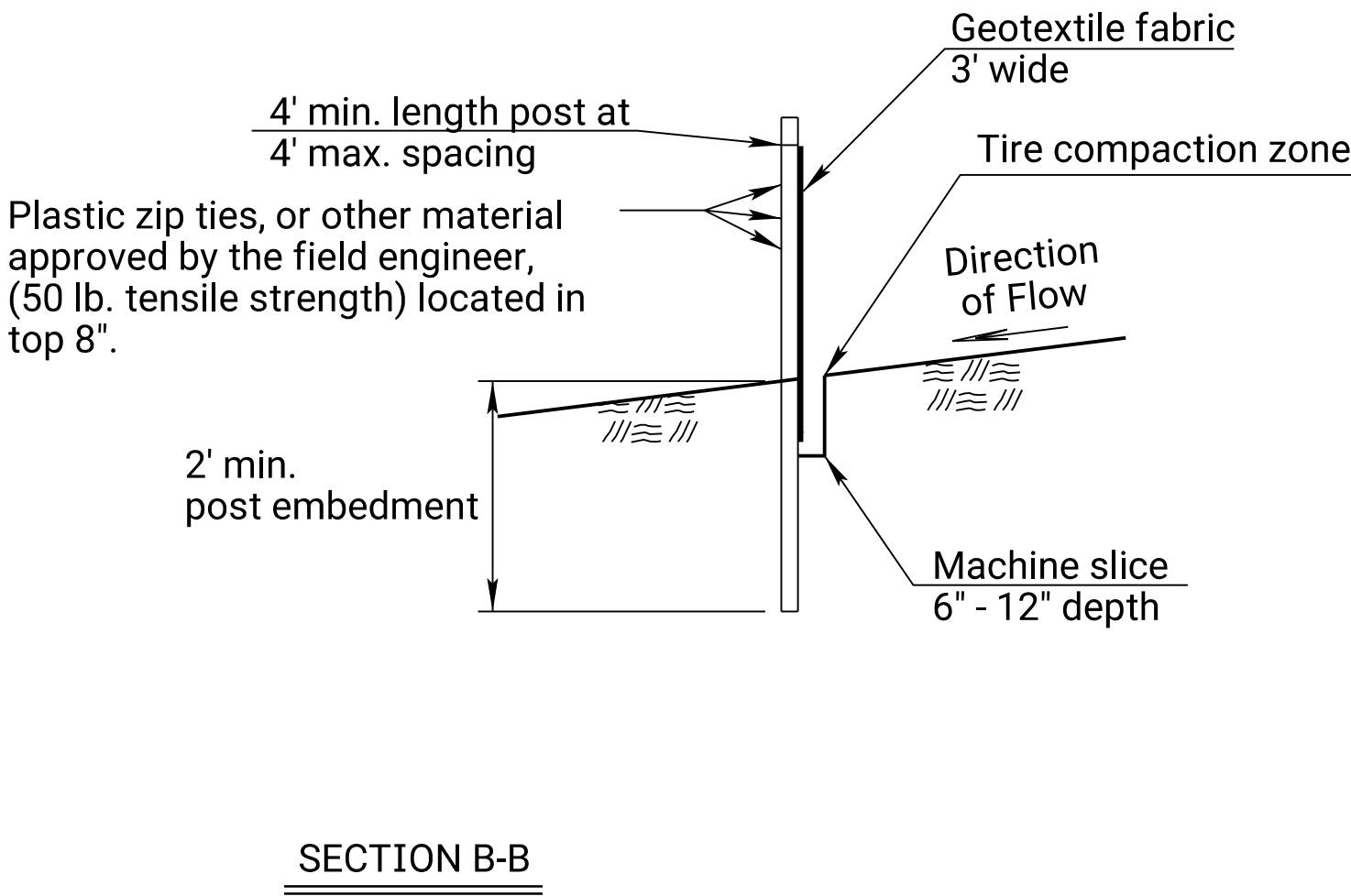


TYPICAL ELEVATION

SILT FENCE BARRIER  
NO SCALE



SECTION B-B



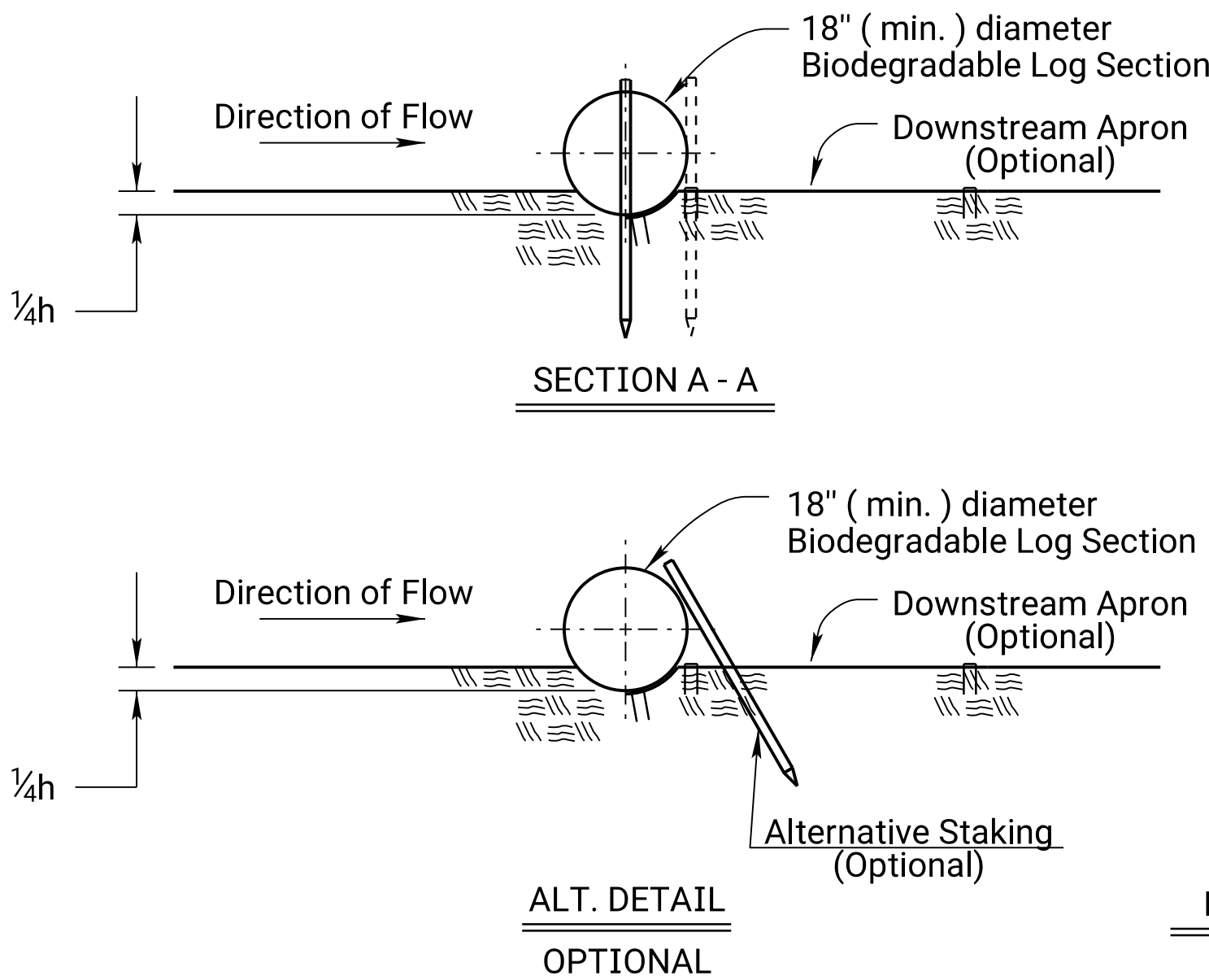
SECTION B-B

Biodegradable Log or Filter Sock Slope Interruptions

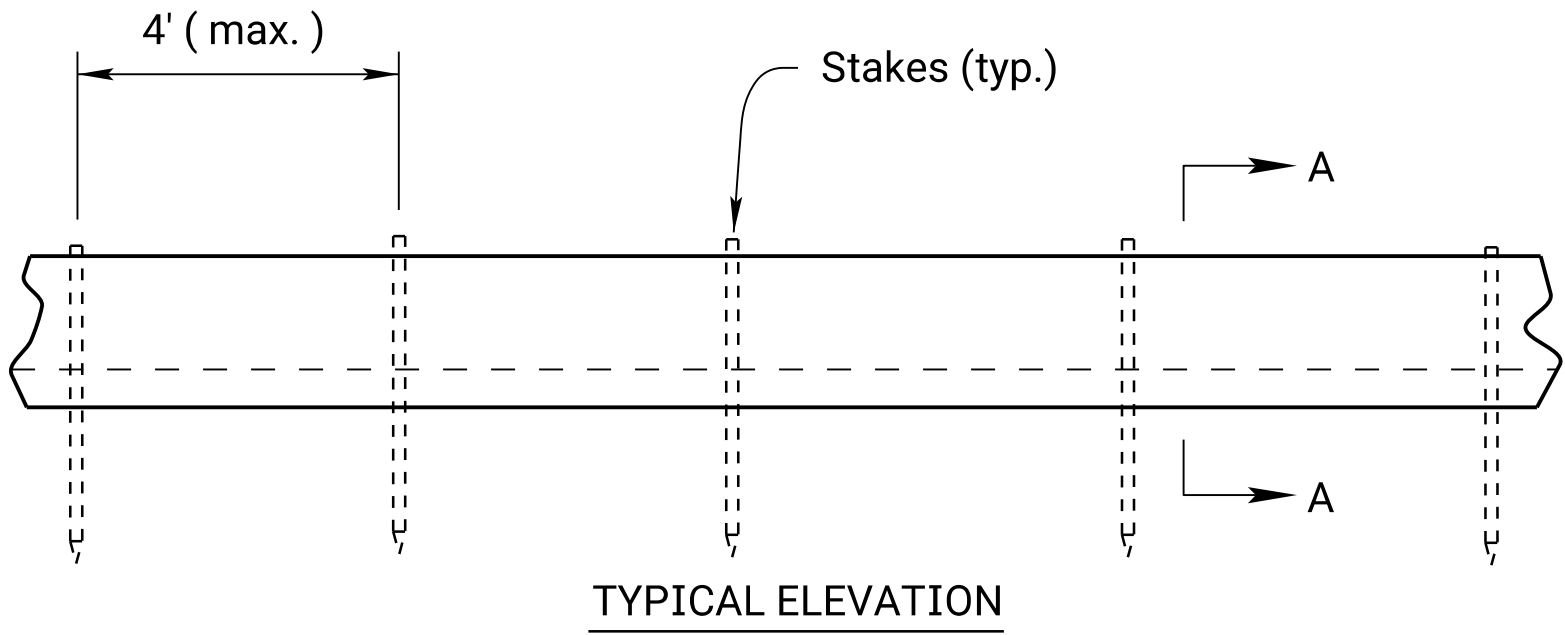
		PRODUCT		
		9" Sediment Log or 8" Filter Sock (ft)	12" Sediment Log or 12" Filter Sock (ft)	20" Sediment Log or 18" Filter Sock (ft)
Slope Gradient	≤4H:1V	40	60	80
	3H:1V	30	45	60

Deviations should be approved by the Field Engineer.

BIODEGRADABLE LOG MATERIAL		
	LOW FLOW	HIGH FLOW
9"	Straw/Compost	Excelsior / Wood Chips / Coconut Fiber
12"	Straw/Compost	Excelsior / Wood Chips / Coconut Fiber
18"-20"	Straw/Compost	Excelsior / Wood Chips / Coconut Fiber



ALT. DETAIL  
OPTIONAL



TYPICAL ELEVATION

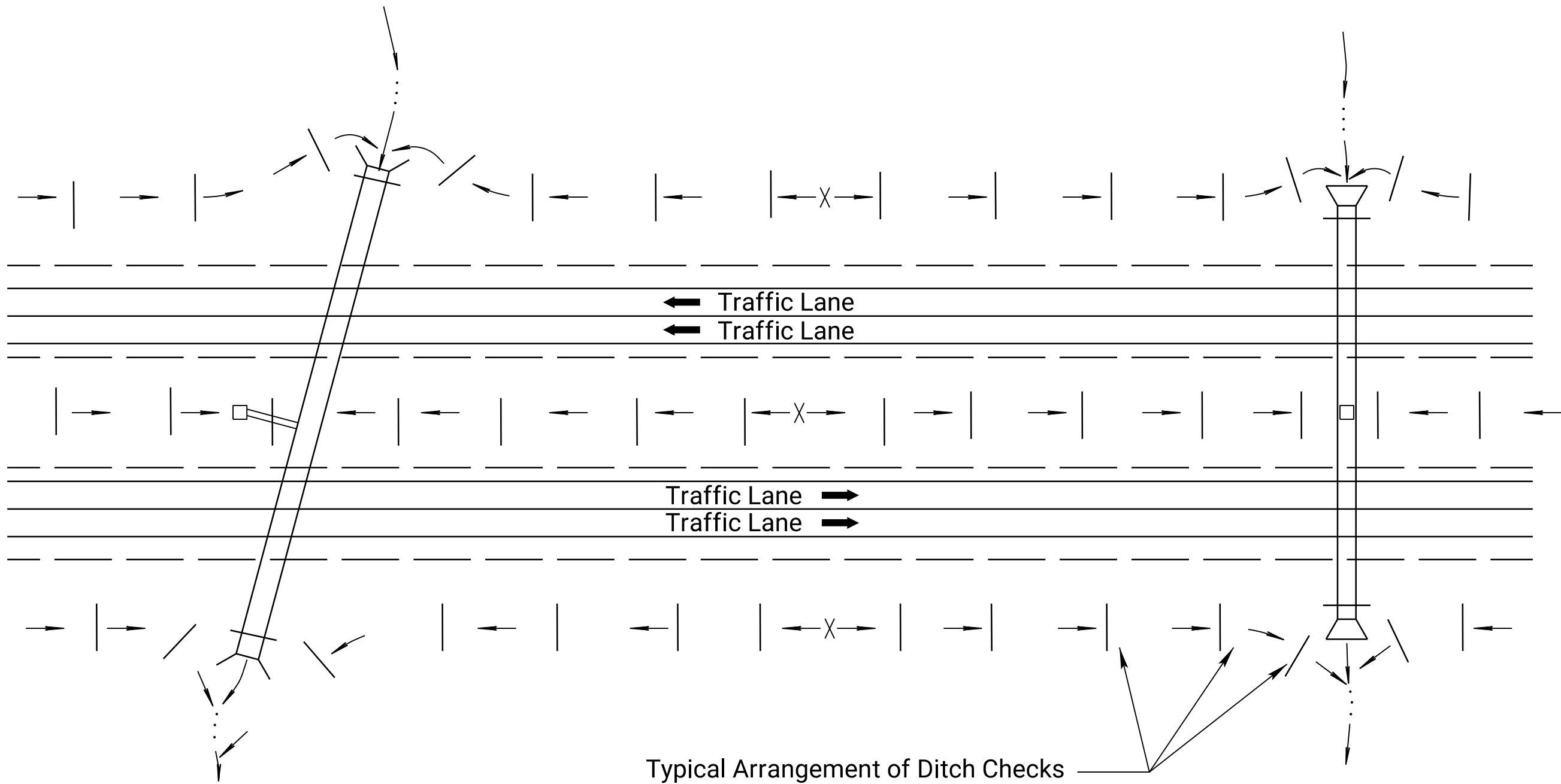
BIODEGRADABLE LOG SLOPE INTERRUPTIONS  
OR Filter Sock

GENERAL NOTES

- Slope interruptions shall be placed along contour lines, with a short section turned upgrade at each end of the barrier.
- The maximum length of the slope interruptions shall not exceed 250 feet, and the barrier ends need to be staggered.
- Interruptions damaged by Contractor's negligence, including improper maintenance or lack of maintenance, shall be repaired immediately by Contractor at no additional cost to KDOT.
- Agricultural products, such as native prairie hay, used for mulching and erosion control practices, excluding wood based mulch, shall meet the North American Weed Free Forage Standards.

03	06-28-16	Revised Standard	R.A.	S.H.S.
02	03-01-15	Revised Standard	R.A.	S.H.S.
01	06-01-13	Revised Standard	M.R.M.	S.H.S.
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APPD
KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
TEMPORARY EROSION AND POLLUTION CONTROL SLOPE INTERRUPTIONS BIODEGRADABLE LOG / SILT FENCE LA852D				
DESIGNED	S.H.S.	09-14-16	APPD.	Scott H. Shields
DETAIL CK.	S.H.S.	DETAIL CK.	QUANTITIES	TRACED
DESIGN CK.	S.H.S.	DESIGN CK.	QUAN.CK.	TRACE CK.





TYPICAL DITCH CHECK LAYOUT PLAN  
NO SCALE

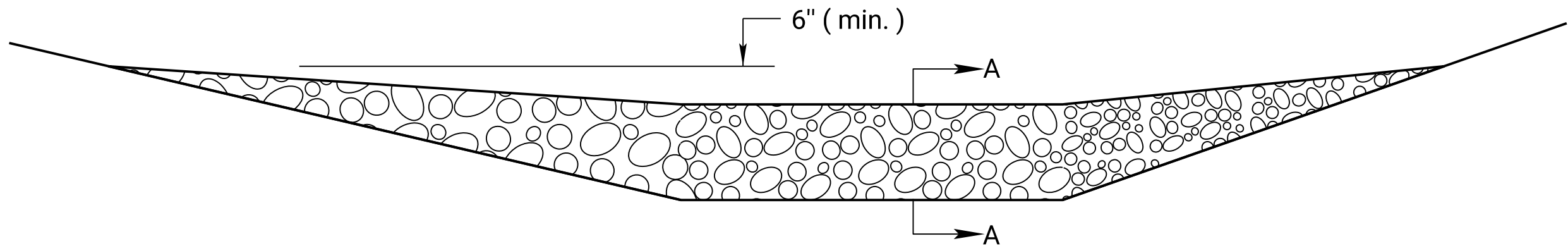
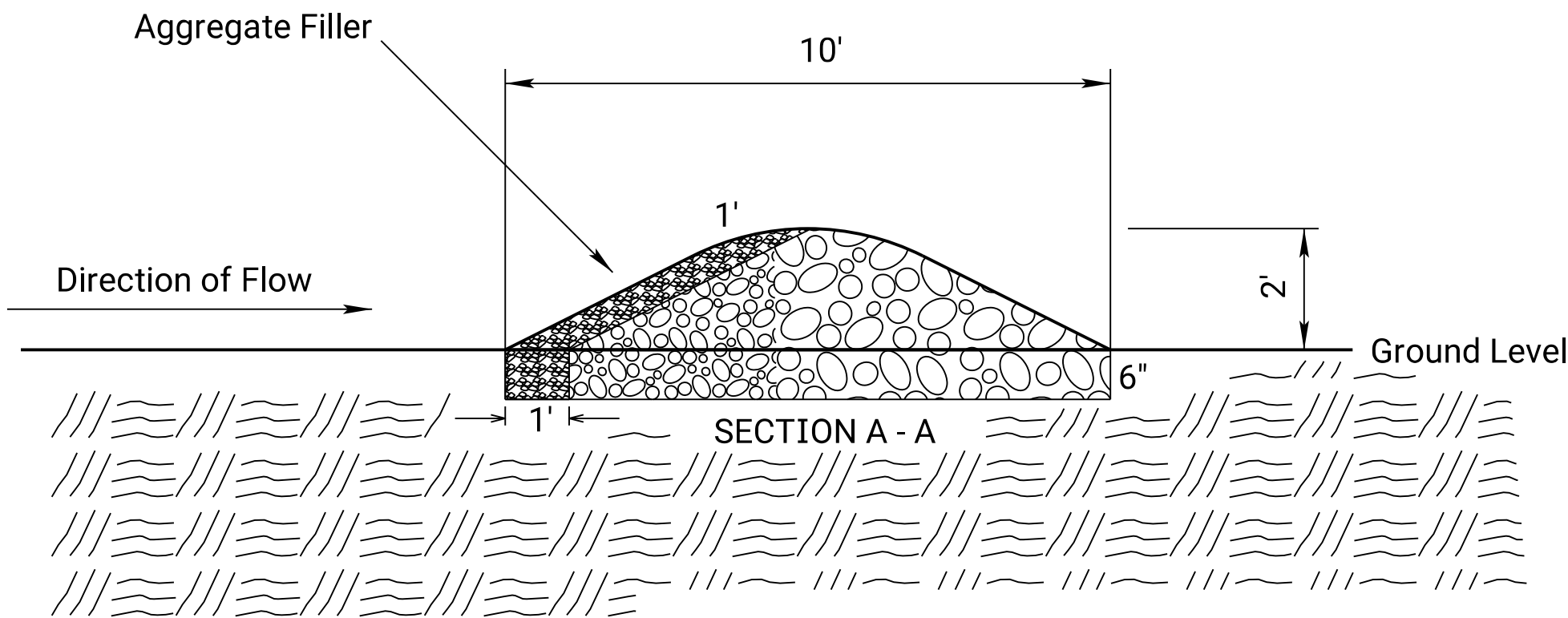
20" BIOLOG CHECK SPACING	
DITCH @ SLOPE (%)	SPACING INTERVAL (FEET)
1.0	125
2.0	60
3.0	40
4.0	30
5.0	25
NOTE: Use this spacing for all except Rock Ditch Checks.	

18" FILTER SOCK CHECK SPACING	
DITCH @ SLOPE (%)	SPACING INTERVAL (FEET)
1.0	110
2.0	55
3.0	35
4.0	25
5.0	20
NOTE: Use this spacing for all except Rock Ditch Checks.	

GENERAL NOTES

- 1) The choice of ditch check methods is at the option of the Contractor.
- 2) Use only rock checks in situations where the ditch slope is 6 percent or greater.
- 2) Ditch checks damaged by Contractor's negligence, including improper maintenance or lack of maintenance, shall be repaired by Contractor at no extra cost to KDOT.

03	08-10-16	Revised Standard			R.A.A.	S.H.S.
02	06-28-16	Revised Standard			R.A.A.	S.H.S.
01	06-01-13	Revised Standard			M.R.M.	S.H.S.
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS			BY	APP'D
KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION						
TEMPORARY EROSION AND POLLUTION CONTROL DITCH CHECKS						
LA852E						
FHWA APPROVAL		09-14-16	APP'D.		Scott H. Shields	
DESIGNED	S.H.S.	DETAILED	R.A.A.	QUANTITIES	TRACED	R.A.A.
DESIGN CK.	S.H.S.	DETAIL CK.	S.H.S.	QUAN.CK.	TRACE CK.	S.H.S.



TYPICAL ELEVATION

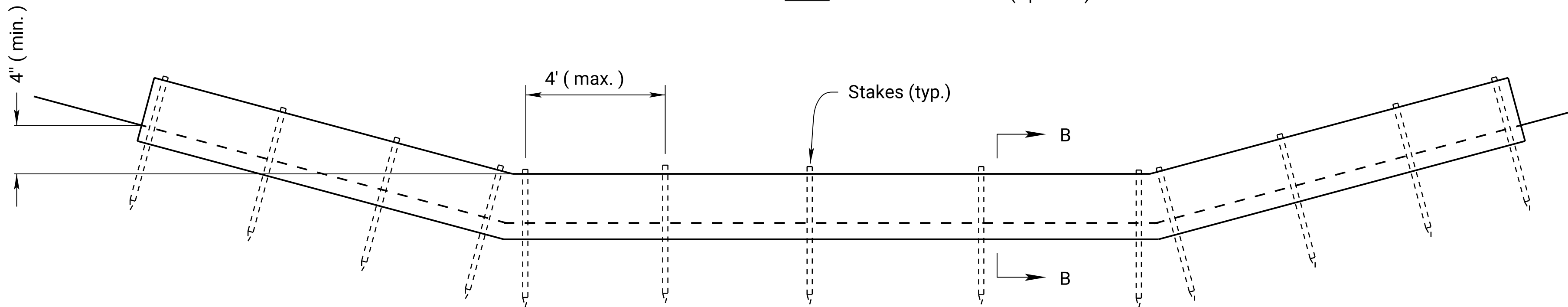
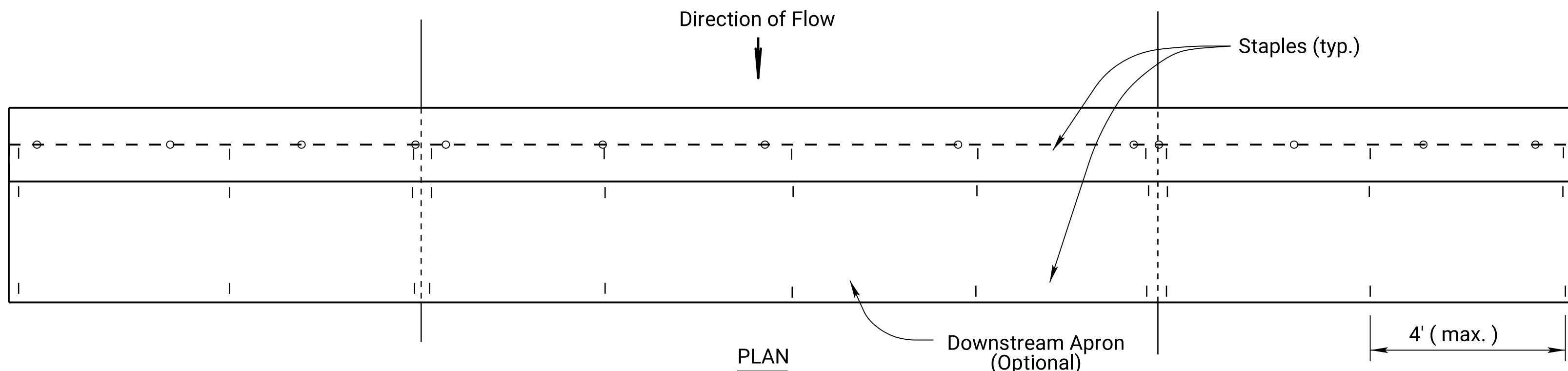
ROCK DITCH CHECK

NO SCALE

TEMPORARY ROCK DITCH CHECK SPACING	
DITCH & SLOPE (%)	SPACING INTERVAL (FEET)
5.0	60
6.0	50
7.0	43
8.0	36
9.0	33
10.0	29
NOTE: Use this spacing for Rock Ditch Checks only.	

ROCK DITCH CHECK NOTES

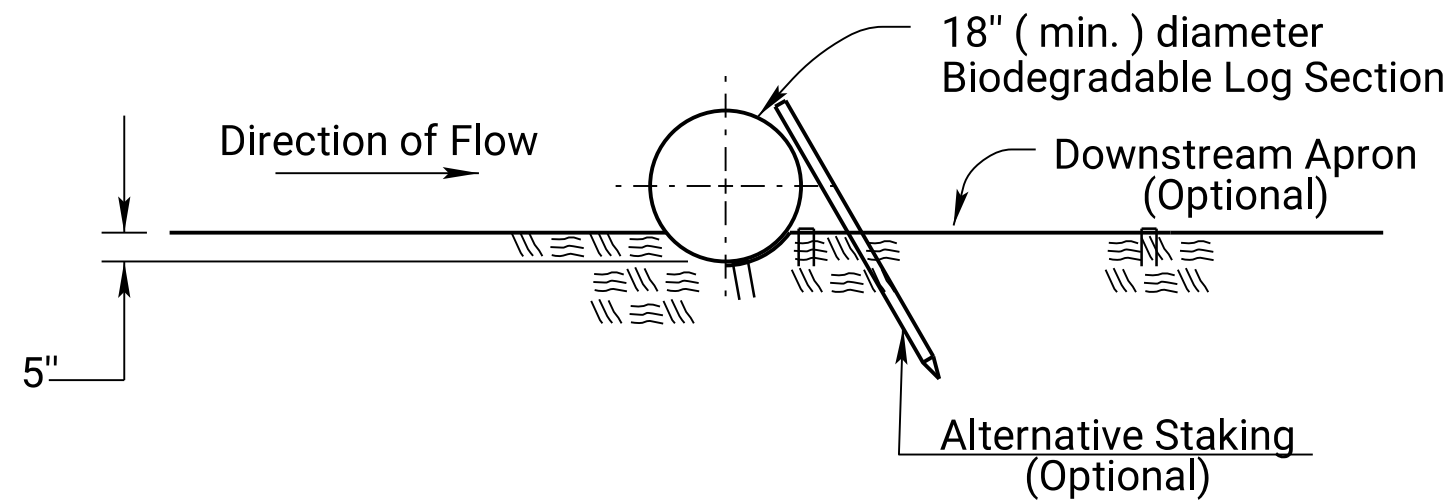
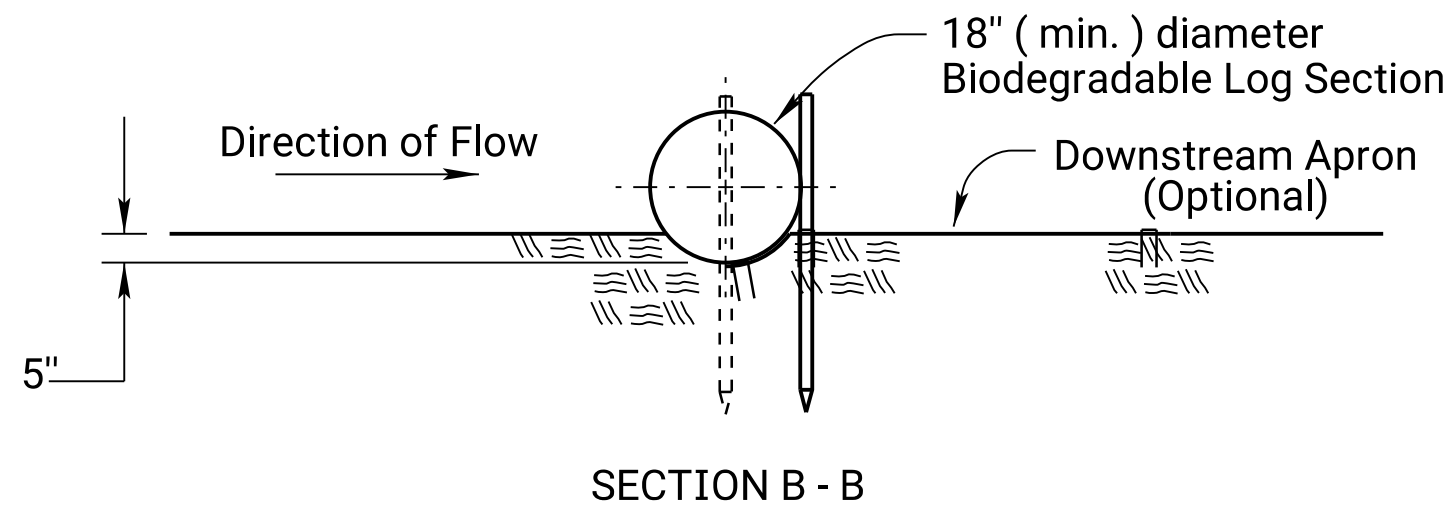
1. Rock shall be clean aggregate, D50-6" and aggregate filler.
2. Place rock in such manner that water will flow over, not around ditch check.
3. Do not use rock ditch checks in clear zone.
4. Excavation: The ditch area shall be reshaped to fill any eroded areas. Prior to placement of the rock, the ditch shall be excavated to the dimensions of the Rock Ditch Check and to a minimum depth of 6" (150mm). After placement of the rock, backfill and compact any over-excavated soil to ditch grade. This work shall be subsidiary to the bid item Temporary Ditch Check (Rock).
5. Aggregate excavated on site may be used as an alternate to the 6" rock, if approved by the Engineer.
6. The Engineer may approve the use of larger aggregates for the downstream portion of the check when conditions warrant their use.
7. When the use of larger rock is approved, D50-6" rock will be placed between the larger aggregate and the aggregate filler.
8. Aggregate filler will be placed on the upstream face of the ditch check. Aggregate filler will comply with Filter Course Type I, Division 1114.



TYPICAL ELEVATION

BIODEGRADABLE LOG DITCH CHECK

OR Filter Sock Ditch Check  
NO SCALE



SECTION B - B

ALT. DETAIL  
OPTIONAL

BIODEGRADABLE LOG DITCH CHECK NOTES

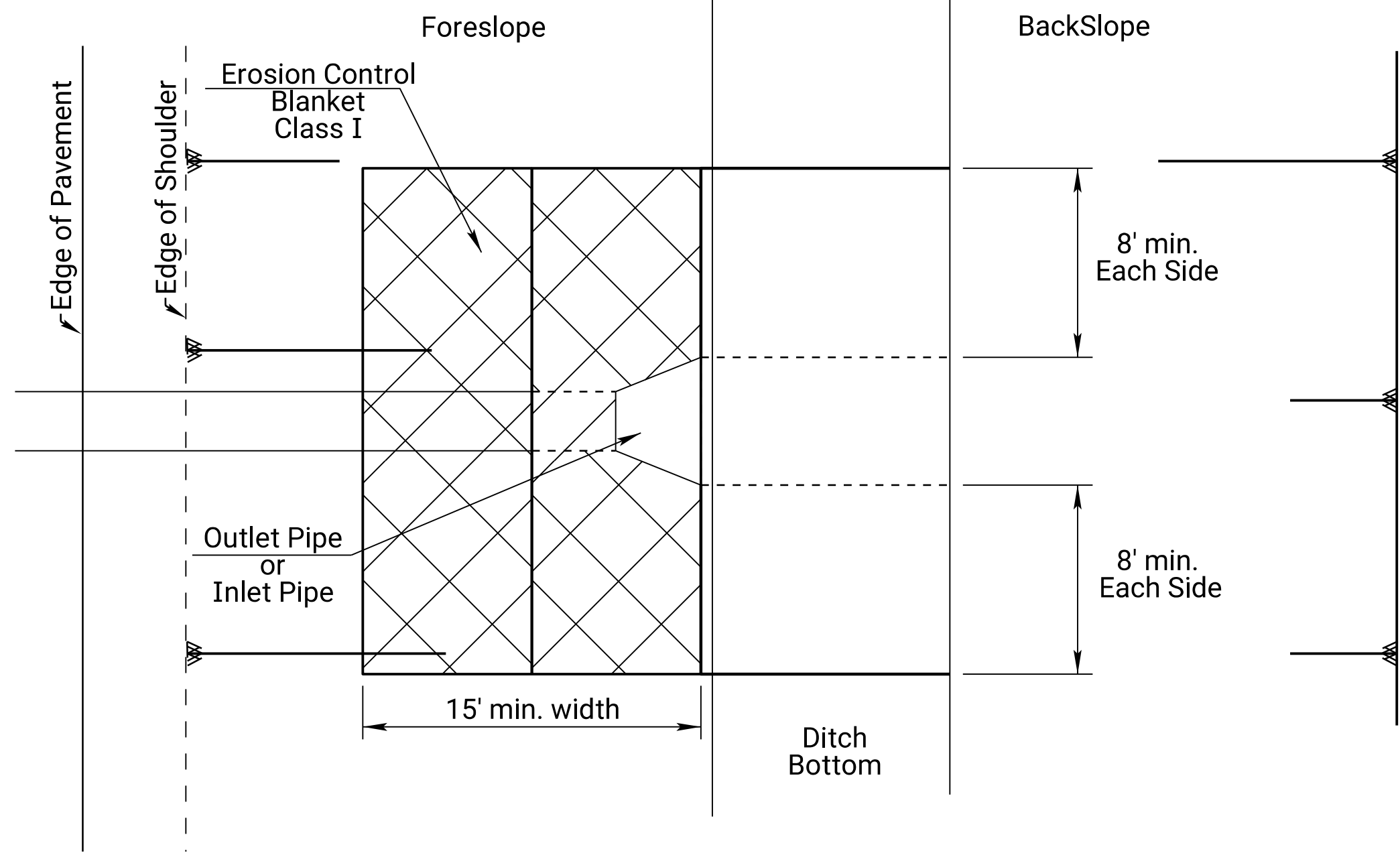
1. Use as many biodegradable log sections as necessary to ensure water does not flow around end of ditch check.
2. Overlap sections a minimum of 18".
3. Stakes shall be wood or steel according to Section 2114 of the Standard Specifications. Length of stakes shall be a minimum of 2 x the diameter of the log.
4. Use Erosion Control (Class 1) (Type C) as the downstream apron when required.
5. A downstream apron is required when directed by the Engineer. Apron material will be paid at the contract unit price.
6. Each log or sock (except compost filter socks) should be keyed into the ground at a minimum of 25% of its height. Compost filter socks should be placed on smooth prepared ground with no gaps between the sock and soil.

03	11-19-20	Revised Standard	M.R.D.	M.L.
02	08-10-16	Revised Standard	R.A.A.	S.H.S.
01	10-21-15	Revised Standard	R.A.A.	S.H.S.
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APPD
KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
TEMPORARY EROSION AND POLLUTION CONTROL				
ROCK DITCH CHECKS				
BIODEGRADABLE LOG DITCH CHECKS				
LA852G				
FHWA APPROVAL		11-19-20	APPD.	Mervin Lare
DESIGNED	M.L.	DETAILED	D.K.	QUANTITIES
DESIGN CK.	M.L.	DETAIL CK.	M.L.	QUAN. CK.
		TRACED	R.A.A.	
		TRACE CK.	R.A.A.	

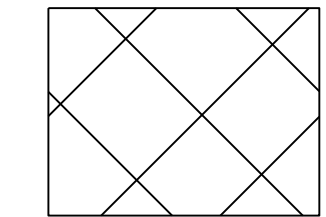




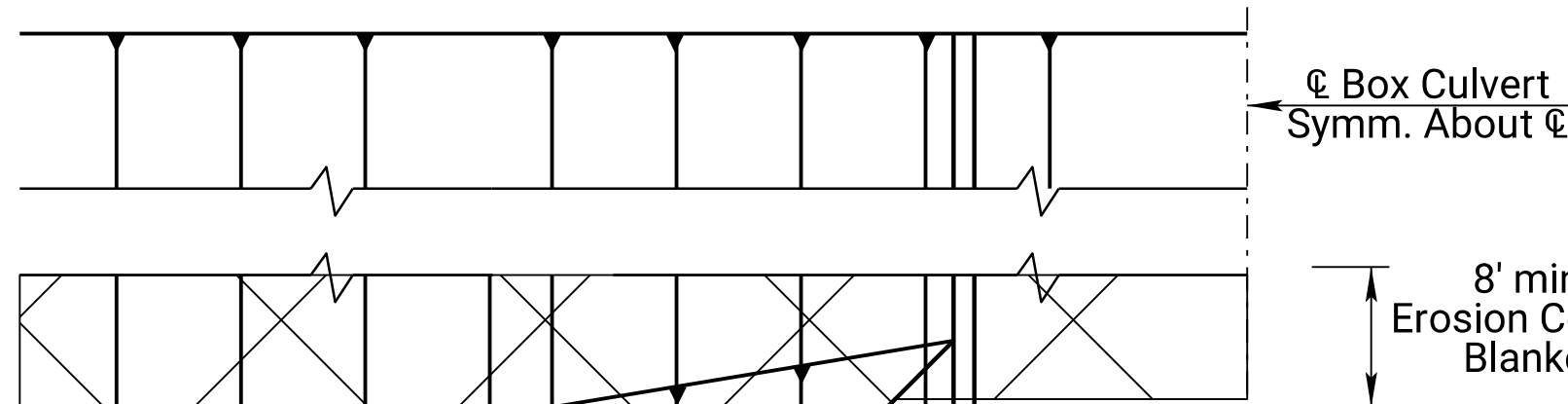
STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	38	56



PARTIAL PLAN PIPE



Limits of Erosion Control Blanket



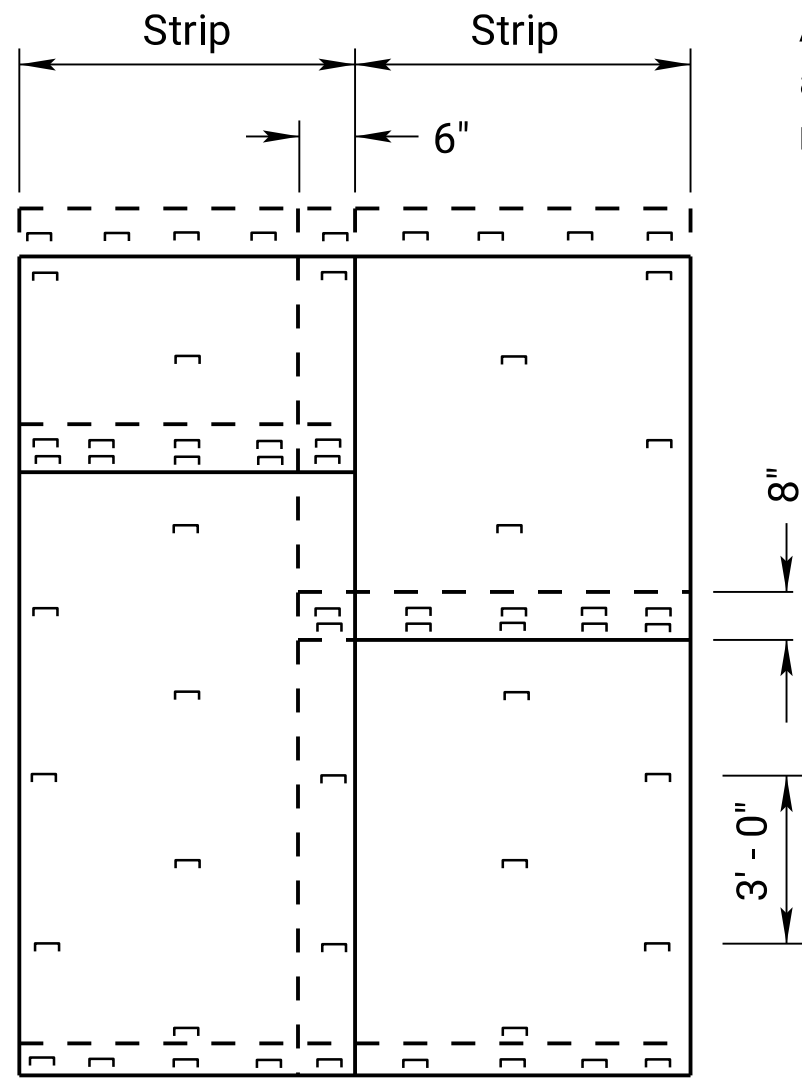
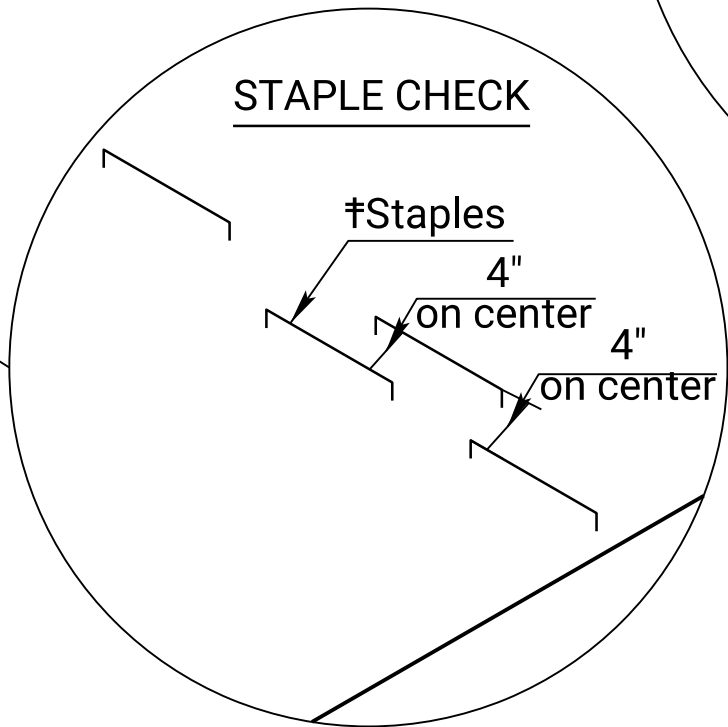
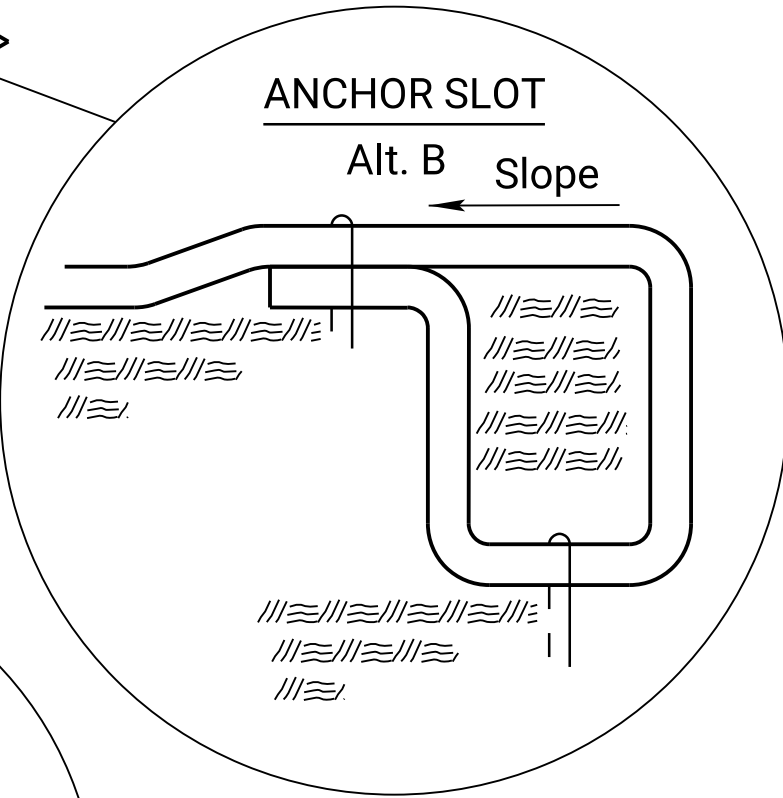
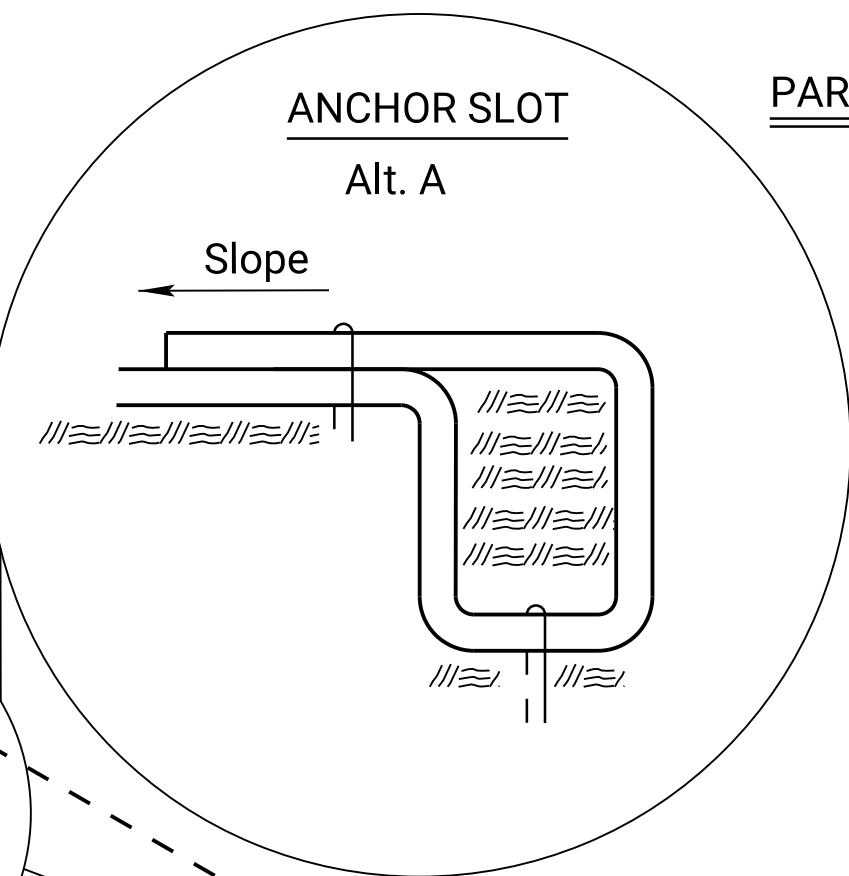
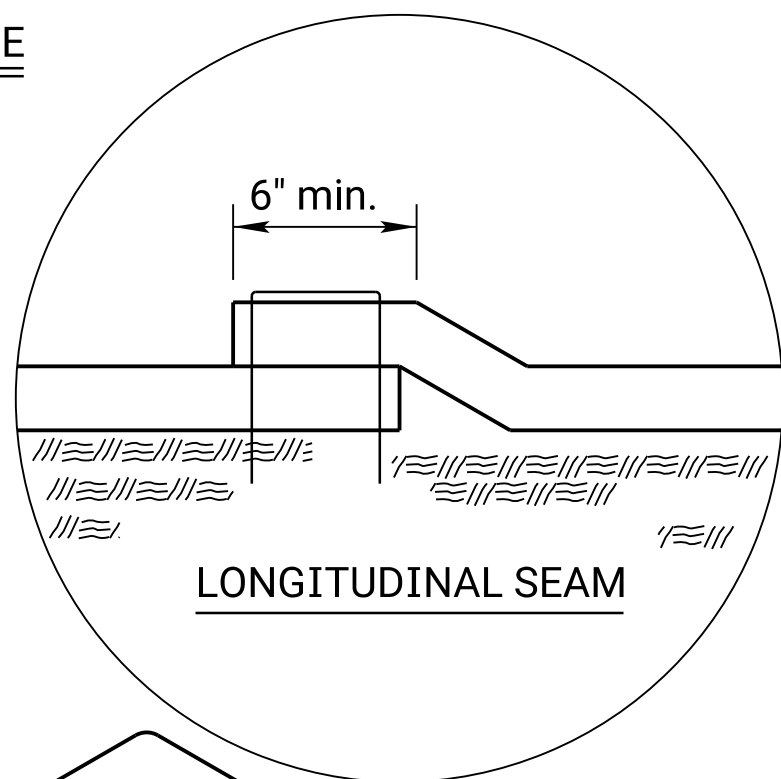
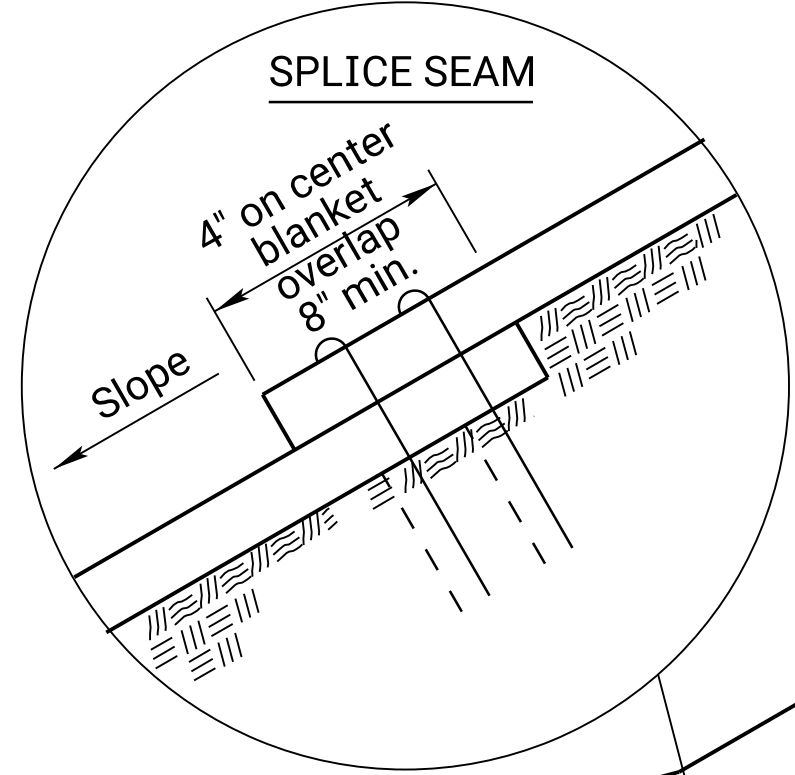
PARTIAL PLAN BOX CULVERT

INSTALLATION DETAILS FOR EROSION CONTROL CLASS 1

Erosion Control Blankets shall be laid loosely in the direction of the slope, beginning at the bottom of the slope. In order for blanket to be in contact with the soil, lay blanket loosely, avoiding stretching.

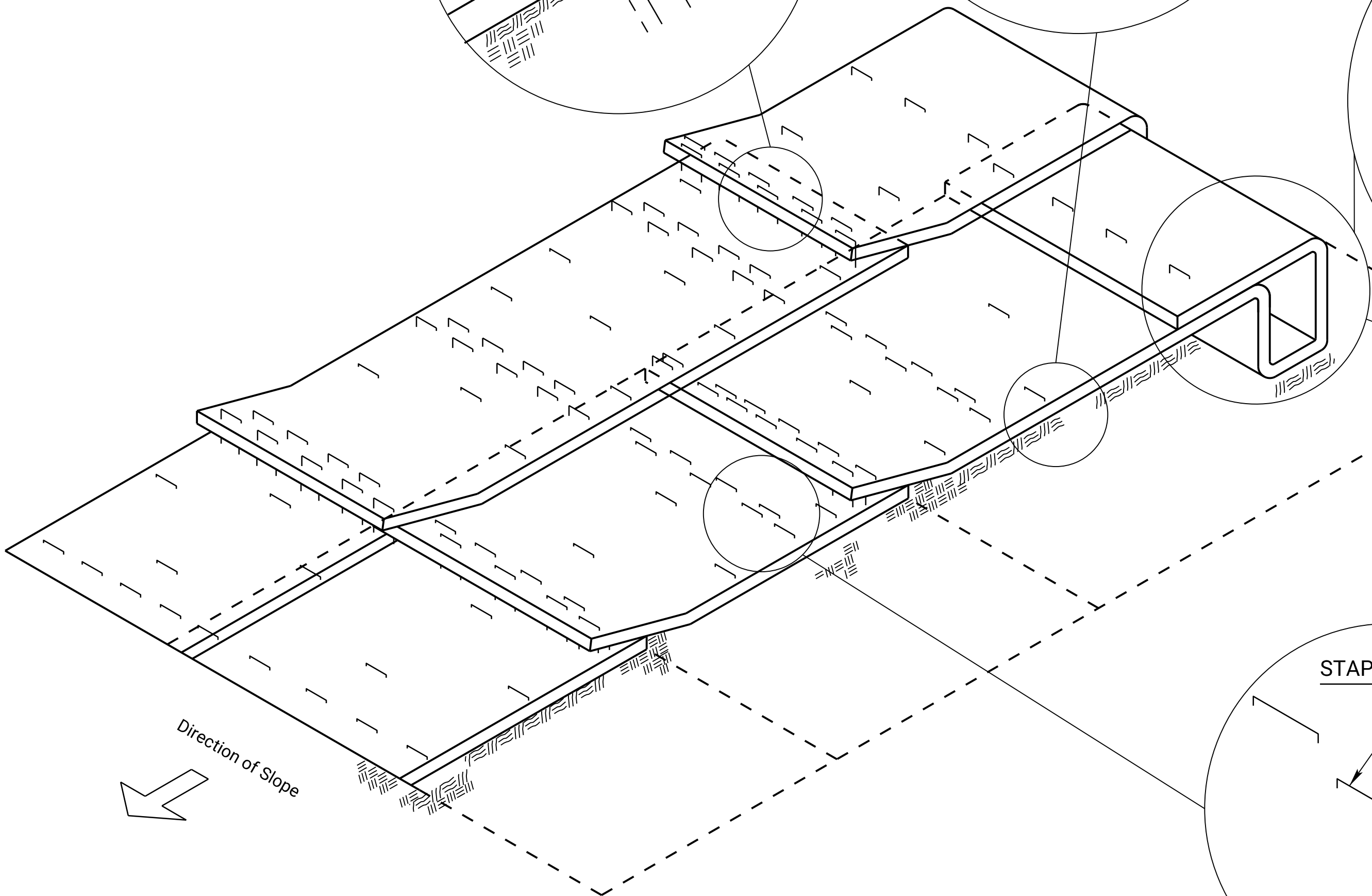
- ANCHOR SLOTS:** The top of the blanket should be "slotted in" at the top of the slope and anchored in place with anchors 6 inches apart. The slots should be 6 inches wide x 6 inches deep with the blanket anchored in the bottom of the slot, then backfilled, tamped and seeded.
- LONGITUDINAL SEAMS:** The edges of the blanket should overlap each other a minimum of 6 inches, with anchors catching the edges of both blankets.
- SPLICE SEAM:** When splices are necessary, overlap end a minimum of 8 inches in direction of water flow. Stagger splice seams.
- TERMINAL FOLD:** The bottom edge of the blanket shall be turned under a minimum of 4 inches, then anchored in place with anchors 9 inches apart.
- TYPICAL ANCHORS:** Anchor design shall be as recommended by the manufacturer.
- STAPLE CHECK:** Establish Staples in 2 rows 4" on center apart. Staple Checks - shall be 30' apart.

● Erosion Control Class I may be omitted if the area is immediately covered by permanent slope protection (where directed by the plans).



PLAN VIEW - ANCHORING DIAGRAM

**NOTE:**  
Agricultural products, such as native prairie hay, used for mulching and erosion control practices, excluding wood based mulch, shall meet the North American Weed Free Forage Standards.  
Single post ring and shank staple is acceptable.



ISOMETRIC VIEW

NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APPD
04	03-01-15	Revised Standard	R.A.A.	S.H.S.
03	02-23-15	Revised Standard	R.A.A.	S.H.S.
02	09-15-14	Revised Standard	M.R.M.	S.H.S.

KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION					
INSTALLATION DETAIL EROSION CONTROL CLASS 1 SLOPE PROTECTION					
LA855					
FHWA APPROVAL		03-10-15	APPD.	Scott H. Shields	
DESIGNED	R.A.A.	DETAILED	R.A.A.	QUANTITIES	TRACED R.A.A.
DESIGN CK.		DETAIL CK.		QUAN.CK.	TRACE CK. R.A.A.

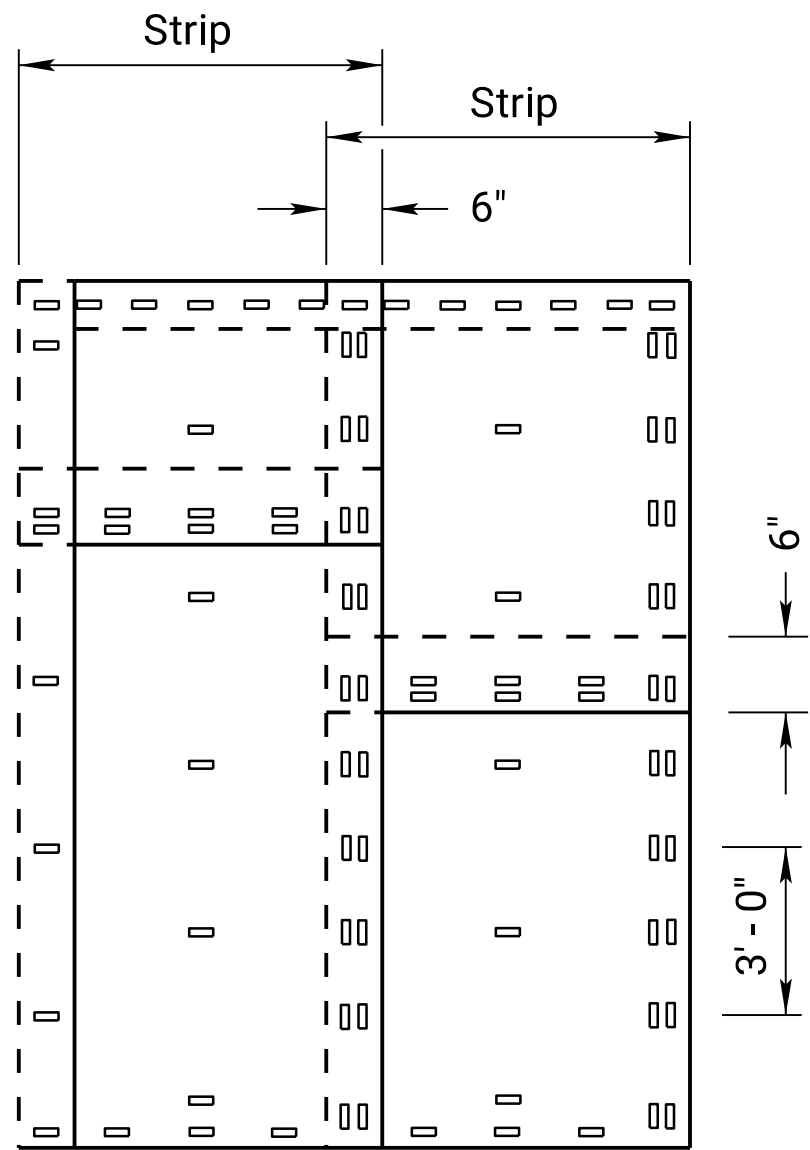


STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	39	56

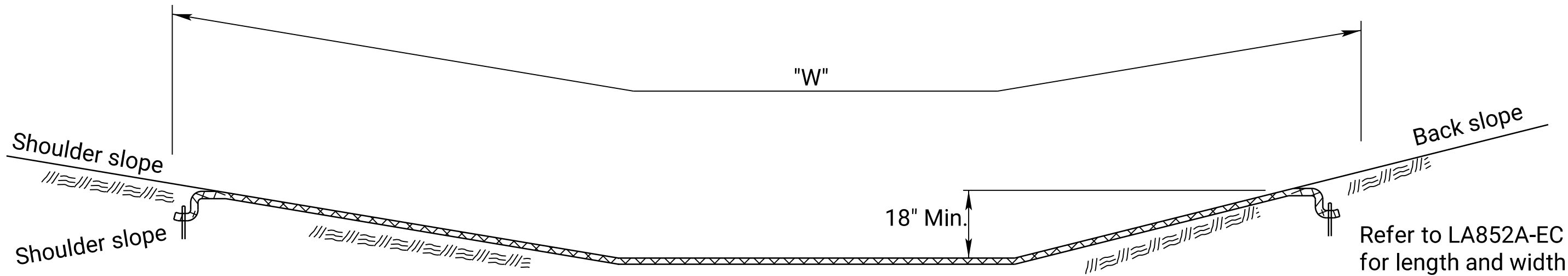
INSTALLATION DETAILS FOR EROSION CONTROL CLASS 2

Erosion Control Mats shall be laid loosely in the direction of the flow, with the first course at the centerline of channel, where applicable. In order for the mat to be in contact with the soil, lay the mat loosely, avoiding stretching.

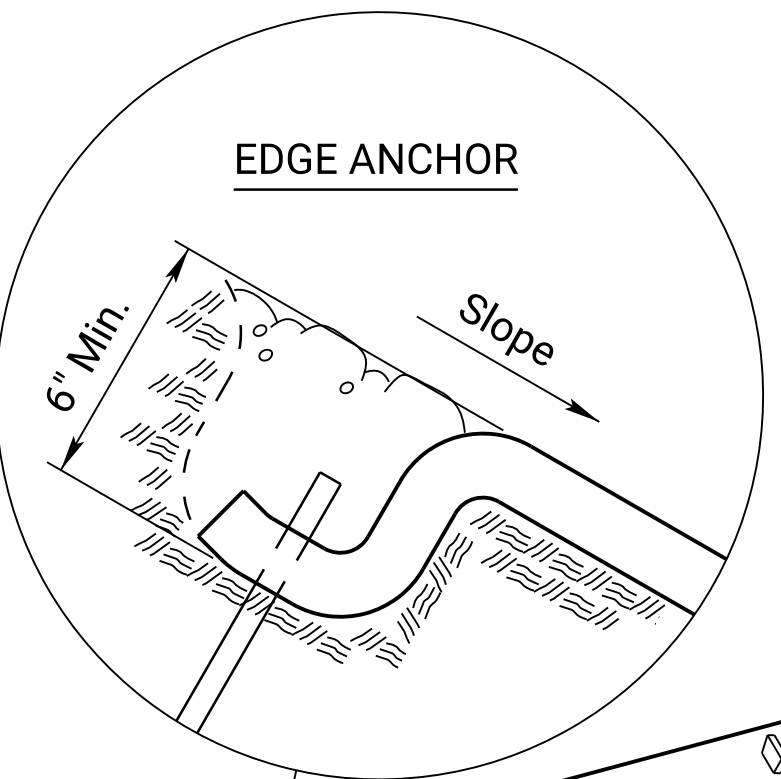
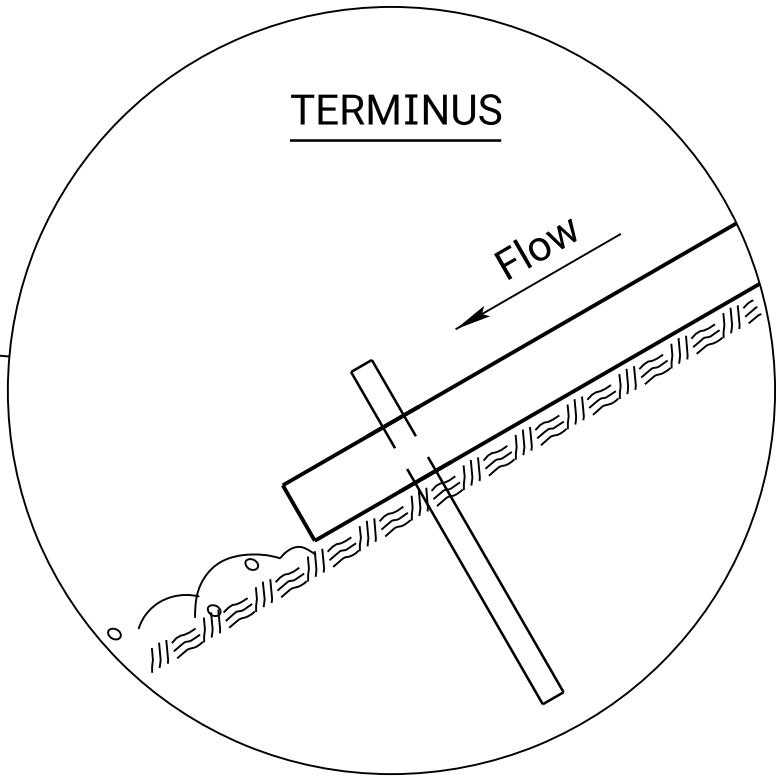
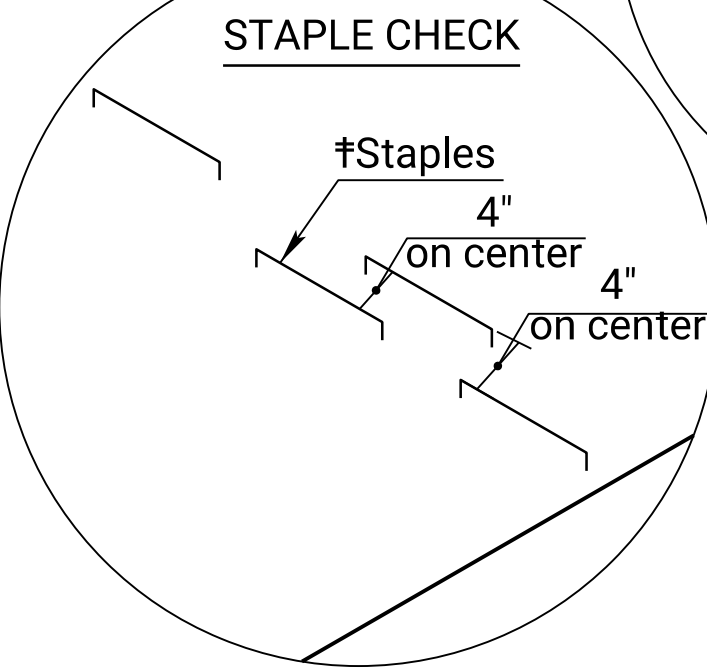
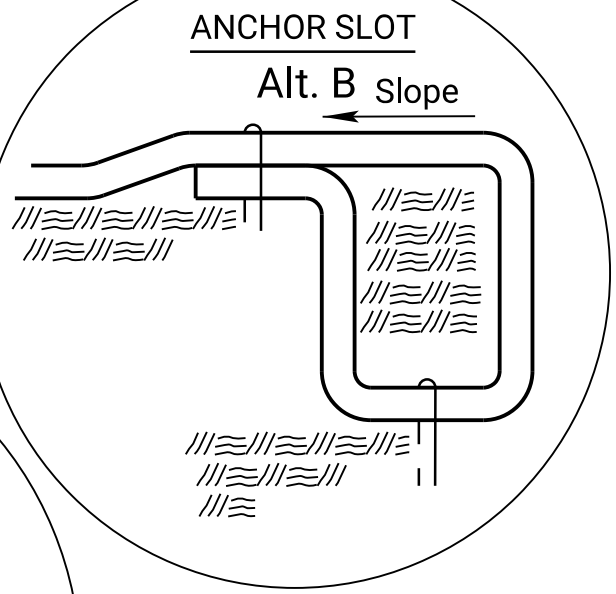
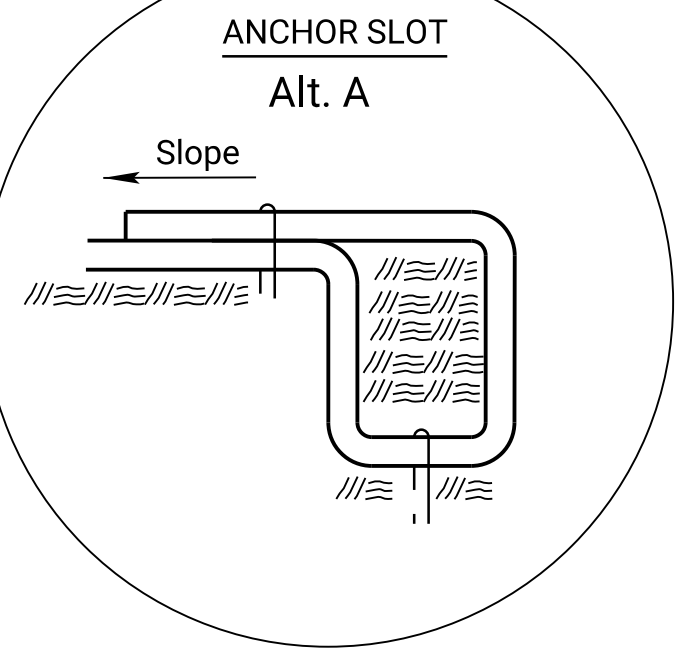
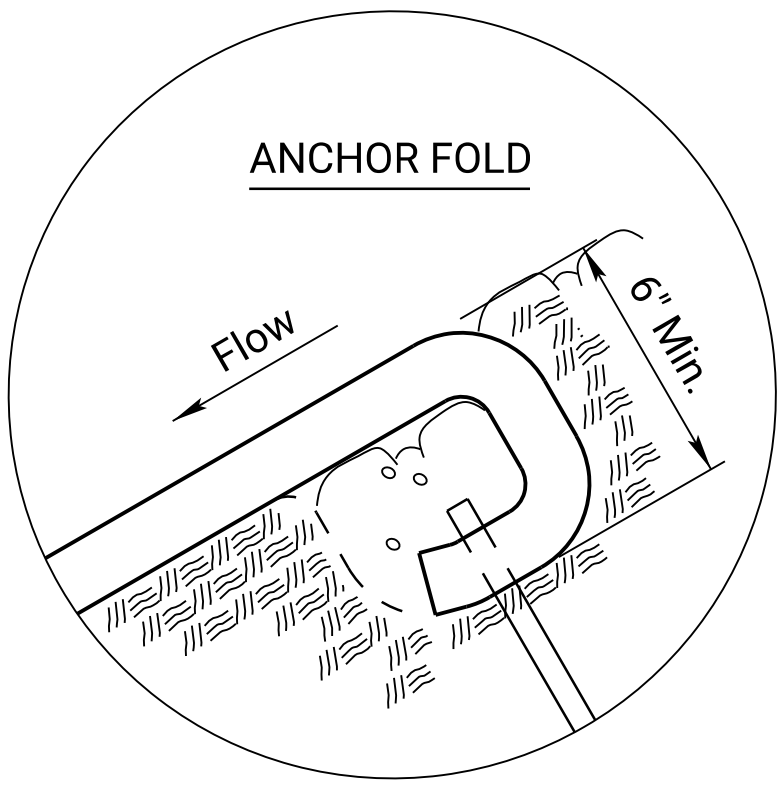
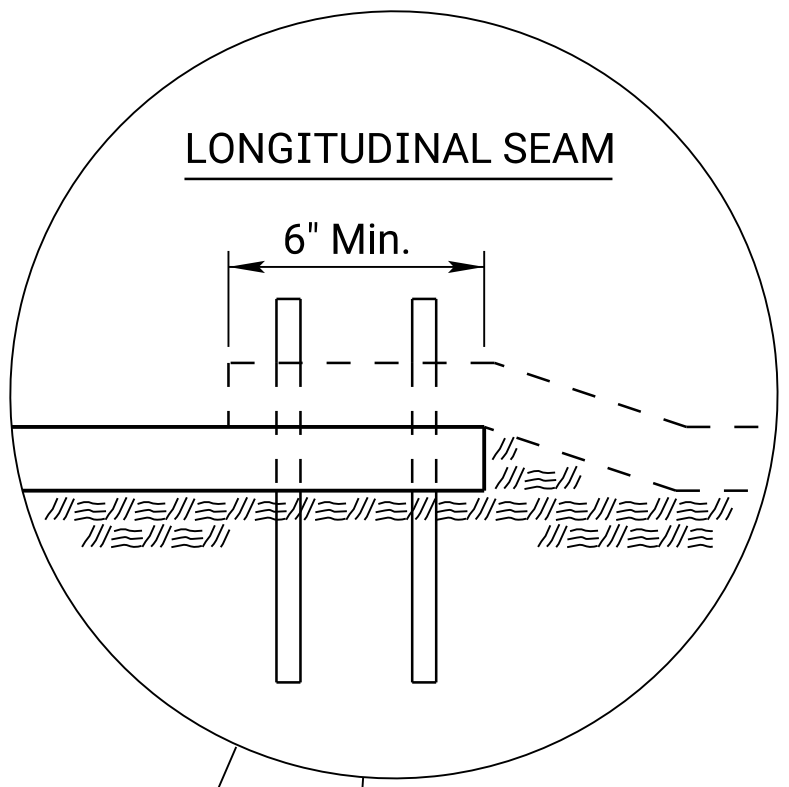
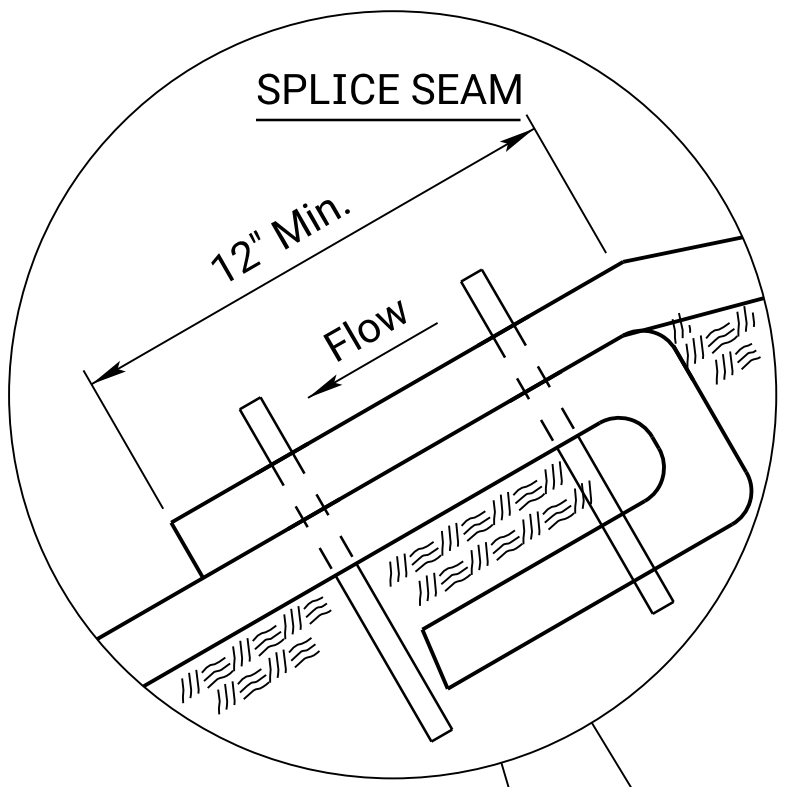
- ANCHOR FOLD: The top of the mat should be folded under, buried and secured with approved anchors placed 6 inches apart. The top edge of the mat should be buried in a slot, 6 inches wide x 6 inches deep; anchored in the bottom of the slot, backfilled, and the mat folded over the top as shown in detail.
- LONGITUDINAL SEAMS: The adjacent edges of the mat should overlap a minimum of 6 inches, with anchors catching the edges of both mats.
- SPLICE SEAM: When splices are necessary, overlap end a minimum of 12 inches in direction of water flow. Stagger splice seams.
- STAPLE CHECK: †Establish Staples in 2 rows 4" on center apart. Staple Checks - shall be 30' apart.
- EDGE ANCHOR: Lay outside edge of mat into trench at top of side slope. Anchor at 3 foot intervals along trench.
- TERMINUS: The bottom edge of the mat shall be anchored in place with anchors spaced at 9 inch intervals along the terminating edge.
- TYPICAL ANCHORS: Anchor design shall be as recommended by the manufacturer.



PLAN VIEW - ANCHORING DIAGRAM



CROSS SECTION (Ditch Lining)



Direction of Water Flow

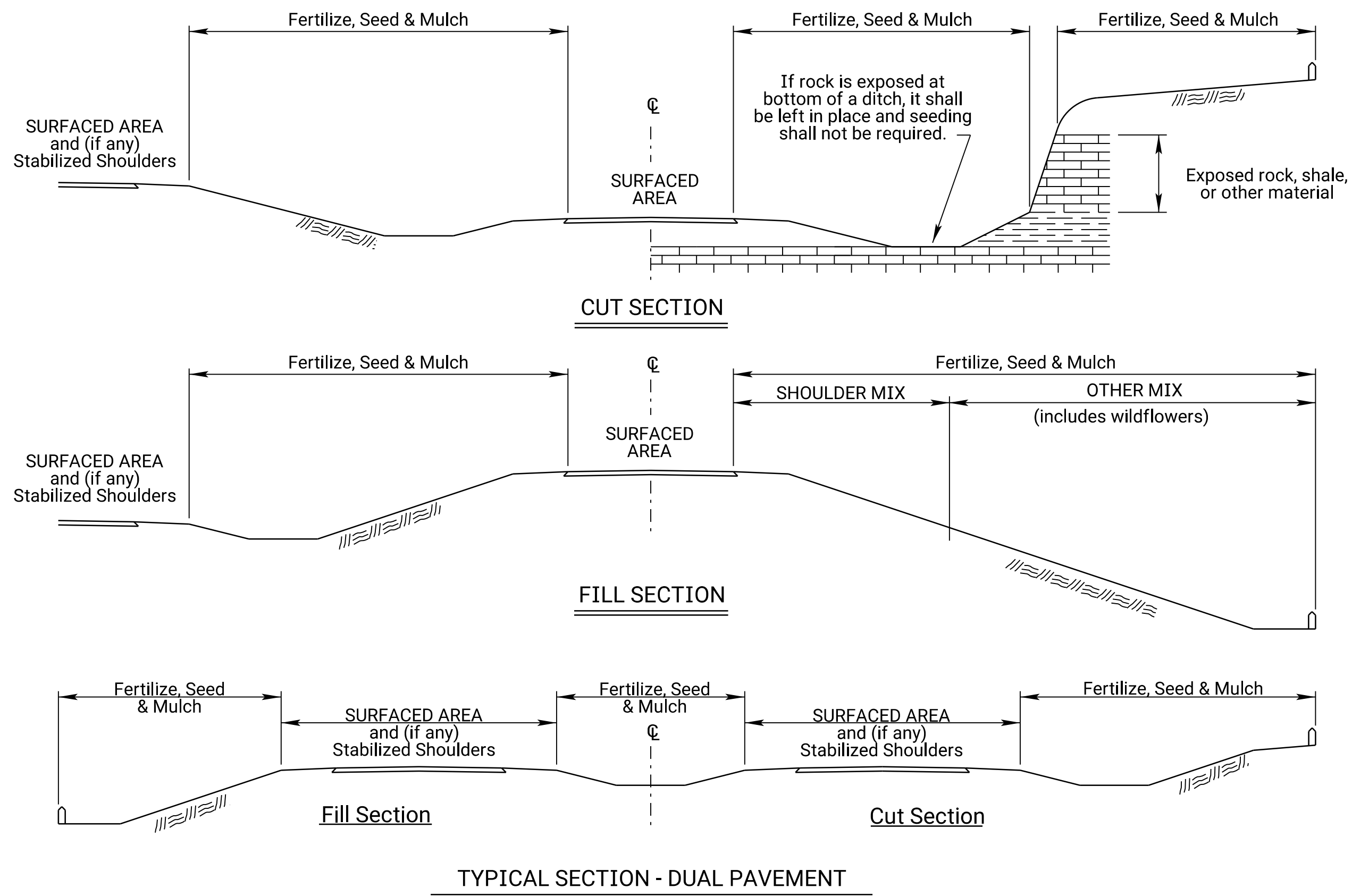
ISOMETRIC VIEW

04	09-25-15	Modified Staple Check	R.A.A.	S.H.S.
03	09-15-14	Revised Standard	R.A.A.	S.H.S.
02	03-01-13	Revised Standard	M.R.M.	S.H.S.

NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APPD
-----	------	-----------	----	------

KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
INSTALLATION DETAIL EROSION CONTROL CLASS 2 FLEXIBLE CHANNEL LINER				
LA856				
FHWA APPROVAL		11-02-15	APPD.	Scott H. Shields
DESIGNED	R.A.A.	DETAILED	R.A.A.	QUANTITIES
DESIGN CK.	S.H.S.	DETAIL CK.	S.H.S.	QUAN. CK.
		TRACED		R.A.A.
		TRACE CK.		

STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	40	56



GRASS & WILDFLOWER SEEDING SEASONS	
COOL SEASON GRASSES	WARM SEASON GRASSES & WILDFLOWERS
February 15 thru April 20 August 15 thru September 30	November 15 thru June 1
SPECIES	SPECIES
Bluegrasses	Bermuda Grass
Brome Grasses	Big Bluestem
Canada Wildrye	Blue Grama
Fescues	Buffalo Grass
Prairie Junegrass	Indiangrass
Ryegrasses	Little Bluestem
Sterile Wheatgrass	Sand Bluestem
Tall Dropseed	Sand Dropseed
Western Wheatgrass	Sand Lovegrass
	Side Oats Grama
	Switchgrass
	Wildflower Mixes
<p>When the area to be seeded is 1 acre or more, if Cool Season grasses are mixed with Warm Season grasses, seed the area during the Warm Season.</p> <p>When the area to be seeded is less than 1 acre, seed the area any time of the year.</p>	

SODDING SEASONS	
COOL SEASON GRASSES	WARM SEASON GRASSES
March 1 thru April 15 September 1 thru November 15	May 15 thru September 1
SPECIES	SPECIES
Bluegrass Sod	Buffalo Grass Sod
Fescue Sod	

If the soil is workable, the Engineer may allow placement of sod between November 15 and March 1. If sod is placed during this time, maintain the sod until 20 days after the beginning of the spring sodding season.

## GENERAL NOTES

The entire disturbed area, excepting the paved or surfaced areas, steep rocky slopes and areas of undisturbed native sod or other desirable vegetation shall be fertilized (limed when required), seeded and mulched. Soil preparation shall conform to the Standard Specifications except as noted below.

All borrow areas shown on the plans are to be fertilized, seeded, and mulched. However, operation in borrow areas where crops are growing may be omitted when requested by the owner.

If temporary cover has provided stable slopes with no erosion, seed the permanent grasses into the existing cover. If there has been erosion that requires repair prior to seeding, then it may be necessary to regrade the area, resulting in bare ground.

FERTILIZER: A ratio and application rate that equals or exceeds the required minimum rate per acre of N, P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, K<sub>2</sub>O listed in Summary of Seeding Quantities will be acceptable.

**MULCHING:** Mulch shall be spread uniformly over all disturbed areas and punched in the soil, unless otherwise noted on the plans. The rate of application per acre, thickness in place, for the mulching material is generally as follows:

$1\frac{3}{4}$  -  $2\frac{1}{4}$  Tons per Acre =  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " loose depth spread uniformly over acre.

Agricultural products, such as native prairie hay, used for mulching and erosion control practices, excluding wood based mulch, shall meet the North American Weed Free Forage Standards.

Other vegetative mulches are acceptable only with the Engineer's concurrence.

The above rate is a guide. It will be at the discretion of the Engineer to determine what rate is sufficient for adequate protection of newly seeded areas.

When seeding is less than 1 acre, temporary and permanent seeding shall be combined and seeded at the same time.

There is no seasonal restriction when seeding projects less than one acre.

NATIVE WILDFLOWER MIX 1		
PLS RATE	NAME	QTY (lb)
0.3	Butterfly Milkweed	
0.3	Common Milkweed	
0.3	Black Eyed Susan	
0.5	Blanket Flower	
0.5	False Sunflower	
0.5	Lance-Leaf Coreopsis	
0.2	Maximilian Sunflower	
0.1	New England Aster	
0.2	Pinnate Prairie Coneflower	
0.2	Plains Coreopsis	
0.3	Purple Coneflower	
0.3	Upright Prairie Coneflower	
0.3	Dames Rocket	
0.3	Lemon Mint	
0.2	Pitcher Sage	
0.2	Wild Bergamot	
1.0	Illinois Bundleflower	
0.2	Common Evening Primrose	
0.1	Hoary Verbena	
0.8	Purple Prairie Clover	
0.3	Roundhead Lespedeza	
3.0	Showy Partridge Pea	
0.2	White Prairie Clover	
10.3	Total (lb)	

NATIVE WILDFLOWER MIX 2		
PLS RATE	NAME	QTY (lb)
0.3	Butterfly Milkweed	
0.3	Black Eyed Susan	
0.5	Black Sampson Coneflower	
1.0	Blanket Flower	
0.2	Maximilian Sunflower	
0.2	Plains Coreopsis	
0.2	Upright Prairie Coneflower	
0.2	Western Yarrow	
0.3	Lemon Mint	
0.4	Pitcher Sage	
1.5	Illinois Bundleflower	
0.2	Common Evening Primrose	
1.0	Blue Wild Indigo	
0.4	Leadplant	
0.4	Purple Prairie Clover	
0.3	White Prairie Clover	
7.4	Total (lb)	

Package and deliver the wildflower seed separately from the grass seed mix. Package and deliver the Tall Drop Seed separately from the grass seed and the wildflower mix. Place the grass seed (except Tall Drop Seed) in the large seed box and drill (cover) seed  $\frac{1}{8}$ " -  $\frac{1}{4}$ ". Place the wildflower seed in a separate seed box and drill (cover) seed  $\frac{1}{16}$ " maximum. Place the Tall Drop Seed in a separate (third) seed box and place the seed (using the seed drill) on the soil surface.

OPTION: Broadcast Tall Drop Seed on the soil surface.

## SUMMARY OF SEEDING QUANTITIES

P.L.S. RATE/ACRE				ACRES				BID ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT
SHLDR	OTHER			SHLDR	OTHER					
								See LA852A for Soil Erosion Mix to be used as the Permanent Seeding		
								Mulching *		

SHLDR = Seeded with the Shoulder Mix. Typically 15 feet for 2-lane roads and 30 feet for 4-lane roads. Includes outside roadsides, turfed portions of shoulders, and turfed portion of the median.

OTHER = Seeded with the "Other" Mix. Designated as all other turf areas, except the Shoulder. Usually includes a Native Wildflower Mix.

NOTE: Projects less than 1 acre shall be bid as "Seeding" by the lump sum. All disturbed areas shall be seeded, fertilized and mulched at the listed rate per acre. The acres are estimated.

Refer to the Standard Specifications, Division 900, Section 904 'Seeding', and Section 907 'Sodding', for the seeding and sodding seasons.

\* See LA852A for mulching quantity. The quantity of mulch is estimated (Acres of Seeding X 1.5 X 2 Tons/Acre). The total mulch required shall be determined in the field. The bid item for mulching shall be paid for according to the Standard Specifications.

01	11-25-20	Updated Seeding / Sodding Periods Charts	M.R.D.	M.L.
02	08-03-20	Revised Standard	M.R.D.	S.H.S.
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APP'D
<p>KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION</p> <p><b>PERMANENT SEEDING SUMMARY OF SEEDING QUANTITIES</b></p> <p>LA850</p>				
FHWA APPROVAL		05-06-19	APP'D.	Mervin Lare
DESIGNED	DETAILED	QUANTITIES	TRACED	
DESIGN CK.	DETAIL CK.	QUAN.CK.	TRACE CK.	



1) Design Speed: Those items delegated to temporary traffic control should be designed and installed using the posted/legal speed of the roadway prior to work starting.

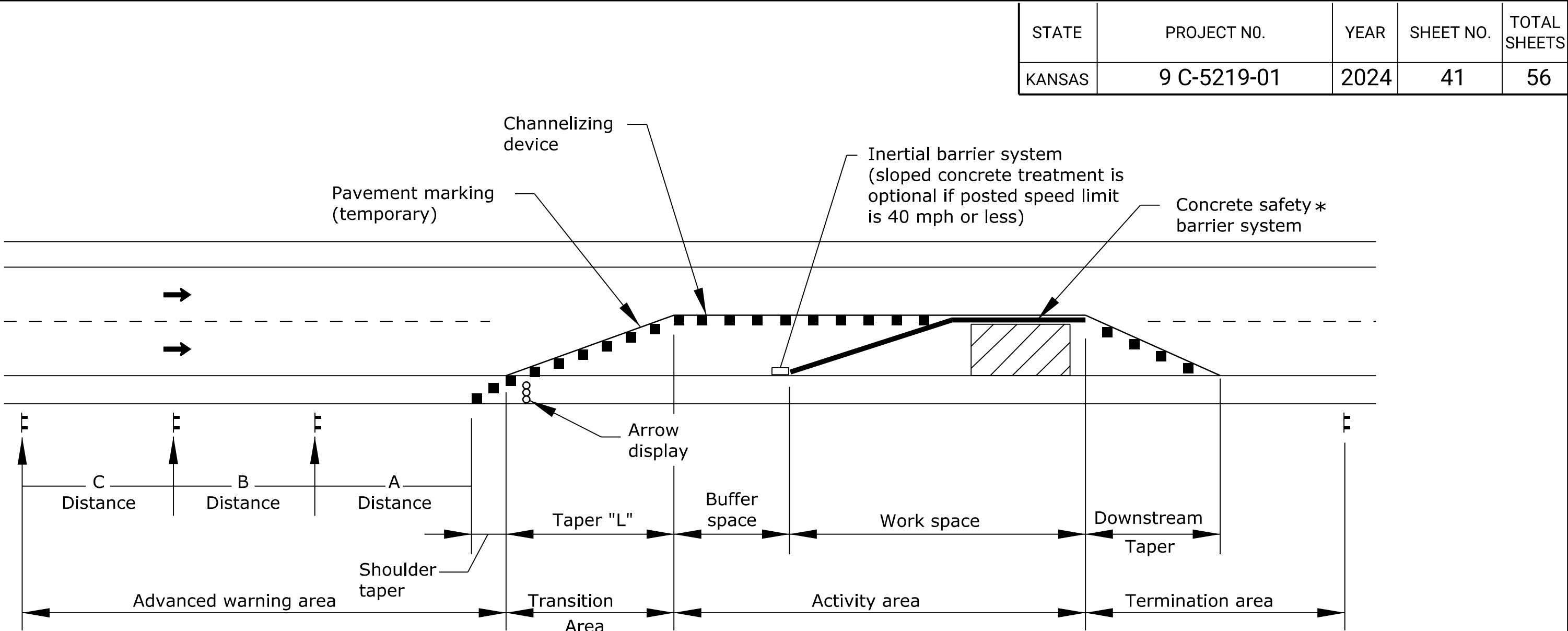
2) Minimum lane width: Lane widths shall be a minimum of 11' (measured between centerlines of pavement markings) or as shown on the plans, or as directed by the engineer. A lane width less than 11' may require restricted roadway width signing.

3) Consideration should be made to seperate pedestrian and, if needed, bicycle movements from both work site activity and vehicular traffic. Unless a reasonable safe route that does not involve crossing the roadway can be provided, pedestrians should be appropriately directed with advance signing that encourages them to cross to the opposite side of the roadway. In urban and suburban areas with high vehicular traffic volumes, these signs should be placed at intersections (rather than midblock locations) so that pedestrians are not confronted with midblock work sites that will induce them to attempt skirting the work site or making a midblock crossing.

4) When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessiblity features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility.

5) When the driving surface open to traffic is milled, is a temporary surface made of loose material, or when directed by the engineer use the W8-15 (Grooved Pavement) or W8-7(Loose Gravel) a "C" distance after the W20-1 (Road Work Ahead) on mainline approaches. Signs may be used with the W8-15p motorcycle plaque as directed by the engineer. Display signs in advance of the condition as long as the condition is present.

6) Alternative temporary rumble strip options may be available. Please contact the Temporary Traffic Control Unit for more information at 785-296-0355 or 785-296-1183.



### TYPICAL WORK ZONE COMPONENTS

\* When concrete barrier system is used, portable channelizing devices are not needed along the tangent barrier section.

Minimum advance warning sign spacing (in feet):

SPEED (MPH) *	A	B	C
URBAN (40 MPH OR LOWER)	100	100	100
URBAN (45 MPH OR HIGHER)	350	350	350
RURAL (55 MPH OR LOWER)	500	500	500
RURAL (60 MPH OR HIGHER)	750	750	750
EXPRESSWAY/FREEWAY	1000	1500	2640

\* Posted speed prior to work starting

The minimum spacing between signs shall be no less than 100', unless directed by the engineer.

The spacing between any signs may be increased beyond the minimum values in the table above as approved by the engineer in order to maximize visibility.

Taper Formulas:

$L = WS$  for speeds of 45 MPH or more

$L = WS^2/60$  for speeds of 40 MPH or less

Where:  $L$  =Minimum length of taper in feet  
 $S$  =Numerical value of posted speed prior to work starting in MPH  
 $W$  =Width in offset feet

Shifting taper= $1/2 L$   
Shoulder taper= $1/3 L$

Channelizer placement:

- (1) The spacing between devices in transition area (taper) should not exceed a distance in feet equal to 1/2 the posted speed limit in mph prior to work starting.
- (2) The spacing between devices in the advanced warning area and the activity area should not exceed a distance in feet equal to two times the posted speed limit in mph prior to work starting.
- (3) Channelizing devices shall be placed for optimum visibility, normally at right angles to the traffic flow.
- (4) Place directional indicator barricades in series to direct traffic onto the new path. The arrow sign should not be visible to opposing traffic.
- (5) Alternating diagonal orange and white striping must slope downward in the direction traffic is expected to pass.

Buffer Space

SPEED (MPH) *	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75
LENGTH (ft)	115	155	200	250	305	360	425	495	570	645	730	820

\* Posted speed prior to work starting

Neither work activity nor storage of equipment, vehicles, or material should occur in the buffer space. When a protection vehicle is placed in advance of the work space, only the space upstream of the vehicle constitutes the buffer space.

If temporary concrete safety barrier system is used to seperate approaching traffic from the work space, the barrier system shall be considered part of the activity area. A full lane width should be available throughout the length of the buffer space. See typical work zone components above.

3					
2					
1	08/18/15	Channelizer spacing info	R.W.B.	K.E.	
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APP'D	

KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

TRAFFIC CONTROL  
GENERAL NOTES

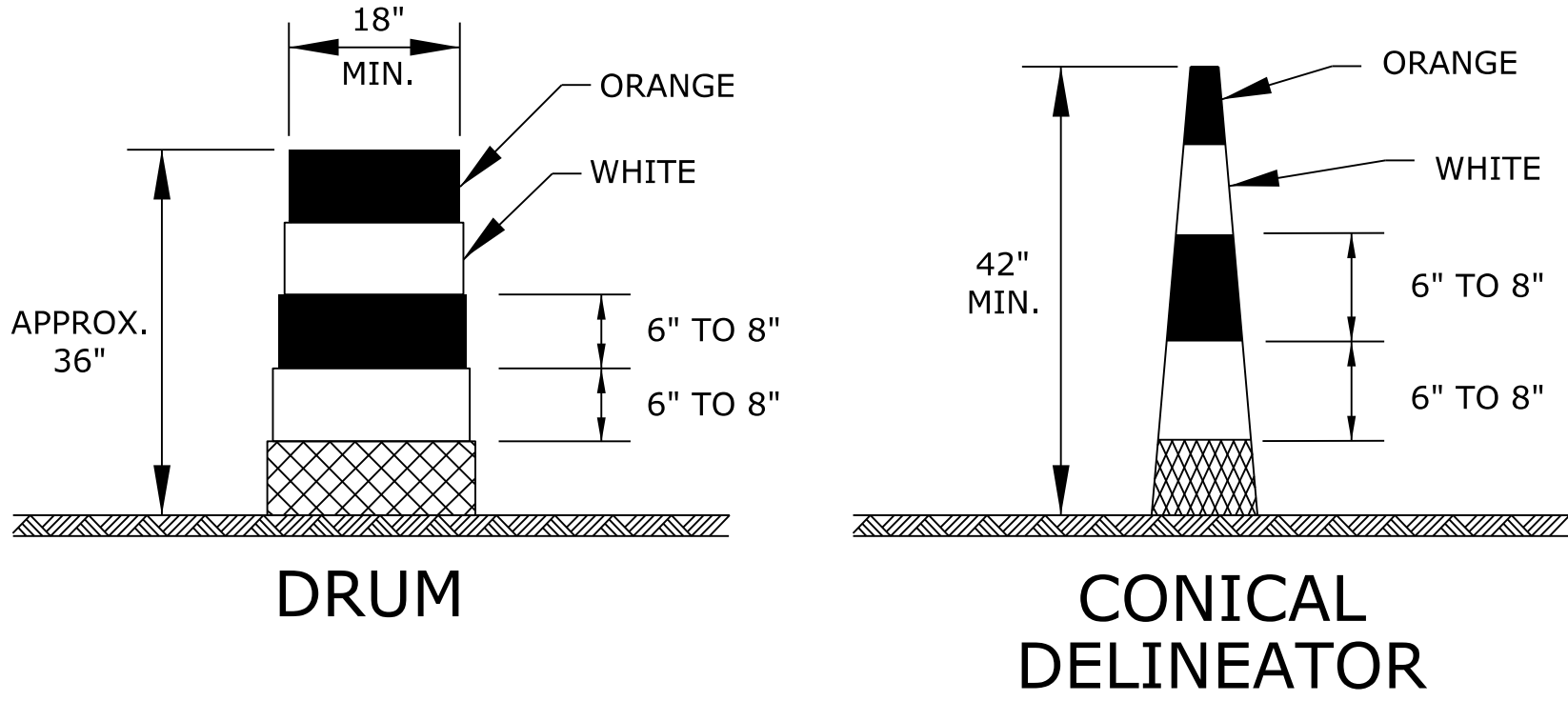
TE700

FHWA APPROVAL	08/18/15	APP'D	Kristina Erickson
DESIGNED	B.A.H.	DETAILED	R.W.B.
DESIGN CK.	DETAIL CK.	QUAN. CK.	TRACE CK.

DOT Graphics Certified

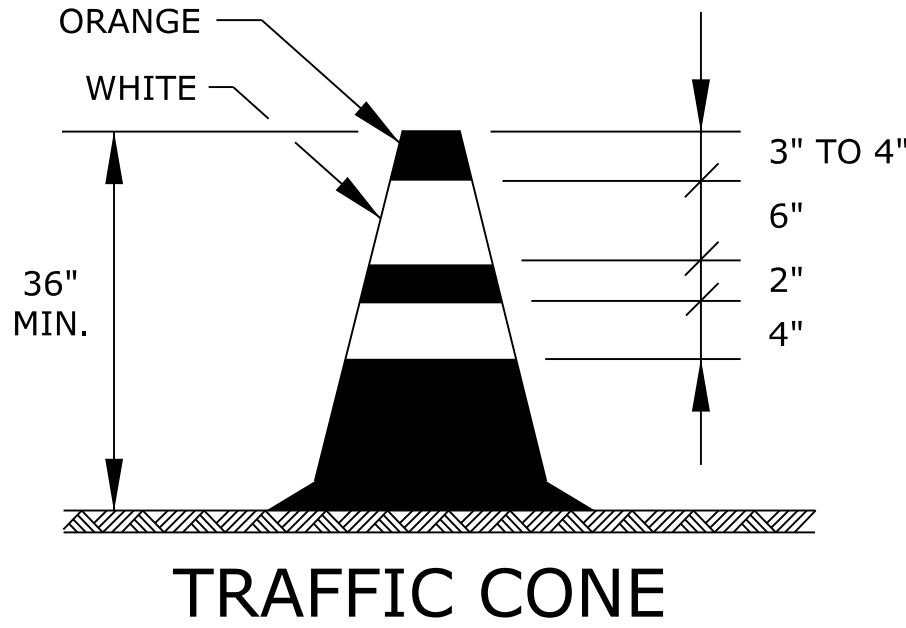
08-18-2015

Sh. No. XXX

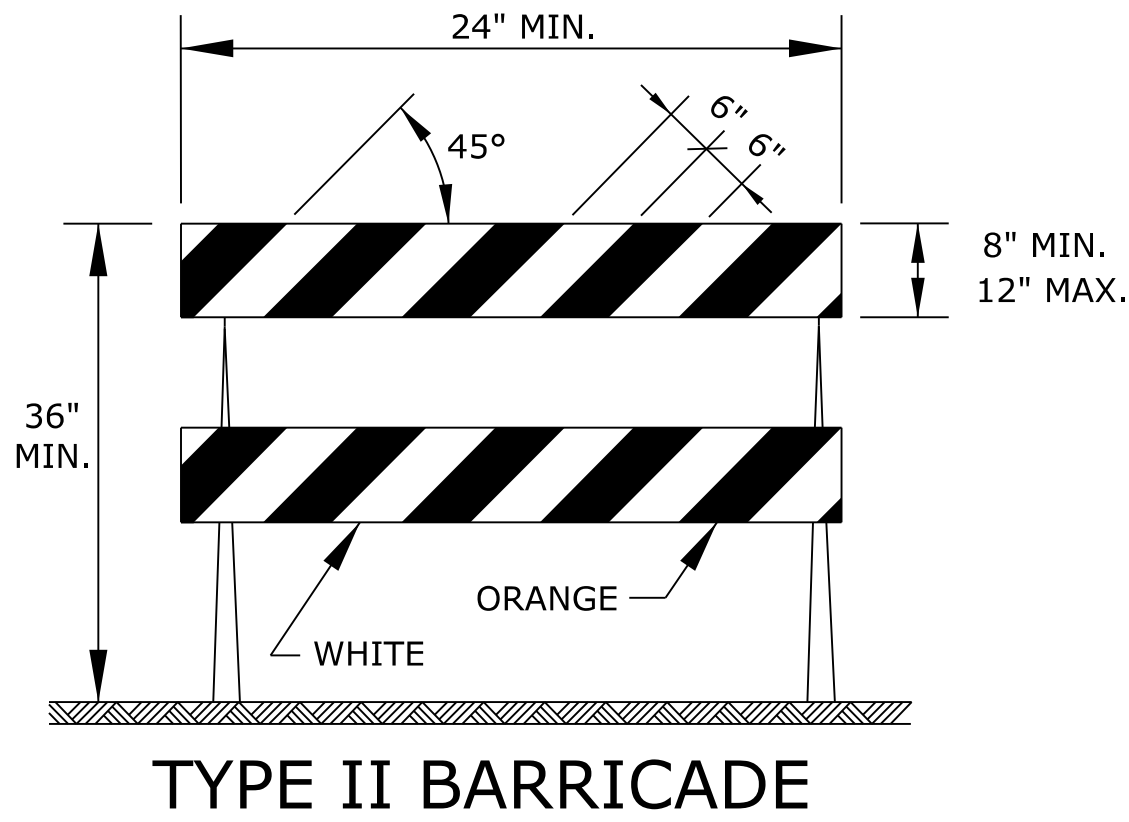


DRUMS AND CONICAL DELINEATORS SHALL HAVE AT LEAST TWO ORANGE AND TWO WHITE 6" TO 8" WIDE RETROREFLECTIVE STRIPES. ADDITIONAL STRIPES MAY BE NON-RETROREFLECTIVE. IF THERE ARE NON-RETROREFLECTIVE SPACES BETWEEN ADJACENT STRIPES, THEY SHALL BE NO MORE THAN 3" WIDE.

ALL RETROREFLECTIVE STRIPES ON DRUMS SHALL BE ASTM TYPE III SHEETING. THE WHITE STRIPES ON CONICAL DELINEATORS SHALL BE ASTM TYPE III SHEETING. ORANGE STRIPES ON ALL CONICAL DELINEATORS SHALL BE FLUORESCENT ORANGE ASTM TYPE IV SHEETING.



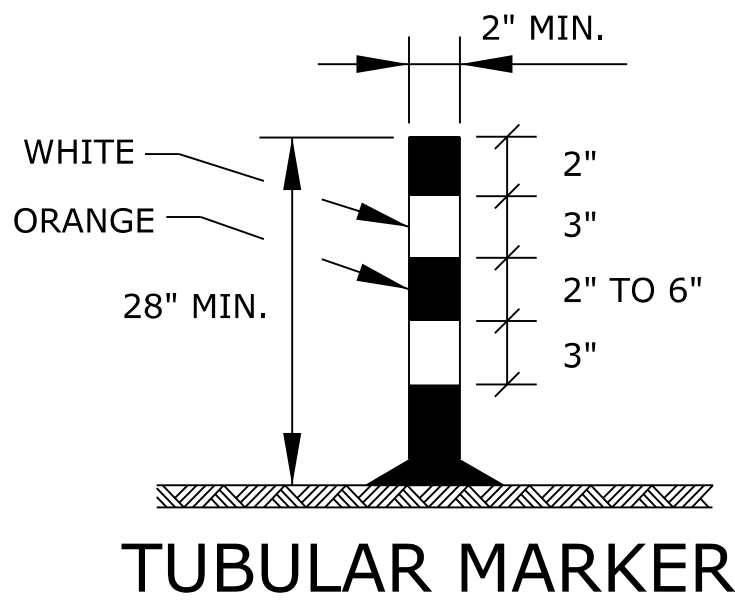
TRAFFIC CONES MAY BE USED AS CHANNELIZING DEVICES FOR DAYTIME OPERATIONS ONLY. THEY WILL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY, BUT WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO OTHER TRAFFIC CONTROL BID ITEMS. THE ENGINEER MAY REQUIRE THAT TRAFFIC CONES BE SUPPLEMENTED BY OTHER TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES IN CERTAIN SITUATIONS.



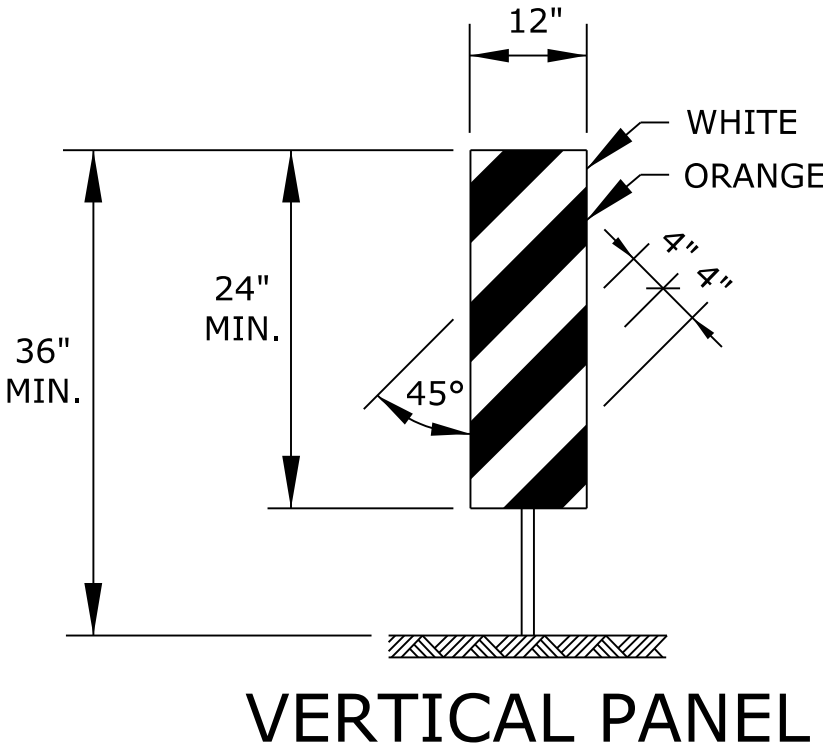
FOR RAILS LESS THAN 36" LONG, 4" WIDE STRIPES MAY BE USED.

THE ENTIRE AREA OF BARRICADE RAILS, BOTH FRONT AND BACK, SHALL BE ASTM TYPE III SHEETING.

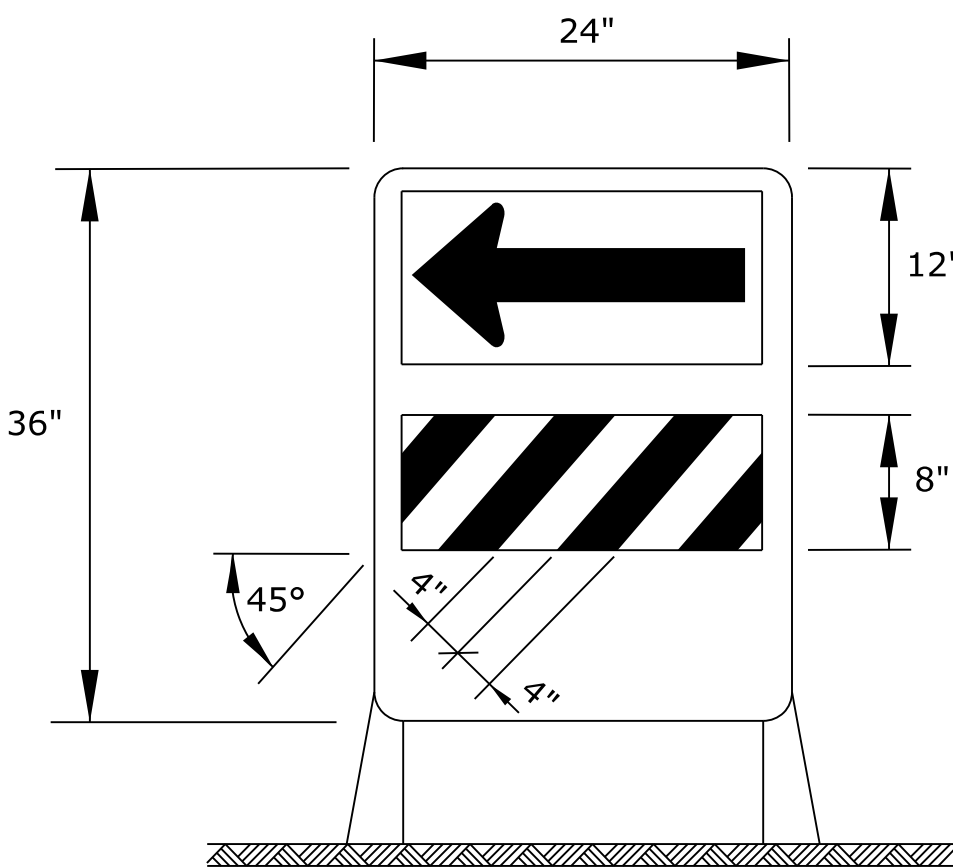
THE STRIPES SHALL SLOPE DOWNWARD TO THE TRAFFIC SIDE FOR CHANNELIZATION.



THE TWO WHITE RETROREFLECTIVE STRIPES SHALL BE ASTM TYPE III SHEETING. STRIPING AS SHOWN FOR UP TO 42".



THE ENTIRE AREA OF VERTICAL PANELS, BOTH FRONT AND BACK, SHALL HAVE ASTM TYPE III SHEETING. THE STRIPES SHALL SLOPE DOWNWARD TO THE TRAFFIC SIDE FOR CHANNELIZATION.



THE ARROW PANEL SHALL BE BLACK ON FLUORESCENT ORANGE ASTM TYPE IV SHEETING. THE STRIPES SHALL BE ORANGE AND WHITE ASTM TYPE III SHEETING SLOPING DOWNWARD IN THE DIRECTION TRAFFIC IS TO PASS.

THE DIRECTION INDICATOR BARRICADE SHALL BE USED IN SERIES TO DIRECT THE MOTORIST INTO THE INTENDED LANE OF TRAVEL.

THE ARROW PANEL SHOULD NOT BE VISIBLE TO OPPOSING TRAFFIC.

TAPER FORMULAS:

$L = WS$  FOR SPEEDS OF 45 MPH OR MORE

$L = WS^2/60$  FOR SPEEDS OF 40 MPH OR LESS

WHERE:  $L$  = MINIMUM LENGTH OF TAPER IN FEET  
 $S$  = NUMERICAL VALUE OF POSTED SPEED  
PRIOR TO WORK STARTING IN MPH  
 $W$  = WIDTH OF OFFSET IN FEET

CHANNELIZER PLACEMENT:

- (A) THE SPACING BETWEEN DEVICES IN TRANSITION AREA (TAPER) SHOULD NOT EXCEED A DISTANCE IN FEET EQUAL TO 1/2 THE POSTED SPEED LIMIT IN MPH PRIOR TO WORK STARTING.
- (B) THE SPACING BETWEEN DEVICES IN THE ADVANCED WARNING AREA AND THE ACTIVITY AREA SHOULD NOT EXCEED A DISTANCE IN FEET EQUAL TO TWO TIMES THE POSTED SPEED LIMIT IN MPH PRIOR TO WORK STARTING.
- (C) CHANNELIZING DEVICES SHALL BE PLACED FOR OPTIMUM VISIBILITY, NORMALLY AT RIGHT ANGLES TO THE TRAFFIC FLOW.
- (D) CHANNELIZING DEVICES PLACED ALONG SHOULDER EDGES OR IN DROPOFFS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF 24" FROM THE TOP OF THE CHANNELIZING DEVICE TO THE TOP OF THE PAVEMENT.

ITEM	PORTABLE	LOCATION									
		CROSS-OVERS	SHOOFLY DIVERSIONS	TANGENTS	TAPERS	RAMPS	HEAD TO HEAD	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	LEAD IN DEVICES	GORES	
	DRUMS	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	(1)	YES	YES	YES	
	CONICAL DELINEATORS	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	(1)	YES	YES	YES	
	VERTICAL PANELS	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(1,2)	YES	(2)	(2)	
	DIRECTION INDICATOR BARRICADE	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	
	TYPE II BARRICADE	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	
	FIXED										
	TUBULAR MARKERS	(3)	(3)	(3)	NO	(3)	YES	NO	YES	YES	
	VERTICAL PANELS	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	YES	(2,3)	(2)	

- (1) NOT ALLOWED ON CENTERLINE DELINEATION ALONG FREEWAYS OR EXPRESSWAYS.
- (2) THE STRIPES SHALL SLOPE DOWNWARD TO THE TRAFFIC SIDE FOR CHANNELIZATION.
- (3) MAY BE USED UPON THE APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER.

3	10/16/12	Added Lead In Devices into Matrix Table	J.A.M.	K.P.
2	10/4/11	Added Dimension To Tubular Marker Detail	J.A.M.	K.P.
1	4/20/09	Channelizer Placement & Traffic Cone Detail	J.A.M.	A.A.A.
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APP'D
KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
CHANNELIZING DEVICES				
TE702				
FHWA APPROVAL		10/16/12	APP'D	Kristina Pyle
DESIGNED	L.E.R.	DETAILED	B.A.H.	QUANTITIES
DESIGN CK.	DETAIL CK.	QUAN. CK.	TRACE	CK.



Note: Signs shown for one approach to work zone.

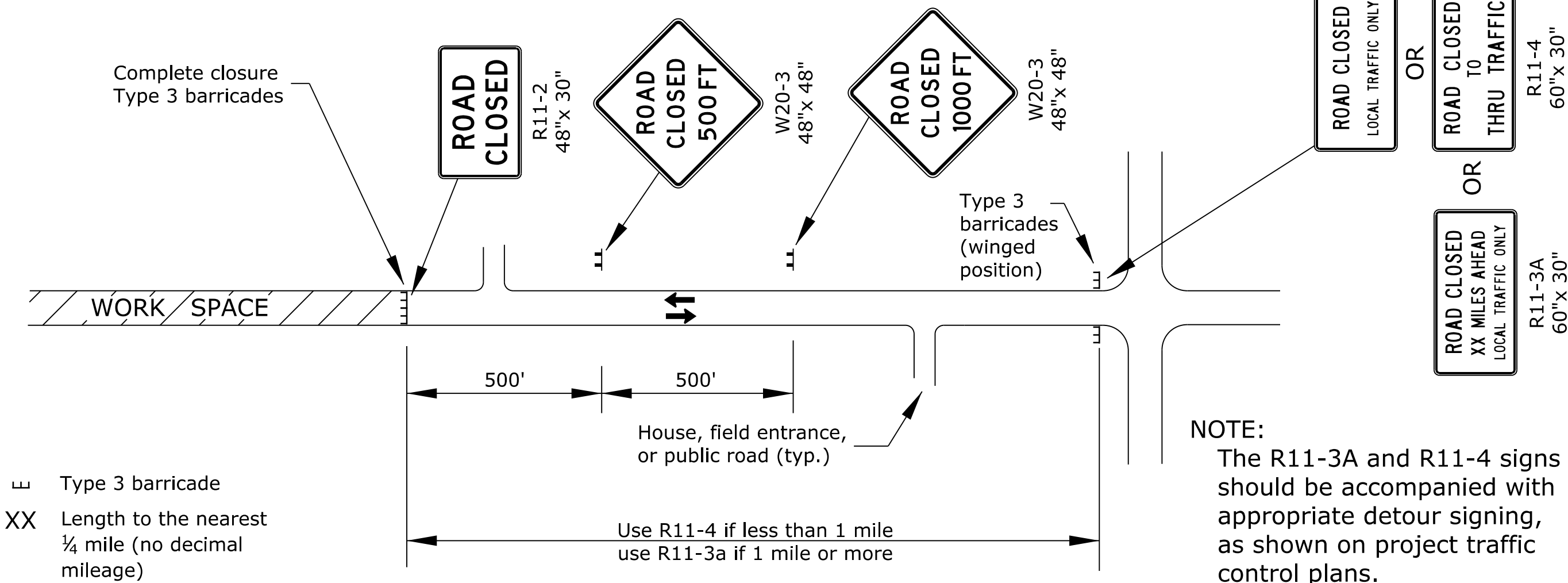


FIGURE 1: TYPICAL SIGNING FOR ROAD CLOSURE (MAINLINE OR SIDE ROAD)

Note: Sign shown for one approach to intersection (work zone).

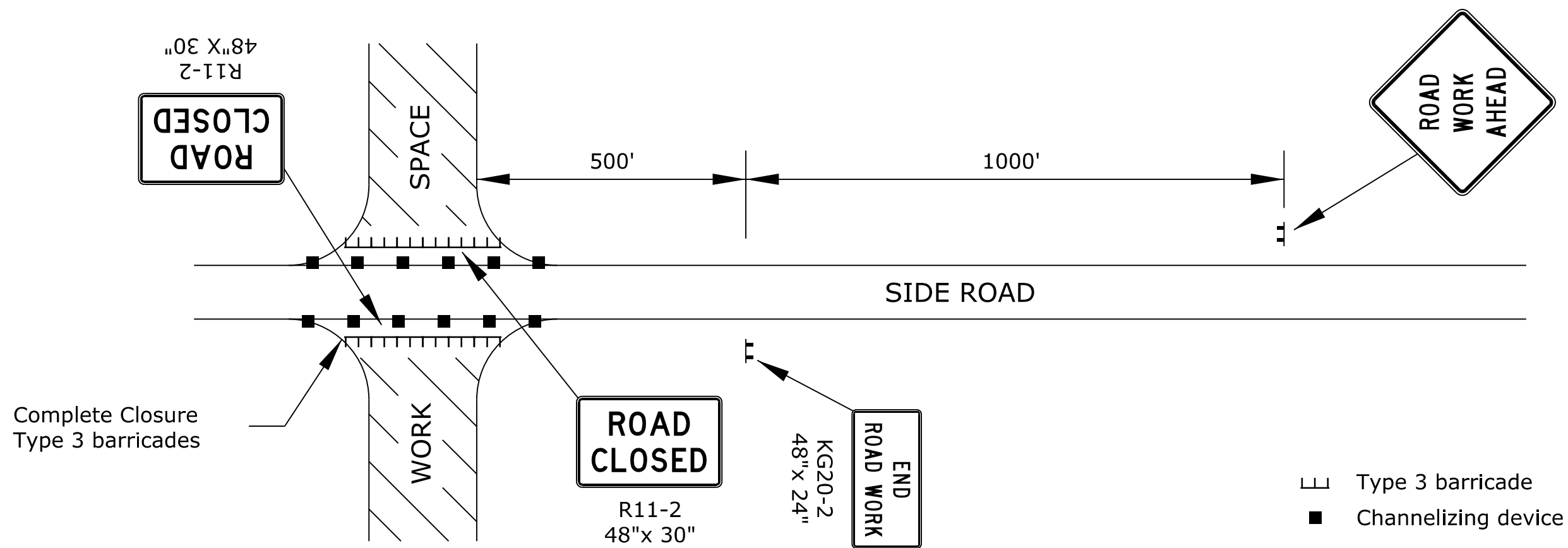


FIGURE 2: TYPICAL SIGNING FOR SIDE ROAD OPEN

Note: Signs shown for one approach to work zone.

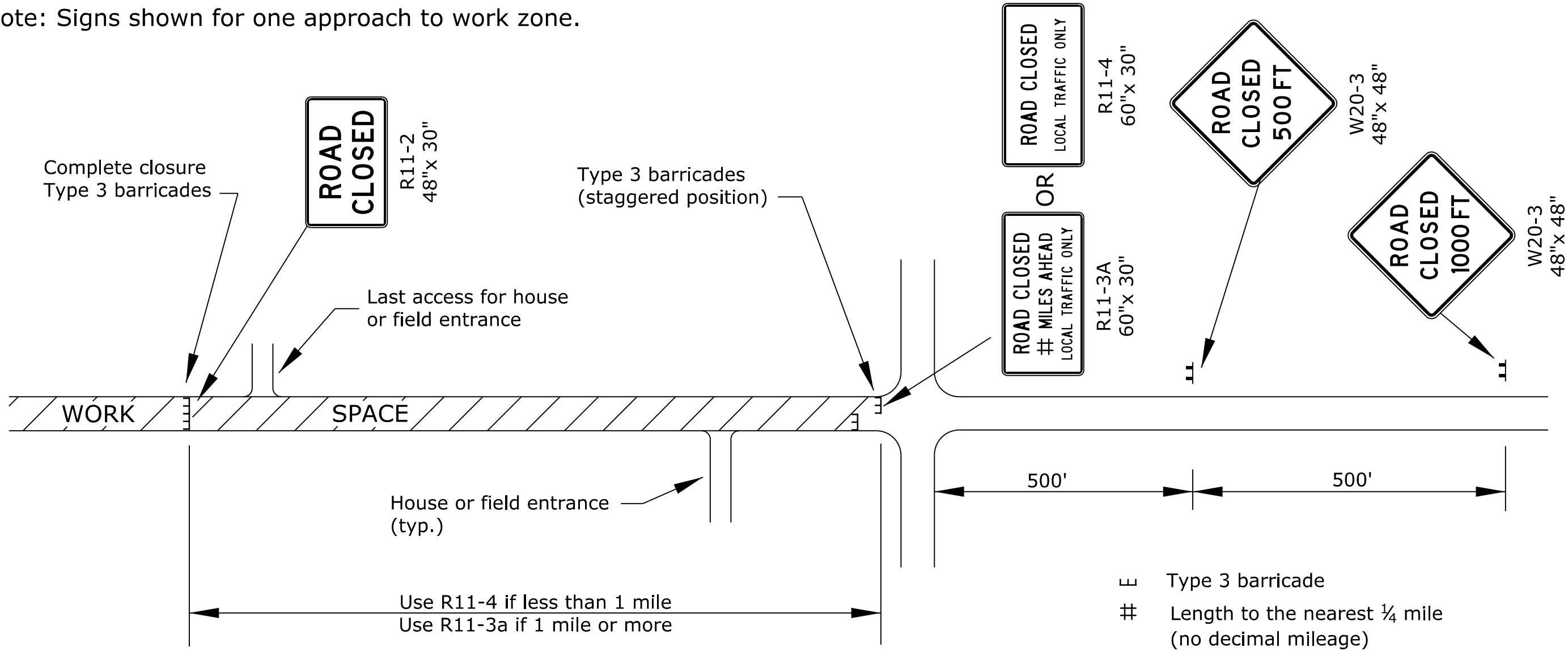


FIGURE 3: TYPICAL SIGNING FOR ROAD CLOSURE - LOCAL TRAFFIC ACCESS

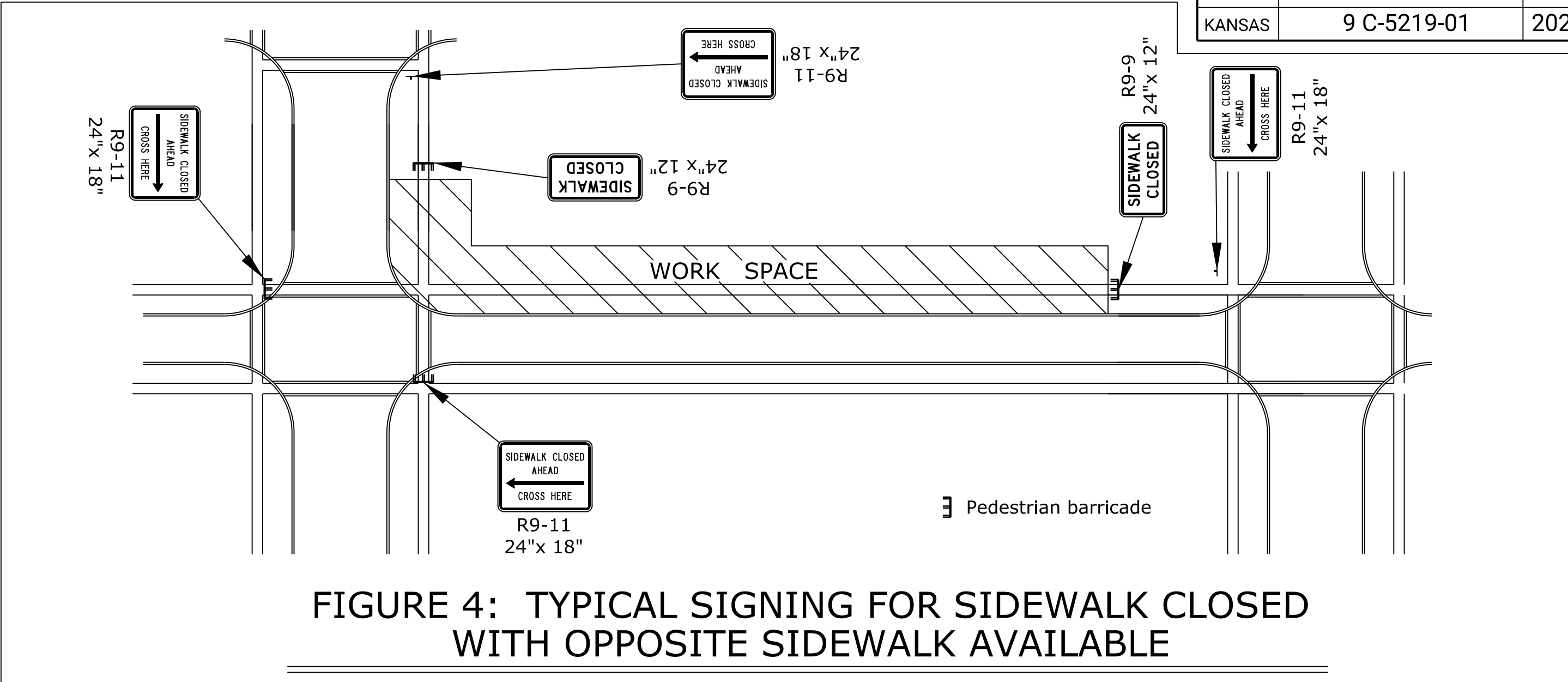
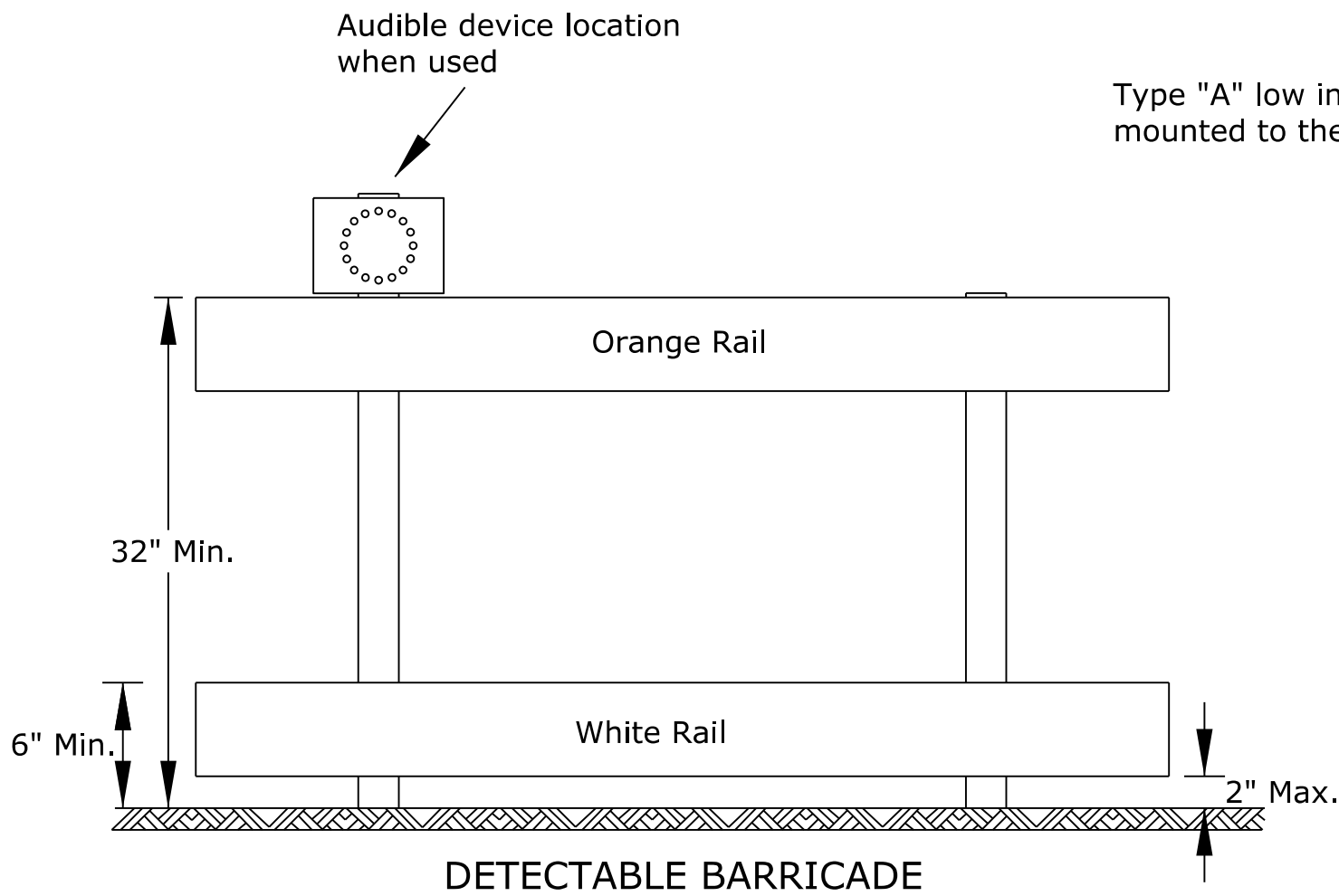
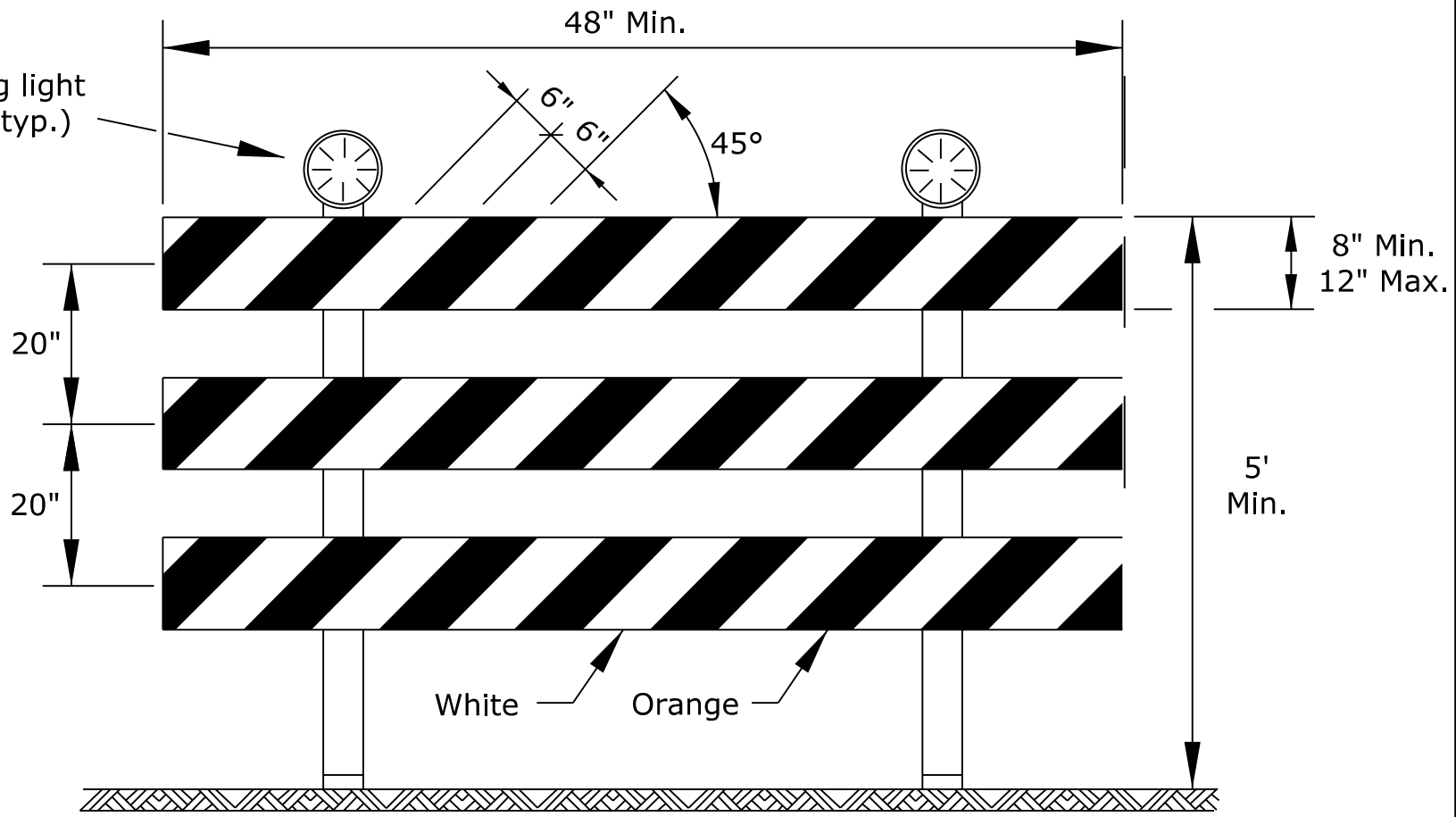


FIGURE 4: TYPICAL SIGNING FOR SIDEWALK CLOSED WITH OPPOSITE SIDEWALK AVAILABLE



1. Support device shall not project beyond the detection plate into the pathway.
2. Barricades shall be used to close the entire width of the pathway.
3. Do not use warning lights on pedestrian barricades.
4. Do not use warning lights on audible devices.



Approved signs mounted on Type 3 barricades should not cover more than 50% of the top two rails or 33% of the total area of the three rails.

When barricades are placed end-to-end or staggered, a Type "A" low intensity warning light shall be mounted to the vertical post near each outside corner of the end barricades.

#### ROAD CLOSED GENERAL NOTES

As shown in Figure 1, at the point where thru traffic must detour and local traffic can proceed to the location where the roadway is completely closed, the R11-3a (ROAD CLOSED # MILES AHEAD LOCAL TRAFFIC ONLY) or R11-4 (ROAD CLOSED LOCAL TRAFFIC ONLY or ROAD CLOSED TO THRU TRAFFIC) sign shall be used with Type 3 barricades (winged position), placed on the shoulders of roadway.

As shown in Figure 3, when local traffic must be allowed access into the work zone, Type 3 barricades shall be longitudinally staggered to maintain the appearance of a closed roadway. A second line of end-to-end Type 3 barricades shall be placed just beyond the last access point in the work zone, to completely close the roadway.

The R11-4 (ROAD CLOSED TO THRU TRAFFIC or ROAD CLOSED LOCAL TRAFFIC ONLY) sign shall be used when the distance to the point of complete closure of the roadway is less than 1 mile.

The R11-3a (ROAD CLOSED # MILES AHEAD LOCAL TRAFFIC ONLY) sign shall be used when the distance to the point of complete closure of the roadway is 1 mile or greater.

The words "BRIDGE OUT" (or BRIDGE CLOSED) may be substituted for the words "ROAD CLOSED" on the R11-3a or R11-4 sign where applicable.

3					
2					
1					
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APP'D	
KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION					
TRAFFIC CONTROL CLOSURES					
TE704					
FHWA APPROVAL	06/01/15	APP'D	Kristine Erickson		
DESIGNED	B.A.H.	DETAILED	R.W.B.	QUANTITIES	TRACED
DESIGN CK.	DETAIL CK.	QUAN. CK.	TRACE CK.		

SIGN LAYOUT INFORMATION

END  
ROAD WORK

KG20-2

STD. SIZE  
EXPWY/FREEWAY

6" C  
48"x 24"

WAIT FOR  
PILOT CAR

KG20-5

STD. SIZE  
EXPWY/FREEWAY

6" C  
48"x 24"

WORK ZONE

KM4-20

STD. SIZE  
EXPWY/FREEWAY

3" C 6" C  
24"x 6" 48"x 12"

NEXT  
X MILES

W7-3a

Mileage to be determined  
by the engineer.



W8-17

STD. SIZE  
EXPWY/FREEWAY

48"x 48"

SHOULDER  
DROP-OFF

W8-17P

(OPTIONAL)

STD. SIZE  
EXPWY/FREEWAY

30"x 24"

NB US-75 CLOSED  
FOLLOW DETOUR

SP-01  
(SPECIAL SIGN)

STD. SIZE  
EXPWY/FREEWAY

6" C 10" D

US-75 CLOSED  
NORTH OF Topeka  
FOLLOW DETOUR

SP-02  
(SPECIAL SIGN)

STD. SIZE  
EXPWY/FREEWAY

UPPERCASE: 6" C 10" D  
LOWERCASE: 4.5" C 8" D

ALL CITY NAMES AND STREET NAMES ON SPECIAL SIGNS AND DESTINATION SIGNS  
MUST HAVE UPPER AND LOWER CASE LETTERS.



W8-15

STD. SIZE  
EXPWY/FREEWAY

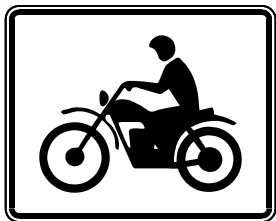
8" D  
48"x 48"



W8-7

STD. SIZE  
EXPWY/FREEWAY

8" D  
48"x 48"



W8-15p

STD. SIZE  
EXPWY/FREEWAY

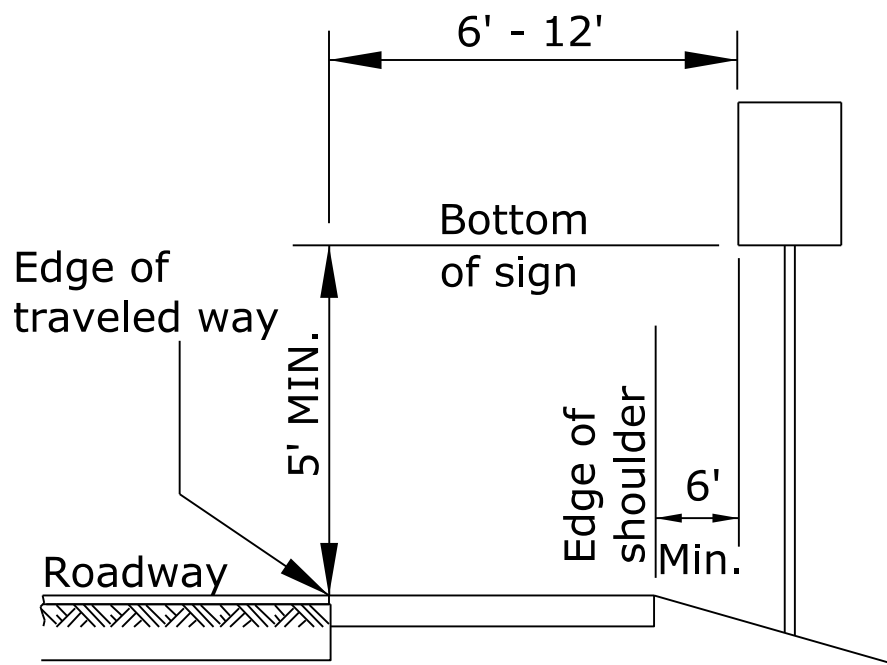
30"x 24"



W8-11

STD. SIZE  
EXPWY/FREEWAY

8" D  
48"x 48"

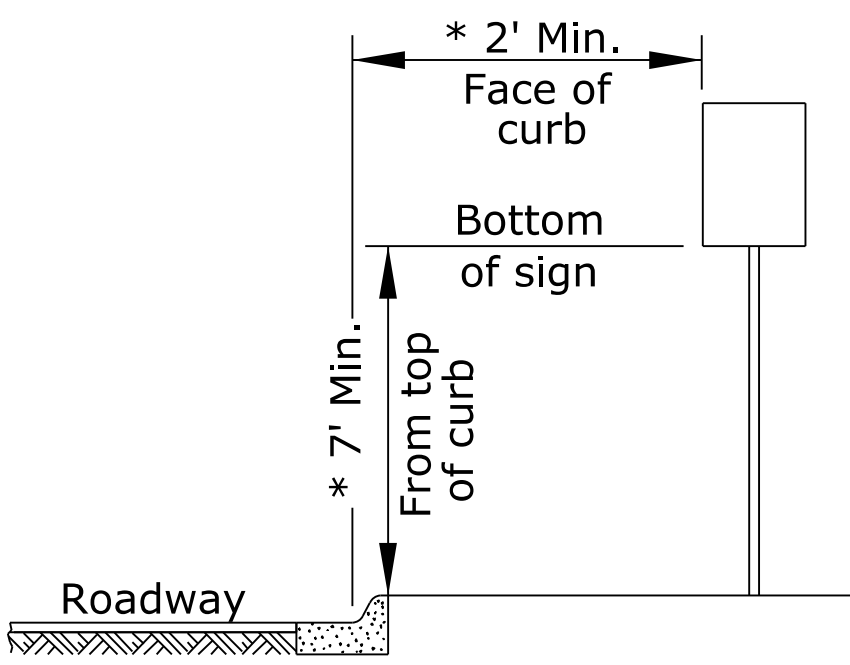


Rural

1) Ground-mounted signs shall be mounted at a minimum height of 5' measured from the bottom of sign to the near edge of the pavement.

2) Large signs having an area exceeding 50 square feet installed on multiple breakaway posts shall be mounted a minimum of 7' above the ground.

3) The height of the secondary sign mounted below another sign may be 4' measured from the bottom of the sign to the near edge of the pavement. Signs shall not overlap each other.



Urban

1) Signs shall be mounted at a minimum height of 7' measured from the bottom of sign to the near edge of the pavement.

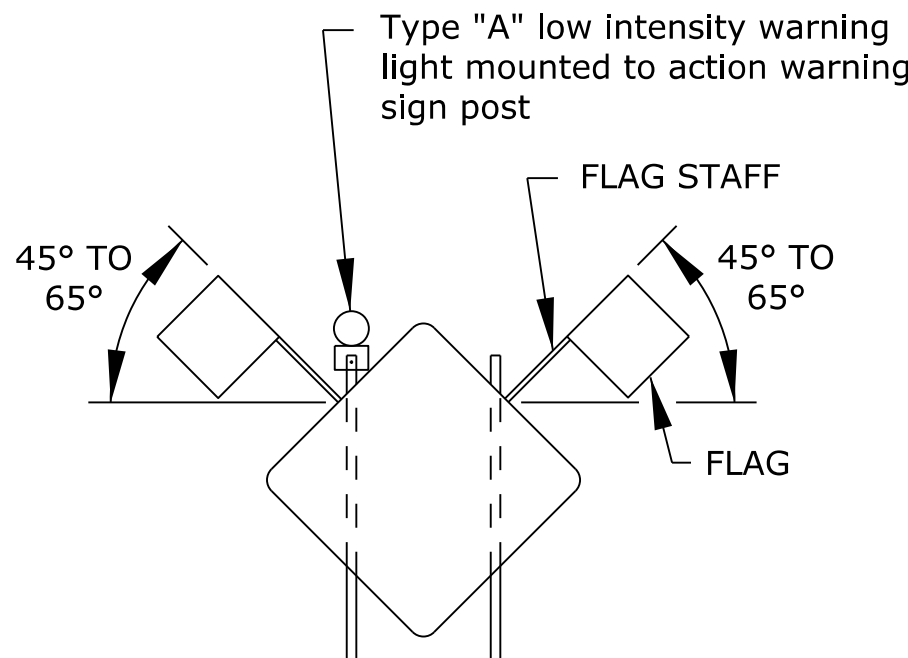
2) Neither portable nor permanent sign supports should be located on sidewalks or areas designated for pedestrian or bicycle traffic.

3) Signs mounted lower than 7' should not project more than 4" into pedestrian facilities.

4) The height from of the secondary sign mounted below another sign may be 6' measured from the bottom of sign to the near edge of the pavement. Signs shall not overlap each other.

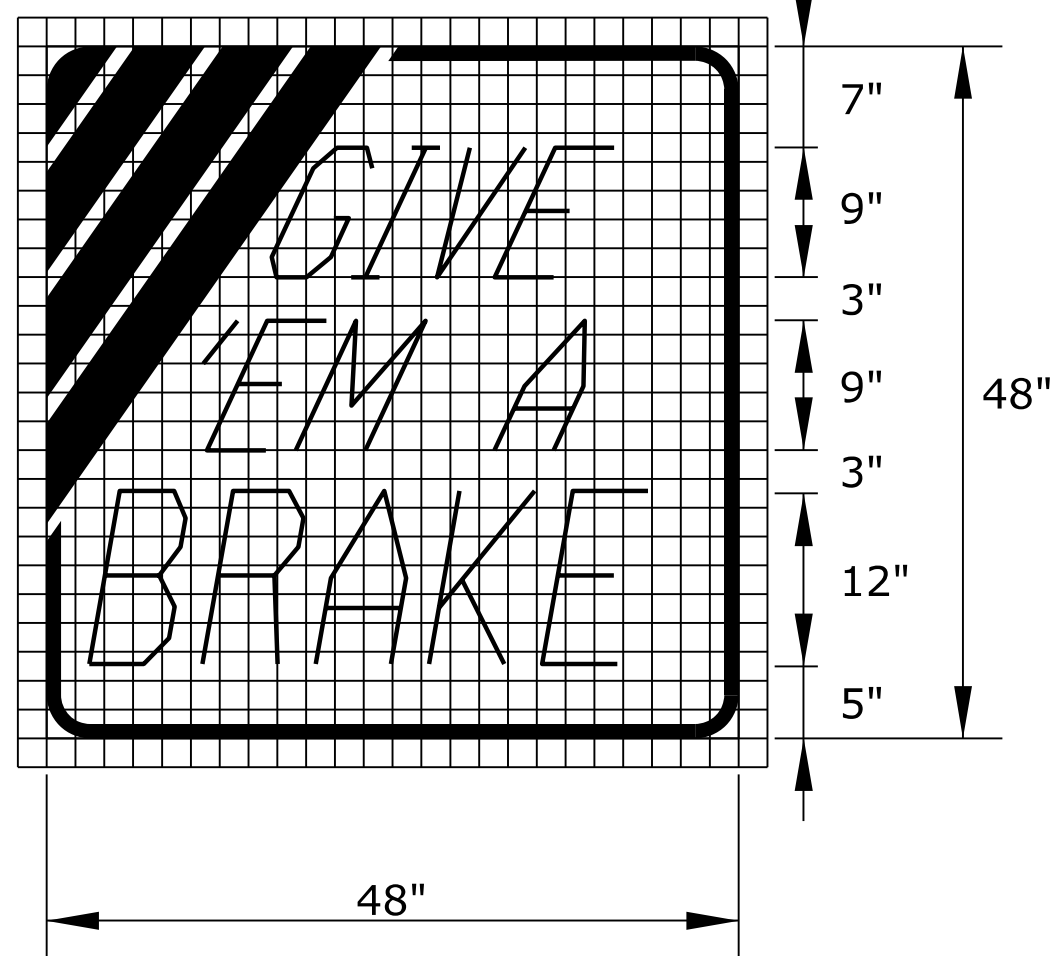
5) Large signs having an area exceeding 50 square feet installed on multiple breakaway posts shall be mounted a minimum of 7' above the ground.

\* 6) Pedestrian detour signing shall be a minimum of 2' measured from the top of the pedestrian pathway to the bottom of the sign and shall not protrude into the walkway nor shall it project beyond the back of curb.

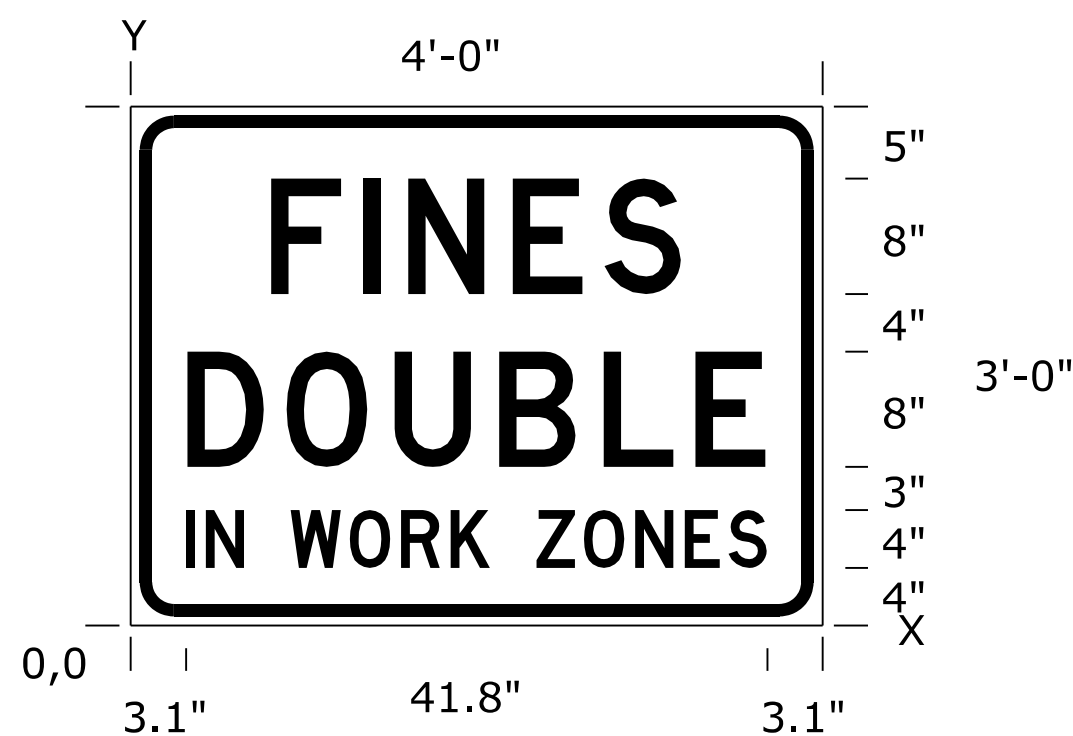


When the sign width is equal to or greater than 9', three or more wood posts may be used with a minimum of 4' between the centerline of each post. All signs less than 9' in width shall use a maximum of two wood posts.

In the case of hitting rock when driving posts  
1. Shift the sign location. Do not violate minimum sign spacing.  
2. With the engineer's approval, use acceptable alternative sign stands.



KI-104a



KI-105a

STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	44	56

SIGN NUMBER	GIVE EM A BRAKE
WIDTH x HEIGHT	4'-0" x 4'-0"
BORDER WIDTH	1.0"
CORNER RADIUS	4.0"
STRIPE WIDTH	3.0"
MOUNTING	GROUND
BACKGROUND	TYPE: NON-REFLECTIVE COLOR: BLACK
LEGEND/BORDER	TYPE: REFLECTIVE COLOR: WHITE
LEGEND FONT	DUTCH 801 ROMAN SWC 25 DEGREE SLANT
STRIPES	TYPE: REFLECTIVE COLOR: ORANGE

SIGN NUMBER	FINES DOUBLE
WIDTH x HEIGHT	4'-0" x 3'-0"
BORDER WIDTH	0.9"
CORNER RADIUS	3.0"
MOUNTING	GROUND
BACKGROUND	TYPE: REFLECTIVE COLOR: WHITE
LEGEND/BORDER	TYPE: NON-REFLECTIVE COLOR: BLACK

DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

SPACINGS ARE TO START OF NEXT LETTER

Y FONT	LETTER SPACINGS																HT LEN
23.0 D	9.7	6.4	3.2	7.3	6.4	5.4	9.7										8.0
11.0 D	3.9	6.9	7.5	7.3	6.4	4.9	3.9										28.6
4.0 D	3.1	1.6	2.7	3.2	4.3	3.8	3.6	2.8	3.2	3.4	3.8	3.6	3.2	2.7	3.1		8.0
																	40.3
																	4.0
																	41.8

Notes:

Typically, there are two sets of informational signs installed per project: one for each direction of traffic.

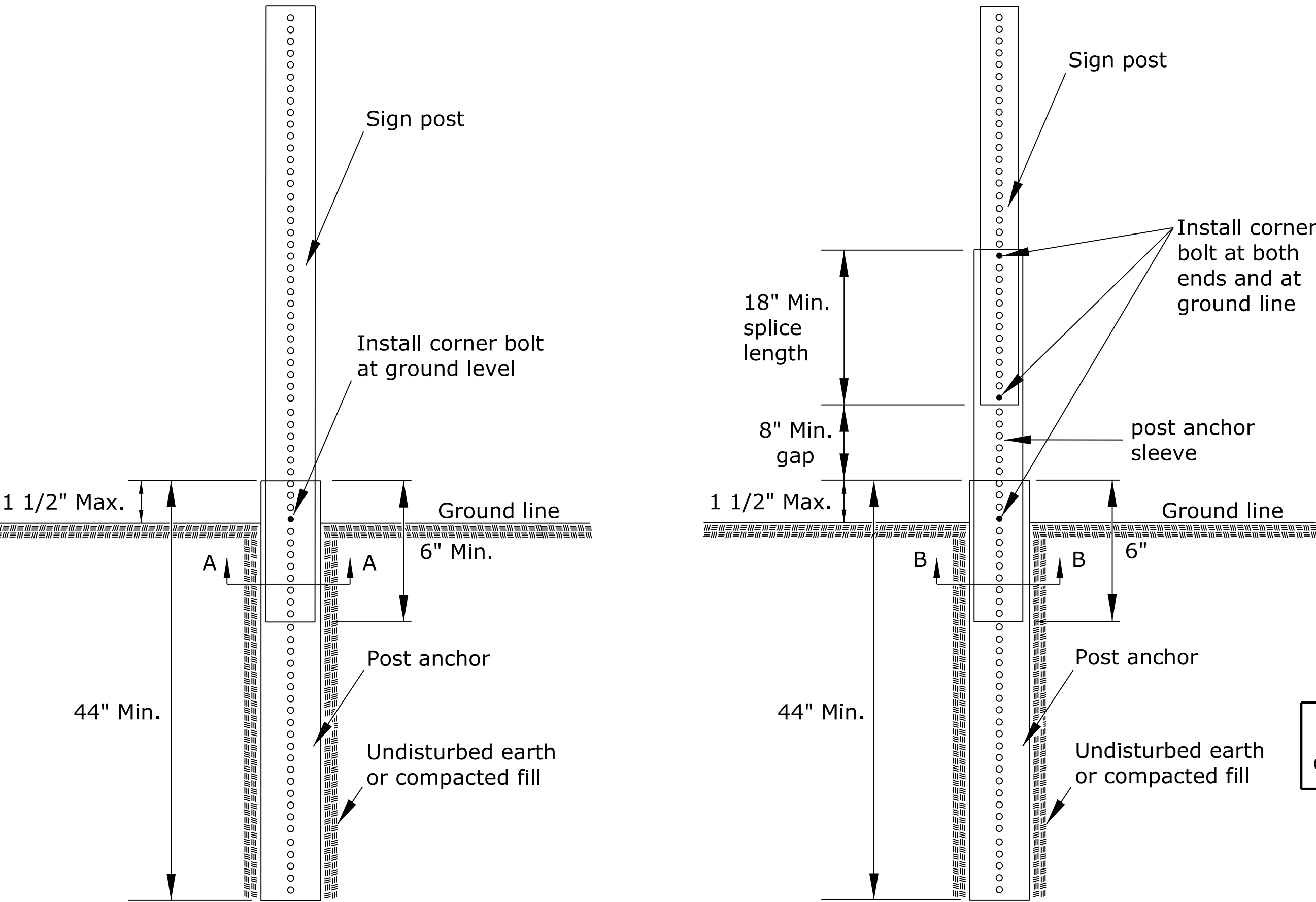
Install signs a minimum of 500' in advance of the road work ahead sign. The engineer may designate a more appropriate location if conditions dictate.

The informational signs are not to interfere with the traffic control signs for the project.

3					
2					
1					
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APP'D	
KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION					
TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGN INFORMATION					
TE710					
FHWA APPROVAL		06/01/15		APP'D Kristina Pyle	
DESIGNED	R.W.B.	DETAILED	R.W.B.	QUANTITIES	TRACED
DESIGN CK.	DETAIL CK.	QUAN. CK.	TRACE CK.		

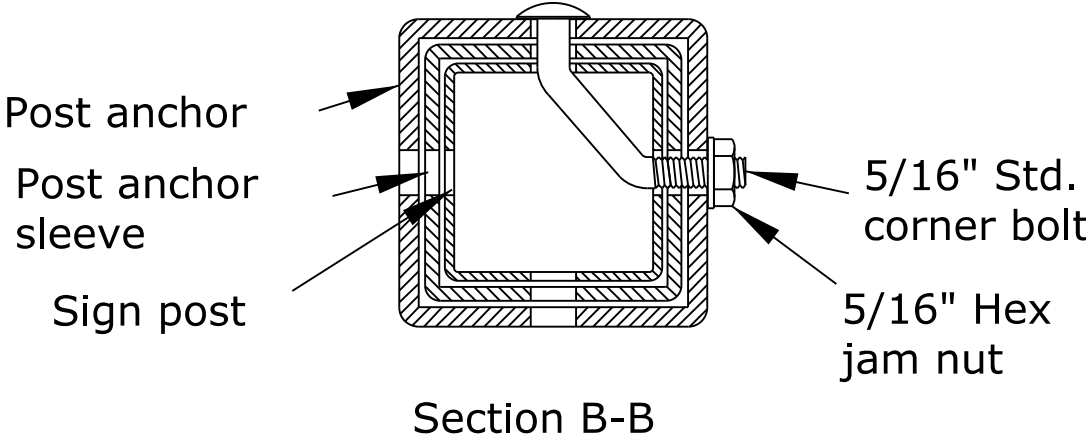
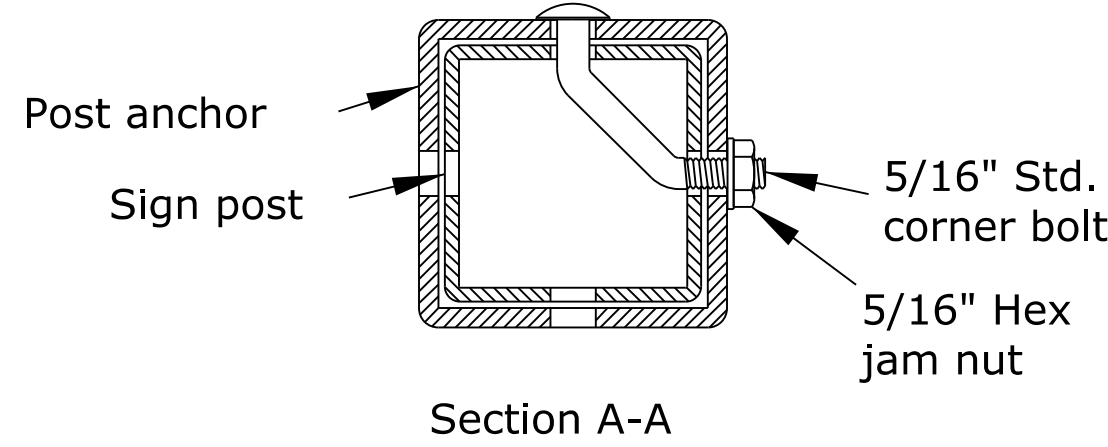


Perforated square steel tube (P.S.S.T.) post setup



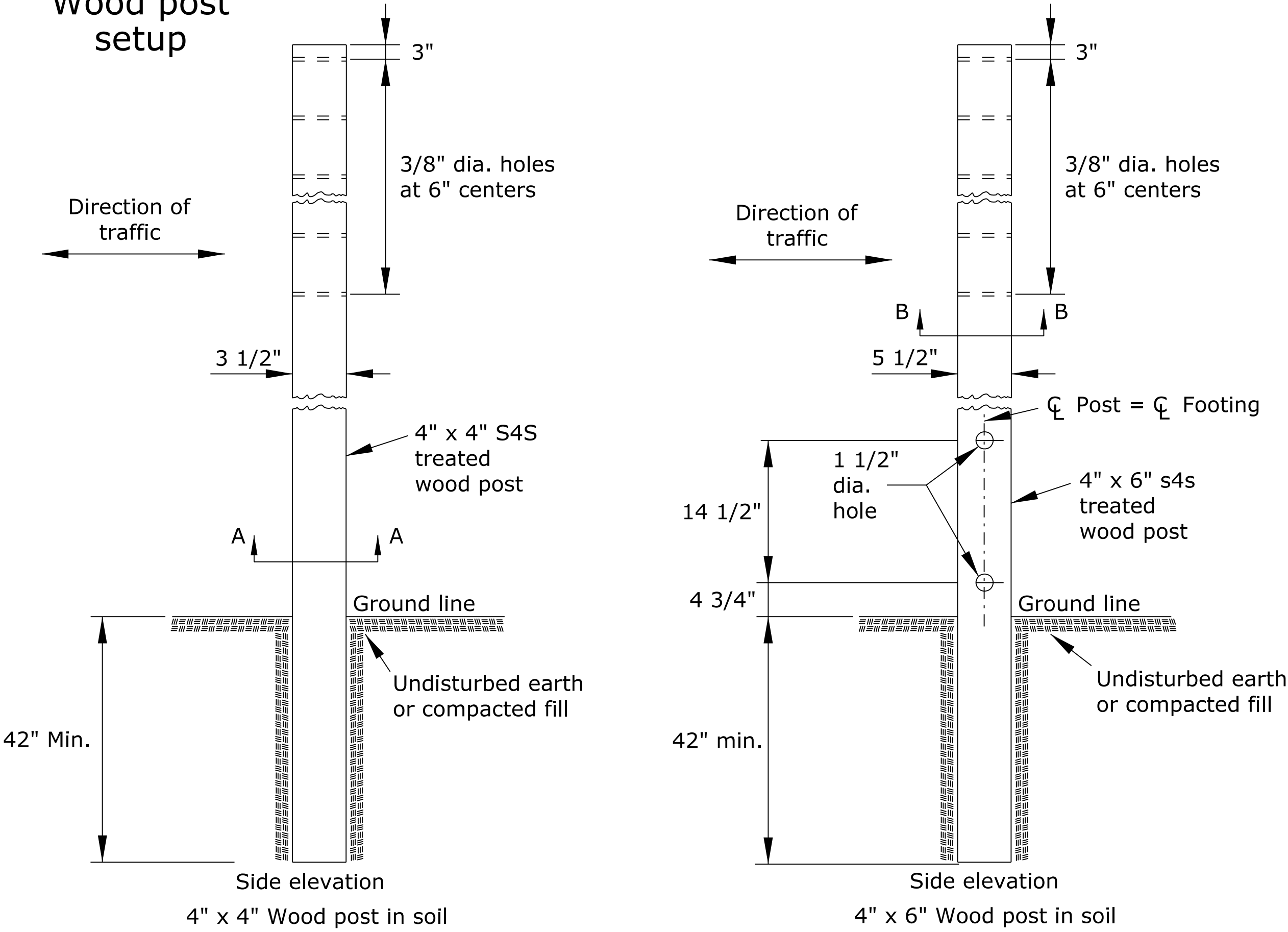
P.S.S.T. detail

Telescoping P.S.S.T. detail



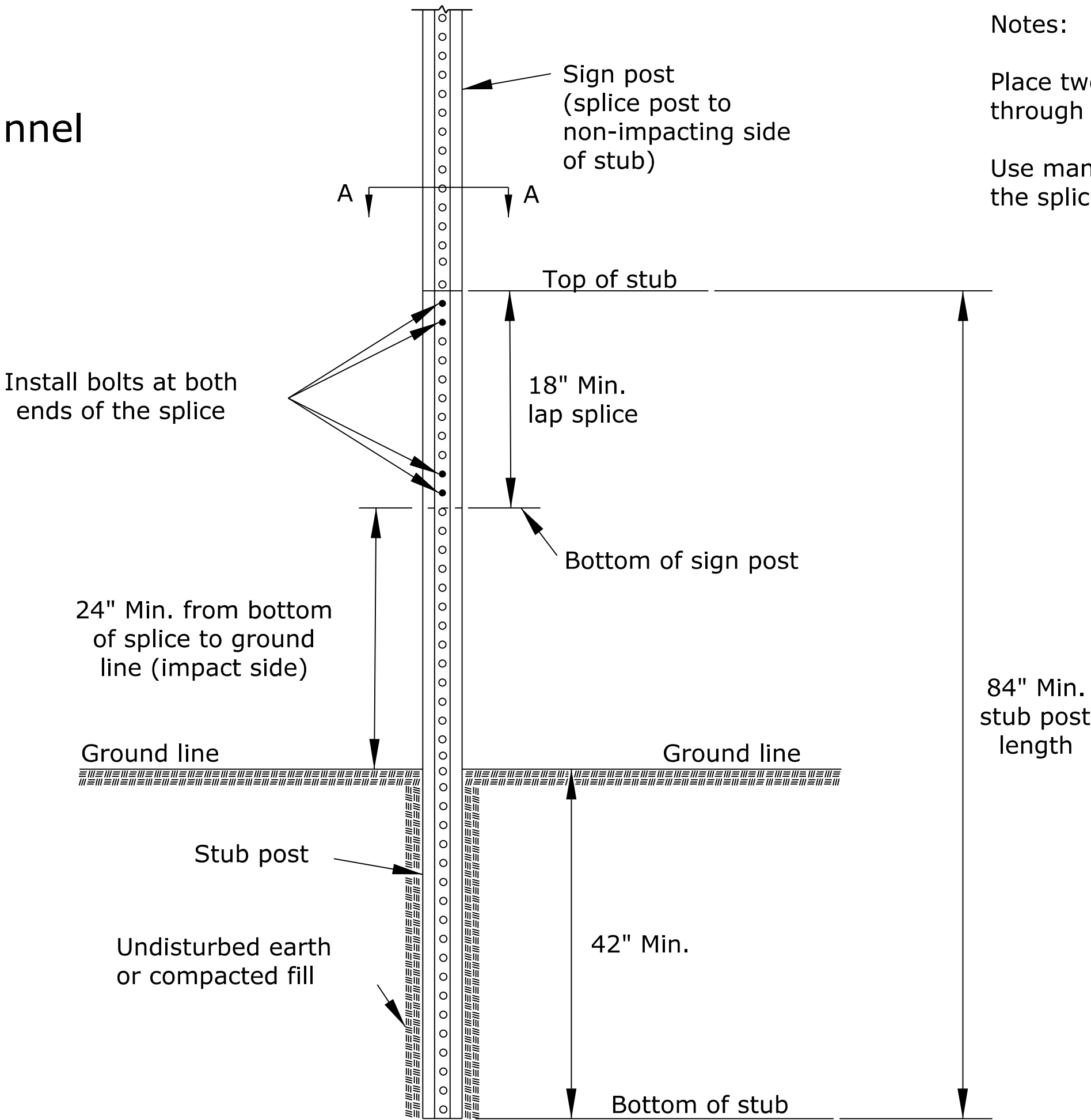
Details for 2", 2 1/4", or 2 1/2" sign posts  
Place bolts in the same corner along each sign post.

Wood post setup

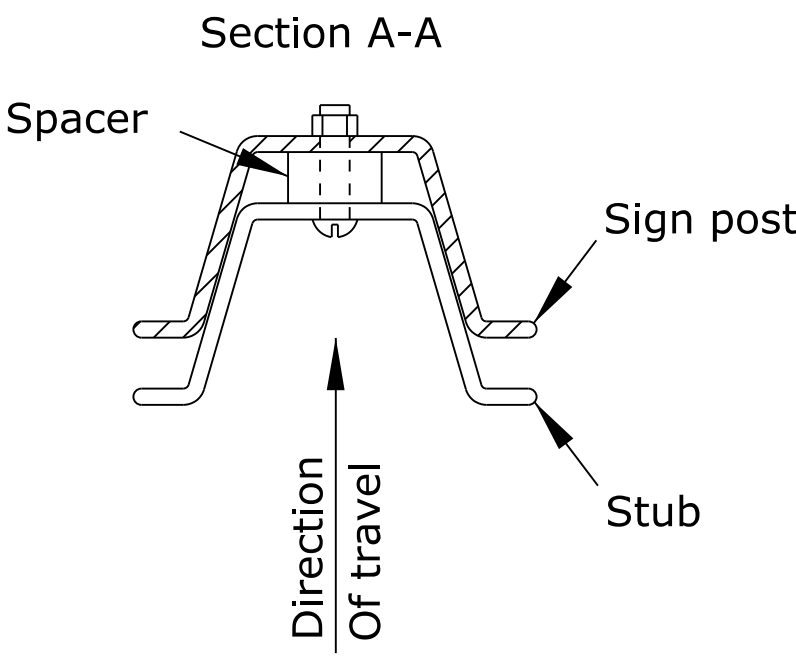


See TE710 for additional details and requirements

3 lb/f U-Channel setup



Notes:  
Place two bolts at both ends of the splice through the holes nearest the ends of the splice.  
Use manufacturer recommended spacers over the bolts between the spliced pieces of U-Channel.



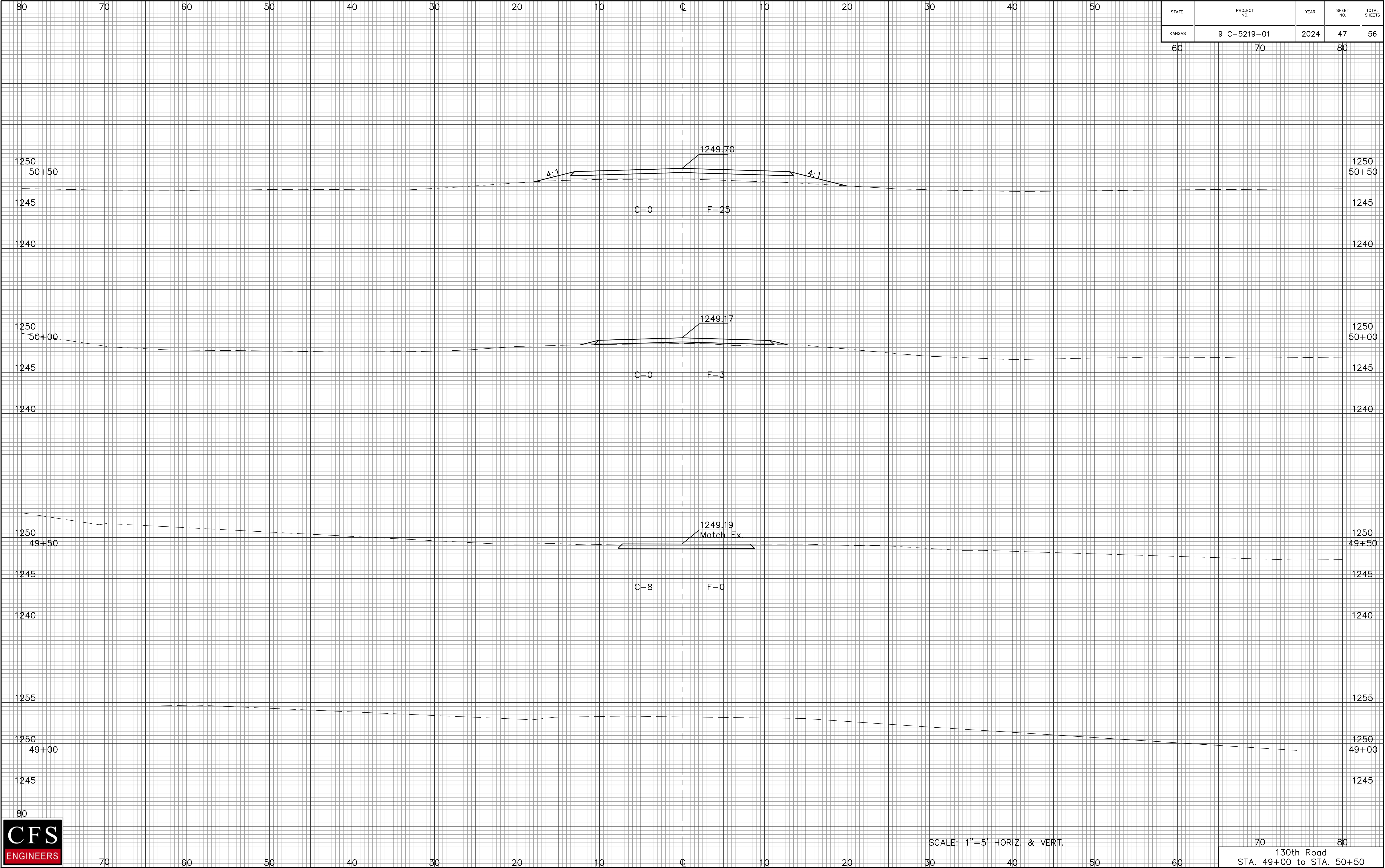
3					
2					
1					
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APP'D	
KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION					
TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGN POSTS					
TE712					
FHWA APPROVAL	06/01/15	APP'D	Kristina Pyle		
DESIGNED	B.A.H.	DETAILED	R.W.B.	QUANTITIES	TRACED
DESIGN CK.	DETAIL CK.	QUAN. CK.	TRACE CK.		



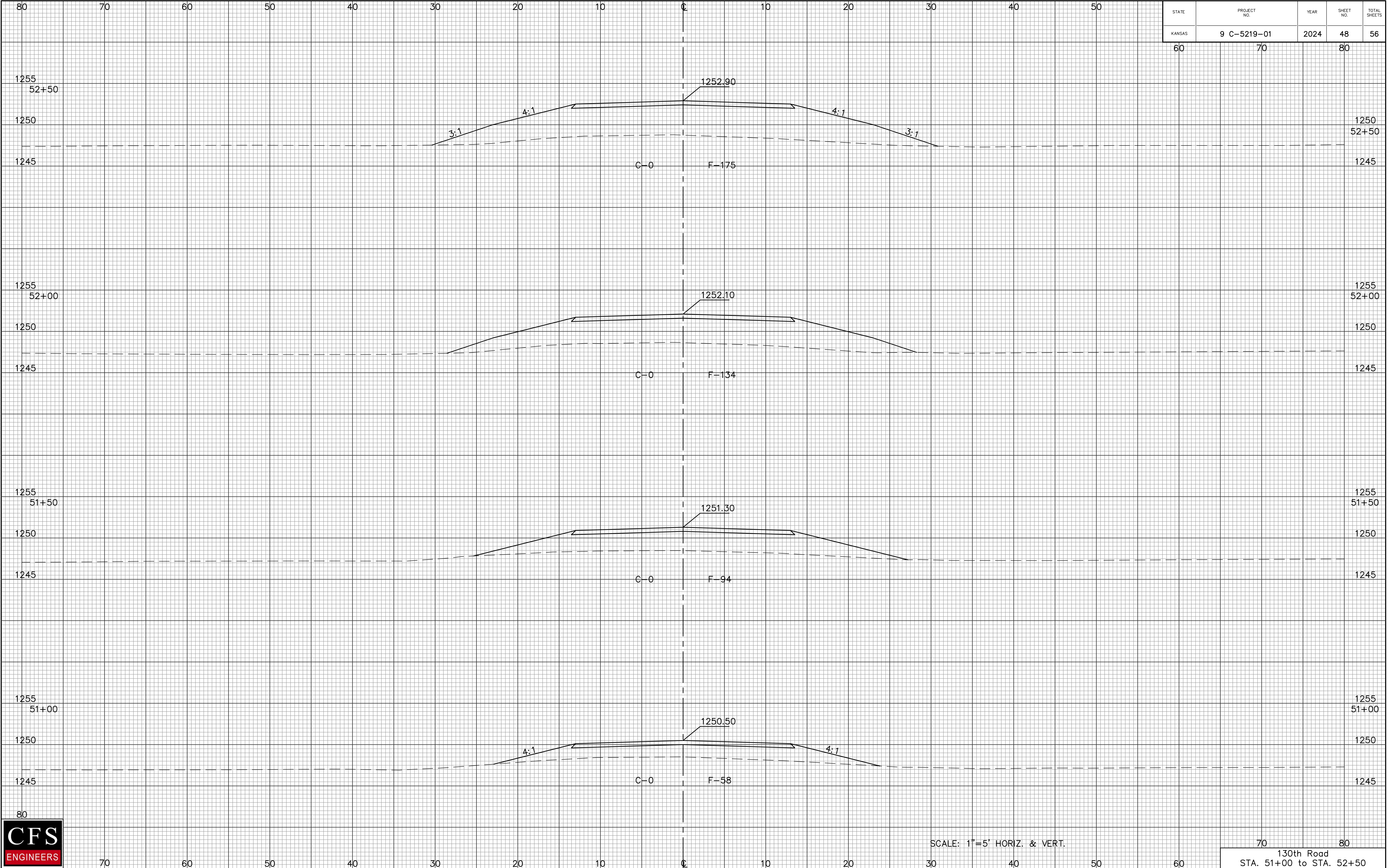


J:\2023proj\235078\CADD\047-056 235078 Xsections.dwg 6/03/2024 - 7:34am Martin

1=5

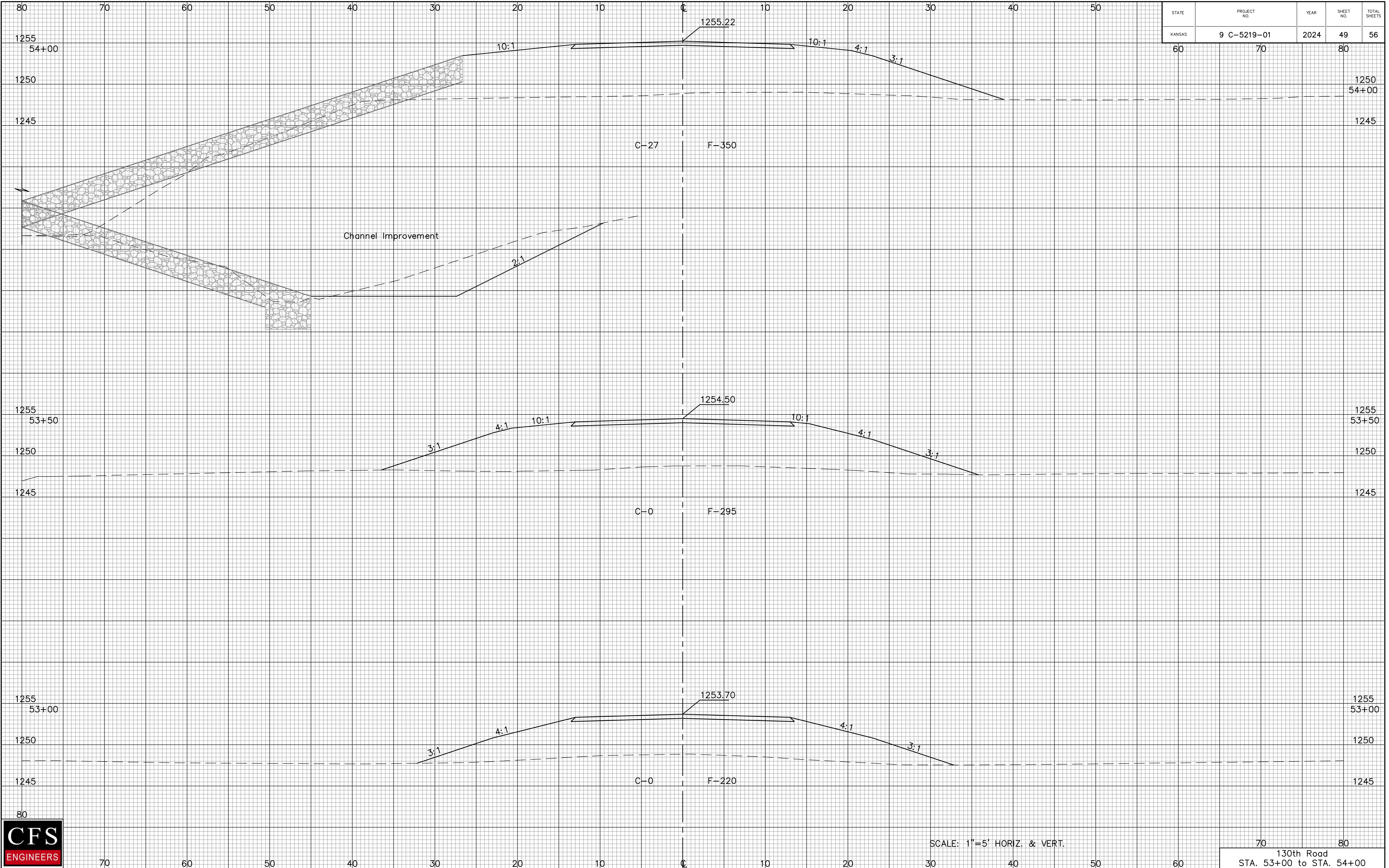


j:\2023Proj\235078\CADD\047-056 235078 Xsections.dwg 5/29/2024 - 7:02pm hpham

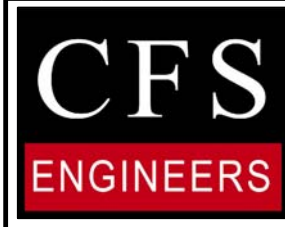




j:\2023Proj\235078\CADD\047-056 235078 Xsections.dwg 5/29/2024 - 7:03pm hpham

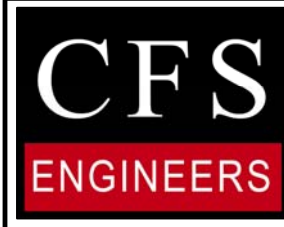
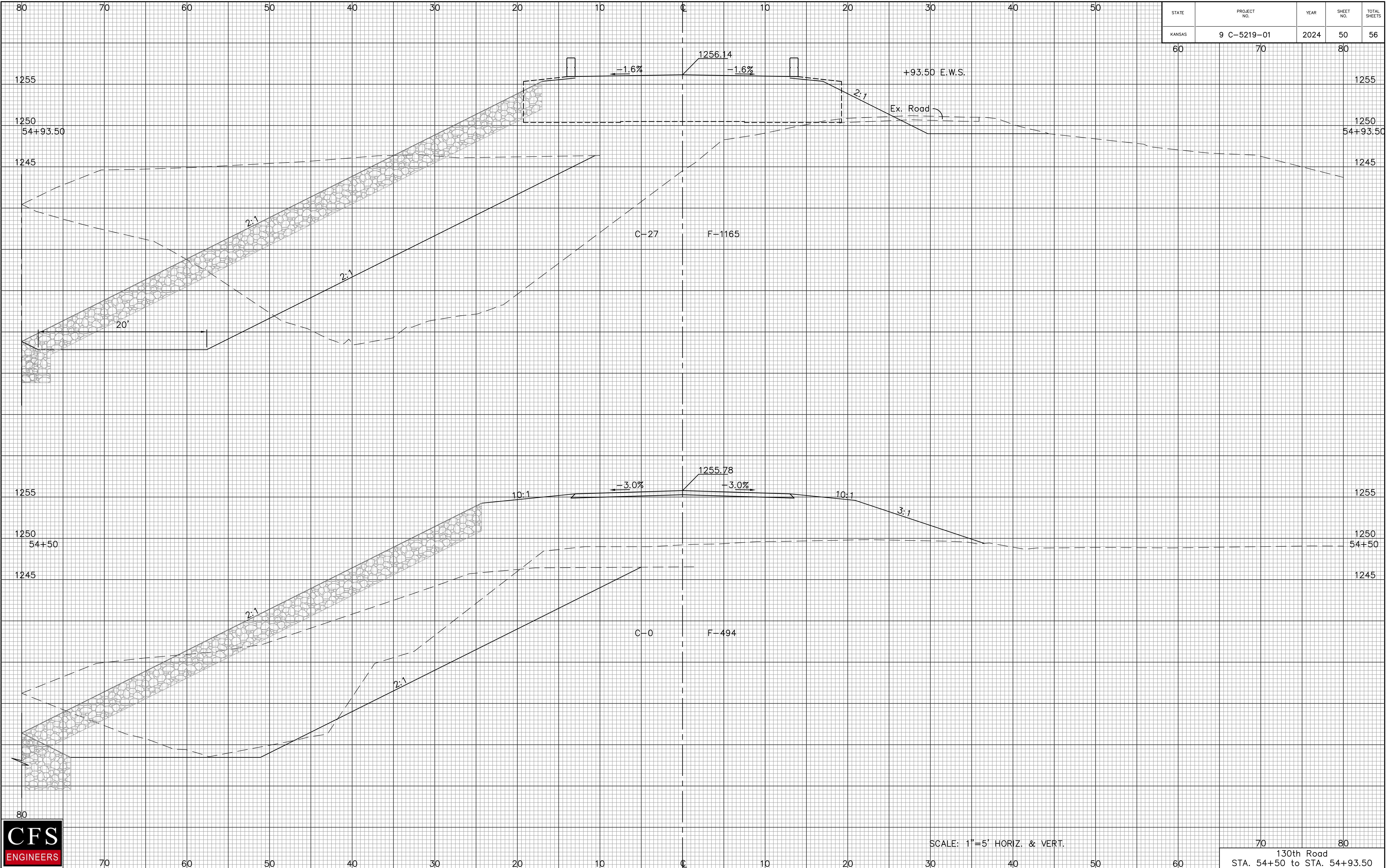


STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	49	56



J:\2023proj\235078\CADD\047-056 235078 Xsections.dwg 6/03/2024 - 8:04am Martin

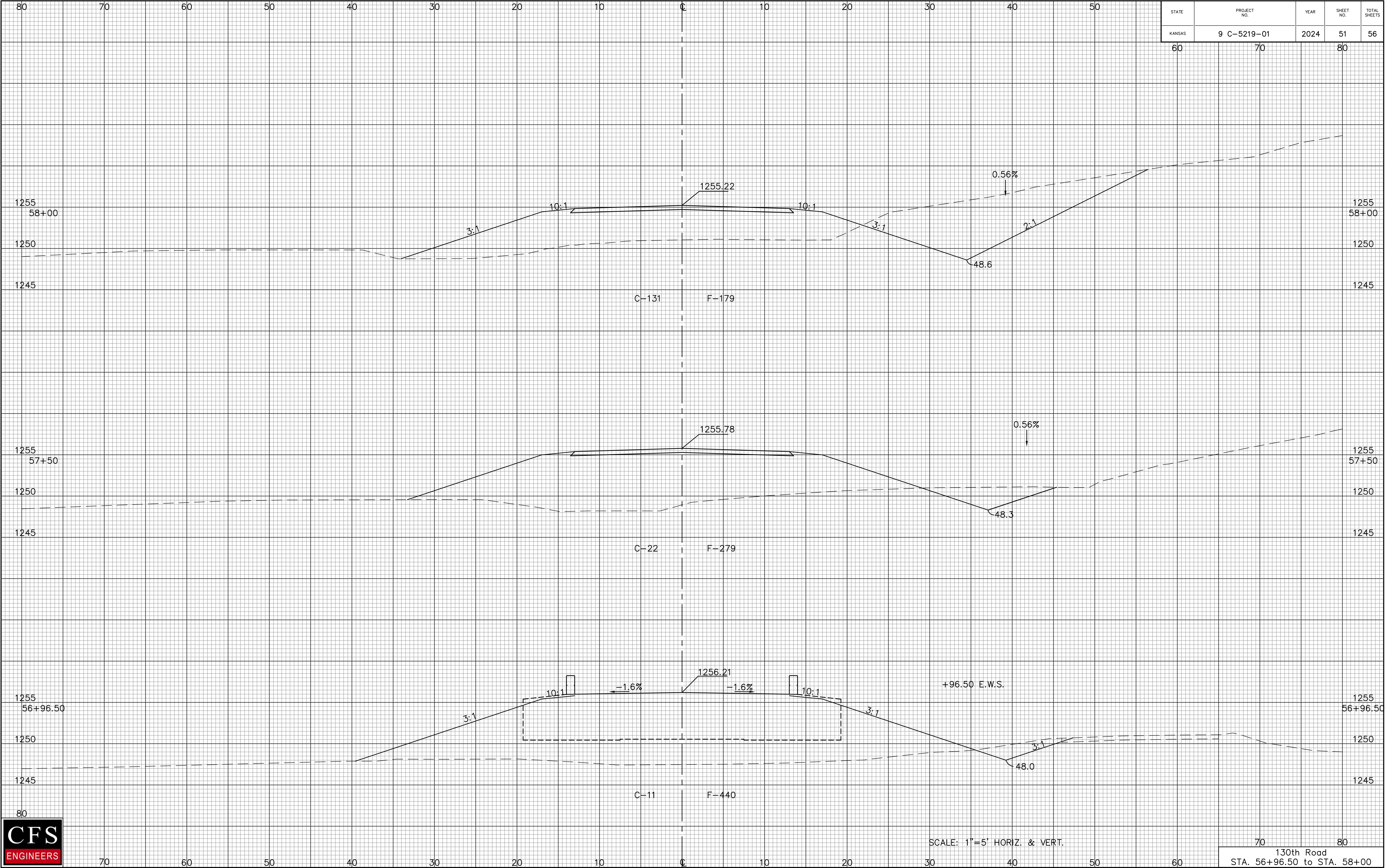
1=5





J:\2023proj\235078\CADD\047-056 235078 Xsections.dwg 6/03/2024 - 8:06am Imartin

1=5



STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	51	56



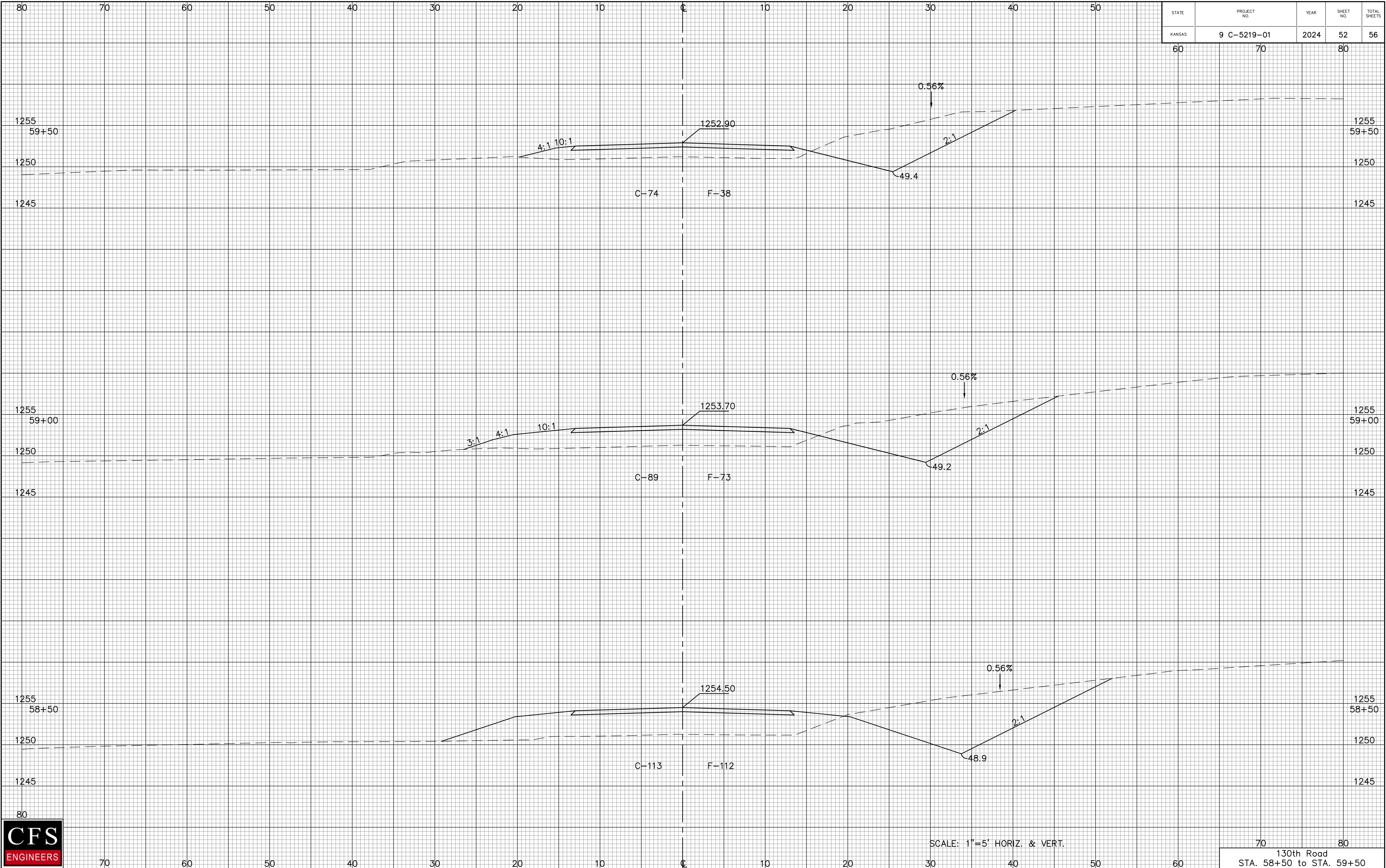
SCALE: 1"=5' HORIZ. & VERT.

130th Road  
STA. 56+96.50 to STA. 58+00

CHASE COUNTY  
23-5078

j:\2023Proj\235078\CADD\047-056 235078 Xsections.dwg 5/29/2024 - 7:04pm hpham

1=5



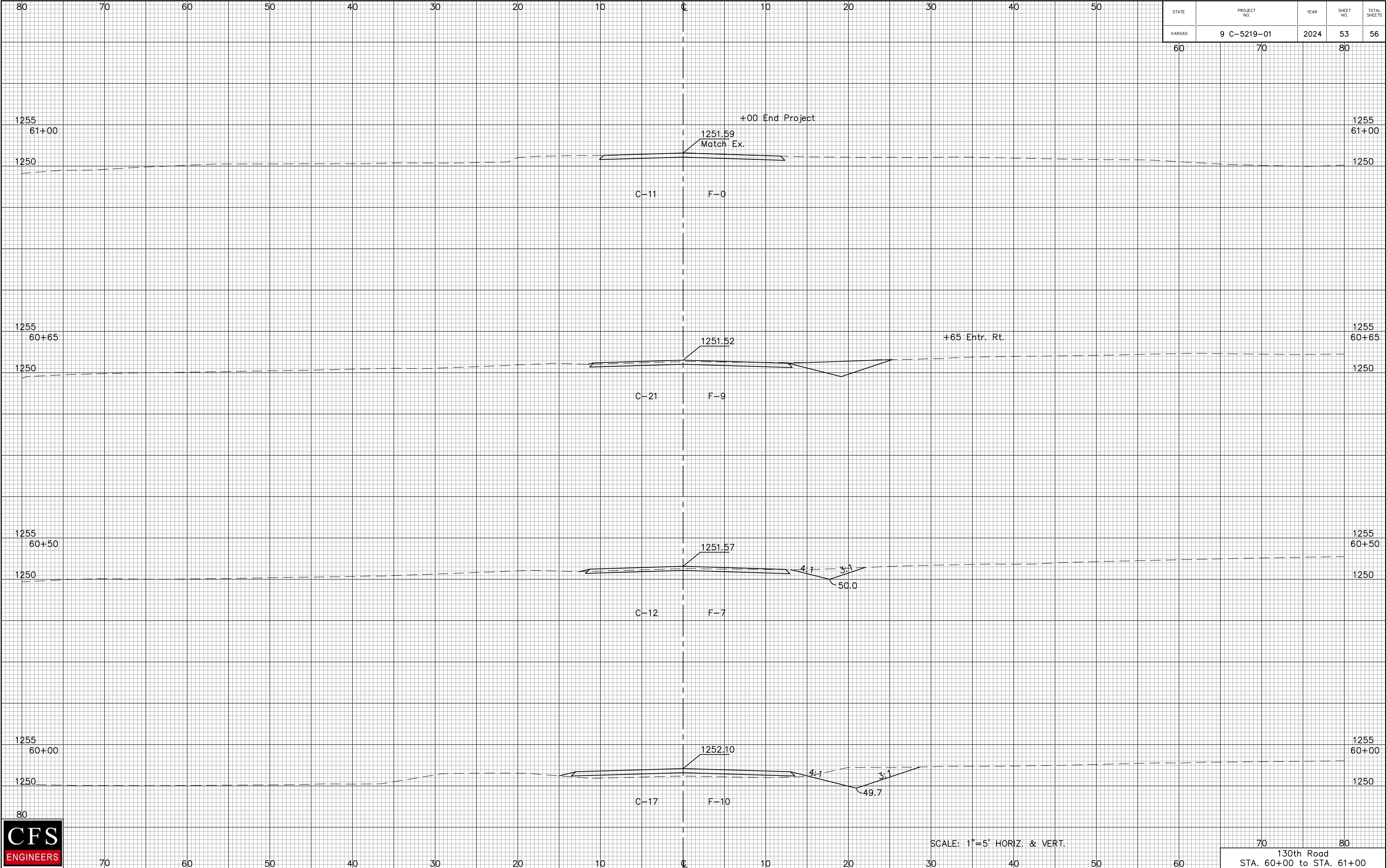
STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	52	56

130th Road  
STA. 58+50 to STA. 59+50

CHASE COUNTY  
23-5078



j:\2023Proj\235078\CADD\047-056 235078 Xsections.dwg 5/29/2024 - 7:05pm hpham



STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	53	56



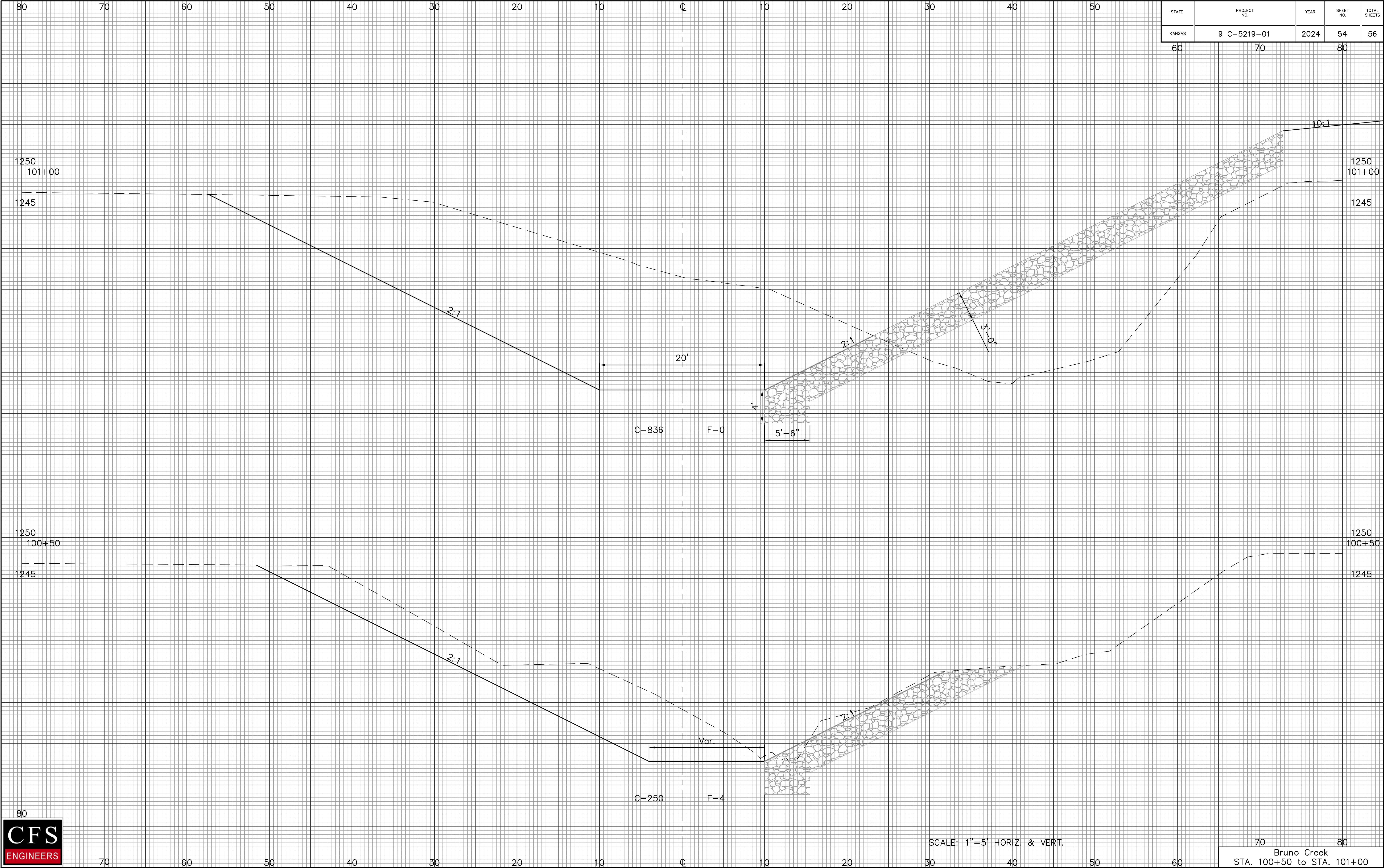
SCALE: 1"=5' HORIZ. & VERT.

130th Road  
STA. 60+00 to STA. 61+00

CHASE COUNTY  
23-5078

J:\2023proj\235078\CADD\047-056 235078 Xsections.dwg 6/03/2024 - 8:07am martin

1=5



STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	54	56



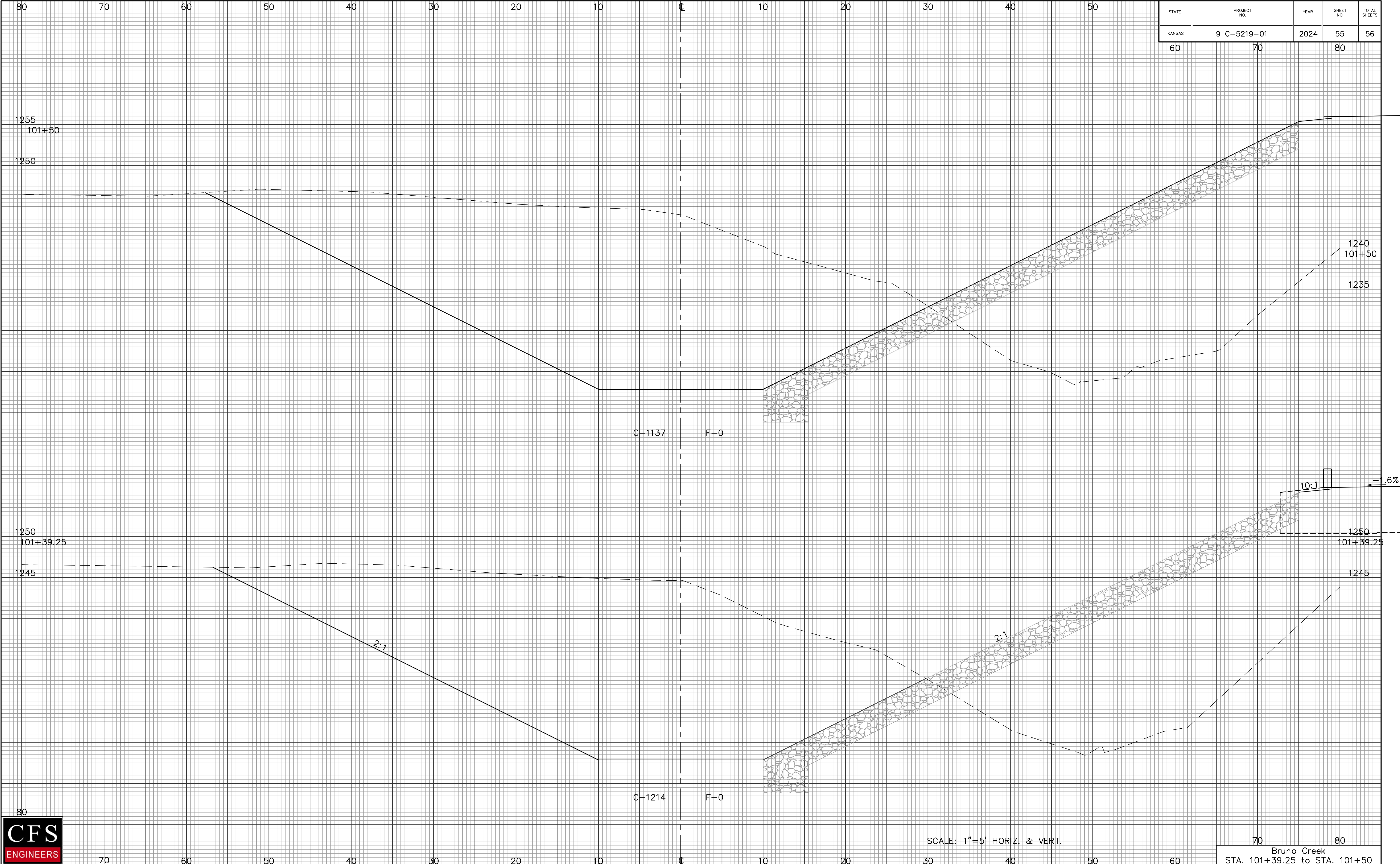
SCALE: 1"=5' HORIZ. & VERT.

Bruno Creek  
STA. 100+50 to STA. 101+00  
CHASE COUNTY  
23-5078

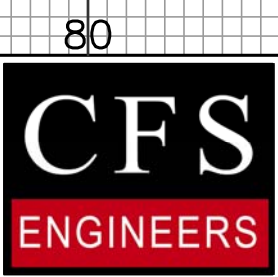


J:\2023proj\235078\CADD\047-056 235078 Xsections.dwg 6/25/2024 - 10:03am Imartin

1=5



STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	55	56

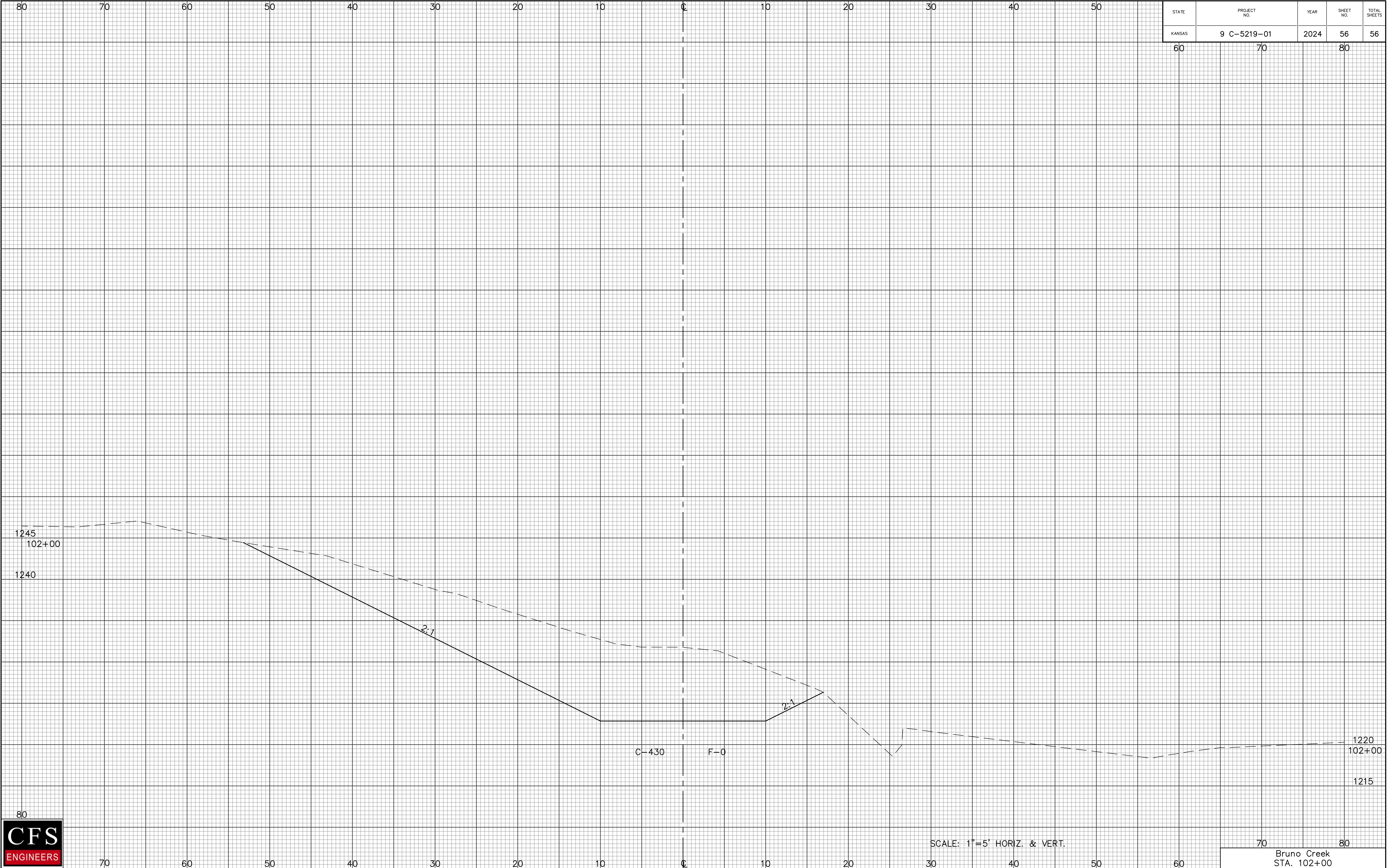


SCALE: 1"=5' HORIZ. & VERT.

Bruno Creek  
STA. 101+39.25 to STA. 101+50  
CHASE COUNTY  
23-5078

j:\2023proj\235078\CADD\047-056 235078 Xsections.dwg 6/03/2024 - 8:12am martin

1=5



STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	9 C-5219-01	2024	56	56